AILABLE
DISPONIBLE

TIGHT BINDING
RELIURE TROP RIGIDE

Times however has but little hopes of such a disavowel, as at the date of the last advices, the act of the Captain of the "San Jacinto" had been accepted by the Northern public. The New York journals were urging his promotion, because he, a Naval officer had the spirit to board a British Vessel, and carry off rebels, which was enough to ensure a storm of popularity. By the time Earl Russel's despatch arives, the multitude may have already declared to the Government the treatment Captain Wilkes is to receive, and therefore it becomes the British nation to prepare for an unfortunate issue.

CANADA.

Alluding to the probability of war with the Northern States, the Times draws attention to Mr. Seward's recent instructions to the people near the Canadian Frontier. The only inference from those instructions was, that Secretary Seward wished to force a war with England.

The Times says, the wisest course of Canada will be, to prepare for War. "Let her at once discipline her militia, and emulate the mother mother country by drilling a Volunteer Army."

Montreal, says the Times, only wants stout hearts and zealous hands to be safe until the Spring returns, when it can be made secure.

The danger to any other point of the frontier is less. Canada should not rely too much on England, and too little on herself.

STATE OF NAVAL PREPARATIONS AT PORTSMOUTH.

The three classes of Men-of-War in reserve comprise eight line-of-battle ships; six frigates; four corvettes; and twelve sloops—the whole mounting a grand total of 1861 guns.—The steam gunboats attached, are not included, they are 21 in number, and carry 42 guns.

This list however does not include gunboats and mortar vessels laid up in ordinary. It is confined entirely to "effective" vessels, or those which could be rendered so with little delay.

The ships in commission for service at Portsmouth, mount 342 guns. The total number of guns in ships however enumerated above as in ordinary, is 224; while Vice Admiral Milne's fleet on the North American Station, amounts to 937 guns.

LIVERPOOL COURIER EXTRA.

This Extra gives currency to a rumour, that the famous and fast iron-clad frigate "Warrior," would be despatched to America. It says, a private telegram has been received in Liverpool, stating that the "Warrior" would be ordered to proceed forthwith to Annapolis, (in Maryland, 27 miles from Washington,) with the ultimatum of the British Cabinet,—"Delivery of prisoners, and full reparation.

OPINION OF THE LAW OFFICERS.

The Morning Post (Govt. organ) says:—"It has been decided by the Law Officers of the Crown, that the act of Capt. Wilkes, of the "San Jacinto," was unjustifiable. He had no right to arrest peaceful passengers, sailing under the British flag. The deed he had committed is a flagrant violation of the Code of Nations, and a direct insult to this country. Under these circumstances we need hardly point out, that Government will lose no time in seeking for prompt and complete reparation, which is its duty to require. In this case, it will assuredly receive the unanimous approbation of public opinion. We are unwilling to put the worst construction on the outrage committed by Capt. Wilkes, and to look on it as an intentional affront on the part of the United States. We hope the Government will at once disavow the act of their officer, make suitable apologies, restore persons of gentlemen arrested, and in fact make every compensation in their power."

"Wild as are the words written and spoken by Secretary Seward, and reckless as American policy not unfrequently is we can hardly suppose that the Northern States are sincerely disposed to accept war with England. We have in American waters, including the Mexican Expedition and ships already there, a force amounting to not far short of 1000 guns, which we could largely increase with the greatest ease and rapidity. In one month we could sweep all the "San Jacintos" from the seas, could blockade the Northern Ports, and turn to direct and speedy issue, the tide of war now raging. This is so obvious, that we find it almost impossible to suppose that the Cabinet at Washington can commit an act so madly suicidal, as to meet our earnest and positive demands."

THE TRENT.

The "Times" says that the depositions of the officers of the "Trent," have been submitted to the Law officers of the Crown, and the proceedings of the American frigate are not justified by the Law of Nations. It is understood to be the opinion of these juriste, says the "Times," that the right of the Federal Government acting by its officers, was confined to visiting and searching the Mail Packet—that if any men or things believed to be "contraband of war" had been found on board of her, proper course was to take her into Port, and submit the question to a Prize Court, which would hear evidence, and argument on both sides, according to precedent and authorities.

The "Times" says this proposition seems so clear, that it requires only to stated to obtain unanimous assent. The Cabinet meets on Friday [Nov. 29th] says the "Times," to consider opinion of Law Officers. "We do not wish to speculate on what steps they may consider necessary. If Mason and Slidell was wrongfully taken, they must be restored with sufficient apology."

The "Daily News" says, that beneath everything there exists an under-current of apprehension, lest American Government really contemplates the desperate policy of seeking to fasten a quarrel on Great Britain, in order to gain standing ground for abandoning its design of subjugating the South.

FRANCE.—Letters from France state that the news of American difficulty caused immense sensation in Paris, and first impression was that ample reparation must be made to prevent collision.

Communications have taken place between English and French Governments; a good understanding on the subject was believed to exist, as already does exist in policy to be carried out, with reference to American questions generally.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—The "Times" city article says, universal impression seems to be that in the present unhappy position in the eyes of the world, the United States Government can scarcely commend themselves, so as to regulate their course by light of law, reason or courtesy; and that although this opens a wide field of danger, it should also stimulate all other nations to the exercise of the utmost forbearance.

The "Times" of the 30th makes important announcement, that Cabinet has come to conclusion that act of Captain of "San Jacinto" in seizing passengers on British vessel, and carrying them forcibly away, is clear violation of nations, and one for which reparation must be at once demanded. In all probability the first steamer will carry out instructions to Lord Lyons, to demand reparation for ill advised act, in seizing Mason and Slidell, while under protection of the British flag. Should this first demand not be complied with, we cannot doubt that Lord Lyons will, under instructions of his Government, withdraw with British delegation from Washington.

The "Times" expresses its belief that the Cabinet has taken a view of the matter which will be satisfactory alike to the patriotism and reason of the Country.

The "Times" says, the principle on which Government rests its demand is, that British ship must, until her violation of neutral rights is fully proved, be held to be British ground, as much as if she were an actual piece of British soil. And the rights of protection of all persons on board is as valid as on British territory; now no such violation has been proved or sought to be proved against the "Trent;" consequently the seizure of four persons dragged from her decks was entirely illegal.

Referring to report that seizure was act of American commander, not expressly directed by Government, the "Times" says, it means that Federals had deliberately determined to seize Southern Commissioners, and it is understood that General Scott has declared since his arrival at Paris, that seizure had been subject of Cabinet discussion at Washington long before he left. American authorities might have warned English Steamer at Havana, that if they took on board Southern Envoys, they would subject vessel to seizure, and forfeiture in prize court. They made no remonstrance against taking them on board, as they were bound to do, but secretly planned an outrage, for which we now ask reparation.

Messrs. Slidell and Mason were at most civil servants of a hostile power, and were travelling from one neutral port to another, in a neutral vessel. If the Government of Washington declares them rebels, then the right of Asylum has been clearly violated. The "Times" concludes by adjuring the Government and people of the Northern States to do justice in the matter.

The Post confirms the Times statement: says that demand of Lord Lyons will be plain and brief; and if not complied with, diplomatic relations will be at once suspended.

The Shipping Gazette believes there is a possibility, but a remote one, that Federal Government may disvow the act of Captain Wilkes, and even go the length of releasing Southern Commissioners; but if demand be not complied with, declaration of War on the part of England is inevitable. If Federal Government is resolved at all hazards, to force a quarrel upon England, they have certainly a good opportunity, but they must be actuated by something little short of madness to avail themselves of it.

The export of Saltpetre and warlike stores is formally prohibited. It was stated that one ship with large cargo of Salpetre for America had been stopped, and that the relanding of warlike stores already shipped had been required.

The naval volunteers were offering to come forward to protect the honor of the British Flag. There is no confirmation of the report that 10,000 troops were to be sent to Canada.

Consols on 20th opened at a further fall of three fourths, under opinion of Law Officers of the Crown; subsequently business increased, and transactions took place at 1 per cent. decline, and 2 per cent. below quotations, before news of "Trent" affair received. At the close there was a rally of about ¼ per cent. In Railway and other securities decline was two or three per cent. but they also rallied towards the close. United States fives, which were quoted before the news at seventy-five to seventy-eight, are nominally seventy to seventy-four. In discount market general rate continued at 2½ per cent.

FEELING IN FRANCE.

French journals universally look at "Trent affair" in the interests of England.

Paris Patrie maintains that American Government had no right to arrest Southern Commissioners while on British Mail Steamer, and assert that the English Government immediately prepared to send reinforcements to Canada. Same journal also gives a report that Admiral Milne, commander of the British West India Squadron on hearing of "San Jacinto" affair forthwith detailed three vessels of war, to escort steamers between Havana and St. Thomas for the protection of Southerners, travelling by that route.

Paris Pays and Constitutionel censure action of Commander of "San Jacinto."

Arrival of the "City of Washington."

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

CAPE RACE, Dec. 15th.

The Steamship "City of Washington" from Liverpool on the 4th, was intercepted at 3 P. M. this day, (Sunday.)

The "San Jacinto" affair continues to monopolize the press. It is continually denounced, in the strongest terms, as an insult to England.

LATEST VIA QUEENSTOWN, DEC. 5TH.

The excitement is unabated. The Paris "Temps" repeats the statement that the Emperor Louis Napoleon has tendered his services as Mediator.

It was rumoured that the "Persia" was chartered to carry troops to Canada, but the rumour was pronounced "premature."

The "Australasian" was advertized to sail for New York on the 7th, but had been withdrawn, and the "America" was substituted.

At a banquet at Rochdale, John Bright made an elaborate speech on American affairs. He declined giving a decided opinion as to the proceedings on board the "Trent." He believed, that if illegal, America would make fitting reparation. He strongly condemned warlike preparations, and scouted the idea that the American Cabinet had resolved to pick a quarrel with England. He closed with an eloquent peroration in favour of the North!

A letter was read from Mr. Cobden, urging a suspension of judgment!

A letter from Gen. Scott, now in Paris, has been published. It urges the maintenance of friendly relations between England and America, and attracts much attention.

The export of arms, ammunition, and lead, has been prohibited.

The Paris "Patrie" has an editorial, showing the disposition of the French to recognize the Southern Confederacy, if England will set the example.

The Ship "Lady Franklin" from London for New York, put into Plymouth on the 3d. She took fire on the same night and was scuttled.—Southerners among the crew suspected.

It was asserted that the "Australasian" had been chartered to convey troops, and a battery of artillery to Canada—to sail about the 12th.

It was stated that the "James Adger," had captured a privateer off Fayal, on 17th November, and had towed her into that Port.

The partial effect of the news by the "Persia," was sent by the "Europa." It was at first regarded rather hopefully. Consols and Cotton slightly improved; but after carefully digesting the contents of the American press on the "San Jacinto" affair, a reaction took place and fears were entertained that the Federal Government at Washington would justify the act.

The English journals are generally very bitter and hostile in their remarks. They continue to treat the proceeding of Capt. Wilkes as one that cannot be tolerated.

The Cabinet was unanimous as to the instructions to Lord Lyons, which are most explicit and determined.

The Morning Post says that an acknowledgement of the error, and the surrender of the prisoners, will be received with great joy; but if the Federal Government fails to accede, no man in England will blind his eyes to the alternative. England must do her duty; her rights and duties were never more completely blended than in the present case.

The *Times* continues to assert that it has been Secretary Seward's policy to force a war with England.

The *Times* and *Post* both call for energetic Military preparation in Canada.

A serious decline has taken place in Canadian Securities, amounting in all to Twelve per cent.

The *Times* says it may reasonable predict three things which will immediately follow the outbreak of war—namely:—

1. A destruction of the Northern blockade.
2. A complete blockade of Northern Ports.
3. A recognition of the Southern Confederacy by France and England.

The Daily News rejoices that Congress meets before the English demands can get out, and hopes it will act with honor and dignity, without foreign pressure! It trusts that the golden opportunity will not be lost!

Active preparations in various Navy Yards. & considerable number of vessels ordered to be made ready for immediate Commission.

The transport "Melbourne" would leave Woolwich on the 5th for Halifax with 30,000 stand of arms, large quantities of ammunition and Six Armstrong guns. She will be convayed by the "Orpheus," 21 gun frigate.

The "Warrior" is ordered to be ready for foreign service immediately. Her destination depends on the answer to be given at Washington.

The Royal Proclamation which prohibits the exportation of gunpowder and Saltpetre, also includes, Nitre, Soda, and Brimstone. The shipment of rifles from England for New York continued. (? discontinued.)

The Funds steady on 2nd., but fell half per cent on 3d. Times City article points out the task of American Executive against popular violence; that it ought be lightened as much as possible.

Great interest excited in Paris; appearances indicate that Government papers were instructed to write in Anti-American tone, article in the "Patrie" attracts considereble attraction, as it argues presty clearly that France will side with England, and recognize Southern Confederacy; also will take decisive attitude in international question.

The Liverpool Post gives the rumor that Napoleon has been proposed as Arbitrator of question. The Americans in Paris paid complimentary visit to Gen. Scott. Dayton was spokesman.

Bourse been firm and higher. Closed drooping 69, 20,

Garibaldi was at Genoa. Imposing popular demonstration in his honor. In his speech, he hoped for early deliverance of Italy.

Moniteur says French Government is in no hurry to recognize the South—other French journals take the same ground.

The German press generally takes part with England. Augsburg Gazette says the Charleston blockade is ineffective. Otherwise the escape of the Theodora is impossible. Commissioners having reached a neutral Spanish port and embarked for a neutral Danish port, on neutral English steamer could not be lawfully seized by the North.

Washington experienced heavy westerly gales speke City of Manchester on Saturday night.

Flour advanced 6d., Wheat 2d., Corn 6d., Consols 90 1-2 a 90 3-4.

Arrival of the "Jura."

PORTLAND, Dec. 18.

The steamship Jura arrived at 6 o'clock this morning.

British Government has chartered the steamers Persia, Australasian, and Canada.

Seamen on leave have been ordered to rejoin vessels.

It is reported that Minister Adams regards his recall as inevitable.

American shipping in England is disastrously affected.

The French Press is increasing its reserve, and blames the hastiness of the English Government.

Excitement respecting "Trent" affair is unabated.

It is reported that Napoleon offered his mediation.

Hostile demonstrations being made in various parts of England.

Gen. Scott has written a letter, which is very peaceable, and received much attention.

Queen's proclamation was issued in season to stop shipment of large quantities of arms.

It is reported that both Federal and Confederate cruisers are in the chops of the channel.

Two ships-of-war have been ordered to West Indies as convoys to Mail Steamers.

Bright made a speech at the Rochdale banquet strongly favouring Federal Government, and asking suspension of judgment.

The London *Times* of the 6th says of Bright's speech:

"Let America judge by the speech of her greatest admirer, how little can be said for her outrage upon a friendly, although neutral country. Also that in this country, even this comparatively moderate speech is but a voice without an echo."

Kidder's Liniment is the best Remedy for Rheumatism, Gout, Strains, Sprains, Bruises, or any complaints where an external application is required.
Sold by all Druggists and Medicine dealers. 1y.

MARRIED

On Wednesday evening, the 11th inst., by the Rev. I. W. D. Gray, D. D., William F. Humphrey, Esq., A.M., M. D., of this city to Hattie Howard, only daughter of Robert Sears, Esq., of New York.

On Friday, the 13th inst., by the Rev. T B. Smith, Mr. Henry A. Whitney, of the E. & N. A. Railway, to Miss Margaret Jane Lindsay, of Portland.

On the 11th inst., by the Rev. A. M. Stavely, Mr. James Henry Foster Ward, of the Parish of Johnston, Q. C. to Miss Margaret McLachlan, of Springfield, K. C.

DIED.

On Friday morning, Margaret, daughter of Capt. Thomas John, in the 20th year of her age.

On Saturday, the 14th inst., Jane, daughter of Andrew Armstrong, aged 18 years.

On Saturday, the 14th inst., after a lingering illness, Catherine, the beloved wife of Thomas McAuly, aged 61 years.

On Saturday morning last, Harry, infant son of Mr. Wm. Ewing, aged 3 months and 10 days.

On Monday, the 16th inst., at 9 o'clock, a. m., Sarah, the wife of Mr. John McAlpine, aged 73 years. She died in full hope of a glorious resurrection.

On Tuesday morning, at his residence in Princess-st., William McLeod, Esq., late of Richibucto, in his 69th year.

On Wednesday morning, George Underhill, only son of the late Thomas S. Underhill of this City, aged 3 years and 6 months.

SHIP NEWS.

—ARRIVED—

TUESDAY, 10th—Schr. Amy Wooster, Wooster, Philadelphia, W. M. McLean, coals.

FRIDAY, Dec. 13th—Brigt. Ospray, Cole, New York.

Schr. Kate Hale, Benton, Georgetown, S. C., W. & R. Wright, tar, turpentine, &c.

SATURDAY, 14th—Schr. Havelock, Cole, New York, J. F. Marsters, flour, &c.

MONDAY, 16th—Brig Martha Jane, Corbett, New York, Hall & Fairweather, flour.

Brigt. Marria C. E. Fowler, Barbadoes, Eaton & Bovey, sugar, &c.

Caledonia, Jones, New York.

Schr. Lady Washington, Morrison, New York, Hall & Fairweather, flour, &c.

Persia, Smith, New York, J. W. M. Irish.

Ino, Speight Boston, master. gen. cargo.

Odessa, Walton Belfast, (Me.,) onions.

TUESDAY, 17th—Schr. Triumph, Border, New York.

WEDNESDAY, 18—Brigt Union, Smith, New York J. W M Irish, gen cargo.

Sch Gertrude, Cassidy, New York—W M McLean, flour, &c

Margaret A., Larsen, Boston—Eaton & Bovey.

—CLEARED:—

Dec. 13th—Bark Colleen Bawn, Goodwin, Dubbin, Cudlip & Snider; Allen, Kerr, Hughes, Cork, do.

14th—Brig Defiance, Wyman, Eastport, Cudlip & Snider, deals, brigt, Mariner, Atkinson, New York, W. M. McLean, hacmatac knees.

17th—Ship Hampden, Pendleton Penarth Roads, S. Wiggins & Son, deals; ship Almira, Quinn, Liverpool, B. Lingley, do; bark Odon, Webber, Queenstown, H. Garbutt; do.

Dec. 16th—Barque Fame, Patten, Greenock, J. Robertson; Willie C. Cassidy, Portland, Cudlip & Snider.

MEMORANDA.

Ard. at Cardenas, 30th Nov., brig Nathaniel Stevens, hence; at Matanzas, 30th, schr. Oriental do.

Cld. at New York, 10th, brig Martha Jane, Corbett, this port; at Boston, 11th, schr. Margaret A., Larsen, do.

LIST OF LETTERS,

Received at the Post Office, St. John, between the 15th and 30th November, and remaining undelivered on the 16th of December, 1861.

FOR LADIES.

Allen, Miss Nannie	Jerome, Mrs.
Annwickhar, Miss Mary	Keane, Mrs. Mary A.
Bailey, Miss Catherine	Macdonald, Mrs. Eliz'h
Brown, Annie	Marsh, Miss Julia L.
Burr, Miss Mary	Morrison, Mrs. R.
Corsm, Mrs. D.	McGlothing, Miss Rosanna
Coxhead, Jane	McGuire, Mrs. Jane
Curren, Mrs.	McSorley, Miss Kate
Delapp, Miss Mary	Nicholls, Elizabeth
Devenport, Miss Eva	Phay, Miss Eliza
Dickie, Miss Ann (2)	Potsdeemer, Catherine
Driver, Miss E.	Richey, Miss Elizabeth
Fitzgerald, Mrs. Jane	Stuard, Mrs. Ammr
Freeman, Mrs. W.	True, Mrs. Solomon
Givins, Ann	Walsh, Ellen
Gogen, Miss Mary	Weigelt, Mrs.
Griffith, Bridget	White, Miss Catherine
Haggarty, Miss Mary Ann	Wood, Mrs. Margaret Ann
Harrick, Miss Catherine	
Hutchinson, Mrs. Mary Jane	

FOR GENTLEMEN.

A.	K.
Anderson, Alexander	Knollin, G. F.
Armstrong, Joseph (2)	L.
B.	Larsen, Thomas
Baker, Jesse	Lenfest, James
Banceh, Alexander	Leighton, J. L.
Blair, D.	Locke, John H.
Boen, Samuel	Lockwood, Joseph T.
Bower, James	Lord, W.
Byrne, Jos.	M.
C.	Maguire, William D.
Callahen, Peter	Meenan, P.
Camron, James	Mekenney, Alenda
Chadbourne, John S. (3)	Miller, John
Chisholm, J. F.	Moffatt, Atcheson
Clarke, James	Morton, Thomas
Cochran, Charles	Morton, Prof.
Coffin, Orin	Murny, Patrick
Conly, Mark	Muller, William
Crawford, John	Mc.
Cronelly, Patrick	McBurney, C.
Croshure, James	McIntyre, James
D.	McLees, Benjamin
Dawson, P.	McPherson William
De Lanuy, Prof. Julius P	P.
Donahue, John	Patterson, William
Dow, Charles F.	Page, Jermh
Drummond, Thomas	R.
E.	Reed, William
Ellwood, Captain	Robinson, Benjamin
Evans, Thos.	Russell, Joseph
F.	S.
Fitzmaurice, John E.	Schade, Somand A. W.
Folljambe, Samuel	Scully, John
G.	Settler, John
Gallivan, Andrew John	Shoppee, ——
Gardner, Matthew	Sullivan, William,
Glendenning. ——	T.
Green, Hezekiah	Thamill, John
Grieves, James	Thomson, R. O. (2)
H.	Tucker, James B.
Hallisey, John (2)	V.
Haze, Michael	Vincent, John
Hill, Thos. (2)	W.
Holder, George W.	Warren, William W.
Hutchinson, Hugh C.	Wilson, John
J.	
Jennings, William	

SHIP LIST.

British Queen, ——	Lydia McHenry, Ship
Colleen Bawn, Ship	Margaret, Schr.
Digby, Schr.	New York, St. (2)
Rava, Barque	Princess Royal, Bark.
General Williams, Schr.	Recall, Schr.
Glencairn, Ship (3)	Sarah March, Ship
James Smith, Ship	Thomas, Sch.
Lord Seaton, Barque (2)	William Wilson, Ship

INDIAN TOWN.

Godard, J. F. (3)	Newell, John (Indian)
Lawrence, Eliza	Palmer, Mr.
McDonald, Lewis	Patterson, Jos.
McNamara, Pat	Treton, Mrs.

Persons calling for any of the above Letters will please say they are "Advertised."

J. HOWE.

MAPS OF THE SEAT OF WAR.—500 miles around Washington; 500 miles around Cairo Only 25 cents each.
dec 10 J. & A. McMILLAN.

PINE APPLES, ORANGES, LEMONS, &c.—Just received at No. 22 Water street.—96 Pine Apples, in excellent order, 85 doz. Oranges, nice flavor, 1 box Lemons 2 bbls. Cranberries, 6 bbls. Marrow Squash, 2 do. Chestnuts, 15 boxes Cheese, 25 bbls. Red Onions, 44 bbls Silver skin Onions, 1 bbl Citron Melons, 45 bbls Nova Scotia Apples, Winter Fruit in great variety—please call and examine.
Ex Queen Esther from New York—99 bbls Commercial Mills Flour, for Family use—for sale low by
dec 10 JOSHUA S. TURNER.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!—IMPERIAL BUILDINGS—2, KING STREET.—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT.—Over 3000 Garments, in Over Coats, Dress and Business Coats, Reefing Jackets, Pants and Vests—all made up in the most fashionable style, by first rate workmen—will be sold at Extraordinary Low Prices. Boy's Clothing, all sizes, India Rubber and Oil Clothing, Overalls, Flannel Shirts and Drawers, etc. etc.
☞ Clothing of every description made to order.
dec 10 SIMON NEALIS.

CITY HALL,—TO ARCHITECTS AND OTHERS.—The undersigned Committee of the Common Council having been directed by the Board to obtain Plans and Specifications for a CITY HALL, to be erected on the North side of King Square, and to offer a Premium of Sixty Dollars for the Best, and Forty Dollars for the Second Best Plan submitted, hereby give notice to Architects and others that Plans and Specifications for a City Hall will be received at the office of the Common Clerk of this City, until the first day of February, 1861. Further information can be obtained from any member of the Committee.

THOS. McAVITY,
ALEXANDER BOYNE,
S. K. FOSTER,
THOMAS M. REED,
THOMAS R. JONES,
E. S. FLAGLOR.
Dec. 14.

CROWN LAND OFFICE, 16th Dec. 1861.

(821) THE right of License to cut and carry away Timber and Lumber until the first day of May 1862, from Berths applied for by the following persons, in the undermentioned situations, will be offered for sale by Public Auction at this Office, on Wednesday the twenty-fifth day of Dec. next, Sale to commence at noon.

(Not to interfere with any Lots of Land partly paid for, or reserved under applications, for which Returns of Survey were received at the Crown Land Office previous to the date of application for Licence.)

☞ In all cases of competition, the purchaser must immediately pay the amount of purchase money, or else the Berth will be again offered for sale, excluding bids from the defaulter.")

No.	Name.	Sq. Miles.	Situation.
237	John Pangburn,	2	Cumberland Creek.
238	George H. Hart,	2	Salmon River, Queen's
239	James McCullagh,	2	Pleasant Ridge.
240	John Glazier,	9	Portage Lake, Canada L.
241	Do.	2	Corron Brook, Va.
242	Moses Carleton,	2	Rapidy Brook, Little Salmon River, St. John.

J. M MILLAN, Sur. Gen.

(823) CROWN LAND OFFICE, 18th Dec. 1861.

THE right of Licence to cut and carry away Timber and Lumber until the first day of May 1862, from Berths applied for by the following persons, in the undermentioned situations, will be offered for sale by Public Auction at this Office, on Thursday the 2nd January 1862.—Sale to commence at noon.

(Not to interfere with any Lots of Land partly paid for, or reserved under applications, for which Returns of Survey were received at the Crown Land Office previous to the date of application for Licence.)

(In all cases of competition, the purchaser must immediately pay the purchase money, or else the Berth will be again forthwith offered for sale, excluding bids from the defaulter.)

No.	Names.	Sq. Miles.	Situation.
243	John Ferguson,	3	Pabineau River.
244	David Ritchie,	3	Tabucintac.
245	Do,	2	Bantelorum Brook,
246	L. A. W. Desbrisay,	2	Kouchibouguacis and Aldouane.
247	Alex. McLaggan,	2	Bartholomew's River.
248	Thomas Barry,	2	Piskehegan.
249	Gideon D. Bailey,	2	East Brook, Little R (Sun Creek.
250	George Morrow,	2	Greenfield.
251	George H. Hart,	3	N. of N. Branch Salmon Creek.
252	Charles Perley,	2	Northampton, (S. Newburg.)
253	Hilaire Vasseur,	2	Green R. Va. left hand branch.

JOHN McMILLAN, Sur. Gen.

(822) CROWN LAND OFFICE, Dec., 1861.

THE following Petitions for Land under the Labour Act have been approved.

Each applicant in this list must before the 18th December 1862, have cleared and cultivated not less than 2 acres on the lot approved to him and paid in money or labour not less than one quarter of the purchase money, or else the approval will be cancelled.

Commissioners under the Labour and Commutation Acts, are reminded that they have no authority to assign labour to any applicant until his Petition shall have been approved by publication in the Royal Gazette; and labour returned for any applicant before approval of his Petition, will not be credited.

WESTMORLAND.

SHEDIAC.

No. 5602. Neil McDougald; 93 acres, lot H, block F.
5600. Hugh McDonald, 97 acres, lot 125, do.
5491. Marshall Poinee, 92 " " 74, block L.

BOTSFORD.

No. 5472. John Downing, 83 acres, lot 31, block P.

MONCTON.

No. 5622. Patrick Neal, 100 acres, lot 146, S. Branch Buctouche
5581. Stephen Moore, do, lot 147, do. Buctouch.
5396, John Barker, do, lot 148, do. Buctouche.
5497. Alex. Frame, do. lot 149 do. Buctouche.
5613. Donald McKinnon, 85 acres, lot 85, block D
5487. Thomas Fitzsimons, 76 do. lot 12, block 11

SALISBURY.

No. 5515 Francis A. Hake, 100 acres, lot 74, block 31, Nevers' Brook.
5632. James O'Neill, 100 acres, lot 14, S. range Albert.
5520. Patrick Hanley, 100 acres, lot 17, S. range, Albert.
5528. Maurice Healey. 100 acres, lot 19, S. range, Albert
5540. John Hylan, 76 acres, lot 17, Albert, South ALBERT.

HILLSBOROUGH,

No. 5671 Duncan Shaw, 100 acres, lot 211, Weldon's Creek.
5678. Job Steeves, 80 acres, north of lot 14, Honey Creek.
5502. William Gentle, 100 acres, on lots 7 and 8, tier 2, Caledonia.
5711. George Wilson, 100 acres, on lots 8 and 9 tier 2, Caledonia,
5548. John M. Jonah, 100 acres, lot 24 west, tier 8,
5579. Gilbert Milton, 100 acres, lot 4, tier 11,
5677. Gay Steeves, do. do. 5, do.
5689 John J. Terrace, do. N. of 16, Stony Creek.

COVERDALE,

No. 5713. Michael Wilson, 100 acres, lot 74.
5388. John Ayles, 95 acres, lot 76.

ELGIN.

No. [illegible] Henry McAllister, 98 acres, lot 24, range 3, Mechanics.
5590. George McAllister, 98 acres, lot 25, range 3, Mechanics.
5569. Charles A. MaGee, 100 acres, lot 24, range 4, Mechanics
5519. Joseph Hamilton, 100 acres, lot 116, Wolf Lake,

ALMA,

No. 5463. Ann Devitt, 100 acres, lot 115, Wolf Lake
5523 Alex. Haslam, do. lot 118, do.
5559. Andrew McAfee, do. lot 121, do.
5524. John Haslam, do. lot 125, do.
5636. Elizabeth Pearson do. lot 139, do.

HURRAH FOR MERRY CHRISTMAS!—STEP IN AT R. S. STAPLES', NO. 83, KING ST., AND MAKE YOUR SELECTION.—ONE case containing Birmingham Fancy Goods, now open and ready for inspection, consisting of—

Ladies' Fancy Hair Pins, Brooches, Finger Rings, Card Cases, Portmonnaies, Neck Chains, Albert Chains, Fob. do., Reel stands, Vases, and a hundred other articles; a large lot of Dress Goods, Gloves, Berlin Wool Goods, &c. Print Dresses, in variety, from 3s. the dress up; Coburg and Delaine Dresses, from 5s. the dress up. Call and inspect at R. S. STAPLES'
Dec. 18. 83, King Street.

CONDITION AND COUGH POWDERS.—I have now received for delivery, five Gross Secord's Condition and Cough Powders, one of the best Medicines for Horses now in use. Also, one gross Fisher's Ointment, for the cure of Splints, Curbs, Ringbone, Callous, and all bony swelling or deposits. For all common purposes of a Blister, this Ointment far exceeds all other preparations in certainty, safety, and speedy action. For sale by
dec 10 J. F. SECORD, King Square.

CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

20 Setts complete Bed Room Furniture,
10 doz Children's Sleds,
8 " " Chairs, [well assorted.]
1 " " Rocking Horses,
50 Sofas, Couches, and Lounge with Easy Chairs, Centre Tables, Ottomans, Whatnots, Piano Stools, Secretarys, Bureaus, Cribs, Cradles, Hall Furniture, Chairs, and all of Domestic Manufacture, and warranted of seasoned stock. 25 per cent, better, and less in price than that imported from abroad, with the advantage of purchasers of the largest stock in New Brunswick from which to select.

ALBERT J. LORDLY,
52 and 54 Germain Street.

☞ Central Bank Money received in Exchange at 12 1-2 per cent. Discount.
Dec. 14.

FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.—Landing ex Gertrude from New York; 100 bbls. Extra State FLOUR.
IN STORE.—150 bbls. Kiln Dried Corn Meal. For sale by JACOB D. UNDERHILL.

FLOUR & BUCKWHEAT MEAL.—Now landing from New York—
200 bbls Extra Flour, Bellefontaine;
50 bbls Pastry FLOUR,
50 bags Grey Buckwhert MEAL
DEFOREST & PERKINS,
Dec. 11. 11, South Wharf.

NEW SKIRT DEPOT.....POTOMAC SKIRT. Another lot of those new and beautiful Winter SKIRTS just opened. ENNIS & GARDNER.

MILLINERY.

LADIES! LADIES!

A

GRAND DISPLAY

OF

New Velvet Bonnets!

New Velvet Bonnets!

New Velvet Bonnets!

AT

JAMES MANSON'S,

NO. 81-2,

SOUTH SIDE KING STREET.

nov 27 1m

20 PER CENT. OFF!—20 per cent. off!—The subscriber has on hand and now ready for inspection one of the best stocks of Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry etc. ever offered in this city, comprising all the variety usually kept in a first class Jewelry establishment, all of which I sell at 20 per cent. discount from my regular prices for cash, commencing this day and continuing throughout the holidays.

Also, a good assortment of Silver Spoons, Forks, Knives, Cups, Snuff boxes, Napkin Rings, Pie Knives, Butter do., Fruit do, and other Fancy Articles in Silver,

A beautiful assortment of first quality Silver Plated Wares in great variety, on which I will give a discount of 10 per cent. I am selling a superior home made Frame Sled for $1.50 each. Ladies' Skates for $1.25 a pair. Boy's do. for 75 cents, including staps complete. Also a great variety of Ornaments and Fancy Articles suitable for Christmas presents. Please call and examine at 75 Prince William street.
Dec. 11. F. A. COSGROVE.

NEW GOODS—ex Steamer 'Canada.'—ENNIS & GARDNER have just received a further supply of British and Foreign Fancy Goods, which, with their former assortment, are now offered at *such prices* as will ensure a continuance of the liberal share of patronage received since the opening of their New Warehouse.

New Bonnet Ribbons, new Magenta Scarfs, new Fancy Scarfs, new Mantle Trimming, new Dress Trimming, new Union Hoods, Berlin Jackets, Berlin Sleeves, Berlin Gauntlets, Fancy Hosiery and Gloves, with an immense variety of German Goods suitable for Christmas Presents; Bags, Boxes, Broaches, Bracelets, Work Boxes, Toilet Boxes, Picture Boxes, French Satara, Mantles, Velvet Seal Mantles, the Burns Shawl, the Potomac Skirt, Reps, Cashmeres, Lamas, and Gallass, in Clan Tartans, with every novelty of Dress Goods, all of which are marked in plain figures. dec 11

FUSTIC AND REDWOOD.—Half ton Stick and Ground Fustick; 2 tons Stick and Ground Logwood, 2 bbls. Ground Redwood, together with Cudbar, Annotto, Indigo, Alum, and Blue Vitriol Just received and for sale by
nov6 J F. SECORD, King Square.

TO CABINET MAKERS & UPHOLSTERERS. Just received—1 bale Sofa SPRINGS,
5 bundles, 2 bales } Curled HAIR,
2 bbls. and 1 case GLUE,
1 bbl. Patent Pedstead Fastenings. For sale at low prices, by BERRYMAN & OLIVE,
nov 27—1m. 11 King-street.

T. B. BABBIT'S CHEMICAL ERASIVE SOAP.—Time, Money, and Labour saved by Using this SOAP. But one quarter the time and labour are required to do the same amount of washing, as with the best of family Soap.

It does not injure the most delicate fabrics, will tend to set the colors, and wash cleaner than any other Soap in use.

Clothes need no boiling, and but little rubbing with the hands, thus *avoiding* their wear upon the wash board.

Paints, grease, tar and stains, vanish before its wonderful, searching, erasive powers.

It is invaluable to machinists, printers, painters, and all others using inks, etc, for washing hands.

It does not chap them like other soaps, but will cleanse and soften the skin.

Put up in one pound bars, with directions for use to accompany each bar. For sale by
T. B. BARBIT,
Dec. 11. 35 King st.

PORTLANDINE ILLUMINATING OIL. The subscribers have received from the Portland Kerosene Oil Company. 100 bbls of their best Illuminating Oil. This Oil is manufactured from the Albert Coal of New Brunswick, and is equal to any Oil manufactured on this continent, and is superior to most of the Oils sold in this city. It is free from Naptha or Benzine, is non-explosive, does not gum the wicks, gives a clear and steady light, and is as lasting as any other Oil. Not a single accident is known from the use of the Portland Oil.

Price 10 cents a pint 10 cents a quart, 38 cents per half gallon, 76 cents per gallon. A large discount by the carrel.
GEO. F. EVERETT & CO.,
dec. 11 Druggists, 9 (foot) King st.

TO FARMERS AND COUNTRY DEALERS!

ANY Person wishing to save their travelling expenses, &c., can do so by sending their Produce from New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward's Island, to the Subscriber, No. 18 Germain St St. John N. B., where they can have the same sold, and the amount remitted to them, deducting 5 per cent., Commission. All orders personally and punctually attended to. The Subscriber returns his thanks to those parties who have sent him produce, and feels satisfied that they will always find him as punctual in attending to their welfare as his own.
DAVID McALPINE,
CITY MARKET, No. 18, Germain Street,
REFERENCES.—Geo. A Lookhart & Son, R. Thomson, W. H. Harrison, James Chubb & Co., Merchants.

LONDON HOUSE, Market square. December 9th, 1861.....Received per "Niag