

BRITISH CAPTURE JONG FORT; CHARGED IN RAIN OF BULLETS

Attack an Almost Impregnable Position—Clearing Out
the Desperately Fighting Tibetans.

POWDER MAGAZINE EXPLODES IN MIDST OF TIBETANS

Gyangtse, Tibet, July 6. — The Jong fort, held by 7,000 Tibetans, was captured by a mere handful of British and Indian soldiers today. The excitement of the long day culminated in the scaling of a breach in the walls by Lieut. Grant, who was followed by a mixed company of Gurkhas and Fusiliers. They climbed the cliff in the rock in the face of a hail of fire and a fusillade of stones which were hurled on their heads by the frenzied Tibetans. A stone struck Lieut. Grant, sweeping him off his feet, but he recovered himself and was the first man over the breach.

At dusk the battle was over, and, though a few bursts of musketry were still to be heard, the British held the position which dominates the town and the monastery beyond. The plan of attack included three columns which were to rush the village from the base of the rock. At midnight last night the British troops began to move into position. The left and center columns were able to enter the village by sunrise, but so heavy was the fire directed on the right column that it was impossible to make any headway for several hours. By 7 o'clock, however, the whole fringe of village was captured. Lieut. Grant, who was leading a party of Sikhs, was killed. The house tops were full of Tibetans, who pelted the right column with bullets for hours. The British 10-pounder made a breach in the wall between the two towers on the face of the cliff, the wall falling down in great masses.

Shortly afterward, an explosion occurred in the powder magazine of the Tibetans, by which many must have been killed. This, however, did not dismay the Tibetans. When the reserve companies of Fusiliers and Gurkhas advanced and delivered their assault, the Tibetans opened a heavy fire, but the open order adopted by the British.

By dusk the helmets of Fusiliers and Gurkhas were to be seen on the highest building of the Jong. The men were cheering.

London, July 6. — The Gyangtse Jong, or fort, is built on a rock rising sheer 300 feet from the plain. The western face is absolutely impregnable. On the southern side, opposite the British camp, which is some 1,400 yards distant, the rock is somewhat broken.

MR. SCOTT HAS GREAT FLOOD AT NOT RESIGNED KANSAS CITY, MO.

Secretary of State Explains His Position in Regard to Treadgold Concession. Suburbs Five Feet Under Water and Hundreds Driven From Their Homes.

Ottawa, July 7. — The Secretary of State has not resigned over the Treadgold matter, and does not consider that there is any necessity for him to do so. His views of the affair are embodied in the following statement. "An official communication having been received from Messrs. Ewing and Treadgold, representing the Treadgold syndicate, relinquishing without any qualification the grant in the Yukon Territory known as the Treadgold grant, and an order-in-council having been approved accepting the surrender, Mr. Scott formed the opinion that as the subject matter of the Treadgold concession, since being advised that council did not concur in the opinion expressed in the letter to Judge Britten, Mr. Scott has canceled the letter and requested the judge to proceed as if that letter had not been written."

La Prairie Camp.

Ottawa, July 7. — Sir Frederick Borden and Hon. Sir Frederick Borden, day for the military camp at La Prairie. The famous Thirteenth Dragoons, over which the recent trouble with Lord Dunsford culminated, are drilling at this camp.

Japs Rushing On Kai Chou; Russian Vanguard Driven In

Muscovite Artillery Shells the Attackers, Who Lose Heavily.

Ta Tiche Kiao, Wednesday, July 6. — (Delayed in transmission). — The Japanese swarmed over the mountain crest early this morning and advanced on Kai Chou, compelling General Chirikoff, with the center of the Russian vanguard, to fall back.

A whole brigade of Japanese, with masses of cavalry, followed and occupied the village of Nan Tai, driving out the two companies of Russian infantry, and two companies of Cossacks, who were entrenched there. The Japanese arrived within five miles of Kai

SENATOR GORMAN,

of Maryland, who for a short time was a hot favorite for the Democratic nomination. His chances have dwindled of late.

BRYAN PRESENTS MINORITY REPORT

Asks for Reconsideration of Credentials, But Is Refused.

GREAT CROWD JAMS THE HALL

Committees On Credentials and Resolutions Labors All Night at Big Democratic Convention.

St. Louis, July 7. — The Democratic national convention reconvened today, entering upon the second day's session. The stirring scenes of yesterday had the effect of heightening interest in the assembly. Again those having tickets of admission at their disposal were on. As the morning progressed, the crowds in Olive street, in the vicinity of the main entrance to the exposition building were in evidence much earlier today. Scenes of yesterday were repeated. The throngs outside the building were largely augmented.

The day opened fair, the haze which hung over the city during the earlier hours being dissipated as the morning wore on. As the temperature within the hall began to rise, the fans began to flutter and the long line of galleries soon presented a scene of spirited animation.

The developments of the night aroused still greater interest in the proceedings, giving much to be anticipated by the onlookers. Many of the delegates worked late into the night on committees with consequent loss of sleep.

The credentials committee did not adjourn until after 4 o'clock this morning, while a sub-committee of the committee on resolutions labored until after the midnight hour.

An interesting feature of the proceedings before the committee on credentials was the appearance at 2 a.m. of William J. Bryan, after the Illinois contest had been disposed of. He asked for a reconsideration of those cases that might make a minority report. The committee ruled that no reconsideration was necessary, and Mr. Bryan was told to make his minority report. He asked those members who sign it to stand up, and the delegates from Oklahoma, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Rhode Island arose. This action foreshadowed a conference between Bryan and the delegates from the four states.

The committee sustained the action of the national committee in all contested cases save that from the 21st Illinois district.

The situation affecting the platform likewise engrossed attention on account of the protracted session of the committee on resolutions, and its sub-committee. There has been almost incessant rain in this part of the south-west for five days. This great volume of water is coming this way, doing great damage in its course. All last night the downpour fell here and in many parts of Kansas, and today it continued. Morning found the water on the rise at Amosdale, and gradually spreading over the town, until one-half of the place was under from one to five feet of water. Today the water has reached the live stock exchange and drove the occupants from the basement floor.

Railway traffic west of here is badly demoralized.

To Fetch the Canada.

Montreal, Que., July 7. — Captain Knowlton and Chief Officer Milne, accompanied by ten men, have sailed for England to bring to this country the new fisheries protection steamer Canada, recently launched, and now nearing completion at the shipyards of the Vickers-Maxim Company at Barrow-in-Furness.

Chou. It was then nightfall. Gen. Samsonoff made a heroic attempt to check the Japanese, gallantly fighting to shell the Japanese left and inflicting great loss of them, but, fearing his retreat would be cut off, he fell back and is now holding Kai Chou. Gen. Chirikoff's force is stationed southeast of Kai Chou.

The plans of the Japanese remain a mystery to the Russian commanders.

FLAGS OUT FOR SCHOLLES

Toronto Civic Authorities Celebrate the Win at Henley.

Toronto, July 7. — The mayor has ordered the flags on the city buildings to all be brought out today in honor of the victory of Lou Scholes, in winning the Diamond Sculls at Henley. Preparations are already being made to give him a big reception on his return.

EX-PRESIDENT CLEVELAND.

The mention of whose name at St. Louis was the occasion of a remarkable demonstration. Convention may stampede to him.

JAPANESE GUNBOAT SUNK.

The Kaimon Hit a Mine in Taiten Wan Bay July 5.

Tokio, July 7. — The Japanese gunboat Kaimon struck a mine and sunk in Taitenwan Bay on July 5. The Kaimon was a small wooden ship 20 years old, and carried light guns and about 230 men.

FOUGHT OVER CHINESE

English Bye-Election Hinged On Transvaal Labor Question.

London, July 7. — A bye-election yesterday at Chertsey, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of John A. Fyler, Conservative, resulted in the election of Lord Bingham, Conservative, who polled 5,425 votes, against 4,538 cast for Mr. Sadler, the Liberal candidate. The campaign was fought almost wholly on the question of admitting Chinese labor into the Transvaal.

AN EXTRA ACCOUNTANT

One Appointed to Assist in the Department of Commerce.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, July 7. — The estimates of Sir Richard Cartwright were taken up in supply today when the House met. The only changes in the staff of the department of any consequence was the appointment of an accountant. The minister said this was necessary on account of the large disbursements in connection with the payment of bounties on the question of the correspondence of the department had increased in recent years by 100 per cent.

JUDGE PARKER,

of New York, the strongest candidate for Democratic nomination for United States Presidency. Tammany Hall has promised its support, and concedes his election.

NO DISSOLUTION THIS YEAR

Says Balfour, Unless His Colleagues Fall Him.

London, July 6. — At a dinner given by the Unionist members of the house of Commons, tonight Premier Balfour announced that under no circumstances would there be a dissolution of Parliament this year unless his colleagues, Hon. John Wauchope, of Philadelphia, who called for New York today, and Hon. John Wauchope, of Philadelphia, had a long interview with Premier Balfour at Downing street. It is stated that the interview was in connection with the postal facilities of the United States and Great Britain.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Tomorrow—Fair and Cool.

Sun rises, 4:43 a.m. Moon rises, 12:41 a.m. Sun sets, 8:02 p.m. Moon sets, 2:16 p.m.

Toronto, July 6 — 8 p.m. — A fairly heavy rainfall occurred this morning near the shores of Lake Ontario, but elsewhere in the Dominion today the weather has been fair. The temperature has been decidedly high in the North-west Territories and over the larger part of the Maritime Provinces, while in Manitoba, Ontario and Quebec it has been comparatively cool.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Port Simpson 46-60, Victoria 45-72, Kamloops 42-58, Calgary 46-54, Qu'Appelle 44-56, Winnipeg 44-72, Port Arthur 42-70, Toronto 58-72, Ottawa 58-74, Montreal 60-68, Quebec 55-74, St. John 48-72, Halifax 52-78.

FORECASTS.

Moderate easterly winds, mostly fair and cool, with scattered showers. Friday — Variable winds, fair and cool.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations. 8 a.m. Min. Max. Weather. Winnipeg 50 40 60 Cloudy. Toronto 61 48 70 Fair. Ottawa 68 52 78 Fair. Montreal 65 50 75 Clear. Quebec 62 48 70 Clear. Father Point 58 54 Cloudy.

WEATHER NOTES.

Local temperatures: The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the observatory on Wednesday, July 6, were: Highest 73, lowest 53.5.

W. R. HEARST.

The freak candidate for the Democratic nomination for United States Presidency. Has spent millions, but runs small chance of being chosen.

TO AMEND PRIVY COUNCIL RULES

Taschereau Gets Reform That Will Help Canadians.

CAPT. MAHAN ON WORLD PEACE

Conservative Association Wants Colonials To Be Consulted On Interimperial Trade.

London, July 7. — Sir H. E. Taschereau, speaking to the Canadian Press, said: "I have succeeded in obtaining a solution to the complaint of the Canadian bar re certain delays required by the present rules of the Privy Council. The solution will prove most satisfactory to the Canadians. After the present session the objectionable posting methods will be abolished. It makes some cases last six months. Sir Henri said the dropping of English solicitors in these cases was not raised. They had rights which had been respected."

Mahan on Peace.

Capt. Mahan, speaking at a banquet given in his honor at the imperial federation committee in the Trocadero, said that in the matter of imperial federation it behooved a foreigner to speak with moderation. Interest in the imperial movement is great in America because there has been an analogy to it there. It is largely of interest to the United States that England and English-speaking colonies should exert their power as one great nation. Union with the United States and the idea of imperial federation are both a force moving toward the period when all nations in the world should live at peace with one another.

The Newfoundland Treaty.

Premier Balfour, replying to G. Davies, M. P., re the ratification of the Newfoundland treaty, asked for a delay of ten days. The present time was inopportune to give an answer across the floor of the House.

Colonial Conference.

At the forthcoming deliberations of the National Union Conservative Association at Southampton, P. L. Harris, M. P., will move that the time has now come when the Government should receive representatives from our colonial possessions to attend a conference at which the question of arriving at a mutual arrangement for promoting inter-imperial trade by reciprocal preferential tariffs with this empire, Gibson Bowles, M. P., will ask the first lord of the treasury if conferences were held at the foreign office between British, Canadian and Russian delegates as to the proposed British defense of certain Russian lands in Bering Sea, and if Japanese delegates were present, and will ask that correspondence on the subject be laid on the table, with a view to the denunciation of the law of nations by a neutral power.

MAY DRAG POWERS INTO THE WAR

Japan Thinks Germany Has Broken Neutrality Laws—Will Appeal to Britain.

St. Petersburg, July 7.—In the same

Government circles which recently expressed the expectation of Chinese beligerency it is now maintained that world-wide complications are imminent. These officials declare that Japan has resolved to regard Germany's attitude as equivalent to a departure from neutrality in favor of Russia. She charges that Germany has sold ships to Russia since the war, knowing they were to be converted into third-class cruisers, but antedating the documents of sale in order to escape the consequences, and that Germany has continuously permitted the Krupps to furnish Russia with munitions of war. Finally, Japan charges that Germany has sanctioned the use of Kiao Chau by the Russian fleet. It is also alleged that Japan has complained of the preparations at French ports to facilitate the progress of the Baltic fleet on its far eastern voyage. The officials who voice the exaltation of their information add that Japan has asked Great Britain what action she will take. If she refuses to give active assistance to Japan, the latter will operate her secret agreement with China for military co-operation. The originators of the foregoing, whose prominence causes their statements to receive attention, further say that Russia will charge the United States with breaking her neutrality in favor of Japan.

SCHOLLES, CANADIAN CRACK, CAPTURES DIAMOND SCULLS

Blue Ribbon Event of the British Amateur Rowing World Taken by Toronto Man in Record Time.

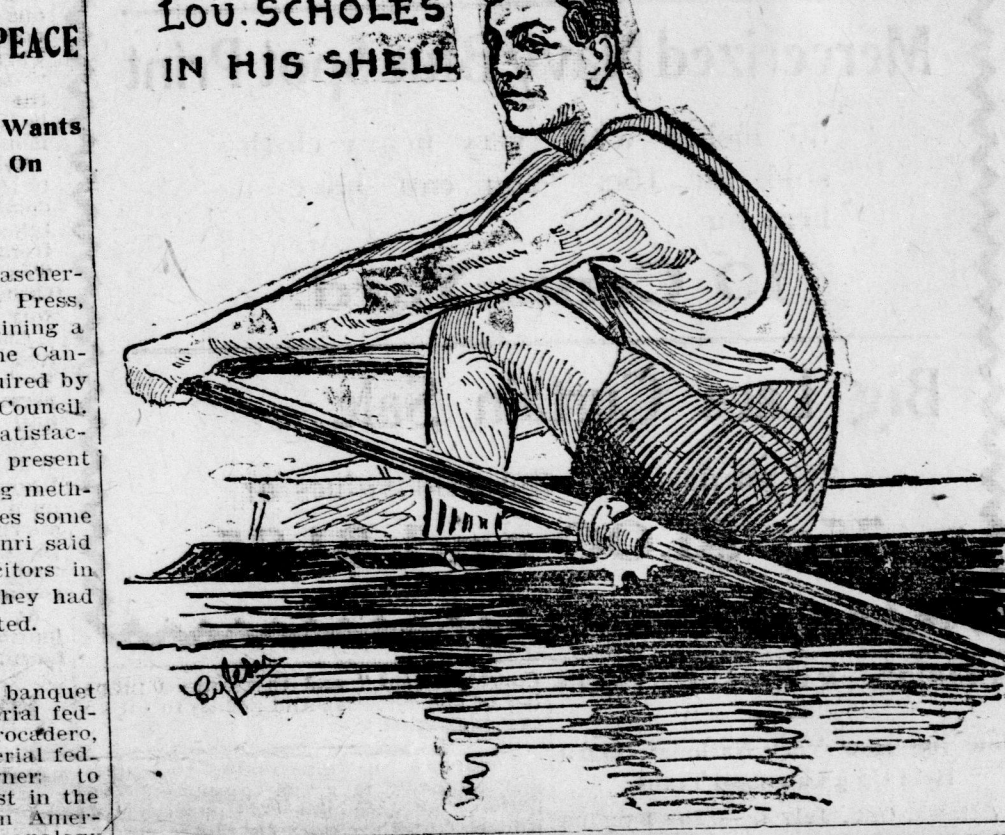
TRINITY FOUR-OARED CREW DEFEATS WINNIPEG

Henley, July 7. — L. F. Scholes, of the Don Rowing Club, of Toronto, beat A. H. Clouette, of the London Rowing Club in the final heat of the race for the diamond sculls.

The Canadian sculler, in the result, not only justified the predictions of his friends, but created a new time record of 8 minutes 23 seconds, beating the record of B. H. Howell, of New York, in 1898, by six seconds. The wind was upstream, and the conditions were favorable for fast traveling. Under the prevailing conditions there was little advantage in the choice of stations. Scholes, who was on the Bucks side, got away first, and led by half a length at a quarter of a mile from the start.

At Pawley Court Clouette put in a years. He won the Don junior championship of fine spurs and once got within three-quarters of a length of his adriatic the first year, and was only beaten by inches by Fraser for the junior Canadian championship. With H. Marsh he won the double sculls for the Dons on the bay. The following year he won the intermediate single championship at Philadelphia. Since then Scholes has made rapid improvement. He visited Henley two years ago, but lost to Titus, whom he had previously beaten in the Harlow regatta. Last year he won the association singles at Worcester, and also the Canadian championship. With Frank Smith as his partner he captured both the Canadian and national doubles championship.

Mr. John P. Scholes, father of the great amateur sculler, was roundly congratulated on all sides. He received



Lou Scholes in his shell.

versary, but Scholes again drew away, and won by a length and a quarter, amid great excitement.

Winnipeg Defeated.

Henley, July 7. — In the final for the steward's cup, Third Trinity, Cambridge, beat the Winnipeg crew. At the quarter-mile point Third Trinity began to forge to the front. The Cambridge crew had half a length of a lead at the half-mile and over a length at half the distance. Thence they had things their own way.

A Family of Champions.

Lou Scholes comes of a family of champions. His father was not only a champion boxer, but a foot runner, oarsman and holder of many snowshoe records. Jack, his brother, won the feather and lightweight boxing championship of Canada and the United States some years ago, and then went over to England and carried everything before him. Scholes, who is only 24 years of age, has been rowing for five

PREMIER BALFOUR, CONFESSES TO REFUSED HEARING ATROCIOUS DEED

Frequent Attempts to Speak Wife Cuts Husband's Throat While He Is Held Helpless by Her Lover.

London, July 7. — In the House of Commons last night the Government succeeded in carrying through the first part of the closure programme on the licensing bill, but Premier Balfour was denied a hearing, his frequent attempts to speak being drowned by loud cries of "Gag." Finally, Mr. Balfour, after hopelessly facing the tumult, sat down.

This is said to be the first time in a modern British Parliament when the Premier was refused a hearing on the floor of the House of Commons.

Grain Inspection Measure; Standard for Oats in East

Survey Boards To Be Appointed by the Governor-in-Council.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Ottawa, Ont., July 7. — The grain inspection bill was reported today by the special committee, which had it in charge. At today's meeting the standard for oats in the eastern division of the Dominion were received as follows, No. 1, 24 lbs.; No. 2, 22 lbs.; No. 3, 20 lbs., and No. 4, 18 lbs. Survey boards in the east will hereafter be appointed by the governor-in-council upon the recommendation of the Montreal and Toronto Boards of Trade. The grain-weighting act of last session was incorporated in the bill. It gives power to the governor-in-council, to order compulsory weighing at lake terminals, such as Collingwood, Midland, Meaford, etc., of grain intended for distribution in Eastern Canada or of all grain shipped east. The principle was adopted of no reinspection of Manitoba grain in east unless the grain had deteriorated in transit.

Sir Richard said that the Government had not lost sight of an Atlantic coast line, but a twenty-knot service would cost from a million to a million and a half a year, and as a difference of between 17 knots and 20 was only 15 hours in passage, it was not worth the price, and the people were now looking more to comfort than to speed.