

From no part of this lake can the summits of Sagamook or Carleton be seen, nor, of course, can the lake be seen from their summits, but they can be seen with great distinctness from near the summit of Teneriffe (Figs. 14, 15). In addition to those already mentioned, one sees a low rounded hill, which shows more distinctly from the lower end of the lake, named for *Jumeau*, the lake's first cartographer. To

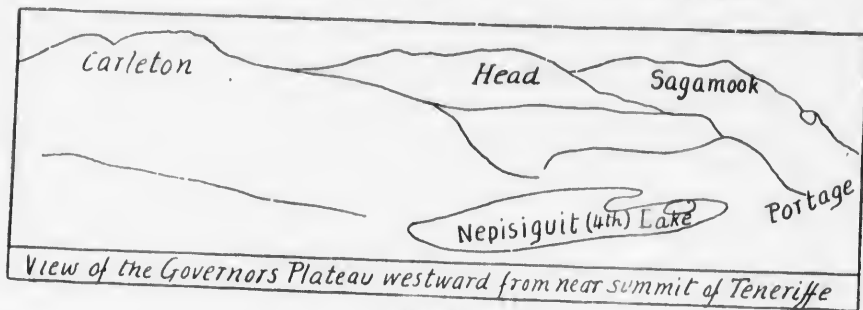


FIG. 14.

the northward stands up a splendid very high rounded dome, falling outside the limits of the map, but shown in Fig. 15, easily seen from Sagamook and from other directions, which is named *Mount Villebon* in honor of the most prominent of the French governors of what is now New Brunswick when it was a part of Acadia.

Below Aucler are three other shallow lakes, from the easternmost of which an arm, forming another lake, runs to the southward. This is

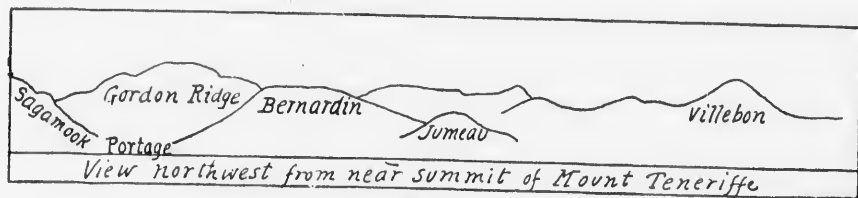


FIG. 15.

remarkable for its great deposit of diatomaceous earth, described in an earlier note (No. 17), whence it may be well called *Diatom Lake*. South of these lakes and parallel with them runs a splendid ridge, known appropriately to the lumbermen as the Green Range. It is, I think, continuous with Mount Winslow, but I am not sure of this.