

THE ROYAL FAMILY.

THE QUEEN.

VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, &c., Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India. Her Majesty was born at Kensington Palace, May 24, 1819; succeeded to the throne June 20, 1837, on the death of her uncle, King William IV.; was crowned June 28, 1838; and married February 10, 1840, to his late Royal Highness Prince Albert. Her Majesty is the only child of his late Royal Highness Edward Duke of Kent, son of King George III. The children of Her Majesty are:—

Her Royal Highness Victoria-Adelaide-Mary-Louisa, PRINCESS ROYAL OF ENGLAND AND GERMANY, born November 21, 1840, and married to his Imperial Highness Frederick William, Crown Prince of Germany, January 25, 1858.

His Royal Highness ALBERT-EDWARD, PRINCE OF WALES, born November 9, 1841; married March 10, 1863, Alexandra of Denmark (Princess of Wales), born December 1, 1844, and eldest daughter of the King of Denmark.

Her Royal Highness Alice-Maude-Mary, born April 25, 1843, married to H.R.H. Prince Frederick Louis of Hesse, July 1, 1862; died December 14, 1878.

His Royal Highness Alfred-Ernest-Albert, Duke of Edinburgh, Earl of Kent and Earl of Ulster, born August 6, 1844; married to the Grand Duchess Marie Alexandrowna of Russia.

Her Royal Highness Helena-Augusta-Victoria, born May 25, 1846; married July 5, 1866, Prince Frederick Christian of Schleswig-Holstein.

Her Royal Highness Louisa-Carolina-Alberta, born March 18, 1848; married March 23, 1871, to the Marquis of Lorne, late Governor-General of Canada.

His Royal Highness Arthur-William-Patrick-Albert, K.G., Duke of Connaught, born May 6, 1850; married March 13, 1879, to Her Royal Highness Princess Louisa-Margaret of Prussia.

His Royal Highness Leopold-George-Duncan-Albert, Duke of Albany, born April 7, 1853; married April 27, 1882, to H. R. H. Princess Helena of Waldeck; died 28 March, 1884.

Her Royal Highness Beatrice-Mary-Victoria-Feodora, born April 14, 1857; married July 23, 1885, to Prince Henry of Battenberg.

COLONIAL OFFICE.

Secretary of State—LORD KNUTSFORD.

Under Secretaries, Baron Henry De Worms, M.P.; Sir Robert G. W. Herbert, D.C.L., K.C.B.

HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR CANADA IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

Hon. Sir Charles Tupper, Bart., G.C.M.G. C.B., D.C.L., 9 and 10 Victoria Chambers, London, S.W.

Joseph G. Colmer, C.M.G., *Secretary Canadian Government Offices in London.*

Arthur W. Reynolds, *Assistant Secretary and Accountant.*

JANUARY.—There is no doubt that pigs if well fed will pay handsomely. They should get clean food and clean quarters. If this plan is followed, a pig should gain one pound for every four and a half pounds of grain, a breeding sow should be carefully fed and allowed plenty of salt; her quarters should be comfortable, not crowded, well ventilated and dry. Young pigs should be suckled for about three months. The little pigs should have plenty of cold water to drink; their food should be sweet, not sour. Hogs should be fed three times a day and with an admixture of grain. A recent writer on this subject says it will be possible to gain one pound of live weight up to 200 pounds for every four pounds of grain fed. The proper weight at which to sell pigs is from 150 to 200 pounds live weight.

Governor G.
ARTHUR STANLEY
Peerage of Great Britain
the Bath; Governor
etc.

Major the Hon.
Secretary; Lieut.
Aides-de-Camp
Col. P. Landgrave

J. J. McGee,

Major the Hon.
Jones, *Chief Clerk*
Clerks; George

John Thorburn

Their Honors
Real Angers,
Tilley, C.B.,
Island; Hon.
Hon. Hugh Nelson

FEBRUARY.
that the Plymouth
chicken between
provided the
The Wyandotte
four to five months
but after seven
named will be

TREATMENT.
will not freeze
hens active by
ply, warm me
the hens can
their crops full
to gorge the
general purpose
inbreed, or the
and four years
try as fair a trade
or cattle. Use
it into poultry