# PERFUMES!

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WINNIPEG,

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tion of hay is therefore very light. Baled hay on track here quoted at \$7.50 to \$8.00 per ton. Loose hay on the market \$5 to \$6 per ton.

## Alberta.

John Kerr, merchant tailor, of Calgary, was arrested by Y. C. Kiteley, also a tailor, charging him with obtaining goods under faise pretences. Kiteley sold his stock of goods to Kerr for \$1,000 after which Travers, a former partner, garnisheed payment for the whole amount. The case came up before Justices Shelton and King when Kerr was discharged.

### Assiniboia.

The total number of immigrants arriving at Regina during 1890 was 467. The nationalities were as follows: English, 40; Irish, 4; Scotch, 2; Germans, 312; Canadians, 92; other countries, 17. Value of effects brought in, \$25,000; cash, \$56,000.

The Souris coal field situate about 30 miles southwest of Alameda are being rapidly developed for local use by farmers, and the coal is unlimited in quantity and unsurpassed for most purposes in quality. The farmers come for 60 or 70 miles to get the coal, which is sold at the rate of \$1.50 per load of 3,000 or at \$1 per ton, at the mines. When the railway reaches the mines, it will be a great boon for the people of Manitoba and other districts.

# Grain and Milling.

Over 300,000 bushels of wheat have been marketed in Virden this season up to date.

The new catmeal mill at Pilot Mound will be

has been built in connection with the new flour mill there.

It is calculated that quite 150,000 bushels of grain has I cen threshed in the Grenfell, Assa, district this season, though there is no elevator at that place.

The threshing has just been finished around Shoal Lake, Man., says a correspondent. The grain turned out much better than was expected, being from twenty to twenty-five bushels per acre for wheat; barley 4) bishels, and oats 60 bushels.

Notwithstanding the destruction by hail last year in Southern Manitoba, it is estimated that 200,000 bushels of wheat will be marketed at boiss, vain, which district suffered most severely from the storm. The Boissevain Globe says that Preston & McKay, millers of that place, have shipped during the last two and a half months, to outside points flour, etc., amounting to 491,250 pounds, which represents about \$,000 bushels of wheat; while they have handled in grists and grinding for the local trade about 25,000 bushels. On the 31st December the mill warehouse contained 20,000 bushels of wheat. The shipment of wheat from this station to date has been 51,000 bushels, while there remains in store in the elevators 16,000 bushels. So that as near as can be ascertained about 130,000 bushels of wheat have been marketed here up to the end co the year,

# Eastern Wheat and Flour Markets.

Frices at Toronto last week, at latest mail advices, were quoted as follows for car lots:--ready for work in a week or two. The mill | Flour -Manitoba patent \$5.30; Manitoba strong |

bakers', 85; Ontario patents, \$4.40 to \$4.50; straight roller, \$4.15 to \$4.20; extra, \$3.95 to \$4; superfine, \$3.50 to \$3.60; fine, \$3 to \$3.25; low grade, \$2 50 to \$2.75. Bran, \$18.00 to \$18.50 Middlings, \$18 to \$21. Wheat,-No. 2 white, 93e; No. 2 spring 89 to 90e; No. 2 red winter, 93 to 94c; No. 2 hard, 97 to 98c; No. 3 hard, SS to S9c; No. 3 northern 89 to 90c : No. 1 frosted, 72.; No. 2 frosted, 79c. Barley - No. 1, 60c; No. 2, 55c; No. 3 extra, 50 to 51c; No. 3, 47c. Peas-No.2, 64 to 65c; Oats, 453 to 46c.

Prices at Montreal were quoted: Wheat-No. 2 hard, 98 to \$1.00; No. 3 hard, 88 to 90e; No. 2 northern, S6 to S3c; feed wheat 60c. l'eas, 75c per 66 lbs. Manitoba oats, 44 to 45c: Ontario oats, 471 to 48c per 34 lbs. Feed barley 50c; malting barley, 65 to 674c Flour-nat. ent, \$5.30 to \$5.50; strong bakers, \$4.75 to \$5.25. Oatmeal—standard, \$2.25 to \$2.30; granulated, \$2.40 to \$2.50, per 100.

"There is abundant evidence to show that mustard as sold in Canadian markets is largely subject to adulteration. In fact, it may be said that it is hardly ever sold purc." This is the conclusion which Thos. MacFarlane, chief analyst at Ottawa, has come to as the result of ten years experience in the testing of condiments. The bulletin has just been issued from the labratory of the inland revenue department giving returns of analysis of samples of mustard collected during the past eighteen months. Of ninety-five samples analyised only seven were pure. Nine were compound and 79 were adulterated. The compound samples contained tumeric, a yellow dye. In the 79 adulterated samples, flour, sulphate of lime, cayenne pepper, starch and clay were chief ingredients.