

bec, St. John and Charlottetown, as soon as official notice of the Queen's death was received.

A day of general mourning will be proclaimed for the whole Dominion, probably at the day of the state funeral.

The passing of Queen Victoria will necessitate many changes. The Governor-General and members of the cabinet will of course have to take the oath of allegiance to the King, and the same obligation will devolve upon every public official in Canada who by virtue of his office is required to pledge his fidelity to the crown.

Mr. Miller's mature judgment is that a new Privy Council will have to be created. The present councillors will be re-appointed in a few days. Also new postage and revenue stamps and coinage. There is no change in the date of the meeting of parliament.

All society functions will be abandoned during the period of mourning. The session will be a quiet one—no state dinner, no drawing-room or state ball.

It was 7.30 to-night when His Excellency received the official message announcing the Queen's death. Lord Minto immediately initiated the following telegram to the Colonial Secretary:

"The announcement of Her Majesty's death, which has just reached Canada, has created universal sorrow. My ministers desire that you will convey to His Majesty the King and members of the royal family the assurance that the people of Canada share the great grief that has visited them. No greater sovereign has ever ruled the British people or been more beloved and honored by her subjects than Her Majesty Queen Victoria, and by none has this love and respect been more deeply felt than by the people of His Majesty's domain of Canada."

Mourning in Montreal.

Montreal, Jan. 22.—The bells on all the churches were tolled, flags hoisted half-mast, and many public and private buildings draped in black, when the news of the Queen's death was received. The courts were all adjourned and will remain so for some days, in all probability, as the judges and officers will be required to take the oath of allegiance to a new sovereign before they can sit again.

The mayor will appoint a day of general mourning, probably that on which the funeral will take place, and different public bodies, including the city council, will meet and pass resolutions.

As soon as the news of the Queen's death was received in the city, the Roman Catholic Archbishop of Montreal placed at half-mast on the archiepiscopal palace. He also gave instructions that the big bell of Notre Dame church, the biggest in Canada, as well as the bells of the various Catholic churches in the city, should be tolled from 4 o'clock this afternoon. His Grace will also address at once a circular on the subject to the clergy and the faithful under his jurisdiction.

As soon as the announcement was received, Mayor Proulx gave orders for a flag to be raised at half-mast on the city hall; and a message expressive of the sympathy of the citizens of Montreal was cabled to Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal at London.

Toronto Buildings Draped.

Toronto, Jan. 22.—The news of the Queen's death was received in Toronto at a quarter past one o'clock, but it was not fully confirmed until two. Flags were at once raised at half-mast, and all public functions cancelled, where not absolutely necessary.

At a quarter past two, the big bell in the new city hall began tolling, and was followed shortly by those of St. James's cathedral bells, and other church bells and fire bells.

There was universal manifestations of grief at the melancholy news and abundant evidence of the affection in which the sovereign was held.

Steps were immediately taken to drape many leading business establishments, as also the council chambers of the city hall and assembly chamber of the parliament buildings.

Mayor Howland sent off a message of condolence in the name of the city council, and called a special meeting for tomorrow. Probably a day of mourning will be appointed, but this is not yet certain.

At Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Jan. 22.—There is mourning everywhere in the West for good Queen Victoria. In this city all the public buildings and many business blocks are draped. The balls announced by Lieut. Governor McMillan for Government House next week are postponed, and the courts adjourned.

McKinley's Message.

Washington, Jan. 22.—President McKinley has sent the following message of condolence to King Edward VII.:

"His Majesty the King, Osborne House, Isle of Wight:

"I have received with profound sorrow the lamentable tidings of the death of Her Majesty the Queen. Allow me, first, to offer my sincere sympathy and that of the American people in your personal bereavement, and in the loss Great Britain has suffered in the death of its venerable and illustrious sovereign, whose noble life and beneficent influences have promoted the peace and won the affection of the world.

"(Sd.) WILLIAM MCKINLEY."

The House to-day adopted a resolution expressing profound regret and sympathy for the British people on account of the death of the Queen. The President was requested to communicate the expression to the British government, and as a further mark of respect to the memory of the Queen, the House immediately adjourned.

Mr. Hitt, chairman of the committee on foreign affairs, offered the resolution, which is as follows:

"Resolved, that the House of Representatives of the United States of America has learned with profound sorrow of the death of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, and sympathize with her people in the loss of their beloved sovereign; that the President be requested to communicate this expression of the sentiment of the House to the government of Great Britain; that as a further mark of respect to the memory of Queen Victoria, the House do now adjourn."

The reading of the resolution was listened to with impressive silence. The resolution was unanimously adopted, and

KING EDWARD THE SEVENTH

The New Ruler, Who Arrived in the Capital To-day, Has Taken the Above Title.

MOURNING THE DEATH OF THE QUEEN

In All Parts of the Empire and in Foreign Countries There is Deep Sorrow—Natives of India Profoundly Touched.

(Associated Press.)

Cowes, Isle of Wight, Jan. 23.—The town bore an aspect of misery this morning. The air was dull and heavy, and the sky threatening. Everywhere blinds were drawn and black was displayed. The only sign of life was at Trinity pier, where a constant interchange of signals was being carried on between the Royal yacht Albert, alongside the pier, and the Royal yacht Osborne, aboard of which some Royal personages still remained.

A message from Osborne House said Emperor William's plans were not known, but it was believed that he would not leave to-day. The Albert had steam up all night, and at 8.30 had a big awning fixed, and was in readiness to proceed for Portsmouth at 9.40 with the King, the Duke of York, Mr. Balfour and the Earl of Clarence on board, to catch a special train for London at 11 o'clock. The King and Duke of York will return to Osborne House.

The Royal yacht Albert has received orders to be in readiness to convey the Queen's remains to the mainland. The transfer of Her Majesty's body will take place at noon. The coffin will be placed on the main deck, athwartships, just in front of a structure known as the "Queen's canopy," in which Her Majesty was in the habit of sitting during her trips on the yacht. The coffin will be placed on a spot marked on the deck with a brass cross, where the coffin of Prince Henry of Battenburg also rested.

The route from Osborne House to the Trinity pier was deserted but for a few groups of bareheaded persons, when, at 9.40 o'clock, there appeared three open carriages, drawn by white horses, galloping down hill. In the first carriage were the King, the Duke of Connaught, the Duke of York and Prince Christian. The King looked well and bowed repeatedly in acknowledgment of the greetings of his subjects. The Royal personages immediately embarked on the Albert. The Royal standard was hoisted as the King touched the deck. As the Albert started off signals were shown ordering that salutes should be fired. The sailors of the cruiser Australia and the other Royal yachts were mustered as the Albert steamed by. The commencement of the King's first voyage was a memorable and impressive event.

Arrival in Capital.

London, Jan. 23, 1 p. m.—The King entered his capital at 12.55 p. m., and proceeded to Marlborough House. After attending the first privy council at St. James's Palace, when a decision will be reached regarding the public proclamation of his accession which is expected will be read to-morrow at 10 a. m., His Majesty will proceed to the House of Lords for the meeting of parliament.

Dense crowds, beginning at St. James's street, lined the entire route to Victoria station from an early hour. The Mall and the front of Buckingham Palace were especially thronged. All along the former, from the palace to Marlborough House, carriages, filled with ladies, stood as for a drawing room, excepting that the footmen and occupants were dressed in mourning. The police precautions were unusual, there being men on foot and mounted guards almost every yard of the way. All waited patiently for hours to greet the King.

Eventually, preceded by half a dozen mounted policemen, a plain brougham, driven very rapidly with the coachmen and footmen in their usual grey livery, wearing mourning bands on their arms, brought into view the King with an equestrian seated beside him. The King looked tired and very sad. Following him came the Duke of York, the Duke of Connaught, and others. Both the King and the Duke of York looked pathetically up at Buckingham Palace as they passed, and acknowledged the salutes of the guard of honor drawn up

per classes will go to the continent until the period of gloom shall end. Ultimately London will be a gayer capital than ever before, for the King, after his coronation, is expected to live at Buckingham Palace and conduct court functions with unbroken splendor. The tradesman's view is that titled and rich people will spend more time in town, and that country house gaieties and recreations will decline.

The Duke of York will not necessarily become the Prince of Wales now that his father has ascended the throne. The principality was granted by Edward I. to his son, afterwards King Edward II., and his heirs, King of England. Consequently when the Prince of Wales succeeds to the throne his Princely title merges in his sovereignty. The sovereign's eldest son is still Duke of York, but he becomes also the Duke of Cornwall, this title descending to him from his father. It is generally assumed that the King will immediately confer his principality upon him, and it is within his Royal prerogative to do so.

There has been a general belief that the Queen was one of the richest sovereigns, and that she would leave an immense estate to her heirs.

There is the highest authority for stating that the amount of her personal property, shown by the provisions of her will, instead of being very great, will prove to be of moderate value, and that all estimates to her private fortune will be found fallacious. The truth seems to be that the Queen, like other rich people, had a great number of relatives depending upon her, and that she was compelled from time to time to pay their debts and extricate them from embarrassments.

Another fact which has not been known is the intimate friendship between the Queen and King Leopold of Belgium. His father was her chief adviser when she ascended the throne and helped to bring on her marriage with the Prince Consort. The present King of Belgium for many years has corresponded weekly with the Queen, and his letters have been forwarded to her year after year. The King will be one of the sincerest mourners when he comes to England to attend the funeral services.

Colombo, Ceylon, Jan. 23.—The deepest sympathy with the Royal family on the death of Queen Victoria is felt throughout the island. The flags are half-masted, all functions have been postponed and business is suspended.

Natives Mourn Queen's Death.

Bombay, Jan. 23.—All public functions have been cancelled. The public offices have been closed and business has been suspended. The genuine sorrow of the natives is extraordinarily marked, even the poorest and most ignorant expressing the utmost regret and sorrow. It is a remarkable revelation of sincere loyalty. Special services have been arranged to take place in the native places of worship.

German Court in Mourning.

Berlin, Jan. 23.—The court has been ordered to go into mourning for four weeks. The Empress has arrived at Hamburg and proceeded to the Royal castle in order to be near the Dowager Empress Frederick.

King Charles Will Attend.

Lisbon, Jan. 23.—King Charles intends to attend personally the funeral of Queen Victoria. Court mourning for a month has been ordered. The papers are filled with eulogistic columns on Victoria and her reign.

Emperor Francis Joseph's Sympathy.

Vienna, Jan. 23.—Emperor Francis Joseph went to the British embassy this morning and personally expressed his sympathy to Lord and Lady Plunket. He remained half an hour. The Duke of Cumberland called at the embassy, and many of the nobility and court dignitaries inscribed their names.

From Norway.

Christiania, Jan. 23.—The president of parliament, referring to Queen Victoria's death to-day, said he felt assured of the support of all the members in expressing sympathy with Great Britain's grief at the loss of her popular Queen. The members listened standing.

Dutch Comments.

Amsterdam, Jan. 23.—The newspapers here are full of sympathy with Great Britain, but the views of the political aspect of the death of Queen Victoria are influenced by the prevailing opinion, which is that the Queen was one of the most striking characteristics of Victoria's reign.

"As Albert Edward has been a scrupulously constitutional Prince, we may predict he will be a scrupulously constitutional King. In the fulfilment of this onerous task he will have by his side a Queen who is already enthroned in the hearts of her loving subjects."

No Lying in State.

Cowes, Jan. 23.—Unless the King otherwise shall direct, it is probable that the Queen's body will be taken on board the Royal yacht Albert to-morrow for conveyance to Windsor. The dining room at Osborne has been transferred into a mortuary chapel. The body has been removed from the bedroom and lies there at present. The servants will be admitted to view the remains. There will be nothing in the nature of lying in state here, nor so far as known at Cowes will there be any public lying in state at Windsor. A guard of Royal reserves is watching the body. The arrangements for the obsequies will be made at the Privy Council after consultation with the King.

Orders have been sent to Windsor to prepare the apartments for Royal arrivals.

Took Oath of Allegiance.

Ottawa, Jan. 23.—In addition to public buildings many private houses are draped in black. The entrance to the parliament buildings is to be draped, and this will also be done in connection with all public buildings in the Dominion. The Lieutenant-Governors of different provinces have been advised to this effect. In the case of British Columbia, Lieut. Governor Joly did not wait for instructions from Ottawa, but acted. The province will also send resolutions of condolence to His Majesty and Royal family.

As soon as the news had been received of the title of the King to be Edward VII. there was a meeting of the cabinet and the usual proclamations were issued. Lord Minto took the oath of allegiance from the chief justice and his ministers took oath from His Excellency.

Funeral day will be named a day of general mourning. All social functions will be abandoned, and all official correspondence will be on black bordered paper.

Mourning in Britain.

London, Jan. 23.—London donned to-day a garb of mourning from end to end, and the early hours found a thick fog enveloped the city like a pall. Throughout the west end blinds were drawn, on all the embassies, government offices and public buildings the flags were half-masted.

The law courts, the stock exchange

and it was thought best not to disturb him. The Crown Prince was notified of Her Majesty's demise, and also telegraphed condolences to Osborne House. He will attend the funeral as the condition of the King's health precludes his undertaking the journey.

The late editions of the newspapers announcing the Queen's death created a deep impression. All fetes have been abandoned.

Owned Estate in New York.

New York, Jan. 23.—Queen Victoria was the owner, in fee simple, of much real estate in this city below Grand street. At one time she owned the Bowling Green offices, No. 11 Broadway.

The Pope Orders Prayers.

New York, Jan. 23.—The Pope received the news of the Queen's death through Cardinal Rampolla, says a World dispatch from Rome. His Holiness said not a word but fell upon his knees in prayer, and remained in that attitude for a considerable time. Afterwards he gave orders that in all churches prayers for the Queen should be offered. The Pope will be represented at the funeral by Cardinal Vaughan.

Cowes, Jan. 24.—At 11 o'clock this morning the members of the royal family will gather around the body of the late Queen, which lies in a simple coffin in the temporary chapel, festooned with red and white hangings. The Bishop of Winchester, standing before the altar, removed from the private chapel, will read a portion of the service for the dead. The coffin rests upon a specially erected platform, draped with royal purple, the feet lying at the east. The head faces the simple altar. Over the features is a thin veil.

For a few hours after the conclusion of this service the public will be admitted to the room and allowed to view the remains of the late sovereign, who so long reigned over them. The body will remain there until Sunday, and it is probable that no removal will occur for ten days.

Details of the Queen's dying hours were not obtainable until late last evening. It appears that the Queen was moved on Sunday from her big bed into a small cot, specially built with springs, which was enabled to pass through a screen. This was to enable the doctors to reach the patient easily on both sides, which was impossible when she lay in a bed six feet wide. In this small bed she passed away.

When Emperor William arrived, he rushed, without taking off his overcoat to her bedside, and the first words he said were words of regret, that his mother was unable to come. "Yes," murmured the Queen, "I wish Vicky could be here," using a pet name of her eldest daughter.

On Tuesday afternoon all the members of the family were in readiness for the end. At four, the Prince of Wales was summoned. Half an hour later he was joined by the other members of the family. At five the Duchess of York arrived, and the Queen kissed her, saying "I am glad you have come."

The Bishop of Winchester began to pray. The Queen slowly sank into unconsciousness. At 6.15 p. m. the end was reached. The Prince of Wales and several other members of the family were present. The Queen was laid in state in the temporary chapel.

On Tuesday night neither he nor Queen Alexandra would allow the entourage to address them by their correct titles.

The large force of detectives from London is to guard against any anarchistic attempt upon the life of Emperor William and not on account of the new King.

Messages of condolence do not seem to pour in from all quarters of the globe. President McKinley has already expressed a most favorable impression, which was handed around among the royal princes at breakfast yesterday, with a general comment that American sympathy was fully the first to be received.

Sympathy

Is a good thing for the young husband to give the young wife. But sympathy will not abate one jot of her nervousness or lift her to that plane of sound health where alone the wife and mother can find happiness.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription meets every womanly want and need. It tranquilizes the nerves, restores the appetite and induces refreshing sleep. Its use previous to maternity makes the baby's advent practically painless and safe.

As soon as the news had been received of the title of the King to be Edward VII. there was a meeting of the cabinet and the usual proclamations were issued. Lord Minto took the oath of allegiance from the chief justice and his ministers took oath from His Excellency.



Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription meets every womanly want and need. It tranquilizes the nerves, restores the appetite and induces refreshing sleep. Its use previous to maternity makes the baby's advent practically painless and safe.

As soon as the news had been received of the title of the King to be Edward VII. there was a meeting of the cabinet and the usual proclamations were issued. Lord Minto took the oath of allegiance from the chief justice and his ministers took oath from His Excellency.

known by the name of Albee and I desire that his name should alone.

"In conclusion, I trust to participate in the duties which now devolve upon inheritance, and to which I am determined to devote my whole strength. After giving a list of those who have subscribed the oaths to the security of the Church of Scotland, he concluded with the King's proclamation ordering all officers and persons in authority throughout the Empire to continue to exercise their duties during the royal pleasure, and to aid and assist in the performance and execution of their duties.

The sorrow felt throughout the Empire is described in a constant succession of telegrams from every important town in the Empire, all telling of the suspension of business, the closing of theatres, and the day of mourning services. The governments have sent, on behalf of their respective colonies, telegrams of respect and condolence to the King Edward and to the Queen. The Marquis of Londonderry, the foreign ambassador a letter of condolence, the diplomatic corps, expressed their sympathy and condolence. The Marquis of Londonderry, the foreign ambassador a letter of condolence, the diplomatic corps, expressed their sympathy and condolence. The Marquis of Londonderry, the foreign ambassador a letter of condolence, the diplomatic corps, expressed their sympathy and condolence.

For a few hours after the conclusion of this service the public will be admitted to the room and allowed to view the remains of the late sovereign, who so long reigned over them. The body will remain there until Sunday, and it is probable that no removal will occur for ten days.

Details of the Queen's dying hours were not obtainable until late last evening. It appears that the Queen was moved on Sunday from her big bed into a small cot, specially built with springs, which was enabled to pass through a screen. This was to enable the doctors to reach the patient easily on both sides, which was impossible when she lay in a bed six feet wide. In this small bed she passed away.

When Emperor William arrived, he rushed, without taking off his overcoat to her bedside, and the first words he said were words of regret, that his mother was unable to come. "Yes," murmured the Queen, "I wish Vicky could be here," using a pet name of her eldest daughter.

On Tuesday afternoon all the members of the family were in readiness for the end. At four, the Prince of Wales was summoned. Half an hour later he was joined by the other members of the family. At five the Duchess of York arrived, and the Queen kissed her, saying "I am glad you have come."

The Bishop of Winchester began to pray. The Queen slowly sank into unconsciousness. At 6.15 p. m. the end was reached. The Prince of Wales and several other members of the family were present. The Queen was laid in state in the temporary chapel.

On Tuesday night neither he nor Queen Alexandra would allow the entourage to address them by their correct titles.

The large force of detectives from London is to guard against any anarchistic attempt upon the life of Emperor William and not on account of the new King.

Messages of condolence do not seem to pour in from all quarters of the globe. President McKinley has already expressed a most favorable impression, which was handed around among the royal princes at breakfast yesterday, with a general comment that American sympathy was fully the first to be received.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription meets every womanly want and need. It tranquilizes the nerves, restores the appetite and induces refreshing sleep. Its use previous to maternity makes the baby's advent practically painless and safe.

As soon as the news had been received of the title of the King to be Edward VII. there was a meeting of the cabinet and the usual proclamations were issued. Lord Minto took the oath of allegiance from the chief justice and his ministers took oath from His Excellency.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription meets every womanly want and need. It tranquilizes the nerves, restores the appetite and induces refreshing sleep. Its use previous to maternity makes the baby's advent practically painless and safe.

As soon as the news had been received of the title of the King to be Edward VII. there was a meeting of the cabinet and the usual proclamations were issued. Lord Minto took the oath of allegiance from the chief justice and his ministers took oath from His Excellency.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription meets every womanly want and need. It tranquilizes the nerves, restores the appetite and induces refreshing sleep. Its use previous to maternity makes the baby's advent practically painless and safe.

As soon as the news had been received of the title of the King to be Edward VII. there was a meeting of the cabinet and the usual proclamations were issued. Lord Minto took the oath of allegiance from the chief justice and his ministers took oath from His Excellency.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription meets every womanly want and need. It tranquilizes the nerves, restores the appetite and induces refreshing sleep. Its use previous to maternity makes the baby's advent practically painless and safe.

As soon as the news had been received of the title of the King to be Edward VII. there was a meeting of the cabinet and the usual proclamations were issued. Lord Minto took the oath of allegiance from the chief justice and his ministers took oath from His Excellency.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription meets every womanly want and need. It tranquilizes the nerves, restores the appetite and induces refreshing sleep. Its use previous to maternity makes the baby's advent practically painless and safe.

As soon as the news had been received of the title of the King to be Edward VII. there was a meeting of the cabinet and the usual proclamations were issued. Lord Minto took the oath of allegiance from the chief justice and his ministers took oath from His Excellency.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription meets every womanly want and need. It tranquilizes the nerves, restores the appetite and induces refreshing sleep. Its use previous to maternity makes the baby's advent practically painless and safe.

As soon as the news had been received of the title of the King to be Edward VII. there was a meeting of the cabinet and the usual proclamations were issued. Lord Minto took the oath of allegiance from the chief justice and his ministers took oath from His Excellency.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription meets every womanly want and need. It tranquilizes the nerves, restores the appetite and induces refreshing sleep. Its use previous to maternity makes the baby's advent practically painless and safe.

As soon as the news had been received of the title of the King to be Edward VII. there was a meeting of the cabinet and the usual proclamations were issued. Lord Minto took the oath of allegiance from the chief justice and his ministers took oath from His Excellency.