

he held till accepting the pastorate this city, as successor to Rev. A. Ca eron in 1889. Revy. Mr. Grant was m died in Ontario to Miss Cameron, daug ter of Mr. D. Cameron, traveler, now this city, and leaves a family of sev children to mourn with their mother loss of husband and father, whose reavement, however, is shared in sy pathy by the whole community. T mother of deceased is still living, and sides with her son. Mr. John Grant, the north end of the city. The fath died here a few years ago. Rev. Alexander Grant came to Wit beg in 1889 to supply the pulpit of First Baptist church, which was vacant. He preached his first serv in May of that year. He was sub quently invited to become the pastor the congregation, and having accept began his pastorate in September, 18 and continued uninterruptedly up to time of his death. Last year Mr. Grs was invited to take charge of the Ba tist congregation of Ottawa, with an crease of salary of \$1,800, but declin it, as he was desirous of continuing services to the Baptist cause in country. He was an indefatigable wo er, and through his efforts congregation were established in the city among Ge mans and Scandinavians, and he was ganizing another congregation am the Icelanders. Last year was the mo prosperous in connection with the Ba tist church in this city and through the whole western country, the increa success being main'y due to Mr. Gran energetic work. He was revered by Baptists far and wide and was a man much influence. He was an eloquent forcible speaker, both in the pulpit on the platform. He frequently part in political controversies, est ly on questions affecting social and la reforms. He also took an active part on the side of national schools, and the school agitation, throwing his l support of that movement was the thor of a forcible pamphlet, which published and widely distributed in early stages of the agitation. A REGIMENT OF MINERS

New York, Aug. 9.-Robert R. superintendent of Edwin Gould's Col nental Mining Company, and a grad of the Columbia University and Sch of Mines, has left for the Clondyk take charge of a mining expedition work twenty claims there. The c ation is composed of Pacific coast in talists. P. J. Lippman, of San cisco, is president. At Denver Reding will gather 200 expe miners. From Denver he will g Portland, where the Elder, ch this purpose, will be waiting party. The steamer will take the He to St. Michaels, and the ren voyage to Dawson City will be small boats, if the stream has n frozen over. If it has sledges ars ined used.

y and passed away with a cry became president of the council and chief of "Long live Spain." Further details of the assassination show that Senor Canovas del Castillo and his wife were present yesterday tinez Campos from Cuba, Senor Canomorning at the celbration of mass in the vas del Castillo retired from the premierchapel attached to the baths. After the ship and Marshal Campos became prime minister, accepting as his colleagues the mass the premier sat reading and conprincipal associates of Senor Canovas. versing with some reporters, when the assassin approached and fired three layed and defeated the marshal's free shots at him with a revolver, hitting trade and emancipation projects, so that him in the forehead, chest and left ear. on the reassembling of the Cortes (December, 1879), he was compelled to re-The wounded man fell to the ground sign. Senor Canovas del Castillo then crying: "Assassin! Long live Spain!" returned to power in the year 1881; how-The premier was carried to his room and expired at 1:30 p.m., after extreme uncthrown, and a coalition between Senor tion had been administered him by a Sagasta and Marshal Martinez Campos priest of the Dominicon order.

came into office. Senor Canovas del Cas-The murderer was immediately seized tillo is the author of numerous works in moral and political science, and a His by people in the vicinity of the scene of tory of the House of Austria, which is the crime. He was severely handled in great repute. These publications have long since gained him admission into the and might have been killed had it not Academy of Madrid, In 1875 Senor Canbeen for the protection afforded him by ovas del Castillo received the insignia of a number of civil guards who ran to the the Order of the Red Eagle from the scene. Emperor of Germany, the Grand Cross The prisoner, who declared he had of the Order of the Tower and Sword

The skilful resistance of the latter de-

ever, his Conservative cabinet was over-

from the King of Portugal, and the

Golden Fleece from the King of Spain.

THE SCHEMING YANKEES.

Will Try and Hamper Canadian Trade

in the Yukon.

Washington, Aug. 9.-Representative

J. Hamilton Lewis, of the state of

ceived information which he deemed

trustworthy to the effect that the Can-

sued a special order fixing an exorbitant

rate of duty on everything brought by

miners entering the Clondyke country

cents a pound on goods of every charac-

ter. The treasury officials are inclined

to doubt the accuracy of this report, but

If, however, it should be found to be

A TERRIFIC EXPLOSION.

tory Accident.

adian commissioner of customs had is- He replied:

have taken means to ascertain the facts. Kinley, must be observed.

the

killed the premier "in accomplishment of a just vengeance," first gave the name of Rinaldi, and claimed that the deed was the outcome of an extensive anarchist conspiracy. Later, however, the assassin confessed that his real name was Michael Angine Golli, that he was 26 years age, a native of Boggia, near Naples, and had left Italy and come to Spain in 1896. After reaching Spain, Golli, actoms matters on the Alaska-Canadian frontier. Mr. Lewis said that he had recording to his confession, resided in Barcelona and participated in the doings of the various anarchist associations, in that place and vicinity. After sojourning in that place for some time, Golli vised France and Belgium and returned Spain in July last. After his return anarchist seems to have completed plans for the assassination of the rime minister. He left Madrid for Santa Agueda at the same time as Sen-Canovas del Castillo, and awaited his

true, the action of the department Senora Canovas del Castillo, wife of establishing a branch custom house at he premier, rushed to his side upon Dyea may be reconsidered and steps hearing the shots and bitterly reproachtaken to protect the rights of American d the murderer for the crime. Golli, miners in the premises. replying to the agonizing words of the istracted wife, said: "I respect you cause you are an honorable lady, but Terrible Loss of Life at a Cartridge Fachave done my duty, and I am now easy mind for having avenged my friends

Sofia, Bulgaria, Aug. 7.-A terrific ex and brothers of Montjuich." plosion occurred vesterday at a cartridge factory at Fastchuk, on the Dahube, 130 miles northwest of Varna. Forty-six persons were killed and many others injured. The lives of sixty of the latter are dispaired of. Prince Ferdinand of Bulearie Montjuich is a fortress in Barcelona outside of which anarchiste who have been sentenced to death for recent outrages have been executed by being shot n the back. The anarchists recently ex-Bulgaria, on receipt of the news of the disaster, visited the sufferers from the uted outside of Montjuich were the last batch of friends guilty of throwing explosion who had been taken to

ombs, on June 7th, 1889, into a religious hospital, and caused money to be distriprocession about to enter the church of , buted to the families of the victims.

my opinion that England would hesitate of the new cabinet, and he continued to lishes an interview said to have been hold the premiership, with the exception a long time before getting into such a obtained with John Sherman, secreof an interval of a few months, down to scrape. tary of state, just previous to his return "Japan as a nation is not to be despis-1879, when on return of Marshal Mar-

soldiers have been battling for pay. The

pay will stop and then the conflict will'

Japan would have no reason to fear that

her subjects would suffer from unfair

"While I believe that Japan is entirely

stop.

to Washington from Amagansett, L.I. ed. Her recent war with China shows House of Commons to draft a bill to en-In this interview Mr. Sherman is repre- the world that she stands well to the front as a powerful country." Her peosented as saving:

"Spain will lose Cuba. That seems to me to be certain. She cannot continue not beneath the contempt of any nation, than collecting the revenue under the and the time has come when she must be | old system?" asked the reporter. the struggle. Already the conflict has considered cost her more than \$200,000,000. Her

"But I do not believe that we will ever money is gone and she can get no more. She has reached the limit of her borrow-Our refusal to be intimidated has had a ing capacity. She cannot pay back what salutary effect. she has already borrowed. The only "It is not our custom to retreat or to

thing left for her to do is to repudiate retract, because we are caufious as to her debts. Having repudiated them, she movements and the statements we make. can begin anew, but she will have to be-This caution has generally placed us in gin without Cuba. That country is dea formidable position when international vastated. The insurgents have been complications arise." fighting with only the hope of ultimate success as their reward. The Spanish

NANAIMO MINERS. Fifty of the Protection Men Will be

Given Employment. "Spain is in no condition to wage war anywhere. The burdens placed upon The adjourned meeting of the Miners' her people to sustain the struggle for reand Mine Laborers' Protective Associataining Cuba have been very heavy. tion was held in the L. O. O. F. hall at Widespread discontent will come sooner 1 o'clock on Saturday morning. or later within the Spanish domain, Stopshutting down of the Protection shaft ping the struggle, by withdrawing her at the end of last month threw about troops from Cuba and by repudiating her 250 men out of employment. The comdebts is her only way to recover. Soonpany submitted to the union the names er or later she must do this. So far we of 50 of these men. for whom they have done nothing to arouse the anger would be able to provide work in the of the Spanish people. We have gone

other mines of the company. on minding our own business, deaf to The election of the executive committhe distress of Cuba and deaf to the tee for the next six months took place Washington, has had a conference with pleadings of our own people, who wanted with the following results: Joh n Mc Court, Alex. Matheson, Jr., John Dia-

the treasury officials in regard to cus- the government to interfere." The secretary was asked as to whether mond, Anthony Anderson, Isaac Nash, Edward Mulholland. John Shaw and there was any truth in the report that the American flag was to be raised in Joseph Pearson were elected to form the Hawaii and a protectorate proclaimed. finance committee for the next six months.

"I cannot divulge the instructions giv-A lengthy discussion in reference to en to Minister Sewall. Perhaps they the men thrown out of employment by shutting down the Protection will develop as time passes. But I can island by way of Alaska. According to Mr. say there will be no change in the situa-Lewis' information this duty was fifteen tion in Hawaii until congress reconshaft took place, and some dissatisfaction was expressed at the employment of wenes. There can be no change because new men by the company at the time were anticipating the closthe terms of the pending treaty, which when they have beeen approved by President Mcing of the Protection mine. It found, however, that nothing could be "There is nothing in this talk that a done in the matter, the company having

serious disagreement between this coun-'always reserved the right to employ and try and Japan will follow any interfer- discharge whom they pleased. ence on our part with the existing sys-The quarterly statement of the Astem of government in Hawaii. Japan sociation's accounts wer presented and must certainly understand that this naeminently satisfactory.-Free found tion has never objected to the Japanese Press.

and that whatever trouble it has had on GERMANY AGAIN PROTESTS this score was due to officials for whom we are not responsible and over whom Against the Sugar Dutles Imposed by the have no control. If we had Hawaii United States.

> London, Ang. 9.—The Berlin Contract ant of the Times says. "The fresh G man protest to the United States on duties differs for the sugar duties differs

Was

innocent of any intent of assuming to-ward us a belligerent or threatening atthe former protest in being a written one. Its concession to the agrarian agitation, therefore, does not pass unchallenged here. It is not yet known whether the protest represents an isolated act on the part of Germany, or whether it is in con-iunction with other governments, some of titude, it may be well to remark that her attitude, no matter what it might be, would not affect our position in the least. "We have always believed that we have more right to take a stand in the with other governments, so which have more gro and of complaint than

management of the Hawaiian islands and the government of the other lands

THE CHAZE IN WALL STREET a plebiscite vote in each colory, and if endorsed by a majority, then the respective parliaments will pass resolu tions and memorials to the Imperial force the federation measure.

"Do you find it easier working the ple number about 40,000,000. She is new fiscal policy of New South Wales

"Oh, no. It is much easier to rob a man than collect from him honestly," have any serious difficulty with England. | replied the premier, who, continuing the topic, related in a most interesting manner the features of the fiscal policy of that colony, free trade and direct taxation. There are only five articles on its customs schedule, and on which revenue is collected-spirits, wines, beer, tobacco and opium. The abandonment of the principle of protection, or a revenue tariff, enabled a saving of \$1,500,-000 a year in salaries. To meet the exof government a direct tax is pense levied on incomes, sixpence on the pound sterling, on all incomes over £200 a year, and a land tax of one penny on the pound sterling, all holdings of £240 and less being exempt. In this connection it was explained that improvements were The not considered, but land was assessed at its unimproved value, a practical adoption of the land values principle. "The spirit of the fiscal policy of New South Wales," continued Premier Reid, "is that when a settler is in distress he contributes nothing to the expense of the government, but when he is prosperous then we ask him to pay according to his wealth, and on the luxuries he is willing to indulge in." The tendency of the system of land taxation was to encourage improvement and to discourage gambling in land, as also a stimulus to cultivation of the soil. As an indication that Seligman & Co. the tax did not bear heavily on farmers

there are some 120,000 land owners in colony, of which fully 85,000 pay no taxes at all on their holdings, being assessed at a lower valuation than the amount exempt.

While an ardent advocate of the federation of the Australian colonies, Pre-mier Reid does not apparently rely strongly on imperial federation. He says the promoters have not yet presented a tangible scheme, though he is prepared to advocate any movement that is calculated to draw together the scattered colonies and cement them to the mother "Australia is now a complete country. animal," said the premier, "and does not care to become a mere portion-even of the British lion. The colony has been treated with generosity by the home gov-

rnment, and we are conscious of that, and know that we are better as a part of the empire than separated." As to aiding Great Britain in her military and

naval defences, he thought the colony which developed its natural resources and opened up new fields for investment of English capital and provided homes for the surplus population did more good than the presentation of modern war ships.

Reference was made to the action of the home government in notifying Germany and Belgium of the denouncement

New York, Aug 9 .- Wall street has keen seized by a genuine "'49" gold fever as a result of the discoveries in the Cløndyke. Men who have mined and mide money; men who have mined and

lost money; men who have always thought they might speculate a little in mining, and men who have had a complete abhorrence of mining-all seem to be affected in the same way. More than half a dozen banking concerns and as many individuals in Wall street, whose standing in the financial world is the very best, have actually turned away from \$5,000 to \$125,000 each which clients and customers wished to invest, under their guidance and supervision, in the great gold fields of Alaska. Ladenburg, Thalman & Co., H. L. Horton , Kean, Van Cortlant & Co., R. P. & Co. Loundsberry & Co., and Charles Head & Co. are some of these firms who have more money, offered them for investment in the Clondyke than they have desired. The prejudice against mining is waning. Only recently bankers who dabbled in mines were looked upon with about as much suspicion by their customers and the money world as a bank clerk or cashier who regularly played faro, roulette and the races. But that is wearing off, and the best concerns are beginning to mine in one way and another. Among the various down-town banking houses who are either interested in the Clondyke, who have send a representatives there for themselves or cusomers, or who have made up their minds to do so, are R. P. Loundsberry & Co., N. Guggenheim & Sons, Kean, Van Cortland & Co., Nicholas Chemical Company, H. B. Hollins & Co., H. L. Horton & Co., Charles Head & Co. and

Daniel Webster was extraordinarily fond of exen, and all those on his farm knew him by sight and would follow him like dogs.



of Real Estate (including small holdi and city properties) and Boats, Nets, about Two Acres of Barley, Buggy, Horse and Harness, Stage Coach and Misscellan Articles will take place in the O Honse and at the Public Wharf in

STEVESTON,

On Saturday, 28th August, 1897 Full particulars in bills and future ad-

Parties having similar subects for sale or surplus farm stock are sked to communicate with the subscriber at once.

ALEX. PHILIP, Steveston, Aug. 6, 1897. aug0-1w-d&w