Poetry.

Good Temper.

There's not a cheaper thing on earth,
Nor yet one half so dear;
'Tis worth more than distinguished birth,
Or thousands gained a year.

It lends the day a new delight—
'Tis virtues firmest shield;
And adds more beauty to the night
Than all the stars may yield.

It maketh poverty content,
To sorrow whispers peace:
It is a gift from heaven sent,
For mortals to increase.

It meets you with a smile at morn,
It lulls you to repose—
A flower for peer and peasant born
An everlasting rose.

A charm to banish grief away,
To free the brow from care—
Turns tears to smiles, makes dulness gay,
Spreads gladness everywhere.

And yet 'tis cheap as summer's dew
That gems the lily's breast—
A talisman for love as true
As ever man possessed.

As smiles the rainbow through the cloud
When threat'ning storm begins—
As music 'mid the tempest loud
That still its sweet way wins—

As springs an arch across the tide
When waves conflicting foam—
So comes this seraph to our side,
This angel to our home.

What may this wondering spirit be
With power unheard before—
This charm, this bright divinity?
Good nature—nothing more.

Good temper—'Tis the choicest gift
That woman homeward brings,
And can the poorest peasant lift
To bliss unknown to kings.

Miscellaneous.

Speech of Lord Napier.

At the annual dinner of the St. George's Society in New York, the following toast was offered:—

Her Majesty's Ministers and Representatives on this Continent. [Enthusiastic Cheering]

Lord Napier, her Britannic Majesty's Minister at Washington, responded as follows:

GENTLEMEN:—I beg to offer you my very sincere thanks for the honor which you have done me in associating my name with the toast, and with the health of "Her Majesty's Ministers." Her Majesty's Ministers will be highly gratified when they learn that their names and their offices are held in such esteem, regard and memory by their fellow countrymen residing in the United States. I, myself, gentlemen, in my own personal capacity, am sensible that I am undeserving of the acclamations which you have deigned to bestow upon my name; but I see in the manner in which you have received it, a warm revulsion of those feelings of sympathy and regard which may be suspended or obscured for a time, and which are ever deeply founded on the affections and the interests of the two countries.

Gentlemen: The office which I have the happiness to fill, and in which you have done me the honor to wish me well, is one which has been familiar to my hopes and wishes from a very early period of my life and services.

Gentlemen: I may still maintain that there is not a more grateful, or a more glorious, and a more useful employment than this employment, which I share with my venerable friend, the United States Minister in London—the employment of holding aloft the ensigns of peace and friendship between the two great branches of the English race.

Gentlemen: I feel that I entered upon that employment here at a most auspicious period. I can assure you that I have met, upon the part of the President of the United States, upon the part of General Cass, upon the part of all the ministers and functionaries of the United States with whom I have been brought into contact, every manifestation of that cordial and friendly disposition which animates the Government and the community of Great Britain.

There are no questions involving any degree of anxiety or apprehension pending between the two countries. And I am sometimes disposed to hope that the time may soon come when there will scarcely be any subjects of official correspondence at all. If I may not flatter myself with this agreeable prospect of official vacuity. If I must look forward to my fair and natural share of discussions and debates, surely, gentlemen, we have in the experience of the past the best grounds for believing that there can never be a question so difficult or complicated that it may not meet with a prompt, with a peaceful, and with an honorable solution.

There are many questions at once envenomed and alarming which have been settled in a pacific manner in our recent negotiations. Our Eastern boundaries have been defined by one treaty. Our Western boundaries have been settled by another. The disputed fisheries, which at one time threatened to embroil us, have been converted by the salutary engagements of reciprocity into a source of mutual wealth. Finally, gentlemen, the question of the privileges of neutral trade in time of war—that question which, for so long, was the constant cause of complaint and recriminations, has now obtained by the spontaneous declarations of her Majesty's ministers during the late hostilities, that liberal interpretation so often desired by the United States, and which no government of England hereafter will ever be inclined to revoke or to repeal.

Gentlemen: I am justified, then, in saying that by an easy exercise of frankness, of mutual forbearance and indulgence, no question can arise between our countries which will not admit of an easy and an amicable settlement. But, gentlemen, I desire more than cordiality—I desire co-operation.

Now, gentlemen, I do not wish to alarm the citizens of the United States who are here present by raising before their averted eyes the phantom of "entangling alliances." Entangling alliances, gentlemen, are a kind of political spectre, which seems to have descended with undiminished terrors from the period of the revolution to the present day.

There may be mutual co-operation where there are no written engagements; and gentlemen, where the heart is wanting, there may be written engagements without mutual cooperation. All then, gentlemen, that I wish to say is, that our respective governments should mutually make an early and sincere declaration and avowal to each other of their views and intentions with respect to all subjects which involve the common interests of the two countries—whereby they will have the benefit of mutual good offices and mutual counsel, and whereby they will be able to avoid those one-sided resolutions and those startling announcements which are apt to disturb the confidence of commerce and calculated to excite the sensibilities and jealousies of two high spirited nations. Gentlemen, the only entangling alliance which I shall venture to recommend to your adoption is the submarine cable between this country and England.

My friend, the honorable chairman has been so kind as to allude in terms of glowing eulogy and encomium to the services which members of my family have been enabled, in former times and generations, to offer to the sovereign and the country either in the departments of science or in those of war. The sincerity, gentlemen, in which that encomium was pronounced, and the manner in which those observations were received, are certainly exceedingly gratifying to my own pride. And all this is certainly an additional incentive to me to endeavor to render myself not unworthy of those services which have been performed by members of my family upon previous occasions.

I cannot flatter myself that I possess any peculiar fitness or any local experience which could enable me to perform the duties of Her Majesty's Minister in a distinguished manner. But gentlemen, this I can assure you, that I undertake those duties with the highest satisfaction and with the happiest anticipations. Gentlemen, it was some time ago observed in England, and it was repeated in some quarters in America, that the members of the regular diplomatic profession of Great Britain were not qualified by their previous education and experience to contend with the stubborn and masculine elements of American politics.

It was supposed, gentlemen, that we were so inured in the petty acts and in the dark practices of "cabinet intrigue," that we were so accustomed to humble ourselves in the twilight of military courts, that we were not qualified nor disposed to meet a free people in the light of day. Gentlemen: did you observe any symptoms of this intellectual decrepitude in Sir Richard Pakenham, or in Sir Henry Bulwer? I have not the honor of having ever served with those distinguished personages, but in honor to the profession to which I belong, I am justified in alleging that in my friend and my former chief, Sir H. Seymour, I never observed any want of vigor and independence nor in my later master, Viscount Stratford de Redcliffe, who has passed thirty years of his indefatigable life in contending against the ambition of arbitrary power in one country and in mitigating its abuses in another.

Gentlemen, I do not wish to say anything unduly and ungratefully depreciatory of any country or of any Government. I have had some experience of despotic Governments. I have lived in Naples, in Turkey and in Russia. Gentlemen, there are elements of happiness in them all. Fortunately, I say, there are elements of kindness, of culture and of happiness which no political system whatever can exclude from the face of nature and from the hearts of men. But, gentlemen, neither the retrospective glories of the Italian scene, nor the ancient repose and the picturesque associations of oriental life, nor the splendid enchantments of social life which have arisen in their most agreeable form upon the banks of the Neva can ever make an Englishman undervalue or forget those principles of freedom which have been cherished by our common fathers at home, and which by them were sown broadcast upon the soil of the great American continent.

Gentlemen, I have since my arrival sometimes observed an impression in the United States that the developement of this country is regarded with jealousy by England. Gentleman; this is an erroneous opinion. You will bear me out in the assertion that the last vestiges of former prejudice founded on the animosities of two unhappy wars is being very rapidly extinguished. The peaceful and legitimate expansion of the United States forms a matter of satisfaction and pride to every reasonable Englishman. That expansion forms the best resort and relief for our superabundant population; it forms the best market for our increasing industry; it is the triumph of our labor and our arts, of our language, our religion and our blood. No thoughtful Englishman can contemplate this unparalleled spectacle of future predominance without emotions of thankfulness and praise.

No thoughtful foreigner can regard it without a sigh, because Providence has not reserved the future empire of the world for his own tongue and his own race. Gentlemen: these sentiments of sympathy and good will to which I give a feeble utterance, are, believe me, not rare or partial in our country, nor do I derive them from obscure authority.

Gentlemen, I have gathered these sentiments in the benevolent pages of a Carlisle, in the wise conclusions of an Aberdeen, and in the eloquent declarations of an Elgin. Gentlemen, I have heard these sentiments declared and enforced from the bench of the Government, and I have heard them echoed back from the benches of the opposition. Gentlemen, these sentiments have been inculcated upon me with sincere and careful emphasis by the Earl of Clarendon, and by that noble Viscount who is first in the councils and in the hearts of the British people.

Finally, gentlemen, I have received these sentiments as a fruitful trust from the hands of my sovereign, and I will not lay up this profitable talent in a diplomatic napkin.

At the close of this interesting speech, his lordship was loudly cheered.

The Great Atlantic Submarine Telegraph Cable.

About a mile or so below Greenwich stands the factory of Messrs. Glass and Elliot, where the great submarine cable, by which it is hoped to connect England with America, is in rapid course of completion. The rolls of wire, tons of hemp yarn, and singular looking drums from the Gutta-percha Company, which are incessantly pouring into the works, betoken the presence of an unusal kind of manufacture, and this idea is quite borne out by a mere glance over the premises themselves. The first object which attracts the visitor's attention on entering the yard is the vast bulk of cable already completed. On each side of the paths are two large circular docks or pits, in which about 600 miles are piled away in four massive coils, each 35 feet in diameter. It appears so manageable and so supple as the men drag it from the building in which it is manufactured that it is difficult to realise the fact that the greater part of its bulk is iron wire, or that a light and slight looking rope of that kind is intended to perform a perpetual medium of communication under the 3000 miles of one of the deepest and stormiest seas in the world. Such, however, is the result which is it hoped to achieve, though whether it will do so or not is quite another question, and one full of doubt and difficulty. Before entering further into the subject we may as well mention that the whole cable is being constructed in two equal portions—one half being made at Messrs Newell's works at Birkenhead, and the other at Messrs. Glass and Elliot's, at East Greenwich. The reason for this subdivision is, that it was quite impossible for one manufactory to complete such a gigantic undertaking within the allotted time. Each firm is bound by contract to have 1250 miles ready for shipment by July, and as many miles more as they can get completed in that time. Already at the two manufactories about 1200 miles have been made. Glass and Elliot produce at the rate of 70 miles per week, but with an additional machine in course of erection they will in a few days be able to increase that amount to 100 miles. We believe both firms expect to have about 1400 miles completed within the period specified in their agreement.—*Times.*

E. Billing jr. & Co's

FIRST GRAND DISPLAY OF

SPRING AND SUMMER

Fancy Goods,

APRIL 28, 1857.

WE will have the pleasure of submitting to the inspection of the public this morning, the contents of

72 Cases Fancy Goods,

Received per America and other Steamers.

Our assortment of NEW DESIGNS in

DRESSES in Every Texture

far surpasses in profuse extent any of our previous immense importations.

Striped, Checked and Flounced SILKS,
French Flounced Barages direct from Paris,
Silk and Wool Materials in endless variety,
Piccolomini, Zephyr and other new Robes,
With several large lots of very low priced DRESSES, much under value.

Mantles and Mantillas,

Of the latest Parisan designs.
Black Glace Silk Mantles, from 10s to 60s.,
Black Moire Antique Mantles, from 10s to 70s.
Velvet Mantles, from 60s to 100s.

A VERY ELEGANT DISPLAY OF

SHAWLS,

In Silk, Tissue and Barage Longs,
Paisley and French Filled Do,
Cashmere Scarfs, &c.
Bonnet Ribbons, French Bonnetings,
Feathers and Flowers,
Elegant Worked Muslins, Lace Goods, Silk Scarfs, &c., &c. E. BILLING, Jr. & CO.
London House.

N. B.—We would especially invite attention to our Stock of

BONNETS

which is the largest and most varied we have ever imported. E. B. Jr. & CO.

May 14.

David Starr & Sons,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN BRITISH AND AMERICAN

HARDWARE GOODS

—AND—

Cutlery,

49, UPPER WATER STREET... HALIFAX,

HAVE on hand an extensive assortment of Goods suitable for the City and Country trade, just received per recent arrivals, comprising—

Brandram's Best White Lead and Coloured PAINTS,
Best Boiled and Raw Linseed OILS,
Window Glass, Putty, Glue, Gold Leaf,
Cut NAILS, English and Halifax Manufacture,
STEAM WROUGHT NAILS, in bags, very low,
Griffin's Scythes, Sickles, and Scythe Stones,
Nets, Lines, Twines, and Fish Hooks,
Spades, Shovels, Hay Forks, and Rakes,
Sheet Lead, Shot, Lead Pipe, Tin, Wire,
GUNPOWDER, GUNS, and PISTOLS,
Smith's BELLOWS, Vices, and Anvils,
Carpenter's and Joiner's TOOLS, in great variety,
IRON and STEEL of all kinds.

Table and Pocket Cutlery, together with a full assortment of SHEFFIELD, BIRMINGHAM, and AMERICAN HARDWARE, which are offered at Low PRICES, and on LIBERAL TERMS.

ALSO—SHEATHING & ROOFING ZINC AND ZINC NAILS of the Manufacture of the VIRILLE MONTAGNE ZINC MINING COMPANY of FRANCE and BELGIUM, Sole Agents for the Agents, the Interests of the DAVID STARR & SONS.

May 7. 4w.

Duffus & Co.

Have Just received Ex

Steamers EUROPA,
KHERSONESE,
Ships MICMAC,
WOLFE,
WHITE STAR, and others,

THE whole of their large and well assorted Stock of **SPRING GOODS,** in Cotton, Woolen, Linen and Silk Goods.

Bonnets, Parasols, Hosiery and Ready Made Clothing,

Which are offered at the lowest prices for Cash or approved Credit to Wholesale Dealers.

No. 3, Granville Street.

May 7. 2m.

FRESH IMPORTATIONS

OF SPRING & SUMMER

GOODS,

THIS MONTH.

W. & C. MURDOCH & CO.

ARE now receiving their Spring Stock, landing from various ships, and comprising a general assortment of WOOLLEN, COTTON, SILK and LINEN GOODS, of every variety, plain and fancy, and respectfully invite the attention and inspection of buyers.

ALSO—

Straw and Silk BONNETS,
Muslin Collars, Habit Shirts, &c,
Ribbons, Laces, Parasols, Shays,
Silk Mantles, Dress Caps, Flowers, Feathers
Veils, Ladies' and Gents Straw Hats,
SHAWLS, of every variety.
Dresses, do.
Gloves, do.
Hdkfs and Scarfs, do,
Cloth Caps, Hats, Combs,
Ready Made CLOTHING,
Stationery, Plain and Fancy Soaps,
Pepper, Indigo, Tobacco Pipes,
Cotton Warps, Starch, Nutmegs,
CONGOU TEA.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

GRANVILLE & DUKE STREETS.

April 30. 6w.

Bell & Anderson

BEG to intimate that by recent arrivals from Great Britain and the United States, they have received their

Spring Stock

OF

Staple and Fancy Goods,

COMPRISING

Grey, White, Twilled and fancy Shirtings,
Plain and Printed Muslins, Printed Cottons,
DeLaines, Cashmeres, Plain and figured Lustres,
Cobourgs, Flounced and double skirt dresses,
Glace and Moire Antique Mantles,
Plain and fancy Straw and Silk Bonnets,
Ribbons, Parasols, Gloves and Hosiery,
Cloths, Doeskins, Fannels and Vestings,
Blue and Striped Jersey Shirts,
American Satinetts and Kentucky Jeans,
India Rubber Braces, &c., &c., &c.

ALSO—Tea, Soap, Starch, Indigo and Nutmegs.

☞ Having withdrawn from the retail business, and the above Goods having been selected with particular reference to the wholesale trade, B. & A. respectfully invite the inspection of buyers.

April 30. 6w.

Liverpool House,

NO. 12 GRANVILLE STREET.

THE Subscribers having completed per recent arrivals from Liverpool, London, and Glasgow, their **SPRING STOCK OF GOODS,** have now a full and complete assortment of the

Newest and Most Fashionable GOODS.

Selected by one of themselves—which they offer Wholesale and Retail on reasonable terms.

W. J. COLEMAN & CO.

April 30 4w.

LANGLEY, (FROM LONDON,) DRUGGIST, ETC. HALIFAX, N.S.

HAS received from England his usual supply of fresh GARDEN and FLOWER SEEDS, which he believes to begood and true to their kinds.

LANGLEY'S DRUG STORE, Hollis Street.

April 16. 6w.

1857.

Spring Importations,

City Drug Store.

THE Subscribers have received per Mic Mac from

	Glasgow	28	Packages.
Per Scotia from	London	102	do.
" Humber from	Liverpool	7	do.
" Eastern State from	Boston	32	do.
		170.	

Comprising part of their Spring Stock of Drugs, Medicines, Glassware, Perfumery, Spices, Dye Stuffs, Fancy Soaps.

Agricultural, Garden and Flower SEEDS, which they are prepared to offer Wholesale and Retail at as low prices as any other firm in the city.

DEWOLF & CO.

☞ The remainder of Stock daily expected per "Felicity," from Glasgow and "Europa," from London.

May 7.

Nova Scotia Railway Office,

HALIFAX, 29th April, 1857.

Extension of Trunk Line to Truro.

TENDERS will be received at this Office, until MONDAY, the 1st day of June next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the construction and finish of seventeen and one quarter miles of this Railway, terminating at the village of Truro, to be completed by the 1st day of August, 1858.

To suit persons desirous of tendering, this section will be offered in one or two contracts.

The Board will furnish the permanent Rails, Chairs, Spikes and Side Keys.

Plans, specifications, and quantities may be seen on the ground, on Monday the 18th day of May, and afterwards at the Engineer's Office.

An Engineer will meet persons desirous of tendering, at the Stewiacke road crossing, on the above day, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Tenders must be accompanied by the address of the parties tendering, and by the name of the bondsmen.

May 7. JAMES McNAB, Chairman.

Langley's Antibilious Aperient Pills.

THE great popularity acquired by these Pills during the Twelve years they have been offered for sale in this Province is a convincing proof of their value, as no undue means of increasing their sale have been resorted to, by puffing advertisements—no certificates published respecting them.

These Pills are confidently recommended for Billious Complaints, or morbid action of the Liver, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Headache, want of Appetite, Giddiness, and the numerous symptoms indicative of derangement of the digestive organs. Also as a general Family Aperient. They do not contain Calomel nor any mineral preparation; are effectual, yet so gentle in their operation, that they may be taken at any time, with perfect safety, by persons of both sexes; nor do they, as do many Pills, necessitate the constant use of Purgative medicine, the ingredients of which they are composed effectually obviating this common difficulty.

Sold in Boxes. Price 1s., by

WM. LANGLEY, Chemist,
Hollis Street, Halifax.

March 12. 6m.

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE Subscribers having this day entered into Co partnership, will in future transact business under the name of McILREITH and CABOT

W. McILREITH,
J. E. CABOT.

Halifax, 31st March, 1857.

McIlreith & Cabot return thanks for the kind patronage awarded them in former business connections, and individually, and beg to solicit a continuance of the same for the present firm. They propose keeping a stock of GOODS that in quality and variety will not be surpassed in this city, and intend to have all orders promptly and faithfully executed under their personal supervision. A large stock suitable for the present and approaching season has been selected for them in England, with great attention to style and quality, and may be expected in a few days. Their business will, for the present, be carried on at No 25 GRANVILLE STREET, until the old stand in Hollis Street is rebuilt. April 9.

ALBION HOUSE!

RECEIVED PER STEAMER NIAGARA.

Fourteen Packages [More!

DRESS GOODS, British—every novelty in plain and fancy, French 4-4 Black Glace Fancy Flounced and Moire Stripes Silks, Printed and Flounced Beffages, Printed DeLaines, and Cambrics.

LACE GOODS.—Guipure, Thread, Point de Alencon, Mecklin and other Laces, White and Black Bugle Lace Collars and Sleeves in Mecklin, Valenciennes and Guipure, Thread Lace Falls.

MUSLIN GOODS.—Collars and Sleeves, Mantles, Skirts, Robes Flouncing, &c.

MANTLES—Velvet, Glace, Guipure, Boys and Girls Fancy Dresses, very choice.

Trimmings and Parasols, Shirtings, Printed Cambrics, Cloth, Doeskins, Vestings, &c.

Window Holland in every width.

JOST, KNIGHT & CO

April 16. 32, Granville Street.

House and Estate Agency,

60 Hollis Street, Halifax, N. S.

THE Subscriber negotiates for the Sale or purchase, Renting, or letting and other disposition of Houses and Real Estate wherever situate throughout the Province; ALSO in the sale, purchase, and transfer of Stock, Shares, Collecting Rents, &c., &c.

By constantly advertising, and the system of entering in BOOKS OF REGISTRY open for the reference, all requisite particulars, the range of enquiry and chance of diffusing information is widely extended, and a ready channel of communication is thus presented between applicants and proprietors.

A large number of Properties, Houses, vacant Lots and Wild Lands are registered for sale and to be let.

For terms and every information apply (if by letter, post paid,) to B. G. GRAY,

May 7. 60 Hollis Street, Halifax, N. S.

H. W. Sutcliffe

Offers for Sale at Low Prices.

85 CHESTS CONGO TEA.
33 half chests do do.
120 small boxes do do.
14 chests Green do.
150 packets Java COFFEE,
15 bags Maracaibo do.
25 bags Jamaica do.
12 hhds bright SUGAR,
25 bbls do do.
75 Firkins Canada and Nova Scotia BUTTER.
25 kegs English Mustard,
15 bbls Crushed SUGAR,
400 packages table SALT,
40 dozen English Pickles,
2 do do Jams and Jellies,
10 boxes Valencia Raisins,
14 bbls Crackers } Bents,
12 kegs do }
6 bbls English Biscuits,
44 tins do Dessert do,
Oranges, Lemons, Apples,
Boxes Fancy Toilet Soap,
English and Annapolis Cheese,
At the Grocery Mart,
37, Barington Street.

P. S.—A further supply of English Goods expected per next Steamer. May 7

WESLEYAN BAZAAR,

HAMILTON, BERMUDA.

THE WESLEYAN METHODISTS of Hamilton, Bermuda, being desirous of lessening the amount of debt on their Chapel and Mission Premises, propose (D.V.) holding a

BAZAAR,

about September next for that purpose. While helping themselves they feel bold to apply to their friends of the Conference to which they belong, to aid them in this matter. Any persons who may wish to assist them, in contributing any fancy, or other saleable articles, may send the same to the care of the Rev. Mr. Churchill, Halifax.

W. T. CARDY,
Superintendent Minister.

Hamilton, 21st April, 1857.

Windsor Sail Loft.

THE Subscriber having lately dissolved Partnership with Mr. William Harrison in the business for some time past carried on at Windsor, begs to inform the Merchants, Traders and Shipmasters of the County of Hants that he will continue the business at the same place on his own account, in T. S. Harding, Esq's. Sail Loft, where he hopes by strict attention and moderate charges to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

☞ All persons indebted to the late firm will please make immediate payment to the subscriber, who is alone authorised to grant discharges therefor.

GASPER DRILLIO.

N. B.—All Sails made at this establishment at the lowest prices, and warranted to set flat.

March 19. 6m.

FOR SALE

By Private Contract.

WAVERLY COTTAGE, adjoining the pleasure grounds of Willow Park House, in Ward No. 6, with or without a five acre Field directly opposite—Immediate possession may be had. For terms apply to

FREDERICK LeBLANC.

April 23. 1m.

NOTICE!

MRS. ELIZABETH TROUP respectfully begs leave to intimate that the business formerly conducted by her Husband, the late Mr. ALEXTROUP, is still continued under the same name and at the same place; it is superintended by Mr. JAMES CARR, who has long been in Mr. T's employ, and is well qualified to attend to the calls of those that have so many years patronised the establishment.

The public may be assured that the business will be conducted as heretofore, with the same care and attention.

Gold and Silver WATCHES, CLOCKS, of various descriptions, JEWELRY and SILVER Work, &c.

A Journeyman Watchmaker wanted.

May 7. 3w.

Carpets, Carpets.

THE largest assortment of the very newest style in Velvet, Brussels, Tapestries, 3 ply and stout Scotch 8 Stair, with RUGS to match. Woollen, Hemp, and best Felt Druggets, all just opened.

W. & C. SILVER.

May 7. 6w.

MATTHEW H. RICHEY,

Barrister and Attorney at Law,

OFFICE—60, BEDFORD ROW,

HALIFAX, N. S.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Second Division of Profits.

Proposals for Assurance Received at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies, on or before the 25th May, will be entitled to participate in the extent of Three Years Bonus at the Division of Profits in 1859.

THE COLONIAL

Life Assurance Company.

Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament

CAPITAL, £1,000,000, STG.

Established 1846.

GOVERNOR,
THE RIGHT HONOURABLE
The Earl of Elgin and Kincardine.

HEAD OFFICE.

Edinburgh—5, George Street.
London—81 Lombard Street.

Board of Directors in Halifax, N. S.

OFFICE—50 BEDFORD ROW.

The Hon. M. B. Almon, Banker,
The Hon. Wm. A. Black, Banker,
Lewis Bliss, Esq.,
Charles Twining, Esq., Barrister,
John Bayley Bland, Esq.,
The Hon. Alexander Keith, Merchant.

MEDICAL ADVISERS,
D. M'Neil Parker, M.D., Lewis Johnston, M. D.

AGENT,—MATTHEW H. RICHEY

Advantages Afforded by the Company.

Moderate Rates of Premium and Liberal Condition with reference to Residences in the British Colonies, in India, and other places abroad.

Premiums received in any part of the world where agencies have been established.

Immediate Reduction of Premiums on change of Residence from a less healthy to a more favorable climate, according to fixed classes, no Medical Certificate being required.

Claims settled at Home or Abroad.

Position of the Company.

A Bonus of £2 per cent. per annum was declared at last investigation in 1854, since which date large profits have accumulated. Next Division of Profits in 1859.

Amount of Assurance effected since the establishment of the Company in 1846, £2,300,000 sterling.

Income of the Company about £85,000 stg. per annum.

Prospectuses and full information regarding the Company, may be had on application to

MATTHEW H. RICHEY,
Agent at Halifax, N. S.

April 7.

AGENCIES.

Amherst, ROBERT BADCKEY.
Annapolis, JAMES GRAY.
Bridgetown, THOMAS SPURR.
Charlottetown, (P. E. I.) JOHN LONGWORTH.
Georgetown, (P. E. I.) W. SANDERSON.
Kentville, T. W. HARRIS.
Liverpool, J. N. S. MARSHALL.
Lunenburg, H. S. JOST.
Pictou, JAMES CRICHTON.
Pugwash, A. L. CHANDLER.
St. Eleanors, (P. E. I.) THOMAS HUNT.
Sydney, (C. B.) G. R. LEONARD.
Truro, Hon. A. G. ARCHIBALD.
Windsor, JOSEPH ALLISON.
Yarmouth, H. A GRANTHAM.

"STAR"

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

CHIEF OFFICE

43, Moorgate Street, London.

THE Society is chiefly, but not exclusively devoted to the Assurance of the lives of members of the Wesleyan Methodist Societies, and of the hearers and friends of that religious connexion. Assurances, however, may be effected upon all assurable lives.

One-half, at least, of the Directors are chosen from credited Members of the Wesleyan Methodist Societies.

The *advantages* it offers to Assurers include all the benefits which have been developed during the progress of the system of Life Assurance, but the following deserve especial notice.

Nine tenths or ninety per cent. of the Profits, ascertained every five years, divided among Policy-holders having paid Three Annual Premiums:

Credit may be given for one half the Premiums, upon whole Life Policies, for Five Years.

Policies which may lapse, from Non-payment of the Premium, may be renewed at any period not exceeding Six Months, satisfactory proof being given that the Life assured is in good health, and on the payment of a small Fine.

Assured Persons (not being seafaring by profession) will be allowed to proceed, in time of peace, to decked vessels, to any port in Europe, and return, without extra charge or previous permission of the Directors.

No claim disputed, except in case of palpable fraud; and no intentional error will not vitiate a Policy.

All claims paid within Fifty days of their being passed by the Board.

No stamps, entrance money, or fees of any kind, nor any charge made for Policies.

Thirty days are allowed for the payment of the Premium, from the date of its becoming due.

The following Table gives the Scale of Bonus allocated to the Holders of Policies of Ten Years' duration.

Age at Entr'ce	Sum assured.	Am't. paid to office.	Bonuses added to the sum assured	Total sum payable at the death of the Ass'd.
			at the death in ten years.	
30	£1,000	243 15 0	£147 10 0	£1,147 10 0
35	1,000	279 11 8	156 3 4	1,156 3 0
40	1,000	324 11 8	168 10 0	1,168 10 0
45	1,000	377 1 8	177 10 0	1,177 10 0

The "STAR" Office insures at as low a rate as any of the Life Offices—and Wesleyan Ministers have the advantage of a discount from their annual premium of five per cent.

—Further information may be obtained at the office of the Agent, 31 Water Street, or from the Medical Referee, Granville Street.

R. S. BLACK, M.D. M. G. BLACK, Jn.
Medical Referee. Agent.

April 25. y 302.

Try it! Try it!! Try it!!!

G. W. STONE'S

Liquid Cathartic

And Family Physic.

The most important discovery ever made in Medical Sciences, being a compound of Barks and Roots, which forms the most powerful safe and agreeable Physic ever offered to the public.

THE necessity of such a medicine has long been felt both by the heads of Families and Physicians. Its advantages over cathartics given in the form of Pills or Powders, must be obvious to every intelligent person. It operates more immediately and effectually upon the system and at the same time is infinitely less difficult to administer, being quite agreeable to the taste.—It not only produces all the effects where Physic is required, but completely removes habitual costiveness, leaving the bowels correctly free. It expels all humors from the blood, is a certain cure for the Piles, regulates the action of the liver, frees the stomach from bile, invigorates the whole nervous system, and removes the cause of all local pains, such as &c., from weakness of the joints rub themselves with the ready relief and you will no longer need the aid of walking sticks or any thing else—your own legs will do their duty and carry you safe.

☞ RHEUMATISM—William Freely was relieved of the most torturing pains in *fifteen minutes* after he had tried the relief, and was enabled to get out of bed in which he had laid for over 15 months, in 12 hours after he had first used the relief.

CHRONIC RHEUMATISM.—Of ten years duration has been cured in *six days* by the use of Radway's relief, resolvent and regulators; no pain was felt half an hour after the relief was first applied.

☞ TOOTH ACHE.—In over 10,000 cases where the relief has been used, it has never taken over *five minutes* to stop the most excruciating pain

HEAD ACHE.—In *fifteen minutes* the most terrible sick or nervous headaches have been cured by the relief and regulators.

BURNS AND SCALDS.—Radway's ready relief has never failed in taking the fire out of the worst burns and scalds in five minutes after it is applied.

☞ SORE THROAT.—In *five minutes* Radway's ready relief will remove the soreness from the most severe sore throat

☞ STIFF NECKS.—From cold or otherwise, Radway's relief will remove the stiffness by *five minutes* rubbing.

☞ HOARSENESS—Radway's relief and regulators will relieve need cure the most desperate attacks in one hour and a half.

☞ DIFFICULT BREATHING.—In *five minutes* Radway's relief will enable you to breathe free and easy.

☞ BAD COLDS.—Radway's resolvent and relefs have stopped the most troublesome and annoying cough in *fifteen minutes.*

☞ BAD COLDS.—Are invariably cured in twelve hours by the regulators and relief.

INFLUENZA—The most severe attacks are removed by one night's operation of the relief and regulators.

☞ WHOOPING COUGH.—Thousands of cases of Whooping Cough have been cured in a few days by the resolvent and relief, and, if the Whooping Cough is prevalent in the neighbourhood, those who take half a teaspoonful of resolvent in a little water, once or twice per day, will never catch it. Radway's relief destroys the infection of Whooping Cough.

MEASLES.—Radway's regulators and relief will prevent an attack of measles, and if afflicted will cure in *three days.*

DYSENTERY.—Radway's relief has cured the most severe attacks in fifteen minutes.

☞ A SORE LEG FOR 21 YEARS.—Cured in three weeks by Radway's Relief &c. Mr. T. H. KILGO, a merchant of high standing in Dahlonega, Ga., says: "That a gentleman who, for 21 years had been afflicted with a sore leg that resisted every kind of treatment, was *effectually cured in three weeks*, by Radway's ready relief resolvent and regulators."

☞ FEVER AND AGUE.—If Radway's relief is taken in large doses of a table spoonful every hour for three hours before the paroxysms are expected, and a large dose of Radway's taken, no more Ague and Fever will trouble you, the same treatment followed up for a week not a particle of ague poison would remain in the system.

☞ BILIOUS COLIC.—In five minutes after Radway's ready relief is taken, the most painful irritations in the stomach and violent vomiting will cease; a dose of regulators should be swallowed. In six hours the patient will enjoy ease and comfort and entire freedom from billiousness

☞ SPRAINS.—Radway's relief applied to the Sprained limb or strained muscle or tendon, will remove all soreness and restore the injured parts to their natural strength in *ten or fifteen minutes.*

☞ NERVOUSNESS.—Radway's relief and regulators are a blessing to the nervous, in a few minutes after the relief is taken, the most dismal feelings of the nervous give way to joy and delight. These remedies strengthen and brace up the nerves. Let those who are troubled with Nervous tremors and sleepless nights resort to these remedies, and once more enjoy a night's rest and pleasant thoughts.

TOBACCO OBITUARY.—Those who have become reduced by the effect of tobacco, or the indulgence in spirituous liquors, who feel the horrors of incapacity, weakness, sterility and the infirmities which a fast and intemperate luxurious and lustful course of life inflicts upon its victims, will find relief from all these horrors, and sure restoration to health, strength and vigour, by the use of Radway's relief, regulators and resolvent.

RADWAY & CO., No. 162 Fulton st., N. Y.

R. R. Remedies sold by merchants, druggists and store keepers everywhere.

MORTON & COGSWELL, Hollis Street, and H. A. TAYLOR, Agents, Halifax. December 13.

LET US REASON TOGETHER

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

WHY ARE WE SICK?

It has been the lot of the human race to be weighed down by disease and suffering. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are specially adapted to the relief of the WEAK, the NERVOUS the DELICATE, and the INFIRM, of all climes, ages sexes and constitution. Professor Holloway personally superintends the manufacture of his medicines, and offers them to a free and enlightened people, as the best remedy the world ever saw for the removal of disease.

These Pills Purify the Blood.

These famous Pills are expressly combined to operate on the stomach, the liver, the kidneys, the lungs, the skin and the bowels, correcting any derangement in their functions, purifying the blood, the very fountain of life, and hus curing disease in all its forms.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaints.

Nearly half the human race have taken these Pills, it has been proved in all parts of the world, that nothing has been found equal to them in cases of disorders of the liver, dyspepsia and stomach complaints generally. They soon give a healthy tone to those organs, however much deranged, and when all other means have failed.

General Debility.—Ill Health.

Many of the most despotic Governments have opened their Custom Houses to the introduction of these Pills that they may become the medicine of the masses. Learned Colleges admit that this medicine is the best remedy ever known for persons of delicate health, or where the system has been impaired, as its invigorating properties ever fail to afford relief.

Female Complaints.

No Female, young or old, should be without this celebrated medicine. It corrects and regulates the monthly courses at all periods, acting in many cases like a charm. It is also the best and safest medicine that can be given to children of all ages, and for any complaint; consequently no family should be without it.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints.

Ague	Female Irregularities.	Scrofula or King' Evill,
Asthma.	Fevers of all kinds.	Sore Throats.
Bilious Complaints,	Fits,	Stone and Gravel,
Blotches on the skin,	Gout.	Secondary Symptoms,
Bowel Complaints	Head-ache,	Tic Douloureaux
Colics,	Indigestion,	Tumours,
Costipation of the Bowels,	Inflammation.	Ulcers,
Consumption.	Jaundice,	Venereal Affections,
Debility.	Liver Complaints	Worms, all kinds
Dropsy,	Lumbargo.	Weakness, from whatever causes &c &c.,
Dysentery,	Piles,	
Erysipelas,	Rheumatism,	
	Retention of Urine	

Sub Agents in Nova Scotia—Newport, J. F. Cochran & Co; Windsor, Dr. Harding; Horton, G. N. Fuller; Kentville, Moore & Chipman; Cornwallis, Caldwell & Tupper; Wilmot, J. A Gibbron; Bridgetown, A. B. Pineo; Yarmouth, R. Guest; Liverpool, T. R. Patillo; Caledonia, J. F. Moore; Pleasant River, Miss Carder; Bridgewater, Robt West; Lunenburg, Mrs. Neil; Mahone Bay, B. Legge; Truro, Tucker & Smith; Amherst, N. Tupper & Co; Wallace, R. B. Huestis; Pugwash, W. Cooper; Pictou, Mrs. Robson; New Glasgow, T. R. Fraser; Guysborough, J. & C. Jost; Canso, Mrs. Norris; Port Hood, P. Smith; Sydney, T. & J. Jost; Bras d'Or, J. Matheson.

Sold at the