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Steamship North Star
Will leave St. John Thursdays at nine
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at nine a.m. via Portland, Eastport
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Until cuther actice the S. S. Consors Bros. will run as follows:—
Leave St. John, N. B., Thorne Wharf and Warehouse Co., on Saturday, 7.5e am., for St. Andrews, calling at Dipper Harbor, Beaver Harbor, Black's Harbor, Back Bay, or Letete, Deer Island, Red Store, St. George. Returning leave St. Andrews Tuesday for St. John, calling at Letete or Back Bay, Black's Harbor, Beaver Harbor and Dipper Harbor, tide and weather permitting

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GRAND MANAN S.S. CO.

GRAND MANAN S.S. CO.

Grand Manan Route—Season 1915-16
After October 1st, 1915, and until
further notice, a steamer of this lins
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Leave Grand Manan Mondays at
7.30 a. m. for St. John, via Eastport,
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St. John, Wednesdays at 7.30 a. m.,
for Grand Manan, via Wilson's Beach,
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Leave Grand Manan Thursdays at 8
a. m. for St. Stephen, via Campobello,
Eastport and St. Andrews.
Returning, leave St. Stephen Pridays
at 7.30 a. m. for Grand Manan, via St.
Andrews, Eastport and Campobello,
Leave Grand Manan Saturdays at
7.30 a. m. for St. Andrews.
Returning same day, leaving St. Andrews at 1 p. m., calling at Campobello
and Eastport both ways.

Atlantic Standard Time.

L. C. GUPTILL, Manager,
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STEAM BOILERS

The following new "Matheson" built bollers, are on hand at our Works, and are offered for immediate shipment:—
2—"Inclined" type on skide, 50 h. p.
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Also "Used."
1—Return Tubular type ..46 h. p.
Complete details and prices will be mailed upon request,

L MATHESON & CO. Limited Boiler Makers New Glasgow, Nova Scotia

Continued from page 3.
of the quality necessary for our armies in the field.
PUTS IT UP TO PUGSLEY.
"If my information is correct."

PUTS IT UP TO PUGSLEY.

"If my information is correct, Mr. Pugaley has made no independent investigation on his own account, he has simply listened to the statements of gossipers on the subject. I ask Mr. Pugsley who is the middleman in the case of the Record Fdy. Co., if any? Who is the middleman in the case of the McAvity Company? Who is the middleman in the case of the Record Fdy. Co., if any? Who is the middleman in the case of the Middleman in the case of the Middleman in the case of the Wilson Box Company, the Nova Scotia Steel Co., and the other companies all through this country? General assertions of this kind are very easy to make."

Mr. Carvell: "Who was the middleman in the case of the Foundry Company of St. John?"

Mr. Hazen: "So far as I know, there was no middleman, I have told the circumstances as told to me. That contract was obtained by Mr. Cudilp who being unable to carry it out, turned it over to the Phoenix Fdy. Co."

Mr. Carvell: "I will supplement that information at a later date."

Mr. Hazen: "Very good. Mr. Carvell says that he will supplement that information, We shall wait and hear what he has to say about it."

THE SUBMARINE QUESTION Mr. Hazen then dealt with the

McBride for the Canadian Government.

Mr. Pugsley—"Does not my hon. friend know that Sir Charles Davidson distinctly refuses to allow any counsel to be present to examine or cross-examine witnesses. Mr. Hazen—"My hon. friend is giving the same interruption that he made the other day. What Sir Chas. Davidson did decline was something quite different. He was vested with the duty of probing the matter to the bottom and other matters that came before him, and a better man for the purpose could not be obtained. He is a judge of high standing and great experience. He had a large practice at the bar and was regarded as an able practice lawyer. Sir Charles had the advantage of the assistance in that work of Mr. John Thompson, K. C., a prominent member of the Ontario bar, a son of the late Sir John Thompson, and, in addition to that, at every enquiry the auditor general was present. As each witness was examined the auditor general was asked if he had any further inquiry to put to him or if there was any further witness whom he suggested should be called for examination.

"The fullest opportunity was given for the fullest possible searching and what Sir Chas. Dav-

counsel to appear before him and said that he appeared on behalf of the Liberal party of B. C. He declined to allow him to attend and act as counsel and examine and cross-examine witnesses and I would ask where the end of this thing would be if that sort of thing was permitted.

There were examined before Sir Chas. Davidson Sir Richard McBride, James Venn, Paterson, F. L. Crawford, manager of the Bank of Commerce; Capt. William Henry Logan, H. Barnard, M. P.; the auditor general, Taylor, (auditor electric boat company), E. B. Frost, vice president Electric Boat Co.

REALLY AN INQUISITION

"The whole inquiry was in the nature of an inquisition. Questions were asked of a character that, had they been asked in a court of law governed by the ordinary rules of evidence, would never have been permitted. The inquiry was broad, comprehensive, and searching and thorough."

Constant interruptions by Mr. Pugsley began to be a nuisance in the House and Mr. Hazen said: "I have noticed, in many years' experience of the hon. member for the city of St. John in the same parliament that it is with the greatest difficulty that the honorable gentleman can remain quiet while any one else is epeaking. He has got into the unfortunate habit, if he; will allow me to say so, of interrupting one who is trying to present an argument."

Then Mr. Hazen continued: "I think the evidence I have quoted must satisfy anyone whose mind is open to be satisfied of three facts. First that the transaction was honestly conducted and honestly carried out. There was no foundation or justification for the charges made with regard to Sir Richard McBride or in connection with the people, who had to do with the proper whose mind is open to be satisfied of three facts. First that the transaction with the proper whose mind is open to be satisfied of three facts. First that the rensaction of the charges made with regard to Sir Richard McBride or in connection with the people, who had to show that. First, the evidence of Admiral Kingsmill and others all go to sh

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other matter of great importance, that is the pensions pold to Canadian soldiers. I have in my hand two tables, one showing the comparitive rate for pensions for totally disabled soldiers, the other the comparative rate for widows of officers and men killed on active service. This is not the first time the matter has been referred to in the House.

"The order providing for the pensions was on the table of the House for three weeks, open and available to every member of the House in regard to the rates to be provided. That, however, is no reason for not discussing it now. It is a perfectly proper subject, and I think the honorable member for Edmonton (Mr. Oliver), is within the grounds of legitimate and proper discussion in bringing this matter to the attention of the House, because it is one which, for my part, I would be very sorry indeed to have regarded from a party standpoint. I shall give a few figures.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.
"In Canada the unmarried soldier

mused to have regarded from a few figures.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

"In Canada the unmarried soldier who is totally disabled is paid \$264 per annum. I am speaking now of private soldiers. In Australia he is paid \$250, and in Great Britain \$316. Thus in Great Britain \$316. Thus in Great Britain the unmarried soldier who is totally disabled gets more than in Canada, and still more than in Canada, if a man is married, while in Canada, if a man is married, his pension becomes \$396; in Australia, \$380, and in Great Britain \$316. In Britain it is just the same as he would receive if he had been a bachelor, The pension paid to a soldier who has a wife and one child in Canada is \$456; in Australia, \$434, and in Great Britain, \$348, a wife and two children, Canada, \$516; Australia, \$506; Great Britain, \$380; a wife and three children in Canada, \$576; Australia, \$633, and in Great Britain, \$412. If he has a wife and four children he receives in Canada \$636; in Australia, \$633, and in Great Britain, \$444."

Mr. McDonald—"Would the Minister tell us the difference between the amounts paid to officers in the two countries?"

Mr. Hazen—"I will take the case of a lieutenant. In Canada a lieutenant who is unmarried would get \$482; in Australia, \$443 and in Great Britain, \$700. The higher officers get larger sums in proportion in Great Britain than they do in Cahada and Australia, A Heutenant with a wife and one child in Canada seets \$774; in Australia \$727. With a wife and one child in Canada seets \$774; in Australia \$727. With a wife and

A Heutenant with a wife and one child in Canada gets \$774; in Australia, \$727. With a wife and four children a lieutenant gets \$990, and \$917 in Australia.

Mr. Carvell—What about Great

DISABILITY RATES.

Mr. Hazen—As far as I can tell the pension there does not increase on account of his being married. I have a note saying, 'In addition he receives a gratuity of one year's pension the first year.'

"That is in Great Britain. I am not clear about the state of affairs in the United States, but I think their pension there, for total disability is higher. It is lower in other respects. In the United States, as far as I can

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learn, there is no fixed amount covering the term total disability as the rate varies according to the form of disability without regard to rank. I see it \$400 a year for total deafness, and runs up to \$1200 a year for the loss of the sight of both eyes, It is fixed according to the nature of the injury without generally saying total disability, and for total disability and for total disability is should say that in the United States a larger amount is paid than in Australia, Great Britain or Canada.

Mr. Oliver—"Is that \$1200 to a private solder"

Mr. Hasen—"I think it is."

"I am told that there is no distinction as regards rank in the United States. However, we want to obtain further information on that point.

THE RATES TO WIDOWS.

"Now I come to the question of the rates paid to the widows of officers and men who were actually killed. In Canada the widow of a a private without any children, under the pension scheme isld on the table, would get \$254, the widow of a private in Australia would get \$253."

Mr. Marcil—"That is so long as she remains unmarried."

Mr. Hazen—"In Britain she would get \$120 and in the U. S. \$144 or \$120 less than the widow in Canada. In Canada the widow with one child would get \$254, in Australia \$316, in Great Britain \$189, and in the United States \$168. The widow with four children in Canada would get \$254, in Australia \$50, in Great Britain \$283, and in the United States \$168. The widow with four children in Canada would get \$504, in Australia \$50, in Great Britain \$283, and in the United States \$168. The widow with four children in Canada would get \$504, in Australia \$50, in Great Britain, to the sisters, widows, or mothers, as the case may be, of the men who were killed. That is going to give rise to this state of affairs, that the next of kin of the men who were killed. That is going to give rise to this state of affairs, that the next of kin of the soldiers who have gone to fight from Canada, and who have been killed, living in Great Britain, will get pensions very considerab

DISABLED SOLDIERS.

"Generally speaking, the new scheme of pensions was drawn up by a committee of the militia council in consultation with a sub-committee of the Privy Council, who had before them the scales of pensions paid in other countries. The pensions for totally disabled soldiers are based, to a very large extent, on those introduced by the parliament of Australia. In the cases of totally disabled soldiers, it will be noted that the Canadian rates are slightly higher than the Australian rates, and considerably higher than the British rates.

dian rates are elightly higher than the Australian rates, and considerably higher than the Australian rates, and considerably higher than the Australian rates, and considerably higher than the British rates.

TO DARKEN HARP

TO DARKEN HARP

TO DARKEN HARP

APPLY SAGE TEA

Look Young! Bring Back

Its Natural Color, Gloss

and Thickness

Common garden sage brewed into a heavy tea with sulphur and alcohol added, will turn gray, streaked and faded hair beautifully dark and luxuriant, remove every bit of dandruff, stop scalp itching and falling hair. Just a few applications will prove a revelation if your hair is fading, gray or dry, screagily and thin. Mixing the Sage Tea and Sulphur recipe at home though, is troublesome. An easier way is to get the ready-to-use tonic, costing about 50 cents a large botthe at drug stores, known as "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," thus avoiding a lot of muss.

While wispy, gray, faded hair into sinful, we all desire to retain our youthful appearance and attractive ness. By darkening your hair with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur compound," thus avoiding a lot of muss.

While wispy, gray, faded hair into sinful, we all desire to retain our youthful appearance and attractive ness. By darkening your hair with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur compound," thus avoiding a lot of muss.

While wispy, gray, faded hair into sinful, we all desire to retain our youthful appearance and attractive ness. By darkening your hair with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur, no one can tell, because it does so naturally, so evenly. You just dampen a sponge or soft brusal with it and draw the through your hair, taking one small strand at a time, by morning all gray hairs have disappeared, and, after an other application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy, soft and luxuriant.

of parliament there would have to be an amendment to the B. N. A. Act, because without legislation by the Imperial Parliament this parliament has not the power to extend its term. I find that on 15th Sept. last (Mr. Pugsleg) in the City of Winnipeg declared to a reporter of the Free Press: 'The present oircumstances are so grave from the standpoint of Canada and the Empire that it would be deplorable in my opinion to have the people divided upon party questions.'

"Another of the reasons why I favor putting off an election until after the war is because I think it would be a great plty to hold one just when the energy of the people of Canada, especially the members of the government who are primarily charged with the duty of attending to the recruiting and equipment of the soldiers, should be devoted to this one end.'

"Why this sudden change, why Is he so Impressed with the importance of the matter now when he was not so Impressed with it in September? It may be due to the fact that in September last the government was supposed to be contemplating an election and my honorable friend, Mr. Pugsley, thought he would put himself squarely against such a proposal as something opposed to the best interests of the country, But now, when the government comes to parliament, and asks for an extension of the term my honorable friend must again be against the government and so he is deeply Impressed with the importance of the question, an importance which he did not see in September, when he was interviewed by the Winnipeg Free Press."

(Laughter and applause.)

OTHER GRITS ALSO CHARGED.

"But Mr. Pugsley was not alone in making such a statement. My honorable friend from Red Deer.

"But Mr. Pugsley was not alone in making such a statement. My honorable friend from Red Deer, (Dr. Clark) whose criticisms as I said before are always moderate, and none the less effective because of their moderation, also placed himself squarely on record as opposed to an extension during the period of the war. Then my right honorable friend, the leader

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pipeful of

of the opposition, (Sir Wilfrid Laurier) has practically said the same thing in speeches he has made and interviews he has had throughout the country.

"The honorable member for Pictou, N. S., Mr. MacDonald, was interviewed by the Toronto Star on September 17 on which occasion he made this statement: 'An election while the struggle is raging for liberty and humanity would be a crime. An election during the war would divide the Dominion, there should be no election during the war."

"Yet in spite of his own previous declarations, in spite of all these pronouncements by leading men of the Liberal party and their leading journals, Mr. Pugsley has discovered that it is a very serious thing to talk about amending the extension of the parliamentary term.

term.

AFTER THE WAR.

ject which, as I said, is a proper subject for discussion in the House and the government will welcome with the discussion of it and any suggestions that may be made. I do not think there is a man in this House who would attempt to make political capital out of the question of pensions. We are all striving to provide a pension rate that will be fair to the brave men who are going forward to the front to fight the battles of Canada and of the Empire. (Applause.)

PARLIAMENTARY EXTENSION.

"My honorable friend the mem-

"My honorable friend the member for St. John, (Mr. Pugsley), made certain references to the extension of the term of parliament. My honorable friend from Gloucester (Mr. Turgeon) also referred to it. He has always been a stout upholder of the constitution of

to it. He has always been a stout upholder of the constitution of this country, and I have respected his opinions on matters of this sort, for I know him to be sincere but he practically told us he had an open mind on the subject and that, although he was always prepared to stand behind the constitution he might yote in favore of after the War.

"When I addressed the Canadian Club at Boston a few months ago I pointed out that after the war is over there will, no doubt, tion, he might vote in favor of an extension. come a period of reconstruction for Canada, as for all the other "Mr. Pugsley, however, has discovered that the question is a covered that the question is a most serious one, that we have to interfere with the B. N. A. Act and that, it is a most serious thing to contemplate. Yet it is no more serious now than it was on 15th September last, and on the 15th days of Sept. last my honorable friend from St. John knew as well as he knew when he delivered his speech on the address that if there was to be an extension of the term of parliament there would have to be an amendment to the B. N. A. Act, because without legislation by the Imperial Parliament sion, so far as our Dominion is concerned, caused by an immense influx of population attracted to our country by its fertile lands, its moderate taxes, its democratic institutions and the opportunities which it affords to every man within its borders of acquiring for himself a happy home and of winning position and distinction if his talents and character entitle him to do so. TRIUMPH FOR BRITAIN.

"We have no doubt in Canada of what the ultimate result of the war will be. While no man can foretell its duration, we conscientiously believe that our cause is just, and that there is an unfinching determination to make it triumphant. In the language of Sir Robert Borden, and reverses that have come or may come in

the self reliance and the resource-fulness that have never failed Canada in the stress and trials of the past will assuredly not fail

canada in the stress and trials of the past will assuredly not fail her now.

"Since parliament prorogued in April last we had some disappointments and events have not moved so rapidly and favorably as we then believed they would, but the spirit of the allies of Canada, and of the Empire is undiminished and there is an even greater and more serious determination to bring the war to a successful close than existed here months ago.

"Recruiting in Canada has proceded satisfactorily and in Great Britain political difficulties, that at one time seemed threatening and serious, have largely disappeared. No matter how long the war may last or how serious the sacrifices, personal and national, that must be made and which Canada in common with other portions of the Empire is fully prepared to undergo, Canadians will always remember that

"Freedom's battle once begun," "Bequeathed from bleeding sire to son,

"Bequeathed from bleeding sire to son,
"Though baffled of't is ever won,"
"It is freedom's battle that is now being waged and the Canadians in the battle line are fighting for freedom's sacred cause."
Great applause.
F. B. Carvell moved the adjournment of the debate.

will play against the Carleton Club on
Wednesday next and a close contest
is expected.
On Saturday afternoon and evening
the first match of the 1916 series between the Thistle and St. Andrew's Clubs will be played if the weather permits. This match was to have been curled last Saturday but was post-poned owing to soft ice.

A TIE RACE.

Sir Robert Borden, and reverses that have come, or may come in the future, will only inspire us with deeper courage and a greater determination.

"All that our fathers fought for and achieved, all that we have inherited and accomplished, our institutions, our liberties, our destiny as a nation; the existence of our empire, are at stake in this contest and we are confident that There were five starters in the boy's half-mile race on the Victoria rink last night. It was a contest that proved to be most exciting and on the last lap Michael Gaynes and William McGrath, who were in the lead tied and crossed the finish together. The hair was skated in 1.50 and declared a tie by the tidese. These two states will



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