

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

FRANCE.

Notwithstanding official denials the modification of the Cabinet is imminent, M. Rouher, representing the system of personal government, is sure to retire, and give place to a new combination in accord with the principles of a parliamentary government.

The Emperor goes to Beauvais on Sunday for the agricultural show. It was rumored that the Emperor would take this opportunity to make one of those pithy speeches he now and then indulges in. It is, however, stated that in his reply to the speech of the Mayor, in the usual congratulatory style, he will say nothing more than some kind words appropriate to the occasion.

PARIS, June 22.—The Emperor, the Prince Imperial, and suite left Paris yesterday at 2 in the afternoon for the camp of Chalons. Four Court carriages conveyed the Imperial party to the eastern terminus. The Ministers of the Interior, War, and Marine, and the Prefects of the Seine and of Police were present at the departure of the train.

PARIS, June 24.—Le Peuple of to-day publishes a telegram dated this morning from the Camp at Chalons. The Emperor received the soldiers who went through the Italian campaign, and addressed them as follows:— "Soldiers!—I am rejoiced to see that you have not forgotten the grand cause for which we fought ten years ago.

The meeting of the French Chamber on the 28th inst. is anxiously expected, as the Opposition members have announced their determination to raise questions respecting official interference at the elections, and to moot the causes of the recent riots in Paris.

Basst, July 7.—Despatches through the cable per the "Great Eastern," report that up to Tuesday at noon she had run 1,524 knots, and paid out 1,700 knots. She reports that a heavy gale prevailed on Monday night but it was weathered safely. All well—signals still good.

SPAIN

MADRID June 21.—REGIMY OF SERRANO.—In the utter impossibility of finding anywhere on earth any Majesty not even a revolutionary one for our godless Constitution we have been forced to put up as contentedly as we can, with a provisional Highness in the person of Don Francisco Serrano. "It is the only Highness," exultantly remarks the Pensamiento, "now left us in Spain; but hold! it immediately adds 'we are wrong, we have two other highnesses—' we have the Duke and Duchess of Montpensier!"

MADRID, June 24.—Admiral Mendez Nunez, who has been ill is better. In to-day's sitting of the Constituent Cortes the debate on the budget was resumed. Notwithstanding the opposition of the Minister of Finance, an amendment against the poll-tax was taken into consideration. On a final vote, however, being taken, the amendment was rejected by 121 votes against 84. The Chamber continued the discussion upon Article 8 of the Budget.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL OATH.—What a farce is all this swearing the observance of the Constitution. By this time almost all the public employes and all

Government pensioners have been reluctantly made to go through the obnoxious ceremony. Some few magistrates and other functionaries have nobly given up their lucrative posts rather than take an oath which, they say, their conscience forbids them to take. There is a report afloat to the effect that even their refusal is doubtless foreseen by the Government, and perhaps they may be glad to find that pretext for refusing to pay them even the shabby indemnity to which the State is bound by every law of justice. As it is, it has left them to starve during the last nine months. But, I repeat, all this swearing to the Constitution is a perfect farce. Nobody, and our rulers least of all, believe in the value of any such oaths. Experience has abundantly shown their utter worthlessness. Our Ministers have already been the first to perjure themselves by having sanctioned, along with the majority of the Cortes, the most flagrant violation of the inviolability of one's house, and of the rights of property, of meeting, and of association, which the Constitution declares have no other limitations than those prescribed by the laws of universal morality.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, June 20.—Florence was pretty empty, socially speaking, before Parliament discontinued its sittings, but now it has become almost a desert. In the halls of the Parliament House the committee of inquiry into the alleged cases of corruption sits from early morn not only till dewy eve, but almost until cockcrow. We hear of their meeting at 8 a.m. and toiling till midnight, with only brief intervals for refreshment. Such diligence is explicable only by the desire to have done with an ungrateful task. A good many witnesses have been examined. The committee keep their proceedings as secret as possible until they shall be terminated, and the more respectable part of the Press shows a disposition to further their wishes. So long as there is no regular reporting and publication of the sittings, the discussion of what might imperfectly transpire could only lead to fresh scandals, and of scandal we assuredly have had enough of late. It is a bad moment for Italy.—The Government weak, the Chamber discredited, public business grievously in arrear after a Session of seven months' duration which has been totally wasted, the financial future cloudy and uncertain, discontent and disturbances in many parts of the country.

An unsettled feeling exists in Italy, and there have been slight disturbances in some cities, but order has been restored without bloodshed. M. Conti, the Private Secretary of the Emperor Napoleon, had a long interview with King Victor Emmanuel at Turin. A league between France, Austria, and Italy is declared by the Russian and Prussian journals to have been formed, but the fact is denied by the Vienna Press. Roms, June 22.—Fresh recruits for the Papal army are arriving, and the troops have gone into their summer cantonments. General Dumont, Commander of the French expeditionary corps, has returned to Civita Vecchia, after having presented his congratulations to the Pope on the anniversary of His Holiness's coronation.

June 23.—The statement that the Marquis de Banneville had made overtures to the Pope in reference to the coming Ecumenical Council is untrue. No Power has as yet expressed any sentiment on the subject of the Council.

The Pope is in good health. The Papal army, which has suffered from desertions, is being recruited. Apprehensions of an approaching withdrawal of the French troops are said to pervade the Vatican.

The Pope.—The Holy Father entered the 24th year of his Pontificate this morning. The Port of San' Angelo announced the event at day-break by a royal salute, and a capella papale was held in the Sixtine Chapel.

St. Peter's.—The dome of St. Peter's has been cleaned within, and is about to be re-covered with lead as the present covering is much worn. There is some idea of gilding the edges of the plates and the ornaments of the dome.

AUSTRIA.

The Governor of Upper Austria, Count von Hohenwart, has dissolved the Catholic club at Linz for meddling with politics by interfering in favour of the Bishop. The Fortschritt, a liberal political club at Vocklabruck, has passed a vote disapproving the resistance of the Bishop 'as contrary to the organic laws and the oath of allegiance to the Emperor.' We have not heard that the Government has thought it necessary to notice it. It has been suggested that if the Linz Club reconstituted itself as a political association, it would be impossible, without the most flagrant breach of the law, to interfere with it.

PRUSSIA.

Berlin, June 23.—The Customs' Parliament was closed to-day. The Speech from the Throne acknowledges the results which have been achieved by the vigorous activity of the Parliament, and expresses the satisfaction entertained by the Federal Government at finding so completely in harmony with the Chamber, both as regards the direction in which the Customs' legislation needs reform, and as to the means by which this reform is to be attained. The Speech expresses approval of the alterations which have been made in the sugar duties, but regrets that the revision of the Customs' Tariff has not been accomplished. In conclusion, hopes are expressed that this year's Session will have contributed to the strengthening of that tie which binds together the common institutions of all German countries.

NORTH GERMANY.

Berlin, June 23.—The North German Parliament was closed to-day. The Speech from the Throne, enumerates in detail the Bills which have been passed during the expiring Session, which it hopes will prove rich in beneficial influence upon the future development of the Confederation and the progress of North Germany. Mention is also made of a completion of the first German war pore as being a memorial of German activity and sagacity. The Speech recognizes with joyful satisfaction the expression of national consciousness manifested on this occasion by the inhabitants of the German coast. In conclusion, it declares that the unanimous co-operation of the Federal Governments with the national representatives in the common laboring for Germany's welfare will, with God's help, strengthen, as heretofore, the general confidence with which Germany, in fortifying herself at home, reckons upon the preservation of peace abroad.

A raid was made upon four ferro banks in Washington a few nights ago. They were all within the limits of a single block on Pennsylvania avenue. Twenty nine players were arrested, including men in almost every station of life, from butchers down to lawyers.

MEETING IN THE PARISH CHAPEL OF BOYLE, CO. ROSCOMMON, IRELAND.

At a meeting of the parishioners held in the Chapel of Boyle on Sunday the 25th ult., the Very Rev. Mgr M'Tucker, P.P., in the chair; the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

Proposed by John D. MacDermot, Esq., and seconded by John Mulhall, Esq.—

1st Resolution.—That being now in possession of a site for a new Church and School House, and considering the dangerous condition of our present Chapel, and the insufficiency of our school accommodation, we shall take immediate steps for the erection of these new buildings, leaving for a later and more favorable time the establishment of our proposed new convent.

Proposed by Joseph Bealin, Esq., and seconded by Owen Golden, Esq.—

2nd Resolution.—That as the immediate erection of the new schools is for many reasons most desirable, and as these buildings will form a portion of our future conventual establishment, we recommend that the Convent Fund, formed some years ago by private Subscriptions, should be employed for building these schools, and as subscribers to the fund, we hereby authorize our revered Pastor to use it for that purpose.

Proposed by Thomas Judge, Esq., and seconded by Bernard Cunningham, Esq.—

3rd Resolution.—That we propose to pay on the 1st Sunday of October, one half, or at least one third of our intended subscriptions towards our new Parish Church, in order that the works may be commenced early next spring; and that we shall be prepared at the call, and under the direction, of our esteemed Clergy to assist in the collection, of the necessary Funds both within and outside of the Parish.

Proposed by William E. Harkan, Esq., and seconded by John Golden Esq.—

4th Resolution.—That we hereby tender our warmest thanks to our noble and liberal landlord, Lord Viscount Lorton, for having so generously granted a spacious and convenient site for the proposed buildings, and we also gratefully acknowledge the very kind co-operation of the Hon. Robert E. King.

Proposed by John Monson, Esq., and seconded by Bartley Judge Esq.—

5th Resolution.—That the munificent donation of £100 subscribed by John Bell, of Ballymunt, county Dublin, Esq., together with an annual subscription of £10 for the next five years, evincing his attachment to his native parish and its best and holiest interests, imperatively demand from us, and awaken our grateful and most heartfelt thanks.

It is with much pleasure we invite attention to the proceedings which took place on last Sunday at our parish chapel, and to the foregoing resolutions adopted on that occasion.—The gentlemen who took part in them, and submitted for the adoption of the meeting, the various resolutions, spoke, we need not assure our readers, with a vigour of thought and expression, and exhibited a zeal in the good cause that was most gratifying. The statement of our worthy Parish Priest, clear and convincing as it was, filled the entire meeting with the well grounded hope, that his and their long and anxious expectations would have a speedy consummation. Owing to the inefficiency of school accommodation, and other causes, he commences the building of the schools immediately, and the erection of the Church next spring. We cannot hope however, that it will be fully completed before the expiration of three years. In the meantime we have reasonable expectations to justify us in thinking that the erection of the Convent will not only have commenced but shall have been, most probably, completed.—What blessings are in store for the youth of the town and neighborhood. The schools at present occupied by the girls will be given up to increase the accommodation for the boys; and large class rooms will be provided in the new establishment, where girls will acquire not merely secular instruction, but education in its true sense—instruction seasoned with the religious aroma. Yes, the glad tidings were proclaimed by our revered Pastor that a Religious Sisterhood would preside over the establishment and no more 'suitable school accommodation' could be devised.

The great object of the meeting, however, was to concert measures for the building of a new Parish Church. Funds are forthcoming for the schools, and in due time for the Convent; but the people of the parish, with a religious enthusiasm we cannot sufficiently applaud, took upon themselves the weightier and more expensive obligation of providing funds for the new Church. Some, we understand, are determined to contribute at once, others in the course of a little time. At all events it is agreed that the first Sunday of October shall be the day for completing the annual subscriptions for this glorious enterprise. Last Sunday's meeting reflects the highest credit on both priests and people, and we may well exclaim in the beautiful language of our Liturgy—

'Let us be glad and rejoice therein.'

Nor should we omit to mention the well-deserved compliment paid by Mgr. M'Tucker and other gentlemen to our noble and generous landlord Lord Viscount Lorton, for his liberality in granting the site for those buildings. The mention of his name and that of the Honorable Robert King, as well as every sentence bearing on the pleasing topic, was applauded and reechoed by his numerous tenants who thronged the building. The resolution also of thanks to John Bell, Esq., whose connection with his native parish, though severed for years, has not cooled the ardour of his attachment, was most cordially adopted, and we have no doubt his bright example will be rivalled if not surpassed by many in the Parish. The observations of our revered Pastor, who has labored so long amongst us, when alluding to those dear parishioners who, from various causes, were forced to sever the ties that bound them to their homes and to their Altars were most touching; and we have no doubt they will find an echo in the hearts of those who in England, Scotland and the Colonies, may learn that they are not forgotten by either Priest or people in dear old Boyle.

LET US LOOK BACK.—During the thirty-seven years that Bristol's Sarsaparilla has been a standard medicine, how many preparations intended to rival it have gone down! Some of them have exploded suddenly, like the bottles in which they fermented; others have gradually fallen into contempt. The very names of many of them have faded from the public memory. Who can deny that of all the medicaments claimed to be remedies for scrofulous disorders, and other maladies that burrow into the flesh and disfigure the skin, Bristol's Sarsaparilla is the only one that has fulfilled the promises made on its behalf?

J. F. Henry & Co Montreal, General Agents for Canada. For sale in Montreal by Devins & Bolton Lamplough & Campbell, Davidson & Co, K. Campbell & Co, J. Gardner, J. A. Harte, Picault & Son, H. R. Gray, J. Goulden, R. S. Latham and all Dealers in Medicine.

Unchangeable fragrance constitutes the cardinal excellence of Murray & Lanman's Florida Water. The flowers from which it is expressed bloom and fade, but their essence drawn from them in their prime when ever calyx is a center full of nature's richest incense, is embalmed beyond the reach of change in this extraordinary perfume. Other odorous waters undergo many variations of aroma as they fade into insipidity but Murray & Lanman's Florida Water passes through no such gradations. As it is when sprinkled upon the handkerchief or the garment so it remains, delicate, refreshing and ce-

lightful, to the last. As there are counterfeits always ask for the Florida Water prepared by Lanman & Kemp, New York.

Beware of Counterfeits; always ask for the legitimate MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER prepared only by Lanman & Kemp, New York. All others are worthless. Agents for Montreal—Devins & Bolton, Lamplough & Campbell, Davidson & Co, K. Campbell & Co, J. Gardner, J. A. Harte, Picault & Son, H. R. Gray, J. Goulden, R. S. Latham, and all Dealers in Medicine.

BILE IN THE BLOOD.—When the bile that should pass off through the bowels inundates the veins the fact is apparent in the yellowness of the skin. Jaundice ensues if the liver is not promptly controlled; and as Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills contain the two most potent antibilious agents known in the botanical kingdom reason suggests them as the true remedy. They have been administered in jaundice, congestion of the liver, and all derangements of the biliary secretion with much greater success than has ever attended the exhibition of mercury and are free from all the deleterious properties of that mineral. Being enclosed in air tight vials, neither time nor climate affects them.

Agents for Montreal—Devins & Bolton, Lamplough & Campbell, Davidson & Co, K. Campbell & Co, J. Gardner, J. A. Harte, H. R. Gray, Picault & Son, J. Goulden, R. S. Latham, and all dealers in medicine.

HAVE YOU A SICK CHILD?

Does your little one become paler and more emaciated every day? Has it a bad breath? Does it start and grind its teeth during sleep? If so the cause is Worms, and the child will never be well till they are removed, but be careful, do not administer the dangerous vermifuges and worm compounds in ordinary use, they will produce disease worse than the worms. Use that safe and delicious remedy "DEVIN'S VERMIFUGE WORM PASTILLES" they contain no mineral, they are as pleasant to the age and palate as the most exquisite Confectionery, and they are certain beyond any doubt to remove every kind of worm.

For sale wholesale and retail by Devins & Bolton, H. R. Gray and all respectable Druggists.

CIRCULAR.

MONTREAL, May, 1867.

THE Subscriber, in withdrawing from the late firm of Messrs. A. & D. Shannon, Grocers, of this city, for the purpose of commencing the Provision and Produce business, would respectfully inform his late patrons and the public, that he has opened the Store, No. 443 Commissioners Street, opposite St. Ann's Market, where he will keep on hand and for sale a general stock of provisions suitable to this market, comprising in part of FLOUR, OATMEAL, CORNMEAL, BUTTER, CHEESE, PORK, HAMS, LARD, HERRINGS, DRIED FISH, DRESSED APPLES, SHIP BEANS, and every article connected with the provision trade, &c., &c. He trusts that from his long experience in buying the above goods when in the grocery trade, as well as from his extensive connections in the country, he will thus be enabled to offer inducements to the public unsurpassed by any house of the kind in Canada.

Consignments respectfully solicited. Prompt returns will be made. Cash advances made equal to two-thirds of the market price. References kindly referred to Messrs. Gillespie, Moffatt & Co. and Messrs. Tiffin Brothers.

D. SHANNON, COMMISSION MERCHANT, And Wholesale Dealer in Produce and Provisions, 443 Commissioners Street, opposite St. Ann's Market. June 14th, 1868. 12m

MICHIGAN

STATE RETREAT

AN ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE,

UNDER THE

CONTROL AND MANAGEMENT

OF THE

SISTERS OF CHARITY.

The Sisters, in addition to their old and well-known

Institution, have, in process of completion, a New and Magnificent Structure, which will be prepared to receive patients on or about September 1st.

The Location of the Asylum is singularly beautiful, and the surroundings are full of charm and variety.

For further particulars, application should be made immediately, addressing,

SISTER MARY DE SALES,

Superior,

St. Mary's Hospital,

Detroit.

N. B.—It is almost needless to add, that no distinction, as to Creed or Country, is made in the admission of Patients.

July 2, 1869.

Province of Quebec, Superior Court.

NOTICE is hereby given that DAME ANNE MERRILL, wife of LOUIS RICHARD, Trader of the City and District of Montreal, has this day instituted against the said Louis Richard, her husband, an action for separation as to property, returnable on the Fifth day of July next, before the said Court. Montreal, 31st May, 1869.

L. O. TAILLON, Attorney for Plaintiff. 1m45.

JOHN CROWE,

BLACK & WHITE SMITH,

BELL-HANGER, SAFE-MAKER,

AND

GENERAL JOBBER,

NO. 37 BONAVENTURE STREET, NO. 37,

MONTREAL.

ALL ORDERS CAREFULLY AND PUNCTUALLY ATTENDED TO. Montreal, June 25, 1869. 12.

F. O'FARRELL,

CARRIAGE, HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE

PAINTER,

GLAZIER, PAPER-HANGER &c., &c.,

Corner of

ST. MARGARET AND ST. ANTOINE STREETS,

MONTREAL

N.B.—Orders respectfully solicited, and executed with promptness. Montreal, June 25, 1869. 12

WILLIAM H. HODSON,

ARCHITECT.

No. 59, St. Bonaventure Street.

Plans of Buildings prepared and Superintendence at moderate charges.

Measurements and Valuations promptly attended to Montreal, May 28, 1863. 12m

CANADIAN NAVIGATION

COMPANY.

FIRST BOAT OF THE SEASON.

1859. 1869.

GRAND EXCURSIONS

To the Far-famed River Saguenay and Sea Bathing at Murray Bay, Cacouna and Tadoussac.



The Splendid Steamer UNION, Capt. Fairgrieve, and MAGNET, Capt. Simpson, will leave Napoleon Wharf, Quebec, during the Season, at Seven o'clock, A.M., for the River Saguenay to Ha' Ha! Bay, calling at Murray Bay, River Du Loup and Tadoussac as under:—

"Union" on Tuesdays and Thursdays, commencing June 22nd. About the 1st July the "Magnet" will leave Quebec on Wednesdays and Saturdays at the same hour.

By taking these Steamers at Quebec, the Tourist and Invalid will enjoy the refreshing and invigorating breeze and picturesque scenery of the Lower St. Lawrence, and avoid the annoyance of transhipment, as the Steamers run direct to Murray Bay, River du Loup, Tadoussac, and Ha' Ha! Bay.

Passengers leaving Montreal by the Steamers of the Richelieu Company, on the evenings of Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, connect with the "Union" and "Magnet" at Quebec. No expense or inconvenience in exchanging boats at Quebec, as in every instance the Steamers are brought alongside of each other.

These fine Steamers are of great strength, and equipped with every appliance for safety; they are most comfortably furnished, and in every respect unsurpassed.

Tickets, with any information, may be obtained of W. PALMER, at the Hotels, and at the Company's Office, 73 Great St. James Street.

ALEX. MILLOY,

Agent.

CANADIAN NAVIGATION Co., Office, 73 Great St. James Street, Montreal, June 25.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

In the matter of PIERRE LORTIE, Trader, of Montreal,

An Insolvent.

THE Creditors of the Insolvent are hereby notified that he has made an assignment of his estate and effects under the above Act, to me, the undersigned assignee, and they are required to furnish me within two months from this date, with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it, if none, stating the fact, the whole to be attested under oath with the vouchers in support of such claims.

T. SAUVAGEAU,

Official Assignee.

St. Sacrament Street, No. 18. Montreal, June 28th, 1869. 2w48.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

In the matter of THEODORE CYPHROT and ACHILLE CYPHROT, both Hatters and Furriers, of the City of Montreal, carrying on business under the style of Cyphot Bros., and as having been in partnership with Alfred H. G. Cyphot, and moreover the said above named Theodore Cyphot individually, and as having carried on business with Jacob Desautels, Hatter and Furrier, of the same place, under the style and firm of Cyphot & Desautels,

Insolvent.

THE Creditors of the Insolvents are hereby notified that they have made an assignment of their estate and effects under the above Act, to me, the undersigned assignee, and they are required to furnish me within two months from this date, with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it, if none, stating the fact, the whole attested under oath with the vouchers in support of such claims.

T. SAUVAGEAU,

Official Assignee.

St. Sacrament Street, No. 18. Montreal, June 16th, 1869. 2w47

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864

In the matter of NAZAIRE MEROIER, Trader of the City of Montreal,

An Insolvent.

THE Creditors of the Insolvent, are hereby notified that he has made an assignment of his estate and effects under the above Act, to me, the undersigned assignee, and they are required to furnish me within two months from this date with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it, if none, stating the fact, the whole attested under oath with the vouchers in support of such claims.

T. SAUVAGEAU,

Official Assignee.

St. Sacrament Street, No. 18. Montreal, June 14th, 1869. 2w4