RELIABLE STORAGE.
ROBERT CARRIE, 27 Front-st. East, advances Money on all kinds of Merchandise, Issues Warehouse Receipts. Consignments Solicited. Business Confidential. 133

The Toronto World.

OVER 61,517
Business Merchants started Spring Business by Using
NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS
OFFICE, 63 KING WEST.
This is No Time for Levity.

FOURTEENTH YEAR — MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 4 1893. — ONE CENT.

ONTARIO'S LATEST MURDER

One of the Most Mysterious Cases on Record.

WAS ALLIN KILLED FOR REVENGE?

Government Detectives Sent to Investigate the Facts.

Found Lying on a St. Thomas Sidewalk With His Throat Cut—Had Evidently Been Murdered Elsewhere and the Body Carried to the Spot Where It Was Found—Had Eloped Years Before With Another Man's Wife, Who Threatened Revenge—His Life Heavily Insured.

IN respect to murders remarkably ingenious and novel in their conception, astounding in their execution or unfathomable in their mystery, the County of Elgin holds a bad eminence. If it be admitted that Elgin is the scene of more appalling murders than is any other county of the same size in the province, it is not at the same time an admission of an inferior civilization. Moreover, if a certain human vanity were not so anxiously masked it might appear that, like every other community, Elgin has concealed about it a certain irresponsible and outrageous pride in the fact that when she does have a murder usually it is a murder worth talking about and which commands a place on the first page of every Canadian newspaper.

Without calling up the memorable killing of Doc Ninham, the inexplicable Gardner murder, the dreadful mystery of Silver Creek, where a headless body was discovered; the child sacrifice of Mrs. Hayes, the Young shooting or the butchery of Alexander McIntosh, one needs to turn back the pages of criminal history, as they make it in Elgin, but a few years to find two of the most atrocious instances in the annals of life-taking, in neither of which was the perpetrator ever brought to justice. In fact, although the word murder is written in letters of blood across the escutcheon of Elgin, there has never yet been a man brought to the gallows since the county was a county.

The luring of Louis Napoleon Stillwell into the Eden woods and the passionless murder perpetrated there by one of two companions and the violation of the peace of the county before the law could avenge itself on the assassins by the murder of Marshal Piggott proves that the old adage that "murder will out" is more or less of a fiction.

But the case which Government Detective Greer left Toronto for St. Thomas last evening to investigate is one even more inexplicable than the Long Point mystery, or the disappearance 15 years ago from her father's farm in Yarmouth of unfortunate Maggie McVey.

Finding the Body.

At 6.20 o'clock last Thursday morning the body of Roger Allin, aged 61, was found lying on the sidewalk in front of the residence of William Burrage, ex-sanitary inspector, in Woodworth-avenue, St. Thomas. The face was upturned and a ghastly wound extended along the left side of the throat from the centre to the ear. The body was stiff.

One hundred and fifty yards north of the spot where the body was discovered is a crossing of the Air Line railway. Here, at the bottom of a slight embankment, a pool of blood was found, and a few feet away the water in the cattle guard was deeply stained with blood. Near by a cane known to belong to Allin was picked up. Detective Fairbrother of St. Thomas, who was in the city on Saturday in connection with the case, is satisfied that it was here Allin met his death, and the surgeons who conducted the post-mortem, Drs. VanBuskirk and Duncombe, agree with this hypothesis.

Both the internal and external jugular veins of deceased were severed, as well as the external carotid artery, consequently the man must have bled to death almost immediately. The idea that Allin walked, crawled or staggered over the 150 yards of intervening space from the railway to the spot where he was found the physicians state to be absolutely untenable. Had Allin inflicted the wound himself he would have dropped over in a faint and bled to death. Less than a cupful of blood was left in his whole body, and there were no blood stains on his hands or clothing. From the pool of blood on the grass to the blood-stained pool of water is 8 or 10 feet. There are no splashes of blood on the ground between the two, as there must have been had Allin walked there. It is therefore concluded that the murderer washed his hands in this water after committing the crime.

The detectives and doctors believe that Allin was grabbed from behind by someone who went down into the ditch with him, the knife drawn across his throat and the victim held down at the spot where the blood was found soaked into the ground, and that he was dead in a minute or two at all events before the murderer released his hold upon him. It is believed that his murderer then carried him along Woodworth-avenue, intending to hurl the corpse into one of the gullies which abound in the neighborhood, but either taking fright or finding his burden too heavy, he laid it down on the sidewalk where the body was discovered. At intervals between the ditch and the Burrage house the ground showed traces of a man having been dragged over it, and the knees of deceased's pants were covered with dirt.

Allin's History.

Roger Allin was probably known to nearly every person in the county. He was married in 1852, and until nine years ago he conducted a dairy on what is known as the Dodds farm in Yarmouth. In 1884 he eloped with the wife of a man named Phillips to Detroit. A year later he returned and remained two weeks, when he again left for Detroit, where he obtained a position as foreman in the Hendrie stables. Christmas, 1892, he again paid a month's visit to Canada. His family, which consisted of a wife, three sons and a daughter, had meantime removed to St. Thomas, the wife and one son, Thomas, taking up their residence at 53 Edward-street in that city. In September last Allin returned once more to St. Thomas, taking up his residence with his wife and son in Edward-street. Two or three weeks after his return he came home one night badly bruised about the head and reported that he had been knocked down and robbed of $70 at the very spot where last Thursday he received his death wound. It was not known that he possessed any money and the police discredited the robbery story.

Last Seen Alive.

At 10.30 Wednesday morning Allin left 53 Edward-street to visit the house of his son John in St. George-street, about two miles distant. He arrived there at 12 o'clock noon and remained until 2.30 in the afternoon, when he left to go to the postoffice. From that hour until his body was found lying on the sidewalk in Woodworth-avenue at 8 o'clock next morning, not the slightest clue to Allin's movements can be obtained by the authorities. It is believed the murder was committed shortly before midnight, as Engineer David Nellson saw a man crouched in the ditch near Woodworth-avenue about that time.

What Was the Motive?

The suicide theory having been disposed of, and the supposition that he had been struck by a train being pronounced preposterous, the question arises: What was the motive for the murder?

Allin was insured in the Provincial Provident Institution for $5000. For the past nine years he had never provided for his family, but he had at different times sent money to pay his insurance assessments. When he failed to do this the assessments were paid by either his wife or his son, Thomas.

The members of the family ever that they did not know to whom the policies were made payable—that Allin had frequently changed them. As a matter of fact the beneficiaries are: The widow, $3000; Thomas Allin, a son, $1000, and an unmarried daughter, Johanna, $1000.

On the day of the murder the son Thomas was ill, and states that he remained in the house with his mother, from 4 p.m. until the next morning. The other son, John, also gave a straightforward account of himself. He was only absent from his house a few minutes while he went to the stable and made a call on his brother-in-law, Charles Freeman. The family had lived on the best of terms with deceased since his return.

The theory of murder for robbery is scouted. Deceased's wife states that her husband had a silver watch when he left the house. This has disappeared. But the police do not accept this as a sufficient reason for the murder of a comparatively weak old man. Besides, Allin would not go via Woodworth-avenue crossing to return to his wife's place. It is considerably over a block out of his way. He must have been lured into the ditch by his murderer, and this circumstance alone dispels the hypothesis that tramps had committed the deed.

An effort is being made to find Phillips, the husband of the woman with whom Allin is alleged to have eloped nine years ago. They do not claim to suspect that he had a hand in the affair, but they are very anxious to ascertain his present whereabouts, nevertheless.

IT WAS A RAT CATCHER'S SUIT.

The Attempt to Find Another Murderer for the Luckey Family.

Government Detective Greer has fully investigated the facts in connection with the discovery of a suit of blood-stained clothing near the Luckey residence which the friends of the condemned murderer Charles Luckey thought might result in the granting of a new trial to the accused.

The clothing was found at Bellamy's Mills, seven miles from the Luckey homestead, and are now in possession of Mr. Lavelle of Smith's Falls, Luckey's counsel.

It has been learned that the clothing belonged to one Adam McCrum, a man who used to catch muskrats at the stream where they were found. When he went out to kill and skin McCrum invariably put on an old suit, and when through work he would throw them alongside the fence. Of course there was blood on them from the rats. Some person saw the clothes and connected them with Charles Luckey.

Luckey is not fretting any about his impending fate and says he is ready to die. He still protests his innocence and says he will not look so bad in the eyes of the Almighty as that of the general public. Of late Luckey has taken quite a religious turn and on Thanksgiving Day requested that Rev. Dr. Saunders be sent for. Since then Dr. Saunders has made daily visits to the jail and each time had a very long conversation with the prisoner on religious matters, and it is said that Luckey has become a changed man altogether since his conviction.

A HISTORY OF DENTISTRY.

Its Wonderful Growth As An Applied Science—Bridging Destined To Take the Place of the Plate.

This is a century of scientific progress. Not only has science come into our life, it has come to rule it. It has affected every line of business under the sun. But some show these effects more than others. Of these perhaps the most noted is that of dentistry. A century ago our sires left their teeth to the fates of the Grecian age. To-day men look upon their teeth as a heritage to be preciously guarded, and those who unfortunately have lost them hasten to replace them. The application of mechanical skill to dentistry has made of it an art applied to science. From the old soldered plate to the modern science bridging is but a step, yet what a wonderful step! By means of bridging the skilled dentist takes the place of nature and gives his patient firm and beautiful teeth as nature herself, and this without the uncomfortable encumbrance of a plate. But bridging is too little known in Canada, and consequently not so extensively practised as in the United States. The prices for this class of work are high, and the people generally are not educated to its advantages. It is with particular pleasure then that we notice that Mr. F. M. Smith, the popular and skilful dentist of the Canada Life Insurance Building, has determined to bring to his office a first-class man who has spent the last eight years in the studying of bridging in the great colleges and specialty dental offices of the United States. Mr. Smith said to a World reporter yesterday that he was determined to introduce bridging to the people of Toronto. He will employ several men in this department alone and reduce the prices at once to a third lower than they have been hitherto in the city. Mr. Smith's office is fitted with all the modern appliances and he can therefore work to the best advantage. Appointments can be made at once. Work will be commenced on 12th inst. Mr. Smith has been in business 17 years, and was one of the first to introduce bridging into the city. Of late years he has himself done a big business in this branch of industry. Yesterday The World saw some of his work, which showed the greatest mechanical skill and finish. Mr. Smith will himself superintend this branch of work, of which perhaps no man in Canada has a better knowledge.

NOTED CROOKS.

Two Well-Known Cracksmen Who Operated in Canada.

Two crooks who have perhaps done more work in Canada than any other couple of the fraternity were gathered in by the Chicago police Saturday. They are Edward Beattie, alias Sam Jern, and "Duke Howard."

Beattie is a native of Oxford County, came into notoriety years ago when he committed numerous burglaries in Western Ontario. Two of his alleged accomplices, Mary Service and Annie Macdonald, were arrested in Port Huron and placed in St. Thomas jail. Beattie went to St. Thomas and one night scaled the jail wall and rescued the two women from their cells. They were never recaptured.

Howard was arrested in St. Thomas while attempting, with the notorious Toronto crook, Bill Montgomery, to rob Carrie's store. He was sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment, but was released after a couple of years for testifying against his pal, upon whom he peached because he alleged Montgomery did not send money to Howard's mother, which he had agreed to do.

ACQUITTED HIMSELF WELL.

Dr. Nattress Receiving the Greatest Praise for His New Text Book on Physiology and Temperance.

This new work puts clearly before the teachers and pupils the leading facts concerning the structure and functions of the various organs of the body, associating with these facts the physiological action and effects of alcoholic stimulants and narcotics. For sale at John P. McKenna's, bookseller, 80 Yonge-street, near corner of King. The author has given us a work that, whilst necessarily scientific and technical, is couched in such terms as to make it easily comprehensible to the mind for whom intended and really constitutes for anyone a very readable work.

Scalded to Death.

Edith, the 4-year-old daughter of Mr. William Fidge, proprietor of the bird store at 263 Yonge-street, was scalded to death yesterday. A pail of scalding water had been left on the kitchen floor, and the little one backed up against it and fell into the water. She only lived ten hours after the accident.

"Acres of Diamonds."

TRAIN WRECKS FIRE A TOWN

DISASTROUS COLLISION IN THE HEART OF WHITE HAVEN.

Fire Follows the Crash and Three Men Were Burned to Death—The Flames Spread to Adjacent Buildings and Threaten the Whole Town—Saved by a Change of Wind.

WILKESBARRE, Dec. 2.—A frightful accident occurred on the Lehigh Valley Railroad at White Haven at 4 o'clock this morning. A freight train bound east broke in half about a mile north of White Haven.

The engineer in charge did not notice that the train was disconnected and proceeded on his way. A flagman and brakeman were on the rear end of the train and they made every effort to bring the runaway cars, which were running down grade at a rapid rate, to a stop.

They had nearly succeeded when wreck engine No. 171 came along behind.

The flagman of the runaway train was busy putting on the brakes and was not at his post to signal trains following.

The engineer of the wreck engine says he saw no signal ahead, and while running at a rate of 30 miles an hour he dashed into the caboose of the runaway train, which had then been brought almost to a standstill.

The engine plowed its way through the caboose and four of the cars ahead, finally landing in the principal street of the town, which runs parallel with the railroad.

The stove in the caboose set fire to the wreck and in a short time the flames communicated to the dwelling houses along the street. Ruhnke's Hotel, the largest in the town, was soon in a blaze. T. W. Ricker's livery stable and grocery next caught.

The fire department worked hard and prevented the spread of the flames. The hotel was destroyed, and also a livery stable and grocery store. Loss estimated $21,000. It is feared that two or three men are burned in the wreckage, which is being cleared up as fast as possible. Flagman and brakeman of the train have not been seen since the accident. This is the most disastrous wreck that has occurred since the strike began.

The fire which was subdued and supposed to be under control broke out again at 10.30, and has extended, resulting in the burning of the buildings which comprised the entire block.

The loss is now estimated at $200,000, irrespective of the destruction of the company's property.

Another Wreck.

Late Saturday afternoon a serious wreck occurred at the Florence colliery, near Avoca. General Yardmaster Fred Round had taken an engine at 5 p.m. to the cut-off on the mountain to move some freight. While passing the colliery at a high rate of speed he crashed into a Delaware & Hudson coal train. The Lehigh Valley engine was badly damaged and the coal cars piled in a heap.

Coroner Trimmer returned to-night from Fairview, where he investigated the wreck at that place. The jury found a verdict of manslaughter against the non-union employes of responsibility for the accident, and two of them have been placed under arrest.

The Valley road between Bethlehem and this city is completely blocked by the big wrecks at Whitehaven and Fairview.

Two Killed, Several Injured.

HAZELTON, Pa., Dec. 3.—While the wreck train was coming from Whitehaven to-night a freight train ran into it at Glen Summit on the Lehigh Valley Railroad. About the same time two other trains collided at Fairview. It is rumored, however, that two men were killed outright and several others injured.

The Lehigh Valley Railroad is tied up tonight tighter than ever. Coal and freight trains to-day were moved with greatest difficulty, and only passenger trains were dispatched. The officials claim they are able to handle all business, but freight arriving a week late disproves this entirely. To-day five non-union men joined hands with the strikers. More have promised to fall into line to-morrow. The situation saows no improvement whatever, and summed up would appear to indicate that the strikers are gaining ground.

A Despatch Engine Disabled.

EASTON, Pa., Dec. 2.—The "Dorothy," Superintendent Wilbur's private engine known as the "300," was smashed by a wreck early this morning. The "Dorothy" has been used during the strike by the officials for despatch duty. No one was hurt.

SEVERAL RAILROAD WRECKS.

Numerous People Injured, But None Fatally.

OLEAN, Dec. 3.—A serious freight wreck occurred on the Rochester division of the Western New York and Pennsylvania Railroad early this morning between Nunda Junction and Tuscarora. Brakeman Lawson of No. 113 Sullivan-street, this city, was probably fatally injured and Brakeman Wesley Cole of Eighth-street was seriously hurt.

The wrecked train was northbound freight No. 287 and was in charge of Conductor E. O. Hotchkiss and Engineer Frank Steele. The train was made up mostly of loaded oil tanks and lumber gondolas. Some of the oil cars were filled with napatha oil, which is explosive. The train was going at a lively rate down the grade at that point on the road about 5.30 o'clock, when it is supposed the train broke in two and, coming together again with much force, the concussion caused the explosion of a car of naphtha. The wreckage took fire and the oil cars made good fuel for the flames. Before the fire was checked 14 oil cars and a car of lumber were destroyed.

Collision on the Boston and Albany Road.

ALBANY, Dec. 3.—A freight wreck occurred on the Boston and Albany Railroad about two miles west of this at 1.30 a.m. Saturday, in which several of the crew were more or less injured.

Accident on the Central.

AUBURN, Dec. 2.—A head-end collision between passenger train No. 50 and a local freight train occurred yesterday afternoon on the Central Railway, a mile east of Cayuga Station. Each of the locomotives was crippled and the passengers were severely shaken up.

A Crash in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 3.—A misplaced switch caused a wreck in the Broad-street station of the Pennsylvania this afternoon. Train No. 428 from the Schuylkill Division crashed into a number of empty cars, which were about to be made up into a main line train, and several persons were injured.

No Longer Swell.

It is not any longer "swell" to wear a big chrysanthemum in your button hole. The habit has reached Hamilton in its course towards the setting sun, and is therefore repudiated by the really up-to-date Torontonian. There is one class of adornment to which Torontonians always tenaciously cling, although worn largely everywhere. It is quinn's famous fifty cent necktwear. Sixty dozen of red neckwear will be placed on sale this week, embracing every shade from garnet to coquelicot.

Invalid Wine.

Marsala port, 10 years old, analyzed by Dr. A. R. Pyne, Dominion analyst, and strongly recommended by him as a wine admirable for invalids. Price $8 per doz. qts., 75c. per bottle. Wm. Mara, 79 Yonge-street, 3rd door north of King-street.

Mrs. Maekelcan to-morrow night, Select Knights of Canada Concert, Pavilion.

THE FIRST SNOWSTORM.

It Was One of the Olden Time—How the Snow Affected the Street Railway.

Yesterday witnessed practically the first snowstorm of the season, and it was one of the olden time. The roads were completely buried, and the first thing the average householder did when he woke up in the morning was to set to work digging an archway through the great drifts that had piled themselves up against his doors. Then came the shoveling of a path to the stable that the horses might be hitched up and a sleigh ride enjoyed.

The snowfall threatened to demoralize the Street railway service for Monday. But early yesterday Assistant Superintendent Bird had the whole force at his command out.

Four of the engines at the power house were started about 1 o'clock. At 2 Mr. Bird had over 100 men out.

The two large electric sweepers and the 12-horse sweeper, with five men to run each machine, were going full blast. On each sweeper there was stationed a gang of men armed with picks and shovels. By 8 p.m. Dundas, Bloor, the Belt line, Carlton and College, Yonge, King and Queen west were cleared, and a number of the smaller streets.

Mr. Bird states that to-day the service will likely be feeble in Parliament-street, but on all the other lines it will be the same as usual.

Twelve of the small walkaway plows with two men on each swept all the selvidge off the tracks. Men not attached to machines cleaned the curves and switches.

By to-day Mr. Bird expects to have all the streets cleaned as he is keeping all the force at work.

The Sunday busses were on runners and did a rattling business all day.

The fire department got out their sleighs for the first time. This is the earliest they have had the sleighs out for some years. In the winter of 1892-3 they did not use them until Jan. 5 and in 1891-2 they were brought out for the first time on Jan. 6.

CASHIER MAY'S IRREGULARITIES

Said to Have Caused the Bank of England Losses Amounting to £650,000—Deficiency Made Good By Friends.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—Ever since the forced retirement of Mr. Frank May from the chief cashiership of the Bank of England rumors, more or less discreetly couched, have spread in city circles regarding the possibility of further steps being taken by the bank authorities.

It is stated positively that, though the amount actually involved by Mr. May's irregularities amounts to £130,000, the bank authorities have taken no legal step and no warrant has been issued for his arrest. The late cashier's friends have made good any deficiency, and the bank has apparently given such assurances as to his safety that he has not thought it necessary to leave the neighborhood of London.

The matter, however, is not entirely at rest, as the city police are engaged on it, though not by the bank's instruction. It is possible, however, under the provision of the Banking Act, for other than the immediately concerned to take action, and it is certain that the private banks would not be striken with remorse were the whole story of the bank's recent losses told in a law court.

CONGRESS MEETS TO-DAY.

Cleveland's Message Will Be Long and Will Contain Radical Features.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The 53rd Congress will assemble in regular session to-morrow at 12 o'clock. The day's sitting will be comparatively brief. The President's message will be read and then will come adjournment. The message is expected to be of unusual length and will be interesting on account of some radical features.

The purpose of the Ways and Means Committee is said to be to rush the Wilson bill through the House as quickly as possible. Before that measure is taken up, however, there may be something done to protect the interests of the United States in the Pacific R.R., which has gone into the hands of receivers.

INCOME TAX DROPPED.

Earnings of Corporations Will be Taxed, But Not Private Incomes.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—There does not appear to be any doubt that the Committee on Ways and Means will report in favor of a tax on the earnings of corporations. The idea of an income tax pure and simple seems to have been dropped. It will be several days before the committee will make public its decision regarding the internal revenue features of the new tariff scheme.

EUROPEAN ROYALTY.

Princess Frederica and Queen of Roumania Ill—Prince Christian To Be Married.

LONDON, Dec. 2.—The Queen of Roumania is again developing symptoms of paralysis and the symptoms are more severe than they were in the previous attack.

PARIS, Dec. 3.—A despatch from Bisrritz states that Princess Frederica of Hanover is seriously ill there.

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 3.—It is expected that the betrothal of Prince Christian, eldest son of the Crown Prince of Denmark, and Princess Marguerite, youngest daughter of the Duc de Chartres, will soon be announced.

The Fire Record.

OSKOSH, Wis., Dec. 3.—Fire early Saturday morning destroyed the Cook block in this city. Loss $60,000, fully insured.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—Fire at midnight Saturday night destroyed Poulter's paper manufactory and the warehouse of Turner & Sons, exporters of paper.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 3.—Fire destroyed $400,000 worth of property in West Baltimore to-day, wiping out many large factories. Insurance $220,000.

Arlington Hotel.

For comfortable bright rooms and combined with reasonable rates and excellent cuisine the Arlington Hotel has not its equal in Toronto and those who desire permanent winter quarters should hasten to make their arrangements before the best rooms are taken. ed

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

Dead of a Day.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—The Earl of Warwick died Saturday at his seat, Warwick Castle.

CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—Charles Kozminski, the well-known banker, dropped dead in the Republican Mayoralty Convention Saturday afternoon.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Dec. 3.—Ex-Mayor Robert Liddell of Pittsburg died Saturday afternoon.

YONKERS, Dec. 3.—Martha Wilson, aged 92 years, died at her residence in Mt. Vernon Saturday. Miss Wilson was the founder of the Martha Wilson Home, an institution for aged women, located in that city. She leaves an estate of the estimated value of $500,000.

WASHINGTON, D.C., 2.—Mr. Charles Hayes, who since 1876 has been the press reporter of the House of Representatives, died this afternoon from paralysis.

Horsemen all over Canada read The Toronto Sunday World.

Will Die To-Day.

SING SING, Dec. 3.—John Delfino, who is to die in the electric chair to-morrow morning, took a farewell of his wife and children this afternoon. It was an affecting parting.

The most marvelous discovery of the 19th century for indigestion, Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti. Beware of Worthless Imitations.

Grenville F. Kleiser at Concert of Select Knights of Canada, to-morrow night.

MR. KENNEDY ACCEPTS.

Presented With a Requisition, He Consents to Become a Candidate for the Mayoralty for 1894.

At 11 o'clock Saturday morning the hall and stairway leading to the offices of "Dundreary" St. John and his partner, "Jimmy the Kidder," presented a busy appearance. If all those who entered the offices of the firm of Henderson & St. John yesterday had been clients or perspective clients, those eminent lawyers would soon be living in Easy-street.

The half a hundred persons who gathered there, however, had come for the purpose of presenting a requisition to Mr. Warring Kennedy asking him to become a candidate for the position of Mayor of Toronto.

At 11.15 Mr. Kennedy ran nimbly up the stairs and entered the room. His appearance on the scene was the signal for the applause which greeted him. Those who were there had no time to lose, and started in at once with the business which had brought them there.

Mr. R. N. Gooch read the following:

To Warring Kennedy, Esq.:

We beg to present to you the requisition of E. B. Osler, B. Westwood, Robert Simpson, W. H. Gibbs, V. B. Wadsworth, Dr. E. H. Adams, W. J. Hambly, R. N. Gooch, J. N. Lake, J. W. Mallon, James Haverson, Richard Brown, J. S. Boddy, A. G. McBean, E. B. Ryckman, Horace Thorne, E. W. Powers, James Aikenhead, James G. McDonnell, Isaac Lennox, Clarence G. McQuaig, W. G. Hannah, G. F. Marter, John Green and several thousand others of the citizens of Toronto, who urge upon you to accept the nomination for the mayoralty of the city of Toronto for the year 1894, confidently believing that should you accept the honor you would be elected and do great credit to the position of the Chief Magistracy of our city.

Mr. Kennedy's Reply.

In reply Mr. Kennedy said he felt highly honored at the representative meeting, including as it does the various shades of politics. From year to year he had been pressed to become a candidate for the high position of Mayor of the city. The pressure has at last been so great that he could not resist longer. He had not prepared a speech, but had concluded that he would not be doing his duty to refuse the requisition, signed as it was by so many representative citizens. He considered to be Mayor of Toronto was the highest gift the citizens could bestow on anyone. He looked on it as a greater honor than to be elected to Parliament. In the former the whole city was represented, but in the other only a portion.

Continuing Mr. Kennedy said he could make no promises as to his future course, his past record is the only guarantee he could give. A man who made promises to all or any clique was not fit to occupy the Mayor's chair.

It was the universal request from all parts of the city that had led him to become a candidate. He thought this latter fact was a forerunner of the sweeping majority that would elect him mayor.

Personally, Mr. Kennedy said, he had nothing to say against Mayor Fleming; but there are others who may have something to say in that direction. If the people of Toronto think the time has come for a change, they now have a chance to make one. He wanted it understood that he was a representative of the citizens of Toronto, and of no one class, creed or party. If elected every one could rely on receiving fair play from him.

In concluding, Mr. Kennedy trusted that as he had been brought out, and had not sought the office, that his friends would do all in their power to elect him, as it was not a nice thing to be defeated.

Ald. Hallam For Mayor.

Ald. John Hallam may yet be a candidate for the Mayoralty. He certainly will be should Mayor Fleming decide not to be a candidate, and a strong effort is being made by Mr. Fleming's friends to induce him to do so.

Should he do so Ald. Hallam will announce himself as a candidate for the Mayoralty for 1894.

Mayor Fleming Undecided.

Mayor Fleming has not yet decided whether he will be a mayoralty candidate or not. He may not make known his intentions for some days yet.

Ald. Saunders Retires.

Ald. Saunders told The World Saturday that he had retired from the contest for 1894.

LITTLE EXCITEMENT.

Citizens Find Small Cause for Enthusiasm in the Election—Another Topic.

The unusual lack of excitement in municipal circles may be accounted for in various ways, but it is certain that, so far, nothing has developed that can eclipse in the public eye the importance of Dineens' December sale, which is now announced.

The stock of new style furs at the well-known establishment is now complete, and when that is said the reader will understand that the most valuable and varied assortment of furs in the Dominion is on view at the corner of King and Yonge-streets.

All the new styles are included in the stock. Each week since the early fall has seen fresh consignments of furs, comprising always the latest designs, put into stock, and with the holiday goods just received the stock leaves nothing to be desired.

For ladies there are all the new and handsome capes of various fashionable designs, seal jackets, fur and fur-lined circulars, opera cloaks and carriage wraps, muffs, caps, ruffs and gloves. Gentlemen will find what they desire in fur and fur-lined coats, caps, gauntlets and gloves. Sleigh robes in all the luxurious and magnificent furs most affected by the fashionable world are in full variety at Dineens', as are furs of every description.

A complete stock of hats for cool weather is also to be seen at Dineens'.

The December sale opened with a rush on Saturday, and will continue until the end of the year. The early purchaser, however, will have the advantage.

Be sure and see Figlhein's great painting, "Jerusalem on the Day of the Crucifixion," now at Cyclorama. It is giving great satisfaction. Admission only 25c.

Taxpayers are reminded that Monday next, December the 4th, is the last day for paying the final instalment of taxes for 1893.

Citizens should pay these taxes at the Treasurer's office in the City Hall, and thus show in a practical way that tax collectors are not necessary.

For proper and seasonable gentlemen's furnishings visit Harcourt & Son, 57 King-street west. Our latest importations in tennis suits and summer neckwear including the Oxford Scarf, have just arrived. 135

Reward of $1000

to any person who will prove that the new brand Alberta 5c cigar is not made of clear long Havana filler. For sale everywhere. 135

Try Watson's Cough Drops.

Try Watson's Cough Drops.

Oak Mantels

In Colonial and other latest designs. Tilings and Brass Goods. W. Millichamp, Son & Co., 234 Yonge-street. tf

CANADA AND THE U.S. TARIFF

HON. MR. FOSTER EXPRESSES HIS OPINION OF THE WILSON BILL.

It May Lead to Increased Trade With Canada By Drawing Our Raw Materials to Give Employment to Labor in American Factories—Canada Will Meet Any Reductions in the Tariff.

OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 3.—In conversation with The World yesterday Hon. Mr. Foster said that he had received a copy of the proposed Democratic Tariff bill, and after studying it failed to see in it any justification of Mr. Laurier's claim that the Democratic policy was a free trade one.

The proposed tariff, it was true, reduced duties on a number of articles and largely increased the free list, but even the reduced duties left the tariff higher than ours. As to the reductions, he said they were all in the direction of cheapening raw material, and so lessening the cost of production.

Some of the changes would no doubt tend to an increase of trade between Canada and the United States, but this increased trade would be mostly in raw material.

Speaking generally, he said it would appear that the result would be to draw the national resources of Canada in their raw or numanufactured state into the United States, there to be put through the processes of manufacture, with the consequent greater employment of labor and distribution of wages.

In conclusion, he said that the Canadian Government will meet fairly any alleviations in the direction of Canadian trade accorded by the measure which may be passed and will meet it in a friendly spirit.

Sir John Thompson is expected to return from the Maritime Provinces on Thursday.

Will There Be a Contest?

There was a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Ottawa Liberal Association Saturday night, called for the purpose of deciding whether or not to bring out a candidate to oppose the Conservative nominee, Mr. Ald. Grant. The sentiment of the meeting was unmistakably in favor of allowing the seat to go to the Conservatives by acclamation, and the committee would probably have so decided but that a letter was read from Hon. W. Laurier setting forth that he would be with them Monday evening. In view of this it was decided to hear what Mr. Laurier has to say before taking definite action.

MONTREAL'S "BOYISH FREAK."

The Three French Dynamiters on Trial.

MONTREAL, Que., Dec. 3.—The three young French-Canadian students, Mercier, Pelland and Demartigay, who are charged with conspiracy to blow up Nelson's monument, appeared in court Saturday morning to answer to the charge. Ex-Premier Mercier, Ald. Beaudoleil and Lomer Gouin appeared on behalf of the prisoners.

Detective Lafontaine told about the arrest of the prisoners. He was followed by Dwight Brainard, an expert from the Hamilton Powder Works, who stated that after examining the monument he was of the opinion that dynamite placed in the holes in the pedestal would not entirely destroy the monument.

Constable Southergill was the next witness. He detailed the circumstances connected with the arrest of the accused. They made no resistance and seemed to treat the matter as a joke. Although they had been warned not to incriminate themselves, they had declared their intention was to blow up the monument.

On the conclusion of Southergill's testimony the case was adjourned until next Saturday.

PASSED AS A MAN 28 YEARS.

An Almost Incredible Case in the English Chancery Court.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—Another of the strange stories for which the English Chancery Court is remarkable is astonishing everybody to-day. The widow Cullener had a life interest in her husband's estate terminating on her re-marriage.

It is alleged that she married a certain James Stanley in 1865.

The answer is that the widow is Stanley. She has lived as a man for the past 28 years and carried on business as a plumber. She went through a marriage ceremony in 1866 with another woman named Newland, and they lived as man and wife till 1885.

The case is still on trial.

Harry N. Reid, Baritone; also Toronto Mandolin and Guitar Quartet to-morrow night at Pavilion, Select Knights of Canada Concert.

UNDER A CLOUD.

Grand Trunk Freight Agent Believed to be Short in His Accounts.

NIAGARA FALLS, Dec. 3.—There are well-founded rumors here that John Murray, freight agent of the Grand Trunk at Niagara Falls, Ont., who has been absent for several days is short in his accounts.

Mr. Murray went away a week ago on a leave of absence ostensibly to visit his family in Detroit, but his books have since been examined, and Mr. Sutherland of Midland, Ont., has been appointed agent in his stead. It is stated the shortage will amount to several thousand dollars, and that Murray had a $1000 cheque in his pocket belonging to the company when he departed. He sold his house before going. It is understood that Murray had been something of a "high roller" recently, and could not maintain his pace without the aid of the company's funds.

Shakespeare his own author: See The Toronto Sunday World.

Gus Hill at the Academy.

Manager Conner's attraction for the present week is Gus Hill's Novelties, of which it can be said no stronger vaudeville company is before the public. The great Gus himself is with the company, and will appear at each performance. The wonderful reduction of prices at this house to 10, 20 and 30 cents has been such a success that they will be used during this engagement.

Cultivate health by using Adams' Tutti Frutti after meals. It aids digestion and invigorates the entire system. Take no worthless substitute.

What English Physicians Say.

It is a well-known fact that Claret is an excellent blood maker, and several of the leading physicians in Europe state that there would be a great improvement in the public health if more Claret and less tea were consumed. (Observe, this is not intended for the prohibitionists to read.) William Mara, 79 Yonge-street, Toronto, makes a specialty of Clarets, and is agent for the celebrated firm of Jules Merman & Co., Bordeaux, and sells them at $3.50, $4, $4.50 and $5.50 upwards, per dozen quarts. This is a reduction of at least $2 per dozen.

Try Watson's Cough Drops.

A Victim of Thin Ice.

SACKVILLE, N.B., Dec. 3.—On the Morrice Lake last evening a number of small children were amusing themselves by skating and sliding on the ice. One little lad, Freddie McConnell, ventured on his skates some distance from the shore and was drowned.

Coughieurs cures coughs, old and young.

Miss Huston, Soprano, and Miss Archer, Violinist, at Concert to-morrow evening, Pavilion.

Fell From a Ladder.

John Murphy, painter, living at 17 Hagerman-street, while working at a house in Huron-street, fell of a ladder. He struck on his left side, receiving injuries to his arm, leg and head. He was moved to St. Michael's Hospital by ambulance Driver Cathers.

Russell M. Conwell is coming.

SATURDAY'S ELECTIONS.

The following article expresses The World's views on these events. It is word for word from The Globe's article on the Winnipeg election the day thereafter, with the necessary substitutions:

"Messrs. McNaughton (Patron of Industry) and McCallum (Independent or P.P.A.), the Opposition candidates, were elected in North Bruce and East Lambton on Saturday by splendid majorities. The constituencies have been Reform in provincial politics for years. . . .

"To say that a decisive victory for thorough reform of the Mowat Administration has been won is to speak within the mark. Indeed, the evidences of widespread dissatisfaction with the administration were seen before the election. The pressure of public opinion forced Sir Oliver himself to go a certain distance in advocacy of reform. . . . But the result itself is not more significant than the fact that in these constituencies the present Administration is regarded as so injurious to the country that no public journal can be induced to defend it. The ministers who visited Bruce also found at every step indications that the people were dissatisfied with the present system, and would accept nothing less than such a thorough and radical reform as the successful candidates propose.

"There fell to the lot of North Bruce and East Lambton the privilege of making the first formal and authoritative declaration for reform, and they are to be congratulated upon the use they have made of their opportunity. Their message to Sir Oliver is too clear and loud to be mistaken. They have unquestionably voiced the convictions of the great mass of the people of the West and Northwest, the hope of Ontario. The fact that both gentlemen advocated a measure of administrative reform makes the result all the more significant. The people had to choose between administrative reform as the Liberals understand it, and administrative reform as the Patrons have advocated it in their platform, and they decided by a great majority to vote for the platform and take no chances.

"We have also to congratulate McNaughton and McCallum upon the result of their plucky fight against heavy odds, and the Opposition party at Toronto upon the addition to their ranks of men whose election means a great deal more than the gain of two votes in the House."

HIS HOUR HAS COME.

Perhaps readers of The World have seen this heading before. The World used it in 1890 in connection with a clock and a calendar to indicate that Mr. Oliver Mowat's hour as Premier of Ontario had come. We were a little ahead of time, but after Saturday's elections we ought to be justified in using it for the coming struggle. He played the "old man" card in his appeal in this city and it failed, and now we would not be surprised to see