

The Advertiser

FOUNDED BY JOHN CAMERON IN 1863.

The Daily Advertiser.

(TWO EDITIONS.)

Daily, by mail, per year \$10 (10 paces)....\$10
Daily, by mail, for three months.....\$3.00
All subscriptions payable in advance.

IN LONDON—Daily, 10c per week, delivered.

Western Advertiser.

(OUR WEEKLY EDITION.)

By mail, per annum.....\$1.00

Advertising Rates made known on application

at office. Address all communications to

ADVERTISER PRINTING CO

LONDON - CANADA

JOHN CAMERON, President and

Mng. Dir.

London, Wednesday, May 6.

Plea for the Dying Government.

Sir Charles Tupper has issued an address to the electors of Canada, in which he pleads for the return of himself and his friends to power on June 23 next. Like all the effusions of the Nova Scotia politician, the document is long, windy, padded. But it does not contain an argument in favor of himself or of the high tax policy which has not again and again been met and refuted.

There is simulated seriousness, of course, in the contention that the Liberal leaders of Canada should not be trusted to take their turn at the helm of the Ship of State because they would be less safe as managers of public affairs than the men now in office. But the attempt to gloss over the grossest misgovernment and corruption at Ottawa by raising the bogey of a supposed revolutionary programme by the Liberals will not go down with the sober-minded elector, no matter how he has voted in the past. The statesmen at the head of the Liberal party are really more worthy of the confidence of the electorate than are the Family Compact which now dominates the Conservative party. The able men at the head of the Liberal party, including Sir Oliver Mowat, the most successful manager of public affairs in Canada, are trusted by the people, and will continue to be trusted long after the Tupperites are relegated to the opposition benches. The Tupper cry of alarm is but the wail of the despairing office-holder.

A pretense is made by Sir Charles Tupper that he and his friends are really in favor of increased trade with Great Britain. It may be so, but the record of his followers proves to the contrary. It is but a short time since Hon. L. H. Davies moved the following resolution in the House of Commons: "Inasmuch as Great Britain admits the products of Canada into her ports free of duty, this House is of the opinion that the present scale of duties exacted on goods mainly imported from Great Britain should be reduced." This resolution was supported by every Liberal in the House and opposed by every member on Sir Charles Tupper's side. Was there loyalty to the motherland in the voting down of a proposition so very fair to both Britain and the Dominion? More than a suspicion may fairly be entertained that Sir Charles Tupper and the combine managers who master him are no more anxious to have freer trade with Great Britain than they are to aid our farmers and workers to profitable reciprocity with the United States.

In another portion of his address, Sir Charles argues in favor of the big subsidies to fast steamship lines between Canada and Europe and between Canada and Australasia. It does seem strange that the taxpayers of Canada should be called upon to contribute large sums annually from their earnings to make traffic between Canada and other lands profitable to speculators while their rulers at Ottawa have been piling on taxes at both seaboard to make that same commerce just as difficult as possible.

Sir Charles pretends that the high tax policy has helped the agricultural population, but if he does not know better the farmers do. He gives no defense of the bungling at Ottawa which has resulted in our live cattle being scheduled in the British markets, to the great loss of this country.

After the exposure in the House of Commons, only a Tupper would seriously argue that the course of the dying Cabinet in regard to the Manitoba school question had been "clear and definite" and "constitutional." We know that in the bye-elections fought a month or two ago, the Administration had one explanation of its intentions for Quebec and another for Ontario. We know that the conspiracy which resulted in the decapitation of Premier Bowell was caused by quarreling in regard to the course to be taken by the Ministers on this same question. And we know that in this way many weeks of valuable time were frittered away in Parliament. Not till a few weeks before Parliament rose did the men in power make up their minds whether or not Parliament should open April 24, and when they did cease quarreling long enough to decide to go on with their Manitoba bill it was proved, on the evidence of the best constitutional authorities in the House, that the measure was so badly drawn that in every clause, if passed, there existed a lawsuit for the Manitoba minority. Conservative and Liberal authorities alike condemned the measure, and clause after clause had to be changed or emasculated to even moderate

ly meet the intentions of the law. This measure, then, Sir Charles Tupper tells us, gives the "clear," "definite," "constitutional," position of the Government, and though he does not say so in so many words, he is determined that the coercive policy shall be insisted on, and not the policy of conciliation upheld by Mr. Laurier, by Sir Oliver Mowat, by Hon. George W. Ross, and other statesmen, who have in the past so well reconciled people of different creeds to live together in harmony. We are confident that if Sir John A. Macdonald had been alive and at the head of his party he would have never allowed this question to have reached its present acute shape without a happy solution on the lines suggested by Mr. Laurier and endorsed by Sir Donald Smith. Sir Oliver Mowat, in his letter accepting office in the new Liberal Cabinet, to be formed after the ensuing general elections, said on this subject: "In the light of past events I should not despair of the question being settled in a manner acceptable to the reasonable people of Manitoba and the reasonable Roman Catholics of the Dominion. We have had in Ontario questions of various kinds which seemed as difficult of solution as this question is, and they have been dealt with by the Ontario Legislature satisfactorily." The question has not been settled by the men now in power because they went the wrong way about it, and were insincere in their methods, vacillating and bungling from beginning to end. When Mr. Laurier and Sir Oliver take the matter up, we do not doubt that it will soon be out of Dominion politics, and settled with fairness towards both minority and majority.

And so with every other question affecting the welfare of the community. The return of Mr. Laurier and Sir Oliver Mowat means a speedy settlement and a continuous development of the industries of the country on safe and fair lines. The success of the Tupper aggregation would be the signal for a renewal of the paralysis which has affected that party since it split in twain on the return to Canada of Sir Charles Tupper. The Tupper appeal cannot stay the change which the country so urgently requires.

Money to Burn.

The ceremonies in connection with the long-delayed coronation of the Czar of Russia begin today, and will be continued until the 26th inst., though the actual crowning will only take five hours. It will be a costly affair, the national expenditure alone being \$12,000,000, or \$2,000,000 more than was deemed requisite in the brilliant coronation festivities of Alexander III. Some of the foreign nations have given their representatives full swing in the celebration. France, for example, authorizes her ambassador to spend \$300,000, and Austria \$70,000. A good deal of the barbarous yet lurid in the constitution of European peoples, or they would not countenance expenditures so very extravagant while the condition of the common people whose labor produces the money, is far from satisfactory. Just such tendency to run riot in needless display and luxury causes Socialism to flourish and strengthens the antipathy to royalty which prevails in many quarters.

Societies and Preachers Agree.

The conference between members of the London Ministerial Association and representatives of the secret and friendly societies came to a happy termination last night.

Our suggestion that an hour should be chosen for special society services which would not interfere with the attendance at the Sunday schools has been adopted.

The compromise resolution was moved by Dr. Geo. C. Davis, and it was wisely coincided in by almost every one present. In future, Sunday afternoon special services for the societies will not begin till 4:30 p.m., and no procession need start from its rooms before 4:15. Thus all the Sunday schools will remain undisturbed, and the only change necessary in past arrangements will probably be that the preacher of the day will have to curtail the service to one hour so as not to interfere with the usual evening services. The mover of the resolution, as well as all who have been parties to this conciliatory arrangement, are to be congratulated on its happy adjustment. Once more there is exemplified the fact that when contending parties honestly get together, and seek for a common ground of cooperation, it is comparatively easy to find it.

By the Way.

The Hamilton Herald says: "Tupper is a good hater. All the men who attack by Bowell have had to walk the plank."

For over 23 years Sir Oliver Mowat has ruled Ontario honestly and well. Now he goes to Ottawa to aid in establishing an honest and progressive Government for the Dominion. The people will it.

Many old-time Liberals, who were captivated by Sir John Macdonald's wonderful personality, are, at the first general election which has taken place since his death, about to return to their former allegiance. They have nothing in common with the aggregation who now compose the swiftly decaying Administration. They know the country needs a change.

The Tupper appeal will not have the fascination for the Conservative electors that the Macdonald manifesto of 1891 had.

Western Ontario.

Mrs. Geo. W. Sharrow, Port Huron, has been called to Petrolia on account of the serious illness of her mother.

The broken Pelee Island cable was repaired Monday. The islanders now have telephonic communication with the mainland for the first time since last fall.

The body of the boy Janessee, who fell through the ice and was drowned about three months ago, was found in Lake Erie Monday and was buried at Amherstburg.

At a public meeting of the ratepayers of Walkerton, to consider the advisability of issuing debentures for a new town hall, to cost \$10,000, the scheme was voted down.

A young man named Thomas Rankin, residing at Dover Center, has been brought into Walkereburg by Constable Seney, on a charge of seduction preferred by a girl named Clark.

Troy McLellan, expressman, while riding down the New Sarum hill, at St. Thomas Sunday on his bike, fell and rolled down a fifteen-foot embankment, fracturing one of the small bones at the ankle.

The Dominion Government schooner Petrel, Capt. Dunn, has arrived at Port Stanley from Owen Sound. The same officers as last year are on board. Two additional men have been added to the crew, which consists of nineteen all told.

The Port Stanley Council has unanimously decided to give a reward of \$100 for the capture of the burglars who broke into Berry's store on Friday night. The constables have obtained a slight clue to the identity of the perpetrators.

On Wednesday last a bear made its appearance on the farm of Davis Clarke, in North Easthope. Mr. Clarke and his hired man gave chase. After a lively skirmish the bear was finally brought to bay on Mr. McFarlane's farm and shot. He proved to be a cub weighing about 80 pounds. The scene of the hunt was about three miles distant from Stratford.

A little 5-year-old son of J. Baker, laundryman, and a daughter of D. McKenzie, Jackson street, of the same age, were on Jackson street, St. Thomas, on Sunday, when a man came along, took the pursers off the little boy and part of the clothing of the little girl, and ran off with them. The police were notified and scoured the city and railway depots in search of the thief.

On Sunday, as train 32 on the M. C. R. was going west, a tie on the road one mile east of Kingsmill was struck. There was a tramp a short distance away from the place, and Conductor McKenzie, who passed the place at 8:50, stated that he had seen the tramp along the track. On Monday Constable Hoffman arrested the man and placed him in Aymer lockup, where he now is.

The Windsor Board of Health has received the report of the Provincial Board on the late epidemic of fever in that city. It finds that the war is very impure, and virtually orders that Windsor and Walkerville shall take the intake pipe above Askin's Point. As the powers of the board are unlimited, in all probability this will have to be done. It is estimated that it will cost in the neighborhood of \$80,000.

Woodstock's assessment returns show an increase in the total assessment over 1905 of \$46,850. In 1905 the assessment was \$2,718,350 and in 1906 \$2,765,200. The only decrease is in the personal assessment. Last year the value of personal property was \$123,900. This year a decrease of \$5,100 is shown. The population has increased by 15. The total number of names on the roll in 1905 were 5,791, and this year the figure is increased to 5,806.

Wm. Smith, of Sarnia, an employee of the Excelsior Electric Company, met with a serious accident Monday at Port Huron. While stringing wires in front of the Forrester building on Water street, he was struck by a wire he was holding gave way, precipitating him to the ground, a distance of 30 feet. He struck on his side, and was picked up unconscious, with blood oozing from his mouth and ears. It was at first reported that the man was dead, but the physicians believe he will recover, although his injuries are quite serious.

During a thunder storm Monday the barns of John Forsyth, con. T. Chatham, were struck by lightning, and, together with the contents, completely destroyed. The buildings contained a large quantity of wheat, corn and hay, besides two horses, two fat cattle and other live stock, carriages and agricultural implements, which were all lost. Mrs. Forsyth and niece were in the barn when the lightning struck it, and had a very narrow escape from death by the shock. Loss about \$3,000; partially covered by insurance.

SKIN DISEASES.

One Remedy Which Has Never Failed—Tried and Tested Ointment.

Because other alleged remedies for piles, scrofula, eczematous eruptions, scald head, chafed black toes, salt rheum and skin diseases generally have proved useless, don't condemn Dr. Chase's Ointment. It has never been known to fail. For instance, Nelson Simmons, Meyersburg, Ont., writes:

"I used Dr. Chase's Ointment for itching Piles, and can recommend it highly. Since using it I have had perfect freedom from the disease."

Peter Vanallen, L'Amable, Que., had the eczema for three years. He tried three doctors, but received no benefit. One box of Dr. Chase's Ointment and three boxes of Dr. Chase's Pills cured him completely. Large scales covered his legs and body, but the Ointment soon removed them. He will swear to these facts.

Chase's Ointment may be had from any dealer or from the manufacturers, Edmondson, Bates & Co., 45 Lombard street, Toronto. Price, 60 cents.

Mother's greatest remedy for coughs, colds, bronchial and lung affections is Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. The medicinal taste is wholly disguised, making it pleasant to take. Large bottles, 25 cents.



Chase & Sanborn's



Seal Brand Coffee

Universally accepted as the Leading Fine Coffee of the World.

The only Coffee served at the WORLD'S FAIR.

CHASE & SANBORN, BOSTON, MONTREAL, CHICAGO



IT REQUIRES NO EDUCATION

to enjoy Storer's Lime Juice Cordial. There is none of that musty flavor found in most other lime preparations to get used to before enjoying this exquisite summer drink. Free samples from retailers.

THINK OF THIS

CHEAP SUMMER WOOD

JUST WHAT YOU WANT FOR WARM WEATHER

\$8.50 PER CORD.

CAMPBELL & CHANTLER

176 Bathurst Street, Branch—12 John St., London West. Phone 347



INDAPO THE GREAT HINDOO REMEDY PRODUCES THE ABOVE RESULTS IN 30 DAYS. Cures all various diseases. Falling Memory, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Nightly Sweats, etc. Caused by past abuses, gives vigor and life to shrunken organs, and quickly restores lost manhood in old or young. Endures in fact a lifetime cure or money refunded. Price \$1.00 a package. Six for \$5.00 with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Don't buy an imitation, but insist on having IN DAPO. It will drive disease out of you, and it will save you. Sent by Anderson & Nelles, Druggists, 20 Dundas St. W., LONDON, ONT., and leading druggists elsewhere.



Mild Cured Delicious Flavor
MADE BY T. R. F. CASE, SEAFORTH

Dunn's Mustard

MADE ABSOLUTELY PURE FROM RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH SEED

SOLD IN 8c. and 10c. TINS.

Ask for Dunn's Pure Mustard

The Popular Place of Amusement

IS AT THE

Hub Billiard Room and Bowling Alley

R. HERENDEEN, Proprietor.

WESLEY HARRISON,

EMBALMER AND FUNERAL DIRECTOR,

284 Dundas St. - Spencer Block.

Telephone 1150. Open day and night.

American Lawn Mowers

Adjustable Bearings. Tempered Steel Knives.

Hose, Hose Reels, Sprayers, Ready Mixed Paints, And Alabastine.

IN ALL SHADES

AT

A. Westman's

111 Dundas Street. BRANCH STORE—654 Dundas Street

Beauty is Always Admired.

Beauty is Always To Be Desired.

Ladies who wish to see beauty exemplified in Dress Goods have only to pay a visit to our

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

Where their eyes can feast on the most beautiful weaves of the German, French and English manufacturers.

Mohairs, Alpacas, Lustres, Poplins and Sicilians, both in plain and shot effects, are to be found here in great variety awaiting your inspection.

See our west center window for a sample of what we have, then come inside and look over our large and selected stock.

IN OUR

Black Goods Department

"We have great pride," and deservedly so, as many ladies have already pronounced it the richest stock of Black Goods they ever saw, and our sales were never larger.

Mohair and Sicilians in great abundance, and at prices that are hard to beat.

A great special in Black Lustre, 31 inches wide, fine as silk, and worth easily half as much more as we ask for it, viz., 50c per yard.

A great special in Black Mohair Crepon, 50 inches wide, just the thing for a nice cool dress for the summer, worth \$1 per yard, our price only 65c yard.

A WORD ABOUT

Lace Curtains

We have just placed in stock two cases of Curtains, nice, neat patterns, the value of which there is no doubt of, in all lengths, widths and prices.

Curtain Muslins by the yard—we have a splendid range from 10c per yard up to 25c per yard.

J. H. Chapman & Co.

126 and 128 Dundas Street, London.