WOULD ARM GERMANY TO BEAT REDS

Paris Gets Details of Secret Plan.

PARIS, Nov. 3.—A certain English clique, headed by Winston Churchill, and having the support of a small coterie of the British military hierarchy, proposes to have the Germans drive the Bolsheviki from Poland.

News of the plan, which leaked out today in Paris in French military and diplomatic circles, resulted in an inspired campaign in the French press to wean the people away from their hatred of the Bolsheviki. The press preached that the Bolsheviki were not such bad fellows after all, their armistice terms were not so bad, and Poland committed a mistake when she refused the Soviet demands for peace after she had captured Kiev last May.

Illogical, Say French.

French opinion everywhere violently opposes the reported English scheme, terming it illogical and stupid, because the sole reason for ejecting the Bolsheviki from Poland is to prevent the Russians and Germans from joining forces.

But the plan itself provides a way for the Russians and Germans to join. It is true that they would be enemies, fighting each other, in the beginning, but following an armistice and during peace pour-parlers the Russian and German troops would fraternize, the net result being that the two countries would establish relations via Poland.

The Reds could be thrown beyond the Polish eastern frontier, as in the plan outlined by Lloyd George by 250,000 well trained troops in a couple of weeks, about the same amount of time it would take the Germans successfully to Germanize Poland.

Million Soldiers Needed.

The projected campaign is tantamount to a military occupation of Poland by Germany, whose lines of communication would necessarily stretch across this buffer state and the Germans would be practically in authority everywhere through military necessity.

Gens. Ludendorff and Hoffman, who have already been secretly approached on the proposal, asserted that 1,000,000 troops would be necessary. French military opinion insists that this number is four times too great and points out that it would provide Germany with a huge army to use as a menace when the campaign ended.

The English scheme hopes to allay French antagonism by offering to pay for the entire transaction by returning Germany her colonies.

Germans Might Turn.

It is believed also that Germany might be induced to agree to permit the French to occupy Ruhr and Frankfort as guarantees that they would withdraw from Poland and demobilize their army to 100,000, as provided in the treaty, after the Bolsheviki had been defeated.

The French declare, however, that Germany with millions of organized troops would decide to switch her army westward, seize Ruhr and Frankfort by force of arms, thereby forcing France either to submit or to order a general mobilization and begin another war based on the Russian question, which, if impossible to settle now, would be impossible to settle then.

Would Strengthen Huns.

Gen. Hoffman is reported to have stated that he would not commence a campaign without 100 line divisions with proportionate artillery, aeroplanes, tanks and material of war.

The most serious possible result would be to install into the Russians a respect for Germany as the sole power able to make war and to hold the Allies in contempt and derision for having been forced to bribe another power to fight their battles.

The German hegemony would be powerfully extended eastward and the Teutonic influence would be immeasurably increased.

Opposed by Lloyd George.

The Germans would extract more favorable terms from the Soviet than the Allies and would dominate Poland immediately and Russia eventually.

Although realizing these facts, Lloyd George and Sir Henry Wilson, both of whom oppose the project, are unable to offer an alternative and fear the world's condemnation if they sit by and placidly watch Poland swallowed up by the Reds.

The result may be that the French may withdraw their insistence that the Soviet should promise to pay Russia's debt to France in order to secure an immediate peace.

Head of Salvation Army On Tour of the Dominion

General Bramwell Booth, son of the famous founder of the organization, who was given a splendid reception by the citizens and Army workers of Toronto Saturday last. The general was received by Mayor Church at the city hall. Photo shows him at the salute while reviewing the members of the Salvation Army at Queen's Park.

SEA CAPTAIN WILL LEARN OF DEATH OF HIS WIFE ON LANDING

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—(By Canadian Press).—When Capt. James W. Ford of the Oriental Steamship Company's Chester Valley, returns to New York from Constantinople early in December, he will learn of the death of his wife, Ida M. Ford, who died in the Homeopathic Hospital, Newark, early this month. His wife made a last request that her husband be not notified of her decease until his ship returns to New York harbor. His ship was in Constantinople at the time.

"He would be nervous and not be a good captain," is the reason she gave for her request.

SHIP SILVER BARS WORTH $200,000,000

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 3.—(By Canadian Press).—Two hundred million dollars' worth of silver bars have just been sent secretly from Washington across the United States en route to India, according to Raymond T. Baker, director of the United States mint. The bars were each worth $1,000. The special trains carrying the silver pigs came into Omaha on various lines and went over the Union Pacific from Omaha to San Francisco, which will be the port of sailing for the treasure. The shipment was known to but three persons in Omaha.

M. C. FOLMAR INJURED IN AUTO ACCIDENT

Was Motoring To Rondeau With Party—Car Skidded Into Ditch.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

BLENHEIM, Nov. 3. — Martin C. Folmar, 85 Ridout street, South London, manager of the Canada Life Assurance Company, had a leg broken in an automobile accident near here tonight. With three other Londoners, Ed. Nelles, W. L. Duffield and George Little he was motoring to Rondeau on a duck-shooting expedition when the car skidded, struck a culvert and went into a ditch. Folmar was the only one of the party seriously injured. He was taken to a house in the village.

WOMEN OF JAMAICA WILL NOW HAVE VOTE

Kingston, Jamaica, Nov. 3.—(By Canadian Press).—Under a new law the women of Jamaica are to have a vote in the elections for the parochial boards and the Legislature. Every woman is entitled to vote if she can read and write, is 25 years of age or more, and if of British nationality, but she must have also certain salary or property qualifications. The salary designated is five pounds sterling a year, or she must pay ten pounds sterling in rent or two pounds sterling rates on house, lands or personal property.

GERMANS MAY RULE RUSSIA AND JOIN JAPS

Alliance Is Likely To Direct East.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 3. — While the Japanese are extending their occupation of Siberia, the peaceful penetration of Russia by the Germans is proceeding apace, and it is with the Germans that the Japenese expect eventually to make terms, and perhaps an alliance.

This is the information brought to Washington today by Col. Frank R. Blunt, the Chicago railway executive, who has just returned from two and a half years' service with John F. Stevens' American engineers corps in reorganizing and operating the Trans-Siberian Railroad. Col. Blunt left with Mr. Stevens in Harbin, Manchuria, a detailed report of his observations of actual conditions not only in Siberia but in Russia proper under the soviet regime.

"There is no blinking the fact that Germany is actively engaged in paving the way to acquire domination of Russia," said Col. Blunt tonight. "During the two and a half years I spent in Siberia I witnessed the arrival of Germans in ever increasing numbers, and the same phenomenon attracted the attention of many other American railway men stationed at various points on the Trans-Siberian line."

Making Peaceful Invasion.

"I also know that Germany's peaceful invasion of Siberia is greatly exceeded in extent by the same movement in Russia proper, into which I penetrated as far as 140 miles west of the Urals. Germany is sending thousands of shrewd men into the Soviet republic, where they are settling and gaining the confidence of the Russians.

"In fact it was not until I got into Soviet Russia that the activities and influence wielded by the Germans began to attract my attention. As fast as the soviets extend their lines eastward into Siberia the Germans follow and establish themselves.

"There is no doubt in my mind that German domination of Russia is the present aim of Germany, with an alliance of Germany, Russia, and Japan the eventual objective. It is a situation fraught with great danger to the future peace of the world."

Plan To Whip Japanese.

"Are the Bolsheviki aware of Germany's designs and agreeable thereto?" I asked Col. Blunt.

"The Soviet leaders know the plans of the Germans," replied the colonel, "but profess to have no fear of them. The Bolsheviki entertain no thought of an alliance with the Japanese, whom they hate and whom they are determined to drive out of Siberia. Soviet leaders have assured me that they will be ready to whip the Japanese in three years from now, and that they have no doubt they can do it.

"The Bolsheviki tolerate the Germans because the Germans are friendly, and the Soviets want friends who can and will help them. The Soviet leaders would prefer the friendship and aid of America to that of Germany, but they feel they may be compelled to fall back on Germany. The Germans are prostrate now, but in a few years they will be able to render enormous aid to Russia.

Germany Awaits Fall of Soviet.

"The danger is that the Soviet Government will not endure, and that before another year has elapsed it will fall unless it can obtain supplies from the outside world. Then Germany will get in her work in Russia. The government that succeeds the soviet regime will be dominated by the Germans in Russia, and that government will make terms with the Japanese in regard to Japanese occupation of Siberia. I learned from Japanese officers that this is exactly what the Japanese are counting on.

"For the promotion of their own purposes the Japanese are keeping Siberia in a state of disorder. Their troops are scattered all through the territory as far as Chita. Whenever conditions begin to settle down to a peaceful state the Japanese troops stir up fresh fighting. By so doing they not only obstruct the further advance of the soviet forces, but they make it appear that the turbulent condition of the country necessitates the presence of Japanese forces for the protection of Japanese residents.

"It also is a fact that the Japanese, generally in a friendly way, obstructed everything the Americans were trying to do in Siberia."

GOATS' MILK COMING INTO USE IN PARIS

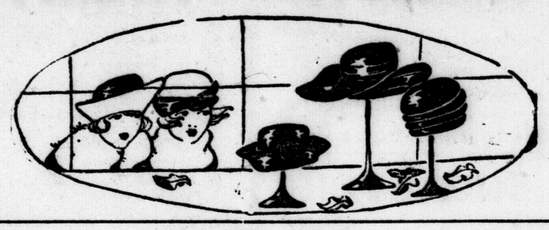
PARIS, Nov. 1.—The constant decrease in France's cattle reserve has had the effect of restoring an industry which has been lost sight of, at least in the larger cities, for two generations, the vending of goats' milk.

Even the most aristocratic quarters of Paris are now being visited each morning by employees of a Montrouge goat herd, leading three or four of the milk-giving animals and offering as many litres as the customer may wish —and is willing to pay for.

The business is apparently a profitable one, despite the fact that goats now cost nearly twenty times as much as before the war. The milk is greatly sought for by mothers with sick children and costs 2 francs a litre (40 cents in normal currency). M. Soucaze, owner of nearly 400 goats which are paraded every morning in the streets of Paris, intends to increase his flock to 1,000 as soon as he can find the animals.

Away Below Half Price

FRIDAY and SATURDAY



360 Women's and Misses' Hats, $1.45

Reg. $3.00 and $5.00

Jaunty and good-looking hats for women and misses, in clever tailored effects, in styles, sizes and shapes too diverse and numerous to describe. All up-to-date 1920 shapes, all fresh and in good condition, black and colors. Wonderful values, these. Regular $3.00 to $5.00 hats. Friday and Saturday $1.45

Banded, Tailored, Semi-Trimmed MILLINERY $2.95

Reg. $4.00 to $7.50

Scores of styles to select from in these stylish hats of fine quality Lyons silk velvet and hatter's plush, in vast assortment of colors, including black. Just think, an opportunity to buy a smartly tailored banded or semi-trimmed hat, in an infinite variety of shapes and colors; regularly worth $4.00 to $7.50. On Friday and Saturday for $2.95

22 NEW YORK

Pattern Hats at HALF PRICE

Millinery aristocrats! These 22 Distinctive Model Hats recently came from New York. Each one different and a masterpiece in itself. Ask to see our groups offered Friday and Saturday at **HALF PRICE.**

FASCINATING SPORT

BEAVER HATS

Reg. $10.00 to $12.00

$3.95

Saucy Sport Hats, of rich, heavy-piled beavers, in many youthful styles. See our wide assortment of gay sport colors, and, remember,, regular $10.00 to $12.00 hats, Friday and Saturday..... $3.95

$7.50 to $9.00

FEATHER HATS

$3.95

Multi-colored, youthful, becoming, distinctively styled and superior in quality. Get your share of these notably fine values.

A CHAIN OF MILLINERY STORES

340 Semi - Trimmed and Tailored

Children's Hats, 95c

Reg. $1.50 to $2.50

What a privilege to be able to select your little daughter's hat from a varied assortment of 340—what choice, what exceptional value! For school, dress-up or general wear, this is your opportunity to buy kiddies' hats at sharp-cut reductions. Regular $1.50 to $2.50 hats. Friday and Saturday only 95c

Jaunty New York

Hats for the Kiddies

$1.65

A comprehensive range of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats of velvet and velveteens, in colors of black, navy, brown, sand, old rose and saxe. Just recall the few chances you have had recently to buy good hats around this sale price, and come early Friday morning. Regular $3.00 and $4.50 hats. Friday and Saturday $1.65

We've Reduced The Price of Every Piece of FUR IN THE STORE

Here are the specials we are offering on our Sets, Neckpieces, Throws, Muffs, etc., while they last:

Black Russian Wolf Stoles	$7.75	Raccoon Muff to match	$30.00
Black Russian Wolf Muff	$7.75	Beautiful Opossum Shawl, 66 inches long	$68.00
Beautiful Grey Wolf Stole	$12.50	Beautiful Red Fox Stole	$24.00
Grey Wolf Muff to match	$10.50	Red Fox Muff to match	$24.00
Beautiful Brown Wolf Stole	$14.00	Beautiful Seal Shawl, 12 inches wide, 70 inches long	$44.00
Brown Wolf Muff to match	$12.00	Children's White Thibet Collars	$5.75
Genuine Raccoon Stole	$32.50	Children's White Thibet Muffs	$5.75

Hundreds of other pieces of Fur, including Beaver, Sable, Fitch, Hudson Seal and Fox, too numerous to describe, at greatly reduced prices.

ROYAL MILLINERY AND FUR CO.

246 DUNDAS STREET

TENDER GUMS — A WARNING

Beware of gum tenderness that warns of Pyorrhea. Four out of five people over forty have Pyorrhea—many under forty also. Loosening teeth indicate Pyorrhea. Bleeding gums, too. Remember—these inflamed, bleeding gums act as so many doorways for disease germs to enter the system—infecting the joints or tonsils—or causing other ailments.

Forhan's positively prevents Pyorrhea, if used in time and used consistently. As it hardens the gums the teeth become firmer.

Brush your teeth with Forhan's. It cleans the teeth scientifically—keeps them white and clean.

If gum-shrinkage has already set in, start using Forhan's and consult a dentist immediately for special treatment.

35c and 60c tubes in Canada and U. S. If your druggist cannot supply you, send price to us direct and we will mail tube postpaid.

FORHAN'S, LTD., Montreal

Forhan's FOR THE GUMS

PICTURESQUE CUSTOMS STILL PREVAIL IN THE WEST INDIES

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Harry A. Franck, the "vagabond" traveler, has been exploring the French West Indies, and has had the good luck said to be vouchsafed only to the traveler who takes his luck along with him in the shape of a keen sense of the picturesque and unusual.

Judging from narratives, duels are conducted in the French Islands with a heat that would satisfy the most picaresque of swaggerers, a decorum at which no chevalier could cavil, and a bloodlessness that might convert Bertrand Russell, John Haynes Holmes and William Jennings Bryan from pacifism.

Challenges in Large Type.

Mr. Franck says of the newspapers: "Instead of news, the front pages are taken up with * * challenges to duels, set in the largest type available. Let it not be supposed, however, that these lead to any great amount of bloodshed. In virtually all cases the long series of letters exchanged between the contestants, or, more exactly, between their seconds and set down at full length in the public prints, end on some such tone as:

Messieurs Pinville and Larcher, representing M. Marc Larcher, and M.M. Binet and Hantoni, representing M. Louis Percin, having met in the city hall in the matter of a demand for satisfaction from M. Marc Larchen by M. Larcin, on account of an article in the "Democratic Coloniale" of March 20, came to an agreement that there was a misunderstanding between M. Percin and M. Marc Larcher, neither the one nor the other having ever had the intention of making any allegations which should encroach upon the private life of either.

"In consequence, they declare the incident irrevocably closed."

He saw, also, scenes in the marketplaces that must have made him think the island chaffering had suffered a "rich sea change" from the tame customs of purchasing which prevail at home.

Bargaining Chief Pleasure.

"Bargaining," he says, "is one of the chief amusements of the West Indian negro; when he has been reared in a French environment he seems to find double joy in it. Every purchase is the occasion for an extended quarrel which stops short of nothing but actual fisticuffs. A slice of meat tossed from the scales into a purchaser's basket invariably brings a shriek of protest from the seller. The buyer has short changed him! Buyers always do, unless they are despised tourists, who always foolishly pay the first price demanded.

"A mighty shouting arises over the scene of contention; it increases to an uproar that is almost audible above the general hubbub. The meat and the money are snatched back and forth a score of times, foul names are seen, if not heard, on the thick lips of the shrieking opponents; a copper is added to the handful of now bloody coins, withdrawn again as the seller slashes a match-sized strip off the maltreated slice of meat; copper and strip are once more conceded, the screams grow deafening, until at length a bargain is struck, and the two part company with friendly nods that are mutual promises to engage in similar entertainment on the morrow."

Not only did he see an adaptation of the French duel and a transformation of French bargaining, but "there are suggestions of Parisian street life in Pointe-a-Pitre (the commercial capital of Guadeloupe), interlarded with tropical touches of its own. Frenchmen whose faces give evidence that they have not left their cuisine, and wine-cellars behind cling tenaciously to those white pith helmets without which no man of their race thinks he can endure streets, with a certain Latin dignity befitting such adornment, even when it is accompanied by bare feet. Humped oxen, yoked sometimes on the neck, more often on the horns, saunter through town with their cumbersome carts. The town-criers, two men in uniform, the one beating a drum and the other reading aloud an official notice on each corner, carry the thoughts back to medieval France. Cafes with awning-shaded tables monopolizing the sidewalks, notices exceedingly French not only in wording, but in general appearance, posted on house and shop walls, even the rather rundown aspect of the buildings, give the place a decidedly French atmosphere."

the tropics. Soldiers and ex-soldiers, with varying degrees of African complexion, stalk about in their horizon-blue or colonial khaki, a string of medals gleaming on their chests.

"Negroes in Napoleon III. beards stroll along the shaded edge of the

Homelike Touches.

But there were homelike touches, too. All over the world the traveler of today seems to meet with Standard Oil tins —one remembers the five-gallon cans that Frederick O'Brien says the Marquesans call tipoti—and Mr. Franck mentions that a coast steamer from Fort de France to St. Pierre took on the capital's daily supply of milk in five-gallon Standard Oil tins corked with handfuls of leaves.

It was while on this steamer that he saw the sandstone cliffs—"as absolutely sheer as if they had been cut with a gigantic knife"—with little shrines at the foot to keep them from falling into the sea.

Yet the islands are modern, too. There are plenty of private automobiles, and land travel may be by public auto de poste.

"But," says Mr. Franck, "there is little room in them compared with the demand for places and a curt 'Pas de place' is almost certain to be the greeting to the would-be traveler who does not buy his ticket at least the day before.

Moreover, ticket or no ticket, it behooves him to be on hand at the back of the postoffice well before the starting hour set, unless he would see his reserved place squeezed out of existence before he has occupied it, or the conveyance gone before he arrives, for the public means of transport in the French West Indies have a mania for starting ahead of time that is little less disconcerting than the manana temperament of their Spanish neighbors, particularly as their favorite official hour of departure is daybreak."

Negroes Praised.

Mr. Franck has some good words to say for the negroes of the French West Indies, and some interesting ideas as to why they are so superior to the negroes of the other West Indian islands. "White women," he says, "may go freely anywhere with far less likelihood of meeting with disrespect than in many Caucasian lands." We have not space to give his argument, but it seems that the color line, though existent, is more hidden than with us.

"When the white inhabitants speak of it at all it is more apt to be in whispers," he says. In other words, their self-respect not being constantly wounded and set on the defensive, they are more self-respecting. There are some comparisons of the loyalty of these French islands with the attitude of some of the British West Indies, which will surprise most people, and there is a great deal of Mr. Franck's characteristic clear-sighted and honest observation; but the "plums" of picturesqueness are easiest to pull out.

ORGANIZED SEARCH FOR "MISSING LINK" THROUGHOUT ASIA

Will Extend Over Five-Year Period Beginning in February.

NEW YORK, Nov. .—Organized search for the well-advertised but undiscovered "missing link"—the remains of the near-man that scientists since the day of Darwin have longed to examine—is to be carried on in Asia for a five-year period, beginning next February.

An expedition, financed by a $250,000 fund, will penetrate remote regions, and even if it fails to uncover remnants of man's rude prehistoric forbear, it is planned to bring back to New York "the greatest natural history collection the world has ever seen."

The American Museum of Natural History, which is sponsoring the explorations, announces that its associates are the American Asiatic Society and the Asia Magazine. These three will finance the expedition, with the help of private contributions by Mrs. Willard Straight, J. P. Morgan, George F. Baker, Childs Frick, W. A. Harriman and Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Bernheimer.

Huntsmen and cowboys, as well as erudite professors and scientists, will be included in the big party, for it is planned to trail some of the wildest wild animals in the world in the Gobi Desert and bring them back to New York alive.

"Antelopes that can run sixty miles an hour," wild horses with less speed but more control in their kicking apparatus, and wild camels, wild asses and long-haired tigers can be run down in motor cars, lassoed by Mongol cowboys, and some of the specimens Zoological Park,' said the statement brought back alive to the New York announcing the expedition.

"On the Tibetan steppes are enormous yak, snow leopards, giant pandas and beautiful golden monkeys with blue, upturned noses," the statement continued. "In China is the takin, a creature with a veritable 'golden fleece,' a strange oxlike animal that roams the highest mountain valleys and actually represents an intermediate stage between the antelope and the goat."

It is the hope of finding the bones of a prehistoric ancestor of man, however, that is held highest by Roy Chapman Andrews, associate curator of mammals in the American Museum of Natural History, who will be in charge of the expedition, and his associates. The party will have its headquarters in Peking.

In 1891 a Dutch army surgeon, while excavating for fossils in Central Java, discovered part of a skull, two molar teeth and a thigh bone, and thereby unearthed one of the most perplexing conundrums in the study of human ancestry, said the statement.

"Were the remains those of an extremely early type of pre-human manlike animal? If so, this ape-man must have lived approximately five hundred thousand years ago.

"With the exception of the Java specimen, all fossil human fragments have been discovered in Continental Europe or England. Nevertheless, the leading scientists of the day believe that Asia was the early home of the human race, and that whatever light may be thrown upon the origin of man will come from the great Central Asian plateau."

AILSA CRAIG

Ailsa Craig, Nov. 3.—The dramatic club of St. George's Church, London, will give a play in Ailsa Craig on November 24, in the town hall, under the auspices of the local Anglican Young People's Association.

Depend upon them to break up colds and ward off "Flu".

JUST a word of caution—don't belittle the evil effects of a cold.

Realize its seriousness. Once a cold fastens its clutches on you, it seems as if you can't shake it off. Many very serious illnesses often have their beginning in a cold which could be gotten rid of promptly if the proper remedy be taken in time. Colds comes quickly and develop rapidly. Don't take any chances. At the first sneeze or cough, or chilly feeling, start right in to take DOMINION C.B.Q. (in the red box). A few of these tablets break up the cold and free the system of it. Taken in time, DOMINION C. B. Q. prevent you from having Tonsillitis, Bronchitis and those racking coughs that cause you to lose weight and appetite, and pull down your entire system. The fact that DOMINION C. B. Q. Tablets are made by National Drug & Chemical Company of Canada, Limited is the best assurance of their efficacy.

TO STOP A COLD in a few hours take DOMINION C.B.Q Tablets in the Red Box