

# CHARLOTTE SELECTS A WINNER

## ALESWORTH'S READY TO QUIT

Sir Allen is Anxious to Retire from the Cabinet.

Laurier Wants Him to Hold on -- Other Cabinet Changes Delayed by Earl Grey's Absence from Ottawa.

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Aug. 7.—Sir Allen Aylesworth is not to run in North York. He has offered his resignation which has not yet been accepted, but it is to be the official explanation is that Sir Allen, in addition to his aural trouble, is suffering from neuritis and wants a rest and treatment. He will probably leave the government at once, leaving E. C. Robbette to go after the North York seat. Who will succeed the minister of justice is not yet clear. Hugh Guthrie, of South Wellington has been training hard for the position, but A. H. Clark, of Windsor, is also looking up as a possibility. Mr. Clark has been threatening to retire and has been restrained so far with difficulty.

Hon. L. P. Brodeur goes out and Dr. Beland goes in, sometime this week, and these other matters being more or less held up by the absence of the governor general. It is announced that Lord Strathcona is to be made a peer, and will probably be made a baron, and will be made a peer in October. In the meantime he is resigning the submission of his formal resignation.

A proclamation was issued today, calling for federal revision of the laws in Winnipeg and Brandon, the provincial revision not having taken place as required by law within a year.

Adeiard Lanctot lost his convention today at Sorel. The Liberal party in Richelieu thus rather the resignation, which Sir Wilfrid Laurier ordered from and obtained from the Liberals of the House of Commons.

CABINET CHANGES. Ottawa, Aug. 7.—The entry of Dr. Beland to the government and the succession of Hon. L. P. Brodeur to the supreme court which were expected today, have been deferred. It is understood that the absence of His Excellency Earl Grey, from Ottawa, at this time makes the transaction of business awkward and causes a good deal of delay. Everything had to be transmitted to Murray Bay for his ratification and signature. It is understood that the cabinet changes will take place later in the week.

The report that Sir Allen Aylesworth is about to retire, is again obtaining publicity. It is understood that Sir Allen has offered his resignation, but that it has not been accepted and the premier does not want to accept it. Sir Allen for a long time, has been inclined to retire, owing to the embarrassment which his deafness causes. Recently he has been troubled by neuritis and this has caused him to press for the acceptance of his resignation, so he can have leisure to take a holiday and treatment. Should he obtain acceptance of his resignation, Hugh Guthrie, M. P. for South Wellington and A. H. Clark, M. P. of Essex, are spoken of as likely successors.

Whatever other cabinet Sir Wilfrid may decide upon before the elections in addition to the replacing of Hon. L. P. Brodeur by Dr. Beland and the appointment of a Nova Scotia successor to Sir Frederick Borden is not among the immediate probabilities. Sir Frederick and E. M. MacDonald, who is to be the new minister of militia, are to be candidates, the former in Kings and the latter in Pictou, N. S. It is understood that Lord Strathcona has reserved the submission of his formal resignation as High Commissioner until he comes to Canada, which may be in two or three weeks. After the elections, should Sir Wilfrid be returned to power, his intention is as has been known for some time, to appoint Sir Frederick Borden to succeed Lord Strathcona in London.

The Duke of Connaught will arrive early in October, and is expected to open the next parliament. Sir Wilfrid returned Saturday evening from Montreal where he spent a busy day conferring with prominent Liberals in regard to the conduct of the Quebec campaign.

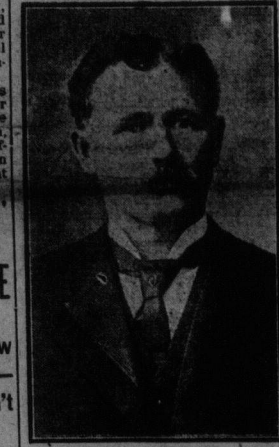
MR. BORDEN'S TOUR. Sherbrooke, Aug. 7.—All arrangements have been completed for R. L. Borden's visit to the east townships. The leader of the Opposition will deliver his first address at Farnham on Tuesday afternoon, August 29th, at two o'clock. He will then go to Granby, where he will speak at five, at eight o'clock he will address a

## CHARLOTTE COUNTY OPENS THE BATTLE BY CHOOSING VERY STRONG CANDIDATE

Thomas A. Hartt, M.P.P., the Man to Redeem His County for Borden.

Enthusiastic Convention and Public Meeting Held Yesterday, in St. Stephen.

Mr. Ganong III and Unable to Run, but Has Worthy Successor in Mr. Hartt--The Nomination Unanimous.



THOMAS A. HARTT, M. P. P.

Special to The Standard. St. Stephen, Aug. 7.—The Liberal-Conservative campaign was opened in Charlotte county today with the possible 131 attended, and with them were as many more enthusiastic adherents. Every polling place and three was represented.

G. W. Ganong was elected chairman and Ralph Burns secretary. While the committees were at work G. W. Ganong addressed the convention, recalling the fact that the campaign of 1908 had left his health in a precarious condition, and he had never been in good health since. For this reason he felt compelled to decline any nomination at this time, a fact that caused him as deep regret as anyone present could feel. The party has the right to fight for, and no man would sooner enter such a contest than would he do his health permit. He would use every effort in his power to secure the election of the party's candidate from now to the close of the fight. He made the pleasing announcement that R. L. Borden would visit the constituency during the campaign, speaking at St. Andrews and at St. Stephen.

G. W. Ganong was elected president and Ralph Burns secretary of the county organization with an executive committee consisting of F. C. Murchie, P. G. Hanson, N. Menting, J. C. McLeod, P. H. McCallum, H. W. Smith, W. J. Commins, W. C. Osborne, Grosvenor Cook, A. H. Hussey and A. J. Ganong. A finance committee was appointed composed of J. E. Ganong, M. N. Cockburn and R. W. Grimmer.

The following were appointed a committee to nominate a candidate: Hon. W. C. H. Grimmer, F. C. Murchie, M. N. Cockburn, S. Lawson, C. S. Goodwin, A. Hussey, J. C. McLeod, N. Menting, F. Thomas and P. H. McCallum.

During the absence from the convention room, an inspiring address was made by Hon. Geo. J. Clarke. G. W. Ganong brought greetings from Almon I. Teed, a former county president and valued worker now confined to his home by illness, and later a resolution of sympathy with Mr. Teed was passed unanimously.

Mr. Hartt Nominated. In a fighting spirit ringing with confidence, Hon. W. C. H. Grimmer, on behalf of the nominating committee presented to the convention the name of Thomas A. Hartt, of St. Andrews, M. P. F.

## Don't Let the Farmer Have a "Turn Down"

Will the pro-reciprocity advocates who are shouting "Let the Farmer Have His Turn" venture replies to these questions: 1. What boots it if a wider (?) market be opened in the United States, if our farmers—as is the case—do not need it? 2. What benefits will accrue to the Canadian farmer if Reciprocity opens his precious and rapidly developing home market to the Americans with their lower-priced and trust-handled farm products? 3. What will happen to our agriculturists if the American farmers and the American trusts—failing the sale of farm products, owing to the great depression in the United States—start to use Canada as a "dumping ground"? 4. Why should the Canadian farmer be compelled to share his Home Market with the rest of the British Empire and the twelve most-favored-nations; and yet get no reciprocal access to their market? 5. Why should not the American farmer "dump" his goods as well as the American manufacturer? In the latter case we have a preventive "dumping" clause in force. But how can the farmer be given His Turn failing any such provision in the Reciprocity pact? 6. Would cheap, trust-handled American farm produce and food supplied to our Canadian workmen really benefit them, if our farmers—the great consumers of manufactured goods—were deprived of their power to purchase the usual quantities by reason of competition with "dumped" American farm produce? 7. Why should the Canadian farmer have to battle for a market now indisputably his?

## Don't Let the Farmer Have a "Turn Down"

The nomination was received with hearty applause and ringing cheers. Mr. Ganong presented the candidate elect to the convention and Mr. Hartt gratefully accepted this nomination. He said that it was necessary for duty, thinking the convention for the confidence reposed in him and predicting victory on Sept. 21.

When he had left the hall in the morning he had never anticipated that his name would go before the convention and was deeply grieved that Mr. Ganong's health made it necessary for any other name to be considered. He spoke at some length on the effects of reciprocity and evidenced a marked familiarity with the subject that was a stranger to the constituency, having represented it for nine sessions in the local House. He would do all in his power to win this fight and expected, with the united support of the party, to be the representative of Charlotte in the new Parliament to be held by Borden.

M. N. Cockburn and Hon. G. J. Clarke had been appointed a committee on resolutions and the following were submitted for consideration and passed with a speech by Mr. Carvell: "Resolved: That the Liberal-Conservative of Charlotte County, in convention assembled, declare as follows: That we have noticed with approval and with the united support of the party, the attitude of the Liberal Conservative party in parliament on the great questions of national importance which have been submitted for consideration at this convention last met and that we particularly commend the position taken by the party on the question of reciprocity and in its efforts to prevent extravagance in public expenditures and misappropriation of the public funds.

"That we renew the expression of our confidence in the leadership of Robert L. Borden and pledge ourselves to support, in every way possible, the efforts which he is so consistently and persistently making to secure good government for Canada.

"That we desire to express our deep and sincere regret at the condition of the health of Mr. G. W. Ganong who has been the standard bearer of the party in this constituency for so many years and the hope that he may be speedily restored to permanent health.

"That we pledge ourselves to do everything in our power to secure the election of the candidates, and in the event of a public meeting was held in the rink, at which stirring addresses were made by the candidates and by O. S. Crockett of Fredericton. It was the first appearance here of Mr. Crockett, and all were delighted with his able exposition of public affairs.

In Mr. Hartt the party has nominated a particularly strong candidate with an honorable personal and political record. He will poll a large vote in all sections, bringing added strength from the eastern end and will most certainly be Charlotte's next representative at Ottawa.

In the nomination yesterday of Thomas A. Hartt, M.P.P., as the candidate for the federal elections, the Conservatives of Charlotte county made a wise choice. Mr. Hartt has made a wise choice. Mr. Hartt has represented his county in the provin-

## CHOLERA IN ITALY

Latest Advances Are to The Effect That Dread Disease is Spreading -- Many Deaths Are Reported.

Washington, Aug. 7.—The epidemic of cholera in Italy is spreading. Already it is extending to Genoa and Leghorn, according to advices received today by Surgeon General Wynman of the Public Health and Marine Hospital Service. During the period from July 22 to 26 there were 68 cases of cholera in Naples, with 29 deaths, while in Naples province there were 148 cases and 75 deaths. Throughout the remainder of continental Italy there were 130 cases and 51 deaths. In Palermo province 75 cases with 35 deaths.

## SHOT IN MISTAKE FOR MOUNTAIN LION

Western Sportsman Shot Dead While Camping Out With His Wife in Mountain Wilderness.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 7.—A sportsman and a sportsman of Anarotes, Washington, was shot and instantly killed by John Rogstead, a logger, who mistook him for a cougar. The doctor and his wife were camping in the wilderness of the Olympic Mountains. Rogstead, who was working near the camp heard a noise in the bush and suspecting it was made by a mountain lion, fired.

The Grit press supporting Mr. Pugsley are trying to narrow the issue down to reciprocity, but it will not do. Before this campaign closes, Mr. Pugsley and the others supporting the Laurier government must take their full share of responsibility for the many scandalous transactions of that administration.

## AVIATOR ATWOOD PLANS LONG FLIGHT

It is His Intention to Fly From Milwaukee or St. Louis to New York.

New York, N. Y., Aug. 7.—Harry N. Atwood, the Boston aviator, left for Chicago tonight to make arrangements for his proposed flight from Milwaukee or St. Louis to this city. This selection of Milwaukee as announced for Chicago tonight to make arrangements for his proposed flight from Milwaukee or St. Louis to this city. This selection of Milwaukee as announced for Chicago tonight to make arrangements for his proposed flight from Milwaukee or St. Louis to this city.

Mr. Pugsley is growing old. Twenty-four hours in New Brunswick and not a promise yet.

## RAILWAY MEN WERE SCALDED TO DEATH

Petersburg, Va., Aug. 7.—Two men were scalded to death and two seriously injured when a passenger train on the Seaboard Air Line plunged through an open switch and struck a freight train on a siding near here today. The dead men were the fireman and engineer of the freight train. None of the passengers were seriously injured, though all were badly shaken up.

Charlotte and Northumberland Conservatives have named winners. The other counties will follow suit.

## British Liberals Had Majority of 119 in Commons.

Vote of Censure of Government for Having Obtained King George's Pledge to Create New Peers.

London, Aug. 7.—A vote of censure of the government for having obtained from the King a pledge to create, if necessary, sufficient peers to pass the veto bill, was rejected by the House of Commons tonight by a majority of 119. The motion was introduced by Arthur J. Balfour, leader of the opposition and its defeat is considered to have failed to improve the Unionist cause. The greatest of the opposition charges against the government was that Premier Asquith had taken advantage of the King's inexperience to bring about an abuse of the royal prerogative by securing the guarantees before the last general election.

Mr. Asquith easily disposed of this charge by showing that ministers had pursued a proper constitutional course. The result was that after the premier's speech the debate on the Unionist side virtually collapsed.

Frederick E. Smith, and others of the Die Hards, made brave attempts to fan the flames against the government, but were compelled to fall back on the well worn argument that the members of the government were being driven by their taskmaster, John Redmond and that their whole object was to secure the easy passage of Irish home rule.

Walter Hume Long, ex chief secretary for Ireland, challenged Mr. Asquith to reveal his conversations with King George, but Winston Spencer Churchill, the home secretary, who was present, the debate declined to consider for a moment such an unusual request.

An incident of the sitting was the strong disapproval shown by the main body of the Unionists with the reflections made against the leadership of Mr. Balfour and Lord Lansdowne by Mr. Smith and other representatives of the Halsbury revolt. The debate was characterized by numerous interruptions, but there was no disorder.

Premier Asquith appeared in the form when he stood up to reply to Mr. Balfour. Jeeringly he thanked Mr. Balfour for "this opportune should unexpected motion, suggesting every thing that the government wanted."

In a few sentences the prime minister dispensed the fog by which the circumstances under which he had obtained the guarantees from the King had been persistently obscured by the opposition. "It was my strong hope and belief," he said, "that the Lords would accept the bill, and only when that hope was frustrated as it was last month, was His Majesty asked and consented, if it was necessary, to exercise his prerogative. We took the only course consistent with honor and a true regard for the dignity of the Crown. The course was correct, considerate and constitutional and in my own name and in those of my colleagues I am perfectly content to accept the decision of the House and of my fellow countrymen in regard thereto.

Mr. Asquith told the House that it was the King's express desire that he disclosed the communications which had passed between them so there should be no mystery and no misunderstanding of a perfectly simple and correct transaction. He stated that his intention to ask for guarantees in certain eventualities had been communicated to King Edward first on April 24, 1910.

Mr. Asquith concluded by maintaining that the only method of dealing with the situation was through the use of the royal prerogative. "I hold my office not only by the favor of the Crown but on behalf of the people, and I should be guilty indeed of treason if at this supreme moment of a great struggle I were to betray their trust."

After various other speakers had re-chased the sentiments of their leaders, Winston Spencer Churchill, the home secretary wound up the debate in a slashing speech on behalf of the government. A vote was then taken and the motion to censure the government was defeated 365 to 246.

Canada expects that on September 21st every man will do his duty. To patriotic Canadians the duty is plain and the message clear. They will have no part in a treaty which aims to weaken British Connection.