

fire from without, and a party of soldiers from a barracks near at hand, were quickly stationed in the gallery which surrounds the court, on the first floor, and on the roof, from whence they killed 17 or 18, and wounded about 46 more, many of whom are since dead. The riot was thus quelled in a few minutes. No ill consequence resulted from this disturbance except that it afforded a pretext for the murder of Mr. Arthur Short a lieutenant on half-pay in the British navy, who had been a prisoner in the Acordada more than two years. He had a room which opened on the gallery up-stairs. The manner of his death is variously related; but it appears that the soldiery forced open the door of his room, broke an earthenware bath which he had placed against the door, full of water, struck him repeatedly on the right arm, and shoulders and back of the head, with the butt end of their muskets, thrust him out of the room into the corridor, where being again knocked down, the officer with them gave him, as he lay, the wound which caused his death. On the following morning he was removed from the prison to the house of a friend, where he lingered till the afternoon. Notwithstanding the horror with which this atrocious murder has filled every British subject, no steps have been taken by the Mexican authorities for a judicial investigation.—*Globe*.

WAGES OF MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT.—Chamberlayne says that the Lords of Parliament paid their own charges, because they represented only themselves; yet all the Commons, both lay and clergy, that is *procuratores cleri*, are to have *rationales expensis* (as the words of the writ are), that is such allowances as the king, considering the price of all things, shall judge meet to impose upon the people to pay. In the 17th of Edward II., it was ten groats for knights, and five for burgesses: but not long after it was four shillings for all others; when the counties, cities, and boroughs, paid so dear for their expenses, that they were wont to choose such men as were best able, and most diligent in the speedy despatch of business. The afore-mentioned expenses duly paid did cause all the petty decayed boroughs of England to become suitors to the king, that they might not be obliged to send burgesses to parliament; whereby it came to pass that divers were unburgessed, as it was in particular granted to Chipping and Market-Morrison upon their petition; and then the number of the Commons' House being scarce half so many as at present (1688) their debates and bills were sooner expedited.

CARBONEAR STAR.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 8, 1833.

The business of the Northern Circuit Court commenced on Monday last, at Harbour Grace, before his Honour Acting Chief Judge Simms, who delivered on the occasion a very impressive discourse, in which he strongly animadverted on the conduct of those persons who combined, for illegal purposes, stating, at the same time, that the instigators of such combinations, though not actors in them, were equally amenable to the law. His Honour also complimented the gentlemen of the Grand Jury on the small number of cases to which he had to direct their attention; viz. two cases of petty larceny, and one of assault and battery. This circumstance, he said, was the more gratifying, when the great distress, arising from the disastrous fire in Harbour-Grace, and other circumstances were considered. The whole of the address was listened to with great attention. The Grand Jury made a presentation to his Honour, to the effect that a constable of this District had refused to execute a warrant against a man who had committed a criminal offence, without being first paid a fee of 15s., which they considered an illegal demand, and an impediment thrown in the way of the due execution of the law. His Honour said he hoped it was a mistake, but he would sift the affair to the bottom. We understand the constable is not the only person in fault; but as the case is to be investigated we refrain from further remark.

A private letter, dated April 2, addressed to a Mercantile house in this place, and received by the Brig LARK, Pynn, 30 days from Lisbon, gives the important information, that vessels from this Island which call off Vianna, Oporto, or Figueira for orders, and there receive them, so as to proceed to Spain, will not be admitted into any port of that kingdom. It further states that "the Hero, with fish, was ordered from Cadiz, to Mahon, to perform quarantine, but having come here, our Health Board at first gave her leave to enter, but, on finding the Spanish Health Board had endorsed her papers, stating that in consequence of the communication with Oporto, she was not admitted: the same has induced them to issue the same orders here."

Oporto remains in the same state of siege, but has recently received supplies of provisions, stores, &c. and some troops from England and France. Some fighting had taken place, in which Pedro's troops gained the advantage. Thus it appears that the contest between the two brothers is as far from being settled as ever. And so it must continue to be, unless England and France step in and put an end to the unnatural contest. The Portuguese seem to be satisfied with their tyrant—why not permit them to remain slaves? It is certainly evident that the Portuguese nation is not favourable to the pretensions of Donna Maria, or the contest would long ere this have ceased; it is also evident that if France and England did not secretly support them, Oporto could not have been held so long. Whatever dic-

tates the policy at present pursued by England towards Portugal; or whatever advantage is expected from it, is difficult to divine—one thing is *certain*, the trade of this country is materially injured by it.

Dons Carlos and Sebastian with their families, arrived in Lisbon, on the 13th March. It is supposed that they were sent out of Spain in consequence of some political intrigues against the government.

SEAL FISHERY.—Nearly all the vessels which sailed from this port to prosecute that usually lucrative fishery, have arrived, and we may now confidently state the average catch to be very far below those of preceding years: the vessels belonging to other ports in this bay, we believe, have met with no better success. The Seal Fishery of 1833 will, we have no doubt, be noted in the annals of Newfoundland, for the unprecedented number of vessels lost and damaged in pursuing it. The following list, extracted from the *Royal Gazette*, to which may be added the Mary, and the Fame, of this port, is, we fear, but a small part of the losses of which we expect to hear. Six vessels are still absent from this place, of which no satisfactory tidings have yet been heard; great fears are entertained for their safety.—"The Schooner Union, Delany, Master."

Reported in our last. The Schooner Olive Branch, supposed belonging to Greenspond, has also been fallen in with, bottom up.

The Schooner-Lark, Purcell, Master, of this Port, appears likewise to have been lost.—The master's box, with that Schooner's papers, having been found floating among some pieces of wreck—nothing is known of the crew.

The Schooner Robert, Brine, Master, of this Port, has been wrecked—crew taken into Bay Bulls.

The Schooner Selina, Barrett, Master, of Carbonear, has been abandoned at Sea. The crew, with about 1700 Seals, and the greater part of the Vessel's Materials, have been carried into Bay Bulls, by the Ann, Dwyer, of this Port.

On Wednesday last, an Inquest was held in Harbour Grace, before, J. Stark, Esq. on the body of Mary Fanning, wife of Peter Fanning, baker. A respectable Jury was summoned, consisting of 17 persons, of whom Mr. A. Drysdale, was elected chairman. Many witnesses were examined, after which, the Jury returned a verdict of "Wilful Murder" against Peter Fanning, the deceased's husband, who was in custody on suspicion. He was immediately committed to gaol on the Coroner's warrant.

It appears that the horrid deed was committed with the handle of a spade, which was found in the house, broken to pieces and covered with blood. The deceased was pregnant, and expected to be confined in another month. No cause is assigned for the committal of the sanguinary act.

The business of the Central Circuit Court was opened on Tuesday last, the Hon. Judge BRENTON presiding. After the delivery of the charge to the Jury, the following indictments were preferred: viz. against James Walsh, Eliza Murphy, Owen O'Neill, Michael Aylward, and Catherine Crowley, for petty larceny. True bills were found, and the prisoners having been arraigned, severally pleaded *Guilty*. Against James French, a true bill was also returned, and the prisoner was found guilty, but recommended to mercy.

Edward, Nowlan was indicted for cheating; a true bill was found, and the prisoner pleaded *Guilty*.

Bridget Harley, Joanna Hacket, and William Landergan were indicted for larceny.—The bills having been ignored the two former were admonished by the Court previous to their discharge.

Michael Connell was indicted for manslaughter; a true bill was found, and his case stands for trial this day.

True bills were also found against William Fahey and Edward Snow, for assault, and whose cases also stand for hearing this day.—*Ledger*, May 3.

It is stated that HENRY THOMAS and JOHN BLAND, Esqs. have been appointed to fill the vacancy at present existing in the Legislative Council.—*Ibid*.

Married, on Sunday last, at St. James's Church, Carbonear, by the Rev. C. Shrieve, Mr. G. Pike, to Miss Susan Taylor, eldest daughter of Mr. R. H. Taylor, all of this place.

Shipping Intelligence.

HARBOUR GRACE.

Arrived from the Seal Fishery:—SINCE WEDNESDAY LAST. Salvage, Penny, 313. John, Peppy, 1300. Fanny, Glaveen, 1300. Hit or Miss, Roberts, 700.

CARBONEAR.

ENTERED. May 5.—Brig Lark, Pynn, Lisbon; salt, wine, and fruit.

Arrived from the Seal Fishery:—SINCE WEDNESDAY LAST. Ann, Davis, 259, (second trip). Mary, Luther, 800, with the loss of two men, and considerably damaged. Several other vessels have arrived, all badly fished.

ST. JOHN'S.

ENTERED. April 20.—Brigantine Jabez, Tuzo, Trinidad; sugar and molasses. 22.—Brig Paget, Bascombe, St. Vincent; sugar, rum, and molasses. 25.—Brig Augusta-Ann, Darrel, Bermuda, empty casks.

CLEARED.

April 19.—Brigantine Buoyant, Ponsonby, Bahia; fish. Brig Vittoria, Elder, Porto; fish. Brig Morven, Towns, Demerara; fish and oil. 20.—Schooner Albion, Lowton, Naples; fish. American Brig Frances Sophia, Hall, Trinidad; fish. American Brig Cherokeé, Stedson, West Indies; fish. Schooner Devonshire, Williams, Bermuda; fish, salmon, &c. Brig Invulnerable, Walsh, Cork; fish. Schooner Agnes, Fogarty, P. E. Island; salt. Brig Sir John Thomas Duckworth, Williams, Grenada; pork, flour, &c. 24.—Schooner Champion, Sinclair, Sydney; ballast. 25.—Brig Elizabeth, Ross, Quebec; rum, molasses, oil, &c. 26.—Schooner Elizabeth, Rendell, Oporto; fish. Brigantine Palmetto, George, Grenada; flour, pork, fish, &c. Brig Pleiades, Wilson, Richibucto; lathwood. Brig Lavinia, Caldwell, Greenock; fish. Schooner Anastatia, Munro, Halifax; skins. 27.—Barque Little Catherine, Willis, Demerara; fish, oil, &c. Brig Frances Russell, Dill, Trinidad; pork, flour, &c. 29.—Brig Bessy Dryden, Richardson, Bay Chaleur; ballast. 30.—Brig Bermudiana, Newbold, Barbadoes; flour, pork, and fish. May 2.—Brig Belfast, —, Barbadoes; fish. Brig Louisa, Huxtable, Sydney and New-York; ball-

ON SALE.

By Private Contract, THE Schooner FREDERICK, Burden, 47 register, 62 Tons. Apply to JOHN WILSHEAR. Carbonear, May 8, 1833.

SUBSCRIBERS.

1,200 Qls. Labrador Merchantable

FISH.

J. McCARTHY & Co.

Carbonear, April 17, 1833.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER

THE Brigantine MINERVA, Burden, 47 register, 90 Tons.

S. STROUD, Master. Apply to the Master on board, or, to W. W. BEMISTER, and Co. Carbonear, May 8, 1833.

SALE BY AUCTION.

On FRIDAY

The 10th May.

WILL BE SUBMITTED FOR SALE, AT THE COMMERCIAL ROOM, In St. JOHN'S,

The valuable and commodious Premises

AT HOLYROOD,

Belonging to the Bankrupt Estate of

Mr. H. W. DANSON.

This Property is Fee-simple, and comprises an Establishment admirably calculated for the business of this country.

IT CONSISTS OF

A good Dwelling-House, 2 Stores, Counting-House, Shop, Coopers' Shop, Cook-Room, Wharf, 2 Stages, 3 large Flakes, Cellar, with Net-Loft over; Garden and Meadow Ground, with Cow-House, and 4 Tenements for Fish, ermen.—These Premises are in excellent condition, and most of the erections have been very recently made.—For further particulars apply to

ROBINSON, BROOKING, GARLAND, & Co. St. John's,

Or, JAMES HIPPLISLEY, Harbour Grace.

Agents for the Assignee of H. W. DANSON'S Estate.

Harbour Grace, April 16, 1833.

NOTICES.

FOR HALIFAX.

To Sail in a few Days, THE NEW Schooner LAVINIA,

92 Tons register.

Has good Accommodation for PASSENGERS.

Apply to the Master, on board;

Or, to ROBERT AYLES.

Carbonear, May 8, 1833.

ON weighing the anchor of the Schooner BENJAMIN, of this port, on the 7th of March last, an ANCHOR, weighing about 3 cwt., and a CHAIN CABLE 70 fathoms long, were found attached to it. Whoever claims the above can receive them, after paying expenses, by applying to W. W. BEMISTER and Co.

Unless claimed shortly the above will be sold to pay expenses.

Carbonear, May 8, 1832.

For Sale at the Office of this Paper.

INSTRUCTIONS

FOR SEALERS.

A SERMON,

BY THE

W. BULLOCK,

Protestant Episcopal Missionary, Trinity.

PRICE 6d. EACH COPY.

Carbonear, April 10, 1833.

BOOTS and SHOES.

BENJAMIN REES begs leave to inform the Inhabitants of Carbonear, Harbour Grace, and their Vicinities, that he has taken the Shop, attached to Mr. McKee's House, where he intends carrying on

BOOT AND SHOE-MAKING.

(Both Pegged and Sewed).

In all its various Branches; and, by strict attention to business, hopes to merit a share of public patronage. As none but the best Workmen will be employed, those favouring him with their custom, may depend on having their orders executed in the neatest manner and at the shortest notice.

PRICES:

Gentlemen's Wellington Boots @ 25s. 4 pair Ditto Blucher or laced ditto 15s. ... Men's Shoes 10s to 11s. ...

LADIES' BOOTS AND SHOES.

Boots @ 10s. 4 pair Shoes 8s. ...

And all other work in proportion.

Mending and repairing Boots and Shoes will be strictly attended to.

Carbonear, April 3, 1833.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

BY THE ABOVE,

FOUR Journeymen Shoe-makers;

To whom liberal Wages will be given.—None need apply but good Workmen.

April 17, 1833.

THE Business hitherto carried on in this Town, under the Firm of PROWSE and JAUQUES, will be continued by the Subscriber, from this date, in his own Name.

GEORGE EDWARD JAUQUES.

Carbonear, Dec. 31, 1832.

(CIRCULAR.)

Office of American and Foreign Agency.

New-York, Oct. 1, 1832.

THIS establishment was founded in the city of New-York, in the year 1828, and is exclusively restricted to Commission and Agency transactions, embracing the recovery of Debts, Claims and Inheritances. Having efficient and responsible sub-agents in the principal cities of the United States, and correspondents at the chief ports and capitals of Foreign Governments in commercial relations therewith, this Agency possesses peculiar advantages and facilities for the safe and speedy transaction of such business as may be confided thereto, subject to the usual Commissions prescribed by the New-York Chamber of Commerce.

Orders for purchases or investments must be accompanied either with a remittance of funds, or consignment of produce, &c., to the amount required, addressed to the undersigned, Director in the Office of the Agency, No. 49, Wallstreet, New-York.

AARON H. PALMER, Director.