

Office.....MACDONNELL STREET
FRIDAY EV'G. APRIL 17, 1868.

HEAVING UP THE EXPENSE.
In the Commons on Thursday, in Committee of Supply, the first item was \$30,000 for the Lieut.-Governors of the Provinces, during the discussion of which great fault was found with the Government for the delay in making the necessary appointment in Ontario, and also with the amount of salary proposed to be voted. It was justly contended that it was useless to talk of retrenchment and cutting down the salaries of the employees of the House, while such immense sums were needlessly voted away *en bloc*. Mr. D. A. Macdonald objected to the salary paid to the Governor General, \$50,000, as being double that paid to the President of the United States. The salaries of the Lieut.-Governors were also absurdly large. No such salaries as they received was paid to any Governor of any State in the Union, except California.—Why this new Dominion, just struggling into existence, should be saddled with these enormous salaries, he could not divine.—But the Government carried the item, as also one of \$8,370 for Governors' Secretaries.

Corruption in the N. Y. Legislature.
Mr. Glenn, a member of the New York State of Legislature, created a sensation in the House the other day by bold ly stating that the vote of any and every member could be purchased. If his statements are true, any measure, no matter how bad, can be worked through the house provided its promoters are willing to pay for it; and more than that, these honorable gentlemen make it a practice to vote against every private bill until they are paid to vote for it. It is a system of blackmailing from first to last. In speaking of this matter the N. Y. Star says:—"The corruption charges on the Legislature are getting decidedly interesting. Mr. Glenn, who opened the subject by wholesale charges against his brother members, was himself accused of corruption yesterday, and an investigation was ordered. One of the Assembly-men from this city was directly charged with tendering a five hundred dollar bill for a vote. If any good was likely to come from these charges and counter charges, we should be glad to see the matter thoroughly investigated; but it will amount to nothing. Nearly every member is personally interested in keeping from the people the facts of Legislative corruption. There is only one way to arrest these abuses, and that is for the people to take political matters in their own hands, pitch the whole pack of corrupt politicians overboard, and elect good and honest men to legislative and other public offices."

Napoleon and the Pope.
The *Journal de Paris* has the following:—"From information which we deem very correct, but which we cannot give as positive, a most important occurrence has taken place in Rome. In a council held on the 17th ultimo, under the Presidency of Pius IX., and in which several cardinals had been invited to take active part, direct allusion was made to the present difficulties which assail the Holy See, and to the slender security the future seems to offer it. The Pope addressed the college, and after having long insisted upon that point, he demonstrated the necessity of leaning upon the French government, which alone supports the temporal power, and to try and interest it in favor of its continuance. Foreseeing the approaching end of his Pontificate, the Pope then insinuated that the sacred college would act wisely in agreeing to unite its votes in favor of a newly elected prince of the church, and that several of the cardinals present had declared themselves favorable to the advice of his holiness. It is supposed from the above that the Emperor Napoleon has promised his support to Pius IX., upon condition of his creating his cousin, Lucien Bonaparte, one of the cardinals, and of favoring his election to the Papacy. This part of the Emperor's programme once accomplished in case new complications should arise in Rome—and it is always an easy matter to create them there—the Pope would be brought again to France, where he would resume his partial sovereignty upon the city of Avignon, formerly the seat of the Papacy for nearly a century. It is expected that a Pope of French origin, and at the same time a member of the reigning imperial family, would not so peremptorily object to this plan as would an Italian Pontiff. This would settle forever the political side of the constantly recurring Roman question, and satisfy, it is hoped, both the French and Italians."

THE LAST PHILANTHROPIST IDEA.—A Paris paper says that a new war weapon has been invented. It is called the "narcotic bomb," from the fact that when it is thrown among the enemy's army, instead of exploding and scattering death all around, it merely exhales an immense volume of narcotic fumes, which set all who breathe them asleep for twenty-four hours. It is intended then to rush at the napping warriors, to tie them up, disarm them, and to make them all prisoners, without shedding one drop of blood.

THE ORGAN QUESTION.—Says the *Belleville Intelligencer*: The Presbytery of Kingston in connection with the Canada Presbyterian Church, met in this town yesterday, when the vexed organ question was discussed, and the Presbytery, by a vote of 8 against 1, decided to recommend the Synod to grant the prayer of the overture from Knox Church, Montreal, viz., to grant liberty to such congregations as desire it, to make use of an instrument in worship. This is the first Presbytery which, by a decided vote, sanctions the action of Knox Church, Montreal.

SPEED ON ENGLISH RAILWAYS.—The speed of railway trains in England is fully double that which we enjoy in this country. For example: The Irish express mail completes the journey from London to Holyhead (263 miles) within six hours 40 minutes, or at the rate of 88 1/2 miles an hour. For a short run, involving only one stoppage for the engine to take water, the most rapid on the narrow gauge in England is between London and Dover, on Australian mail nights. [The 26th of each month.] This train travels between London and Dover in 1 hour and 45 minutes. There is one stop for water. The rate of speed, including the stop, is a little over 50 miles an hour—excluding it the rate is 54. There is a train on the Great Western which, although not carrying mails, is the fastest in England. It completes the distance from London to Exeter—174 miles, with four stops, amounting to 30 minutes, in 4 1/2 hours, or at the rate of 43 miles an hour. For a long distance this is extraordinary.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April 16.
Messrs. J. J. Ross, Stirling, J. S. Ross and Scatcherd (chairman), were sworn at the Clerk's table as the committee to try the Joliette election.
Mr. Walsh, from the General Committee on Elections, reported the following as the names of the committee appointed to try the Montreal East election case: Messrs. Duncan, Hagar, Masson, McConekey and Blake chairman.
Mr. Jones (Leeds) gave notice that when any of the Bills for the organization of any of the Departments came before the House, he would move a resolution to the effect that in the opinion of this House it is for the interests of this Dominion that the number of His Excellency's advisers who would be in the receipt of salaries should not exceed nine.
Sir John A. Macdonald moved, that to-morrow the House will resolve itself into a committee of the Whole to consider a resolution relating to the salaries of the officer mentioned in the Act respecting Penitentiaries.—Carried.
Mr. Langevin moved that on Monday, immediately after routine of proceedings the House will resolve itself into a committee of the whole to consider the third report of the committee on contingencies.—Carried.
Sir John A. Macdonald introduced six additional Bills relating to the criminal law.
Mr. Cartier intimated that he would move a second reading of the Militia Bill on Tuesday, and he would then explain the views of the Government with reference to the fortifications, and the amount of money they were to ask for that purpose.
The House went again into committee on the estimates. Mr. Jackson in the chair—commencing with the estimates for the administration of justice.

THE BULL AND THE SOLDIER.—There is among the papers of the late Sir William Napier a story of a bull which met a company of British soldiers on march and charged them. The scene of this encounter was the Island of Mauritius. The company was marching in a column of sections, when the bull dashed into it from the rear, knocking the men all ways, and emerging at the front rushing onwards. Hardly had the men had time to pick themselves up and recover their order, when the bull round and charged their front. The commanding officer called out: "Prepare to receive cavalry," and the men fired their bayonets and got down just in time to meet the shock. The bull charged home, and fell pierced by a dozen bayonets. The story is told as a remarkable example of the courage of the British soldier, but we think that the courage of the bull of the Island of Mauritius was most conspicuous upon this occasion.

LORD STANLEY ON AMERICAN AFFAIRS.—A deputation from the Peace Society recently waited on Lord Stanley. The object of the interview was to present a memorial from the society in favor of referring to arbitration the questions pending between Great Britain and America. The late speech of Lord Stanley was spoken of by the secretary of the society as wise, calm, generous and conciliatory, and as adapted in every respect to exercise a salutary and lasting influence on the relations of the two countries.—Lord Stanley, in reply, said that if the conciliatory disposition of the government was met by a corresponding spirit on the part of American government, he had no doubt that the question would be settled. He congratulated the members of the Peace Society upon the fact that the principles they advocated were becoming more popular, and said it was now known throughout Europe that the policy of Great Britain was a policy of peace.

IMPEACHMENT COSTS.—A day or two since a bill was introduced into the Senate of the United States, appropriating \$10,000 to defray the expenses of the impeachment trial of the President. This is an exceedingly small sum for a state trial of so great importance. It is to be presumed that the President whether convicted or not, will be compelled to pay his own expenses, which will not probably fall short of \$50,000. In the case of Warren Hastings, who was acquitted, he was adjudged to pay the costs, which amounted to £71,080 sterling; but he was partially compensated for this by the East India Company, which settled a pension on him for life of £4,000 sterling.

A. W. Advertisements.

FARM LOTS
FOR SALE CHEAP, in a good settlement, with every convenience. Apply to
C. J. BLOMFIELD, Sec.,
Canadian Land and Emigration Company,
Toronto Bank Buildings, Toronto.
April 17, 1868. daw 1m

Medical Dispensary

HARVEY'S

PATENT

BENZOLINE

For instantly removing

Grease, Oil, Wax, Paint, Tar
and other spots from Silk,
Velvet, Cloth and Kid
Gloves, Carpets,

And all kinds of fabrics, without injuring the most delicate colors. Price 25c per box.

Sole Proprietor,

E. HARVEY,

Chemist and Druggist, Wyndham-St., Guelph,
April 16. daw 1f

St. Patrick's Society.

A SPECIAL Meeting of the above Society will be held at the Anglo-American Hotel, on

Friday Evening, 17th Inst,

at half-past seven o'clock, to give an expression of feeling regarding the murder of the late Hon. Thomas

D'Arcy McGee. D. NUNAN, Secretary.
Guelph, 16th April, 1868. daw 1f

SELECT

Boarding & Day School

MRS. FETHERSTONHAUGH proposes (D.V.) to open a School for young Ladies at her residence in Wyndham Street, over the Post Office, on MONDAY, 20th April.
Guelph, 27th March, 1868. daw 3

BRITANNIA HOUSE

Clothing Ware-rooms.

We have now on hand the Largest, Cheapest and Best assorted

Stock of Ready-made Clothing!

IN GUELPH.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER

We keep a First-class CUTTER, and guarantee a perfect FIT.

HEFFERNAN BROS.

Guelph, 16th April, 1868

ON WEDNESDAY NEXT, 22nd INSTANT,

Will be sold by public auction, at the Emigrant Shed of the Great Western Railway Station, Hamilton, a large quantity of valuable unclaimed Freight and Baggage, including

An Omnibus,
Two Sleighs,
One Waggon,
Planing Machine
And a quantity of Machinery

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, a.m., sharp.

By Order, THOMAS SWINYARD,
General Manager.

THOS. BURROWS, Auctioneer.
G. W. R. Office,
Hamilton, 16th April, 1868. d

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR

At JOHN A. WOOD'S.

MAPLE SUGAR!

At JOHN A. WOOD'S.

BISCUIT

Arrowroot,
Cream,
Fruit,
Victoria,
Abernethy,
Wine and Ginger Nut BISCUITS

At JOHN A. WOOD'S.

AMBER SYRUP

At JOHN A. WOOD'S.

Guelph, April 15th 1868 daw

HORSE BILLS

1868

PROPRIETORS and Travellers of Stallions will please note the fact that at

THE MERCURY OFFICE

Macdonnell Street, opposite the Great Western Hotel Stables, second door east of the Golden Lion, Guelph.

They can get better, cheaper and handsomer Horse Bills than at any other office in the County, and printed while they wait.

Orders by post will be promptly attended to, and forwarded by the earliest conveyance.—Give us a call.

MCLAGAN & INNES.
Evening Mercury Buildings, Macdonnell-st.
Guelph, 1st April, 1868. daw

AUCTION SALE.

REAL ESTATE

IN THE TOWN OF GUELPH.

MR. N. CROFT has instructed the undersigned to sell by public auction

On Tuesday 28th of April,

On the premises, that most desirable Lot, known as Lot 785, corner of Suffolk and Dublin Streets, Canada Company Survey, in the Town of Guelph. The Lot is well fenced, with ornamental trees growing thereon, and is a first-class one for building purposes. Also, Lot 9, on the London Road. The above Lots are well adapted for homesteads for business and professional men, or as an investment. Sale at 2 o'clock

Terms liberal, and will be made known at time of sale, or on application to the proprietor, and at the office of the auctioneer.

W. S. G. KNOWLES, Auctioneer,
Guelph, 15th April, 1868. dtd

The Music Book

FOR THE YOUNG FOLKS AT HOME

MERRY CHIMES;

CONTAINING Elementary Instructions, Attractive Exercises and several Hundred Popular Songs. This New Book will be found Superior to all similar Works, in many points essential to a popular Instruction Book in Vocal Music and Collection of Melodies for the Young. FORTY EDITIONS have already been published, and the demand continues unabated. Many of the Songs have been written expressly for the work, and none of the songs are old and time-worn through a dozen books, but New and Sparkling, adapted to all Occasions, and Alive with the Spirit of the Times.

Price 50 cents. Sent postpaid. OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston. CHAR. H. DITSON & CO., 711 Broadway, New York.

Boston, April 14, 1868. daw 1f

NOTICE.

IN consequence of building an addition to my Brewery, I have opened a depot on Norfolk Street, for the sale of my XXX ALE in bottles, and appointed Mr. John Nicholson my agent.

THOMAS HOLLIDAY,
Guelph, 15th April, 1868. d1m

ALBION HOTEL!

St. Paul-st., MONTREAL.

MR. DECKER would say that having resumed the management of the Albion, he hopes by personal attention to merit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon him during the last 12 years.

L. W. DECKER.
Montreal, 30th March, 1868. d

House Servant Wanted.

APPLY to MRS. SHARPE, Waterloo Road.
April 7th, 1868. (d1f)

W. B. COWAN, M. D.

HOMOEOPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Acupuncturist. Graduate of New York Homoeopathic College, and Licentiate of Canada. Office over Mr. Massey's new store—entrance Macdonnell Street.
Guelph, 27th Jan, 1868 daw 1f

BRITANNIA HOUSE

Clothing Ware-rooms.

We have now on hand the Largest, Cheapest and Best assorted

Stock of Ready-made Clothing!

IN GUELPH.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER

We keep a First-class CUTTER, and guarantee a perfect FIT.

HEFFERNAN BROS.

Guelph, 16th April, 1868

OPENING

An Immense Stock of

New Spring Goods

Particular notice is requested to our STAPLE GOODS, which are the best in the trade.

Guelph, April 15, 1868.

A. O. BUCHAM.

No. 1, Wyndham Street, Guelph.

JAMES CORMACK,

TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,

HAS NOW RECEIVED at his New Store, next to John Horsman's, in Mr. Hogg's New Block, one of the Largest, Cheapest and Best assorted Stock of

CLOTHS AND CLOTHING

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, &c.,

EVER OFFERED IN GUELPH.

Large Display of Hats & Caps

English, French and American Styles.

And the Newest received Monthly.

JAMES CORMACK,
Guelph, 15th April, 1868. dw Wyndham-st., Guelph

1868. SPRING 1868.

Important and Startling Announcement.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF SPRING GOODS

AT THE

BRADFORD HOUSE

THE Subscriber has much pleasure in announcing the arrival of his SPRING STOCK, which for extent, cheapness and quality is not surpassed in the Dominion, and

This Week will shew the following Attractive Lines

POPLINS.—In all the New Colours, from \$6 per dress.

PLAIN AND FANCY SILKS in every shade.

PLAIN AND FANCY DRESS GOODS.—New Styles.

CASHMERE.—In beautiful colours and patterns.

HOSIERY.—White and Coloured in large variety.

GLOVES.—A beautiful assortment, including Jolvin's Black and Col'd Kid.

Alexandre's do do

And the Largest Assortment of Small Wares in Ontario.

UNRIVALLED BARGAINS!

MR. JEFFREY being very early in the Market this Spring, and having bought heavily in STAPLES previous to the great advance, I will sell all

Cotton Goods at December Prices

BEING FULLY TEN PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN GUELPH, NO MATTER WHAT THEIR PRE-TENTIONS MAY BE.

THE MILLINERY AND MANTLE SHOW ROOMS

WILL BE OPENED IN A FEW DAYS.

As this Department has always been acknowledged to have no rival in the West, extra attention has been given this season to place it still further ahead of any attempt at competition. Due notice will be given of the OPENING DAY.

The Furnishing Department, as usual, is Large and Attractive.

Inspection invited. Will be glad to show the Stock and give List of Prices.

PHILIP BISH.

Bradford House, Wyndham Street, Guelph, April 8, 1868. daw 1f

THE SPRING TRADE

STEWART

SPRING DRESSES.

NEWEST STYLES.

SPRING DRESSES,

BEST MATERIALS.

SPRING DRESSES,

MOST MODERATE PRICES.

STEWART

HAS JUST RECEIVED the largest and most choice stock of New Spring Goods he has ever shown, and respectfully requests attention to the great difference in price from last year, being at least One-third Lower.

STEWART

HAS opened a case of White Drab and Grey Stays, that fit the body and not the body stays. Highly recommended by the Faculty.

STEWART'S

CARPET STOCK is the largest west of Toronto, and being all this season's importations the designs and colors are new.

STEWART'S

STOCK OF TAPESTRY is large and choice. Styles are new, and will be offered very low, commencing at 75 cents.

STEWART'S

NEW SILKS.

BLACK AND COLORED.

DRESS GOODS.

CHENES, CAMLETS, REPS, POPLINS, SERGES, MOHAIRS.

MANTLES.

SILK, CLOTH AND VELVET.

JACKETS.

SILK, CLOTH AND VELVET.

LACES.

COLLARETS, TIES, FALLS, MUSLIN AND LINEN SETS.

PARASOLS.

RIBBONS, FLOWERS, &c.

HOSIERY.

SILK, SPUN AND COTTON.

GLOVES.

KIDS, SILK AND LISLE.

SMALL WARES.

BELTS, BUOLE TRIMMINGS, BUTTONS IN VARIETY.

PRINTS.

BRILLIANTES, PIQUES, SHIRTINGS AND SKIRTINGS.

STEWART

Is now showing for the Spring Trade

NEW DAMASKS,

NEW REPS,

NEW CHINTZES,

NEW LENO CURTAINS,

NEW MUSLIN CURTAINS,

NEW LACE CURTAINS.

WM. STEWART.

Guelph, April, daw