

the children at the hospital of our Grises in that city. The statistics were furnished by the ladies of that institution, and from these it appears that the total number of children received during the year 1867 was 852 against 1,104 in 1866, and 729 in 1865, making an aggregate during the period of 2,005. The deaths during the same period amounted to 1,616, of whom 36 were under a week old, 368 under one month, 283 under one year, and 617 under five years, and 12 between the ages of 5 and 12 years. These children were all foundlings. It appears that out of the 2,005 admitted into the institution, 1,616 died before attaining their fifth year. This is a terrible mortality, being over 80 per cent of the whole number admitted. Although there is no reason to doubt that the ladies of this benevolent institution do all in their power to preserve the lives of these unfortunate children, still their efforts seem to be unavailing, or to have been successful to the extent of only about one in twenty. It must be borne in mind, however, that these infants are deprived of the natural food which only mothers can afford them—that they are generally destitute of clothing when received, while many of them are tainted with disease inherited from criminal parents, or engendered from the want of those attentions which are essential to the preservation of infantile life on its introduction to the world. Several of the cases are thus specified:—"Frosted," "squeezed and bruised," "trampled up in boxes," "dosed with opium."

VALUABLE DISCOVERY.—At the last Paris Exhibition, a patent machine for sharpening mill stones, attracted a good deal of attention. The invention, like most other valuable discoveries, is as simple as it is effective. It consists of a spindle or small wheel about an inch in diameter, connected with a frame, to which is fixed a black diamond. A man attends the machine, and directs by the hand the longitudinal and lateral movement of the diamond in its operations. The first lines it cuts are more expeditiously and better executed than could be accomplished by the old and somewhat rough way of sharpening by picks. Owing to the exactness of the lines the flour is more equally ground, and a greater quantity of flour is produced from a given quantity of wheat. This machine has been introduced into England, and has been found to be practically all that was represented. The saving effected by the application of the patent, combining the saving of labor, the increased quantity and superior quality of the flour manufactured, is variously estimated at from 25 to 50 cents per bag. Of this however, there is no positive certainty, but the following facts have been proved by actual experiment: That the manual labor is reduced one-fourth, and that the total saving effected is upwards of \$17 per week on every pair of stones, or nearly \$900 per annum. In this country where the price of skilled labor is much higher, the saving would be greater. Surely it is worthy the attention of our intelligent and enterprising millers.

CONSOLIDATION.—We have on several occasions noticed the progress of both the Commercial colleges in this city, and it now affords us much pleasure to notice that the "Bryant, Stratton & Odell business college and telegraphic institution" has been amalgamated with the "British American Commercial College." These rival institutions were established in 1862. Since then both have been steadily growing in public favor, and the mercantile community are daily realizing the importance of a thorough business school of training. (They have now combined their forces together.) By this combination new features of importance will be introduced, among which will be improved methods of instruction, a more thorough and liberal course of study, requiring more time for its completion than the usual course in the Commercial College, and demanding of graduates a higher degree of attainment in the branches of a business education. Mr. Odell is a practical business man, and is well known to the Canadian public as the manager of the Bryant, Stratton & Odell college, through whose incessant labours this school has reached its present flourishing condition. Mr. Edward Trout has been for several years connected with the commercial department of *The Leader*, and brings to his new labors a knowledge of the management of these colleges, strict integrity and good business habits. We have no hesitation in recommending their school to our young men who desire to excel in commercial knowledge and to obtain the greatest possible success in business pursuits.—*Leader*.

John Morrissey has concluded not to keep a gambling house in Saratoga the coming season.

COMMERCIAL.

Guelph Markets.
MERCURY OFFICE, GUELPH, June 5, 1868.

Flour, 100 lbs	..... \$ 8 25	..... \$ 4 00
all Wheat, 10 bush	..... 1 40	..... 1 50
Spring Wheat 10 bush	..... 1 25	..... 1 30
Oats 10 bush	..... 0 50	..... 0 52
Peas do	..... 0 70	..... 0 75
Barley do	..... 0 55	..... 0 50
Hay 1 ton	..... 8 00	..... 11 00
Straw	..... 4 00	..... 5 00
hinges, 1 square	..... 3 00	..... 3 50
Wood, 1 cord	..... 0 25	..... 0 26
Coal	..... 0 08	..... 0 09
eggs, 1 dozen	..... 0 12	..... 0 11
butter, 1 lb	..... 0 25	..... 0 30
cheese, each	..... 0 50	..... 0 60
turkeys each	..... 0 50	..... 0 55
hickens, 1 pair	..... 0 20	..... 0 25
Ducks, do	..... 0 75	..... 0 90
Potatoes	..... 2 00	..... 2 00
Apples, 1 barrel	..... 7 00	..... 8 00
Lamb, 1 lb	..... 0 50	..... 0 15
Beef, 1 lb	..... 0 50	..... 0 15
100 lbs	..... 5 00	..... 5 75
sheep Pelts, each	..... 0 40	..... 0 45
lambskins	..... 0 40	..... 0 45
Hides	..... 0 00	..... 0 00

No change in the market to-day.

Money Market.
JACKSON'S EXCHANGE OFFICE,
Guelph, June 5, 1868.

Gold, 1401.
Greenbacks 100 at 70 to 71; sold at 71 to 72.
Silver bought at 5 dis.; sold at 5.
Upper Canada Bank Bills bought at 65c. to 67c.

MONTREAL MARKETS.
Clark, Livingstone & Co's report by Special Telegraph to "Evening Mercury."
MONTREAL, June 5, 1868.

Flour—Fancy, \$7 25 to \$7 45; Superfine No. 1, \$6 90 to \$7 00; Welland Canal, \$6 50. Bag Flour, \$1 15 to \$1 20. Oats 40c to 45c. Barley \$1 10 to \$1 15. Butter—dairy 16c to 17c; store packed 14c to 15c. Ashes—Pots \$5 35 to \$5 45, pearls \$5 45 to \$5 50.

Flour receipts 2,500 bush, buyers and sellers part in their views. Wheat, some sales at 90c to \$1 per 60 lbs. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Cattle—Pots weak and lower; Pearls small sales \$5 45 to \$5 50.

HAMILTON, June 4, 1868.
Fall wheat—\$1 58 to \$1 65. Spring do—\$1 40 to \$1 45 per bushel. Barley—\$1 10 to \$1 20. Oats—\$0 62. Peas—60c to 62c. Pork—\$6 00 to \$6 50.

TORONTO, June 4, 1868.
Flour—Receipts, 900 bbls.; No. 1, at \$6 00 to \$6 50. Fall Wheat—\$1 45. Spring Wheat—\$1 35 to \$1 40. Oats—54c. Barley—\$0 90 to \$1 00. Peas—70c to 72c.

DRESS SHIRTS, TIES, COLLARS, CUFFS and BRACES

THE GUELPH CLOTH HALL
A. THOMSON & CO.

THE CO-OPERATIVE STORE.
FIRST IMPORTATIONS

NEW SPRING GOODS!
ON WEDNESDAY, THE 8TH INST.

W. MACKLIN & CO.

Where do you get your Watches, CLOCKS AND JEWELLERY REPAIRED?



AT SAVAGE'S.

PRIZE DENTISTRY. DR. R. CAMPBELL

SPAFFORD'S Sewing Machine.
"BARCLAY" SHUTTLE

GALLERY OF ART. R. W. LAIRD,
Looking Glass and Picture Frame

DOCTOR DAVIS
Physician and Surgeon

DENTISTS!
GUELPH and BRAMPTON

NEW Oyster Rooms
VALENTINE WALD

SUMMER DRINKS.
JAMES McCULLOCH

Spring Brewery Depot
GORDON STREET, GUELPH.

THE BAR
Wines, Liquors & Cigars

REMOVAL.
STEPHEN BOULT, Architect and Builder

Plans, Specifications & Estimates,
Supplied, and work superintended in all its branches.

Financing Done to Order,
AND ALL KINDS OF

W. H. JACOMB
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Shop on QUEBEC STREET,
near Mr. Howard's Stove and Tin Depot

ROUVILLE ST. LAWRENCE.

India & China Tea Co.
Home Depot at London and Liverpool.

THE India and China Tea Company
begs to draw the attention of the Canadian community to their directly imported Teas.

CHARLES HEATH
HAS opened a Lumber and Wood Yard on

CORDWOOD
For sale by the cord, half-cord and quarter-cord, and delivered in any part of the Town.

FLOUR & FEED
Also for sale, Flour and Feed, delivered in any part of the Town according to order.

Funerals, Funerals!

NATHAN TOVELL
has been appointed executor of the late Donald McLellan, of the Township of Erin.

Executors Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given that all parties indebted to the estate of the late Donald McLellan, of the Township of Erin, are required to settle the same by the 1st of November next.

WILLIAM McLELLAN, PETER McLELLAN, ALEX. MCKINNON,
Executors.

C. & A. SHARPE
HAVE for sale a large number of the following assortment of

BRITANNIA HOUSE
WYNDHAM STREET, GUELPH.

ANOTHER CHEAP LOT
OF GREY AND

WHITE COTTONS!
500 PIECES NEW

Canadian Tweeds, very Cheap
JUST ARRIVED AT

HEFFERNAN BROS.
Guelph, 28th April, 1868

No. 1, Wyndham Street, Guelph.
JAMES CORMACK,

CLOTHS AND CLOTHING
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, &c.

Large Display of Hats & Caps
English, French and American Styles.

A. R. McMASTER & BRO.,
BRITISH AND FOREIGN

DRY GOODS,
AND

Manufacturers & Dealers in Canada Fabrics
32 Yonge Street, TORONTO.

102 Cross-St., Albert Square, MANCHESTER.
Alexandra Building, James-St, LIVERPOOL.

1868. KINGSTON PENITENTIARY 1868.
BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

NEW GOODS
Suitable for Spring and Summer Wear, among which will be found all the Latest Styles.

INSPECTION INVITED!
THESE GOODS have been selected from the best makers in the Dominion, and can be confidently recommended as equal, if not superior to any in the market, and at

Prices Lower than any House in the Trade.
For cash only. All work warranted.
Guelph, 1st May, 1868. JOHN CRIDFORD.

Commercial Union Assurance Company.
CHIEF OFFICES—19 and 20 CORNHILL, LONDON, ENGLAND.
CAPITAL £2,500,000.
Fire Department.
The success which has attended the Company's operations has been such as fully to realize the most sanguine expectations of the Directors, who have resolved to extend the business more widely, and now offer to the Canadian Public PERFECT SECURITY guaranteed by large subscribed capital and invested funds.