

- Noblesse, inhabitants refuse to submit to authority of, 664, 670; loyal to the English government, 667, 677; consider it an indignity to be tried by their peers if men in trade are to be considered in that light, 845; petition the King for the maintenance of old French laws and institutions, note 1, p. 962.
- North, Lord, references to, 534, 551, 554, 676, 696, 735, 738, 855.
- North, Lord, his opinion on establishing a legislature in Quebec, note 3, p. 533; extract of a letter to Haldimand authorizing aid for the Loyalists, 855.
- Norton and DeGrey, report on status of Roman Catholics, 236, 242, 383, 389.
- Notaries, desire to practise as advocates, 471.
- Nova Scotia, proposed annexation of Cape Breton and St. Johns to, 142; boundaries of, 160-162; Dorchester to repair to and take command at, if he deems it necessary, 814; Charles Inglis appointed bishop of, 838.
- Oath, of allegiance, to be taken by inhabitants, 191, 310; of supremacy, to be taken by all office holders and others in British possessions, 334; Marriott's remarks on oaths to be taken by Council and Assembly, 461; form of, to be taken by Roman Catholics, given in Quebec Bill, 557, 572; forms of, 557, 572, 997, 998, 1013, 1039, 1040; to be taken by members of Legislative Council, 596, 817, 818; to be taken by the Loyalists making application for lands, 831; members of the legislative council take the oaths required of them, 869, 870.
- Æconomats. *See* Æconomats.
- Official salaries, amounts determined by instructions to Carleton in 1775, 612.
- Ordinance, of 1760, establishing provisional military government, 38, 40; of 1760, establishing military courts, 42, 44; of September, 1764, establishing civil courts, 205, referred to, note 1, p. 42, 240, 290, 328, 329, 348, 349, 381, 396, 401, 450, 451, 462, 469; of November 1764, for temporary retention of French system of land tenure and inheritance and defining age of maturity, 229, 332; Murray's ordinances and constitutions considered by Board of Trade, 237; ordinance of September, 1764, condemned by Board of Trade, 241, 246; amendments suggested by Board of Trade to ordinance confirming decrees of military courts, 244; of July, 1766, granting Canadians right to act as jurors in civil and criminal cases, and allowing advocates to practise their profession, 249 (*see* p. 252); of July 26, establishing a third term, called Michaelmas, for sitting of Supreme Court and Court of Common Pleas, 250; for regulating pilotage in river St. Lawrence, 270; draught of, relating to French land tenures, 292; of 1745, *re* settlement of lands, note 1, p. 345; defects in ordinance of September, 1764, 381; to be prepared by Attorney General *re* administration of justice, 396; suggestions for this ordinance, 398; of September, 1764, giving undue authority to justices of the peace, 397; relating to assize of bread, 400; of February, 1770, repealing clauses in ordinance of September, 1764, *re* authority of justices in matters of private property, 401; of February, 1770, for the more effectual administration of justice, and for regulating the courts of law in Quebec province, 401; of February, 1770, gives offence to justices of Montreal, note 1, p. 401; clauses in ordinance of 1764, *re* sittings of courts repealed by ordinance of February, 1770, 402; of September, 1764, repealed by ordinance of July, 1766, 452.
- Ordinance, Quebec Bill as returned from the Commons repeals proclamation of October, 1763, and ordinances made since that date, 556; those of Governor and Council made since proclamation of October, 1763, and relating to the civil government, annulled by the Quebec Act, 571; list of ordinances passed in the legislative council, session of 1777, 678; of 1777, for establishing courts of civil judicature in Quebec, 679 (*see* p. 848); of 1777, regulating proceedings in the courts of civil judicature in the province of Quebec, 682; of 1777, regulating proceeding in courts of civil judicature, to be in force for two years only, 689; of 1777, for establishing courts of criminal jurisdiction in the province of Quebec, 690; to prevent undue influence of the market by a combination, 713; remarks *re* regulating and establishing fees of office under government, 716; concerning regulations for *maîtres des postes*, remarks of Haldimand on, 717; of 1783, *re* proceedings of courts, renewing and amending a former ordinance, 725; Governor and Council authorized to enact an ordinance supporting general trade instructions, 733; titles of ordinances passed in 1787 and 1788, relative to trade and commerce with the United States, note 1, p. 734; regulating the fisheries in the river St. Lawrence, in the bays of Gaspé and Chaleurs, on the island of Bonaventure, and the opposite shore of Percé, (1788), note 1, p. 735; for securing the liberty of the subject, and for the prevention of imprisonments out of the province, note 1, p. 741.
- Ordinance, to regulate the proceedings in the courts of civil judicature and to establish trial by jury, 780 (*see* p. 886); titles of five ordinances laid before the council in 1787, 845; draught framed by Chief Justice Smith for the better administration of justice and to regulate the practice of the law, 847; for the dispensation of justice in small causes, note 2, p. 850; of 1785, renewed in consequence of the defeat of the rival bills proposed by the Chief Justice and St. Ours, note 1, p. 858; of 1787, continuing for two years an ordinance to regulate proceedings in the courts of civil judicature, with additional regulations, 858; of 1787, to explain and amend an ordinance for establishing courts of criminal jurisdiction, 862; concerning examination on facts and evidence (1667), 892, 896; "to empower the Commissioners of the Peace to regulate the police of the towns of Quebec and Montreal for a limited time," note 1, p. 907; of 1789, *re* proceedings in the courts of civil judicature, 963.
- Orwell, Lord, member of the Board of Trade, references to, 132, 147, 150, 153, 157.