

UNION MEN TO PAY GRAND DUKE SENDS NEWS OF VICTORY TO GENERAL JOFFRE

Boycott Declared Violation of Sherman Anti-Trust Law. Two Decisive Gains Over Turks in Caucasus—Entire Corps Capitulates—Preparing Way for Definite Victories of Allies, Comments French Commander.

CASE LONG IN COURTS

Lawyers Disagree As To The Effect on Future Boycotts.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Ending eleven years of litigation, the supreme court today held that 299 Connecticut labor union members must pay \$252,130.69 damages, under the Sherman anti-trust law, for a nationwide boycott of D. E. Loewe & Co., Danbury, Conn., hat manufacturers, who refused to honor their shops. The bank accounts and homes of many of the men already are under attachment to pay the judgment, and the next step will probably be foreclosure.

Leading lawyers of Congress disagreed today on whether this decision meant that union workmen would be liable in the future for damages on account of boycotts. Some hold that the Clayton anti-trust law, passed last year after this suit had been tried, would make another such prosecution impossible. It was in the Danbury hat-makers' case that the supreme court decided in 1905 that labor unions were subject to the Sherman anti-trust law, and sent the suit back to the New York federal courts for trial. The judgment, the largest ever before the court under the Sherman law, as well as the vigorous defense of the union men, attracted widespread attention to the litigation.

Court's Decision Unanimous. Justice Holmes announced the court's unanimous opinion today. Most of the decision dealt with the facts and application of the law to the facts. The justice pointed out that the defendants were some 299 members of both the United Hatters of North America, and of the American Federation of Labor. With brief consideration, he arrived at the conclusion that the New York federal courts which tried the case were right in holding that a forbidden combination had been proven. "It requires more than the blindness of justice," said Justice Holmes, "not to see that many branches of the United Hatters and the Federation of Labor, in pursuance of a plan emanating from headquarters, made use of such lists (unfair dealers) and of the primary and secondary boycott in their efforts to subvert the plaintiffs' employees, was ordered and carried out to the same end, and the purpose to break up the plaintiffs' combination, affected by the quality of the acts."

Jointly Liable. The court, in substance, instructed the jury that if the union members paid their dues and continued to delegate authority to their officers unlawfully to interfere with the plaintiffs' interstate commerce in such circumstances that they knew, or ought to have known, and such officers were warranted in the belief that they were acting in the belief within their delegated authority, then such members were jointly liable, and no others.

Dardanelles Forts Start Bombarding Fleets of Allies

Effort To Relieve Blockade—Torpedo Boat Is Damaged.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—12:25 a.m.—A wireless dispatch received here from Berlin, gives a report received in the German capital from Athens, that the Dardanelles fortresses have commenced a bombardment of the blockading Anglo-French fleets, and that one torpedo boat has been slightly damaged.

IF YOU COULD ONLY BE A STOMACH

You'd Go To Bed Rather Sore at the Work You'd Have to Do. Fancy a master that works a horse so long without rest, that the poor old beast at last has to go to a bone pile. Fancy yourself doing the same thing with your stomach—the noblest of all our physical organs. Just imagine yourself devoting hours of ceaseless work to the digestion of a meal which you cannot digest because of wrong ingredients given to you by the blood. Is not a man very foolish to imagine a raw, sick stomach capable of good work when the juices it receives are so filled with alkali or acid that they are actually eating the stomach membrane? Do you not know from a common-sense point of view that to continue such a course means not only the impairment of your stomach but of all digestive organs as well? Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets go into your stomach just like food. They are as soft as butter in health-giving quality that at almost instantly the work of digestion is improved. They ease up the stomach's work. They go into the blood and balance it perfectly. Thus, when the stomach calls for new juice at your next meal you are able to furnish them. Your common sense will tell you that no great strain is laid to digestion as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sent to you by return mail, a free trial package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

FREE TRIAL COUPON. F. A. Stuart Co., 150 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich., send me at once by return mail, a free trial package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. Name _____ Street _____ City _____ State _____

PETROGRAD, Jan. 5.—The following official communication from the headquarters of the army of the Caucasus was issued tonight: "The defeat which was inflicted on the Ottoman army in the region of Karakum is complete. The Ninth Turkish Corps was completely annihilated. We made prisoner the commander of the corps, Iskan Pasha, the commanders of the Seventeenth, Twenty-Eighth and Twenty-Ninth divisions and two lieutenants. (These chiefs with their staffs) Turkish losses in killed and wounded were enormous. We took many cannon, machine guns, munitions of war, and revictualing convoys. "A company of one of our glorious regiments captured the entire command of the Ninth Corps. During the taking of Ardahan one of our Siberian cavalry regiments charged the enemy and cut to pieces two companies of Turkish infantry. A squadron of the same cavalry regiment captured the flag of the Eighth Regiment of infantry belonging in Constantinople. The Turks are retreating in all directions. "There is no modification on the other fronts."

PARIS, Jan. 5.—The great Russian victory over the Turks in the Caucasus was the subject of an exchange of felicitous telegrams today between Grand Duke Nicholas of Russia and General Joffre. The Grand Duke sent the following message to the French commander: "I hasten to inform you of the joyful news that the army of the Caucasus, notwithstanding that the forces have been reduced to a minimum with a view not to weaken the army in the principal theatre of the war, has won two decisive victories—on December 21 and 22 (January 2 and 3, modern calendar), against Turkish forces superior in number, at Ardahan against the first corps, and at Sarikamish against the Ninth and Tenth Turkish Corps. The entire Ninth Corps has capitulated. The Tenth Corps is making every effort to withdraw but is being pursued by our forces. "General Joffre sent the following reply: "I pray your imperial highness to accept my warm felicitations for the great victory won by the army of the Caucasus. By their constant and uninterrupted effort in all the theatres of the operations the armies of the Allies are preparing the definite victories of the future."

TURKS, FRANTIC, TRYING TO ESCAPE PURSUERS

LONDON, Jan. 5.—11:40 p.m.—A dispatch to Reuters' Telegram Company from Petrograd says: "Accounts received here of the Turkish defeat at Sarikamish say that the Turks displayed great bravery, every man fighting to the death. They were compelled to vacate they made a gallant effort to cover their retreat by a rear-guard action, even the wounded continuing firing from the ground when they were struck down. "According to a telegram from Tiflis, the persistence with which the Turks pressed their attack in the Sarikamish district was due to their purpose to enable their troops in the Ardahan region to retire without heavy losses. Their operations were conducted under tremendous difficulties. They lacked proper equipment and had no transport trains. Everything had to be carried on the backs of soldiers or civilians, commandeered for the purpose. Most of the trophies of war captured by the Russians were of German make. "Northwards of Kars, the Turkish force at Ardahan also is threatened with disaster. The enemy, in his disorderly flight, has been almost surrounded by the Russians, who hold the main roads. The Turks frantically are striving to find an outlet, but have to face passes deep in snow. The Russians have attacked Ardahan on two sides, their artillery playing a prominent part."

BRITAIN INSISTING ON SEARCH RIGHTS

She Cannot Take American Certificate As Absolute Guarantee. CHANGES AT SEA POSSIBLE. Officials Look For Satisfactory Settlement of Differences.

LONDON, Jan. 5.—7:55 p.m.—Although the foreign office regards with high favor the American Government's plan of certifying cargoes loaded under the direction of officials of the treasury department, it was said today that England cannot accept such certification as an absolute guarantee of the nature of the cargoes when any cause of suspicion arises after the vessel leaves America. In other words, the right of search cannot be waived, because of the possibility of having the certificate accompany the ship to her destination to guard against smugglers, who may carry copper or other contraband on small ships to be transferred at sea. Invitation For Smugglers. The waiving of the right to search ships bearing contraband cargoes, in the opinion of several prominent British officials, would be an invitation for smugglers to ply their trade, where as the retention of the right would tend to prevent dishonesty. This position is precisely the same as that taken by the foreign office concerning the certification of American cargoes by British consuls at American ports. The government is constantly in communication with representatives of Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Holland. It is reported that all these nations are taking steps to revise their lists of prohibited exports so that they will correspond with the British contraband list. Of the shipping trade, a resumption of shipping to neutral countries from America without delays or the danger of seizure. Impression Is Favorable. A decidedly favorable impression has been produced here by the American certification plan. British officials regard it as a further manifestation of the desire of the American Government to hasten a satisfactory settlement of the differences concerning the delay and seizure of American cargoes. Owing to the failure of the London negotiations between Ambassador Page and Foreign Secretary Grey, extending over several weeks before the American note was presented, the English public was not well advised concerning the differences which grew up. Even now the opinion is quite general, notwithstanding the publication of the American note, that President Wilson desires England's right of search. Contrary to the opinion of the American note was due to misapprehension, which, however, is disappearing slowly in the light of the calm and friendly attitude of the government.

LADY OF 102 YEARS GETS QUEEN'S THANKS

HALIFAX, Jan. 5.—The secretary of the Nova Scotia provincial branch of the Red Cross Society sent to Her Majesty Queen Mary some socks for the soldiers, which were contributed by Mrs. D. E. Young, 102 years old, a resident of Dartmouth, N. S., and had just received a letter of thanks from Queen Mary through her majesty's lady-in-waiting.

GERMANS GIVE UP WARSAW ATTEMPT

Strongly Entrenched, Believed To Have Taken the Defensive.

FRONT LENGTHENED OUT

Austrians at Ussok Pass, Attacked Flank and Rear, in Retreat.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 5.—General headquarters has issued the following official communication: "On the left bank of the Vistula, on Jan. 4, rifle and artillery fire continued. Roundabout and south of Bourmin, there have been separate engagements. "In Galicia no essential modifications are to be noted. At Ussok Pass the Austrians, in retreat, were attacked by our cavalry, which fell upon them, flank and rear, after having made their way by mountain paths obstructed by snow and notwithstanding a violent snowstorm. In this attack we captured about ten officers and more than 450 soldiers. "Germania. "The military critic of the Novoe Vremya, commenting on the activity of the German forces along the lower Vistula, says that the Germans are now able to maintain their positions with about half the number of troops required at the time they were undertaking an active advance toward Warsaw. "The reason for this, he says, is that the Germans now occupy deep trenches, with warm underground rooms, and have behind themselves lines of well equipped artillery. "Abandon Offensive. During the advance the Germans clung closely to the peculiar tactics developed by them early in the war, particularly in the slow-Lowicz campaign, in which they concentrated twelve army corps on a twenty-mile front. When this front was lengthened recently, the same number of troops were spread over 70 miles. This is regarded as proof that the Germans have abandoned the offensive. By remaining on the defensive, it is estimated that at least five army corps have been released. These were either put into the second line of defence, or were withdrawn completely from the front for reorganization and rehabilitation. "Taken Vistula. It is extremely likely that part of the troops thus released are being used for the renewed attempt to regain possession of the right bank of the Vistula, and a triangular area north of the river, bounded by a line running from Thorn to Malawa and Novo Georgiewsk. Such a movement is indicated by the renewed activity between Thorn and Plock. "From other sources it was learned that the employment of the German light river boats, equipped with machine guns of small calibre for operations on the Vistula out of Thorn, in co-operation with the land forces, which are endeavoring to regain the territory below Plock, from which they were recently driven out."

WHAT BERLIN SAYS. BERLIN, Jan. 5.—(By wireless to Sayville).—"An Austrian bulletin reports that Austria has been successful in occupying an important line to the south of Gorlice, which is a favorable basis for further operations. An uncial bulletin from Vienna states that Austria has had to withstand very strong attacks from the Russians on these heights. The position is especially important, because it forms a natural point for the junction of Austrian troops in the Carpathian Mountains with the main army. A bulletin from Vienna would have a bad effect on the general military situation. Hence, the determined attacks of the Russians there. "An official bulletin from Vienna reports the results of the fighting in the northern theatre of war during Christmas week, says that 12,700 prisoners and 37 officers were captured. "There is no news from Serbia or Turkey."

AUSTRIA'S STATEMENT. VIENNA (Via Berlin and London). Jan. 5.—Army headquarters issued the following statement today: "The enemy's attempts to break through northwest of Gorlice again failed, at the cost of heavy Russian losses. The heights south of Gorlice, which was fiercely contested, were taken and an unusually large hostile battalion was defeated. "A field officer, four subalterns and 800 troops were captured, as well as two machine guns. A hostile aeroplane also was shot down."

CARRANZA FORCES RECAPTUE PUEBLA

Majority of Villa's 15,000 Forces Killed or Prisoners.

[Canadian Press.] VERMILION, Mex., Jan. 5.—Puebla, capital of the State of Puebla, was evacuated a month ago by the troops of Gen. Venustiano Carranza, but was retaken today after a campaign which began with the capture of Tepic, a short distance to the east of Puebla, six days ago. The fall of Puebla came after an engagement of six hours of what is described as having been the most furious bombardment to which the Carranza forces have yet been subjected. Gen. Alvarez Obregon, commanding the Carranza troops, worked into a position about the city last night with virtually all his forces, which were reported to have aggregated not less than 30,000 men. He had determined to make the battle as short as possible, and threw nearly all his men into action. The streets of Puebla, Zapata forces was 15,000 men and 52 cannon. How many of the forces of Villa and Zapata escaped is not known, but early reports of the fighting indicated that a greater part of them were either killed or made prisoners. From these reports it would seem that in few of the battles that have occurred in Mexico has the slaughter been so swift and so great.

AMERICAN SKIPPER DEFIES MINE FIELDS

Pilots Boat Without Aid Through Traps to Bremen.

[Canadian Press.] BREMEN, via The Hague and London, Jan. 5.—Owing to the daring of the skipper, the steamer Elmo, which sailed from Galveston, Texas, December 3 and New York December 11, arrived at Bremen on January 1. The Elmo brought more than 6,000 bales of cotton, the first to reach this port during the war. She was the first American merchantman to visit Bremen in forty years. Captain Edward T. Pinchin of the Elmo, took on a British pilot at Deal, as England now does not class cotton as contraband, but fearing that the pilot would be interned if he entered German waters the captain dropped him at the Hook of Holland. At the Hook Dutch pilots refused to assist the American skipper, saying that it was impossible on account of mines to make the trip. Captain Pinchin was determined to go on. Accordingly he proceeded without a pilot, picking his own course without mine charts or other aid. He made his way to Bremen, greatly to the amazement of the Germans.

Parisian Ivory and Ebony

We have a fine stock to choose from. Geo. A. McLachlan DRUGGIST. 390 Richmond Street.

January, 1915, Sale Events At This Store Offer Unprecedented Advantages



As a result of well-directed plans the year 1915 has begun with a surpassing array of economical advantages for our customers, and already shows a decidedly bright general business view for the first month of the new year. It is impossible to give on this page the news in detail of all the important events that will be crowded into January, but let us remind you that not since a year ago (not even in July) have the buying opportunities been so much to your advantage as will be found during the present month.

The departments of ready-to-wear outer apparel for men, women and children are specifically featured—wonderful opportunities in men's and women's suits, coats and furs, and the great sales of white garments and fabrics have been launched with equal completeness—remarkable in the values offered, and fully justifies the prediction that all sales records for the month of January will be exceeded this year.

Record Opportunities In Dress Goods Section

Some of the most important reductions of the season have been made for the January clearance in both Suitings and Dress Weight, including some Fine Silk and Wool Brocades and Fine Figured Wool Taffetas and Poplins.

\$1.00 Dress Goods and Suitings, 59c yard
A good variety of seasonal colorings in Printed Wool Taffetas, one of the newest novelty dress fabrics, all wool. A few odd pieces, clearing at 59c yard.
Also a line of Fancy Tweeds and Grey Mixtures for odd skirts or suits. Regular dollar qualities. To clear at 59c yard.

\$1.75 Dress Goods, 79c yard
AT 79c—Beautiful Silk and Wool Figured Poplin, range of lovely shades for afternoon and evening wear. Short ends left over from the season's selling. Regular \$1.75. To be cleared at 79c.
Also good ends of Fancy Tweed, Checks and Fancy Weave. Bright coloring. Regular \$1.75. To be cleared at 75c.

January Prices for Dressmaking and Ladies' Tailoring

Dresses Made and Trimmed, \$6.50
Suits Tailored to Measure, \$16.00

The January sales in Dress Goods Section are made doubly interesting, while these prices for making and trimming prevail. Above prices include all findings and trimmings for the garments. Add only the cost of material. Inquire at Dress Goods or Silk Counters.—Main Floor.

NURSERY SHOES FOR BABY

In Infants' Wear Section will be found a complete assortment of First Step Nursery Shoes for baby. A complete new stock, embracing the newest novelty styles at popular prices. For baby's things come here.

First Step Shoes in many styles; patent bottoms; red, sky, white or dull black tops. Plain black kid with patent toe; also plain tan kid, laced or buttoned. Black patent with cloth tops. For children up to 4 years. Prices \$1.00 to \$2.10.
Black Kid Shoe, with patent toe, has little supporters which give the needed support to the little ankles when baby takes its first steps. Sizes 2, 2½, 3, 3½, 4 and 4½. Price \$1.25.

INFANTS' WHITEWEAR—January Sale

Dainty Nainsook Gowns, trimmed with embroidery beading and ribbon or embroidery insertion and lace edging. Sizes 6 months to 3 years. Prices 59c and 79c.
Princess Slips, made of fine Nainsook, nicely trimmed with embroidery, neatly made, for children from 6 months to 3 years. Price 50c.
Also other pretty styles at different prices.
Baby Shoes—Second Floor.

AFTERNOON LUNCH

Chicken Salad, Bread and Butter and Cup of Tea or Coffee, 15c. Restaurant, 3 to 5:30.

German Atrocities To Be Published by the French

Incidents Will Be Given to the World in Book Form.

[Canadian Press.] PARIS, Jan. 5.—5:35 p.m.—Premier Viviani has received a report from the Government commission which has been investigating the charges against the Germans of violation of the laws of war and humanity. This report comprises about 80 pages and will be published at an early date in the Journal Officiel.

ATTACHE MIXED UP IN PASSPORT SCANDAL

German in Washington Soon To Be Displaced, It Is Said.

BRITISH MERCHANTMEN HAD NARROW ESCAPES

BOSTON, Jan. 5.—Two British merchantmen, with cargoes valued at \$2,500,000, reached here today from the Far East, after narrow escapes from becoming prizes of the German cruiser Emden. The crew of the Orpheus heard guns, which, it afterwards learned, sank five steamers and the Frankingham Court's skipper saw the smoke of the cruiser on the horizon.

JANUARY CLEARING--WALL PAPERS WILL BEGIN TOMORROW, THURSDAY

While you were busy during the holiday season we were quietly preparing for what was to follow after the results of which are coming into effect now day after day, one special announcement following another. That you were prepared for these great January opportunities is certain by the response to these sales already. The Wall Paper announcement is one of the most important of the month, inasmuch as the goods offered will be needed immediately for re-decorating and spring papering. The goods offered will speak for themselves, of which the following is a brief list. Samples ready for selection at 8:30 tomorrow, with quantities marked.

Every odd and broken line marked for clearance, to make room for new spring stock.
REMNANTS AT 5c ROLL.—Fifty papers, in room lots from 6 to 16 rolls at 5c roll. We have gone through our entire stock, selecting all broken lots, papers for all rooms and all styles. Regular prices up to 30c roll.
REMNANTS AT 10c ROLL.—Seventy papers. These are remnants of papers ranging in price from 30c up. Sale price 10c roll.
VARNISH TILE SPECIALS, 10c.—For bath, pantry or kitchen. Eight of last season's designs, in blue and green colorings. Regular 25c and 30c values. Sale price 10c.
CREPE PAPERS, 10c.—30 inches wide, in green, grey, red and tan. Regular 60c. Sale price 10c.
LEATHERETTES, 75c FOR 15c ROLL.—Two only. Embossed Leatherettes, in brown colors, very suitable for dado use in halls or dining rooms. Regular 75c. Sale price 15c.
HALF-PRICE—Grass Cloths, Leathers, Blends, etc., with straps to match. Regular 50c. Sale price 25c.
65c PAPERS FOR 25c ROLL.—Crown decorations for dining-room living-room, hall, etc., printed on Blends. Scrumbles, etc. Regular 65c. Sale price 25c.
\$1.25 PAPERS FOR 50c ROLL.—Embossed silk drawing-room papers in old ivory and champagne colors. Regular \$1.25. Sale price 50c.
HALF-PRICE—A choice selection of regular goods, suitable for all rooms, including Chintz and plain bedroom papers; tapestries, dining-room use; pattern papers in all colors. Regular from 30c to \$1.00. Sale price 15c to 50c.
Third Floor.

A Necessity to Every Home Dressmaker—Order It Now

The Acme Automatic Adjustable Dress Form is the most important single item in the equipment of every dress-making establishment, and is indispensable to the home dressmaker. Thousands of women are now making their own dresses on the "Acme" Form. They would not be without one. It can be adjusted to suit mother or daughter to any measurement or any length. It has solved the problem of home dressmaking for many. All measurements are adjusted by one simple attachment. The three little wheels at top adjust to all sizes. See this form demonstrated on Second Floor. Prices \$8.50 to \$15.00.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

MEN'S WALKING CANES. Half Price. \$1.50 to \$7.00 Sticks. To Clear at 75c to \$3.50.

POPE'S EFFORTS MAY RELEASE 150,000

Emperor of Austria Willing to Liberate Prisoners Unit for Service.

[Canadian Press.] LONDON, Jan. 6.—12:50 a.m.—A Vienna dispatch to Reuters' Telegram Company, by way of Amsterdam, says that Emperor Francis Joseph has replied to Pope Benedict's appeal that his Government cordially agrees with the Pope's proposal for the liberation of prisoners of war for military service, and will immediately open negotiations with the other Governments concerned. The Home correspondent of the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger estimates that a total of 150,000 prisoners will be liberated through papal intervention.

After Measles Whooping Cough or Scarlet Fever

the extreme weakness often results in impaired hearing, weakened eyesight, bronchitis and other troubles, but if Scott's Emulsion is given promptly, it carries strength to the organs and creates rich blood to build up the depleted forces. Children thrive on Scott's Emulsion. 145 Scott's Emulsion is made in Canada. Scott's Emulsion Made in Canada.