

workable, and there was, for some time, considerable apprehension that the agitation which had sprung up in favor of repeal, might prove successful. Happily Dr. Rand, by his indomitable energy and tact, by his tours through the country, his skilful management of the springs of influence, and his clear and forcible expositions before the government and the legislature, turned the agitation for repeal into an irresistible plea for recasting, amending and perfecting the law. The improved Act of 1865, carefully matured by Dr. Rand, is, in all its essential features, the school law of Nova Scotia to this hour. * * * A *Journal of Education* was established, and by means of it he was enabled to communicate with teachers and trustees regarding the law and its proper working and a uniform series of school books was introduced, vastly superior to any previously in use.

In 1870, Dr. Rand visited Great Britain and Ireland in order to inspect the schools of those countries, and on his return was appointed, in September, 1871, chief superintendent of education in New Brunswick, under the then new free school system. The labor of putting this second free school system in operation, devolved upon Dr. Rand, and he did his work to the satisfaction of all sensible parties, as he had done in Nova Scotia. Says the writer already quoted, in speaking of Dr. Rand:—

In his new sphere the experience in Nova Scotia was of great use to him. He well knew the arduous task that lay before him, and he addressed himself to the work with his accustomed energy and tenacity of purpose. He has done for education in New Brunswick, all, and more than all, that he did for education in Nova Scotia. He was in entire sympathy with the law and carried it out faithfully. * * * He now enjoys the remarkable distinction of having brought into operation, in two provinces, an enduring and efficient system of public education.

Dr. Rand is president of the educational institute of the province, and a member of the corporation and senate of the university of New Brunswick.

He married, in November, 1861, Emeline Augusta, daughter of David Eaton, of Canard, and they have no issue. The children of the whole province, however, are, in one sense, his, and certainly he has a fatherly interest in their welfare, moral as well mental, eternal as well as temporal. Dr. Rand is a Christian man, a deacon of the Baptist church, a generous supporter of benevolent and religious as well as literary institutions, and an ardent well-wisher alike of the young and the old. No truer man lives in the province.

AMOS H. CHANDLER, M.D.,

MONCTON, N.B.

AMOS HENRY CHANDLER, the subject of this sketch, is a son of the late Governor Chandler, of New Brunswick, and was born at Dorchester, in this province, on the 8th day of August, 1837. He received his early education at Mount Allison Wesleyan college, Sackville, N.B., and subsequently at the Fredericton grammar school, then under the direction of that able and successful teacher, George Roberts, LL.D. Before entering upon the study of medicine, however, he received a course of instruction in philosophy, under the tutelage of the Rev. Dr. Humphrey Pickard, at the Sackville institution, which latter may therefore be regarded as his *alma mater*. In 1857, he obtained the degree of doctor of medicine: graduating with honors, at the university of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, receiving, at the same time, especial commendation for his medical thesis on the subject of Insanity.

Before commencing the practice of his profession, in which he has been actively engaged the past twenty years, Dr. Chandler visited the old country, where he "walked the hospitals"