his County were quite competent to pay a money rate as mentioned by Mr. Crawford, and said that a Commissioner with a jug of rum could sometimes effect wonders in the direction of his own election.

Mr. Barker thought there were taxes enough imposed already on the people of the poorer districts.

Mr. Flewwelling said his experience, on the whole, justified the conclusion that the appointing power should be vested in the people.

Mr. Davidson was of opinion that three Commissioners as at present were preferable to one.

Mr. Tweedie objected to the bill because by its operation one man would have a monopoly of Parish road money as long as he could scheme to be retained in office.

Mr. Swim said that it often happened that four or five Parishes were unrepresented at the Sessions, and if the power of appointing Commissioners were vested in that body, it could not make an intelligent and judicious selection under such circumstances.

Mr. Jones was against the bill but in favor of vesting the power of appointing Commissioners in County Councils where they existed. Mr. Covert thought the Law relating to work on roads should remain as it is at present.

Mr. Murchie thought back settlers should have the privilege of working on roads if they desire to do so.

Progress was reported.

Mr. Keans introduced a bill respecting the union of several Presbyterian Churches therein named; Mr. Rogers, a bill to incorporate Alma Lumber Company; Hon. Mr. Stevenson, a bill relating to trespasses on lands and other property of the Crown; Mr. Barker, a bill to enable the Council Municipality of York to sell and convey certain lands in trust for school purposes; Mr. Jones, a bill to authorize County Council of Carleton to establish road districts and provide for the establishment and maintenance of roads therein.

On motion of Mr. Keans time for receiving private bills was extended one week.

Mr. Speaker gave a decision of considerable length declaring that bills relating to polling places are to be treated as private or local bills.

Mr. Keans moved his resolution for essays and papers on assessment question according to notice.

The Provincial Secretary said the expense of copying the essays would be very great, there being thirty of them and some of them are of thirty pages.

In reply to Mr. Covert, the Secretary said the Government had not selected any essay or awarded the prizes to any essayists, nor had it embodied the ideas of any one essayist in its bill. The Government would, however, at proper time, award prizes to the most meritorious papers after due consideration.

Mr. Davidson moved the resolution relating to the petition of John Little, and the Secretary said papers would be submitted without resolution, which was not pressed.

Mr. Pickard introduced a bill to authorize the appointment of a District or Stipendiary Magistrate and the erection of a lock-up in Sackville.

The petition of John Little was, on motion of Mr. Davidson, referred to a Special Committee to be appointed tomorrow.

Mr. Flewwelling introduced with petitions bills for extending jurisdiction of the Stipendiary Magistrate of Sussex in civil suits, and to establish a police district in connection with the lock up at Sussex.

The Secretary tabled the report of the Board of Agriculture.

Hon. Mr. Fraser committed a bill to incorporate the Loyal Orange Association of New Brunswick, Mr. Humphrey in the chair.

Hon. Mr. Fraser explained provisions of the bill, which are the same as those of bill presented last and previous years, it being merely an ordinary one of incorporation to enable the grand and subordinate lodges to hold property in the usual way.

Mr. Burns said this bill is an attempt to secure from the Local Legislature of the country a recognition of an institution peculiarly offensive to one hundred thousand of its inhabitants—a legal endorsement of the principles on which that institution is founded. The legalizing of the Orange Association would be an insult to Catholics of New Brunswick whose objections are not founded on mere sentiment but are grounded and based on the records of history both past and present. The society claims to possess all the loyalty of the country, and arrogates to itself a position that is a reproach to all other good citizens. To prove that this organization is based on principles which are in antagonism to the class of citizens referred to, he had only to assure the House that its members are required to swear that they are not, and never will be Roman Catholics; that they will never marry a Roman Catholic, nor allow their children to be educated in the schools of that denomination. Mr. Burns here read from a recent address of the Orange Grand Master, in which members of the Order were invoked to be up and doing in the cause of Education and Protestant rights, because Roman Catholics are seeking, not the advancement of the cause of Education, but the liberties and lives of Protestants. These men, too, were appealed to by the Grand Master to honor the sacred memories of men who had persecuted Roman Catholics, and had been disloyal to their country. Catholics were represented as worshippers of images which were specially condemned in God's world. So dangerous was this society considered at one time in Great Britain, and so inimical to the peace and safety of the Empire that the Home Secretary was reprimanded for having received a petition from its members, and that act was claimed to be a recognition of the order. These men, instead of being loyal were disloyal as compared with the class of subjects they especially oppose. A class whose best blood has mingled with that of their fellow subjects of England, Ireland and Scotland on the same field fighting in the same stream, Catholic and Episcopalian and Presbyterian were together in defence of Crown and honor of our noble mother Country and her institutions, and yet this organization would shut Catholics out and estrange them from that Country in defence of which the blood of their forefathers was poured out. He therefore appealed to members to withhold their sanction from the legalization of that Institution and to record their votes against a false sentiment and an attempt to propagate discord among the citizens of the country.

He moved that the consideration of the bill be postponed for three months.

This was seconded by Mr. McKenzie.

This motion was lost, the division being as follows:

YEAS—Kelly, Burns, O'Leary, Therriault, Blanchard, Johnson, Phillips, Davidson, Tweedie, Swim, McKenzie—11.

NAYS—Fraser, King, Stevenson, McQueen, Crawford, Willis, Perley, Covert, Keans, Murchie, Smith, Flewwelling, McLeod, Jones, Beveridge, McKay, Butler, Ryan, Austin, Robinson, Dow, Pickard, Barker, Wood, Rogers, Cotterell, Leighton—27.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

FREDERICTON, March 3.

A bill was committed relating to the disqualification of certain persons holding seats or voting in the Legislative Council; Hon. Mr. Seely in the chair.

Hon. Mr. Chandler criticised the bill at length. He considered that it had been framed without due reflection, and brought in not as a Government measure but by a private member. It was very sweeping. It disqualified all persons holding any office, commission or emolument under the Dominion or Local Government receiving salary or emoluments and by whomsoever paid, including Justices of the Peace, but excepting officers of Militia. It was a remarkable fact that there was no instance in England or any of her Colonies of disqualification of members of Upper Houses for holding office. The reason was obvious. Members of the House of Commons or the Assembly had power to displace the Ministry, and if they held office the Government might have a hold upon them. The bill went much further than the existing Independence Act in England or her Dependencies. The Disqualification Act applied to public contractors and certain officers named. Mr. Chandler referred to the Act of 1856, the constitution of the Legislative Council which had been most carefully framed showing where the bill infringed upon it. He claimed that the Legislative Council had always been an independent body and that it had paid attention to all matters brought before it, in a fair and calm spirit and paid due respect to the well understood wishes of the people as expressed by their representatives. He adduced several cases to show the necessity of the Legislative Council as a check to hasty legislation and as a safeguard to public and private rights, citing some cases of lobbying in Ontario where there is only one Chamber.

Hon. Mr. McInerny was opposed to the bill.

Hon. Mr. Hanington thought such a bill ought in courtesy to have originated in the Legislative Council.

Progress was reported.

Second Edition.

(Special Telegram to the Tribune.)

The Orange Debate—Spicy Speeches.

FREDERICTON, March 4.

Mr. O'Leary said very little that was new could be advanced on this question. Heretofore the class he belonged to had had protection in the Upper House, but if the bill passed the Assembly now he had little hope of its being defeated there. As he had declared last year, his institution had been the curse of his country, and there was neither need nor justification of its importation here. Who ever heard the loyalty of Orangemen proclaimed, excepting by Orangemen themselves? The fact is that Orangeism was born and nurtured in disloyalty, and would die in the same state. In 1688 a certain King occupied the throne of England, which was his right as much as that throne is the right of our present honored Queen, but a certain gentleman known as King William was invited over into the kingdom by a lot of men who afterwards assumed the name of Orangemen. This William's wife might have had some claim to the throne, but he was a usurper, and the yellow rag which moved at the head of his forces and was adopted by this organization was the only one that ever shielded murderers. If members voted for this bill they would vote for the men who aided one of their number to turn a rightful King from his throne and send him into exile and poverty from his country. These are the men who brand Irish Catholics as disloyal everywhere, whether he fights for his country, his wife and children, his altar or his God. Where did these men ever fight a battle in the cause or for the cause of the empire? The only time they ever did battle was in the cause of one who helped a daughter to turn her father and mother and king out of his right, and who seized the throne for himself, while, on the other hand, Roman Catholic Irishmen have vied with their fellow soldiers in India and Africa and on the Canadian hills in fighting and winning honor for their common country. It is only by the record of the past that the future can be judged, and the past of the Orange Institution is not one to inspire confidence in its loyalty or toleration. In 1795 the members of this organization posted notices on the doors of Catholic dwellings, and directing the future to Hell or Connaught, you bloody Papists, and threatening if they were not out of that part of the country within a specified time they would be murdered. To day members of this same society are saying that Catholics want to take the lives and to destroy the freedom of Protestants. In 1798 they goaded their Catholic fellow subjects in Ireland, and one "Tom the Devil," of North Cork, [great laughter] whose name is doubtless revered, invented the "Pitch cap for Papists." [Renewed laughter.] This "Tom the Devil" was a sergeant in the North Cork Militia, and at Wexford he gave the name of "Croppy" to every man he found with his hair cut short. [Laughter.] Rev. Mr. Gordon, a Protestant clergyman, is the the authority for the statement that "Tom the Devil" used to catch the "Croppies," as they called the United Irishmen, and, after putting a coarse cloth skull cap, lined inside with pitch, tightly on their heads, they would heat the cap until the pitch melted soft, and then they would let the poor tortured creatures go. It's a wonder the Legislature of New Brunswick is not asked in plain words to commemorate the deeds of this "Tom the Devil." [Renewed laughter.] Later than the time of this hero, in 1870, there was a great Orange demonstration in Ireland, and one orator of the occasion, the Rev. Mr. Flanagan, declared he would kick the Crown of England into the Boyne, and he too was made a hero of and carried in triumph on Orange shoulders; and the disloyalty of the order was so notorious that when the Prince of Wales visited Canada he would not walk under its banner. When a Grand Master of the political position and influence of the man whose address was quoted from by the last speaker, would use such inflammatory language and misrepresentation, what could be expected from the ignorant and poor creatures who are led by him? In view of their menacing attitude, and should this Legislature give countenance and recognition to such principles and utterances, he would advise every true Irishman to be prepared for the day when the propagation of such doctrine bore its fruit to defend their homes and families. To day these men are driving Catholics out of Ireland wherever they have the power, and it may come to that in this country, and then the old scenes of bloodshed will be re-enacted. It is said it is no harm for this organization to parade on the public streets and flaunt its banners in the face of Catholics. It may not be now, but when an Irishman sees it his blood boils and he is only restrained from acting violently by uttering his little prayer. It reminds him of the downfall of his king and country. Are not the hundred thousand Catholics of the country insulted and oppressed enough already without adding this new injustice? The Irishmen of this country are among the foremost in their loyalty to its institutions, and he had no doubt that should its citizens be called on to rise for its defence he (O'Leary) and his co-religionists would be marching boldly in front with their swords and rifles like true and brave soldiers, while the mover of the Bill would be at his post, taking care of the baggage in the rear. [Great laughter.] If these Orangemen are to be petted and pampered by the Government the Catholics, unlike those of Armagh, will prepare to take care of themselves. Could the advocates of the Bill show that the Society had been loyal he would vote for the Bill, but if not he would vote for harmony in the land and postponement of the consideration of the measure for three months.

Hon Mr. Willis said that he did not imagine that the Bill would have provoked such tirades as had been launched against it and the institution it emanated from, especially such a tirade as that of the member for Kent. That gentleman little knew that he was thereby doing violence to the feelings of gentlemen whose loyalty had never been impugned, and he (Willis) must tell those gentlemen that the mover of the bill who was thus assailed also was respected wherever he was known for his unswerving fidelity and loyalty to the cherished institutions of the country,—respected by all denominations alike. In reference to the history of the past the member for Kent shows how little he knows of the subject, but he would not insult the intelligence of the House by referring to the past, for its history is doubtless familiar to every hon. gentleman present. Mr. O'Leary was so accustomed to the misrepresentation of the faith that he could not even quote correctly, for he attributed the writings of Mr. Hay to Rev. Mr. Gordon, the former being the historian of "Tom the Devil."

Mr. O'Leary here claimed that he had made no mistake at all in the matter.

Mr. Willis contended that he had stated the truth, and proceeded to say that it was unfair for O'Leary to set up a charge of disloyalty against the Orange Association because it simply asked for an ordinary act of incorporation. Can the House withhold what is asked when the men who ask can show that they respect the Crown and obey the constitution and laws passed by this Legislature—when they insult no man's religion and seek to interfere with no man's liberty? Have not these men a right to parade the streets in the same way as any other society, and equally as well as others in Montreal who walk in public procession wearing their religious emblems and with the host at their head, as well as that class of persons who bear allegiance to a foreign head claiming to be the sovereign ruler of nations and to possess the right to make and depose kings and princes throughout the world? One act of aggression toward Roman Catholics cannot be brought home to the Orange Association of this Province. Its members do not claim exclusive loyalty, but are willing to concede an equal share of it to all good subjects; yet, as a member of the Order, he claimed to compare favorably with the gentleman who had talked so loudly the other day about the point of the bayonet. He would ask what class of people gave evidence of loyalty when rioters recently rose against their neighbors and the law in this Province, requiring bodies of loyal men to go from their homes for the protection of their fellow citizens? Was it the body to which the hon. member for Kent belongs? No man more than he (Willis) had perilled his political position in the interest of the party to which that gentleman belonged, and he, therefore, hurled back at him the charge that as a member of that Association he desired not to give it every fair play and that he was disloyal. The hon. gentleman talks of disturbing the peace and harmony of the country by this Bill. What is there in it calculated to do so? Nothing. The Orangemen are not afraid to allow their children to sit side by side with Catholics in the Public Schools, and it would be better for the speakers who had preceeded him if they were imbued with the same liberal and christian sentiment—the same spirit that characterized the martyred Thomas D'Arcy McGee, who, although a firm adherent of the Roman Catholic faith, never desired to build it up at the expense of that of his fellow citizens. Mr. Willis next quoted from the Orange general declaration, which sets forth that the institution is formed by persons desiring to support the principles and practice of the christian religion, and maintaining the laws and constitution of the country; that it lays no claims to exclusive loyalty, and is based on the broadest principles of national freedom, and disdains the badge of faction, intolerence, etc. Have some of the friends of the former speakers shown that they have been actuated by these principles?

Mr. Burns—Yes.

Mr. Willis—Caraquet speaks for that.

Mr. Burns—You'll hear more about that Caraquet story yet.

Mr. Willis—there has been nothing to call up the violent language used by the member for Kent in the debate, and he (Willis) would not have referred to the matter in the manner he had but for his hon. friend's having hurled at his head as an Orangemen the charge of disloyalty, when his forefathers had fought and bled in defence of the liberties of the people in the Emerald Isle. The measure under consideration asks for no special privileges; it seeks to encroach on no existing right of others; it claims nothing that its orginators would not be willing to accede to others; and in justice to the hundreds of good and loyal citizens, who seek its enactment, the Legislature should pass it.

This morning Mr. Keans introduced a Mechanics' Lien Bill.

A bill to authorize the appointment of Deputy County Treasurers and Secretary Treasurers was agreed to.

The Orange Bill was recommitted and finally agreed to on a division of twenty-five to ten, Theriault against, and Stevenson and Crawford in favor.

A bill to amend the Act for the removal of the Shiretown of Victoria; a bill to authorize the School Trustees of District No. 5, Moncton, to issue debentures to the amount of $5,000; a bill to incorporate the St. Croix Wharf Co.; and a bill to repeal the Petitcodiac Academy Act, were agreed to.

Adjourned till 3.00.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

FREDERICTON, March 4.

Bills to establish polling places in Kent and Charlotte, and to incorporate the Oak Bay Cemetery Co., passed.

(Special Telegram to the Tribune.)

Mackenzie Launching out the Public Money in Railway Subsidies—The School Question.

OTTAWA, March 4.

Mr. Mackenzie submitted two important documents to the House last night. One was an Order in Council granting the Canada Central extension from Renfrew, to connect with the the Eastern end of the Georgian Bay Branch of the Pacific Railway, a bonus of $12,000 per mile. The second paper was a contract entered into with Senator Foster for the construction of the Georgian Bay branch, for which he receives a subsidy of $10,000 and 20,000 acres of land, per mile, the contract to be completed before Jan. 1st, 1877.

After recess the debate was resumed on the proposed motion of Mills in reference to Fishery compensation to be paid by the United States under the Washington Treaty.

Mr. Mitchell gave an elaborate historical account of the measures taken by the Imperial Government to enforce the exclusive rights of British subjects to the use of our fisheries and held that under the treaty of 1818 Americans had forfeited any claim they ever had to fall within three miles head land limit.

Mr. Mackenzie said the papers would be brought down, and Mills withdrew his motion.

The House went into supply and passed item twenty, $1000 for Indian annuities, $5000 for clothing, &c., to chiefs.

The House then adjourned.

All the items are passed excepting the Canada Pacific surveys, which will probably come up this evening.

The New Brunswick School question will not be brought up now until Monday. The vote is expected to be close.

Portland Police Court.

Jane Spelman came to the Station drunk. Cautioned and discharged.

James Black, drunk at Indiantown this morning. Fined $4.

City Police Court.

No arrests—no business.

MARRIED

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 25th ult. by the Rev. John K. Bearisto, Mr. DAVID FLOYD, of Norton, King's County, to SARAH A., eldest daughter of Mr. John Cochran, of the same place.

DIED.

At Springfield, King's County, on the 1st of March, ABIGAIL, wife of Mr. Silas L. Marven, in the 82d year of her age.

At the residence of John Stevenson, Esq. Kingston, Kent County, on the 20th February MAGGIE, wife of James Stevenson, in the 29th year of her age.

SHIPPING NEWS.

British Ports.

ARRIVED.

At Liverpool, 17th ult, bark Advocate, Spicer, hence, 21 days.

CLEARED.

At Liverpool, 16th ult, bark Harmony, Dinsmore, for this port.

SAILED.

From Dunkirk, 27th ult, bark Emma L Shaw, Macomber, for the United States.

Foreign Ports.

ARRIVED.

At Matanzas, 26th ult, bark Annie, from St Thomas; brig John Good, Morehouse, from Havana.

At Cardenas, 26th ult, brig Susan, Morine, from Havana.

At Philadelphia, 1st inst, brig Mary E Ladd, Porter, fr m Demerara.

At Boston, 1st inst, schr Edward Albro, from Pouce, PR, via Vineyard Sound, where she was ash r.

At New York, 29th ult, bark Abbie Thomas, Carver, from Havana; brigs Curacoa, Faulkner, from Curacoa; H M Norris, Monroe, from Mayaguez, P R; Arctic, Brinton, from Cardenas; Alaska, Partelow, from do; schr Herbert J Olive, Jones from do.

At Boston, 3rd inst, schr Don Pedro, from Saint John.

CLEARED.

At New York, 1st inst, bark Kalmia, Day, for St John's, N F; brig Del Gratia, Morehouse, for this port.

At Darien, Ga, 20th ult, bark Crown Jewel, Dean, from Grimsby, E, 23d, bark Bessie Parker, Parker, for Barrow, E.

At Boston, 1st inst, brig Eagle, Swain, for Halifax.

At New York, 27th ult, barks Morning S ar, Sisson, for St Jago; Atlantic, McKenzie, for Charleston.

SAILED.

From Havre, 27th ult, bark Aaron Goudy, Scovill, for Charleston (before reported sailed 24th).

From Havana, 26th ult, brig Annie W Goddard, Johnston, for Matanzas.

From Matanzas, 26th ult, brig Quaco, Dakin, for Cardenas.

From Baltimore, 27th ult, bark Kate Burrill, for London.

From Portland, 28th ult, schr Cook Borden, for St Andrews, N B.

From Cienfuegos, Feb 27, brig Queen of the West, of St. John, for New York.

Spoken.

Dec 21st, lat 6 N, lon 25 W, ship Astraeana, fm Liverpool for Aden.

Feb 28th, 5 miles E of Thacher's Island, brig Magdala, Outhouse, from Demerara for Boston.

Memoranda.

In the harbor, Newcastle, Del, 1st inst, bark Mary Lowerison, for Limerick.

In port at Hamilton, Bermuda, 25th ult, schrs Ancona, Fitzgerald, hence; and Rubina, Secord, discharging; and Pampero, Locke, for Cuba.

In port at St Georges, Bermuda, 25th ult, brigs Medora, Jones, for Boston, loading cargo of bark Stella; M P Harrington, Starrett, from Liverpool for Barbadoes, repairing; schr Ocean Lily, Reddy, from Halifax, for Jamaica.

Off Orent Ormshead, 15th ult, ships Edith Troop, Smith, from Liverpool for Calcutta; S G Glover, Perkins, from do for Philadelphia.

Passed Deal, 17th ult, bark Wanderer, Payson, fr m Baltimore for London.

Passed out Fortress Monroe, 28th ult, brigs Chillianwallah, for Matanzas; Agnes Barton, for Havana.

$5000 For a case of Asthma, Cough or Cold that **Adamson's Botanic Balsam** will not cure. Large bottle, 35 cents. Sold by Druggists. Wholesale by T. G. B. BARKER & SONS, 33 and 35 King street, St. John. Sample free. mar1 dwly

OUR AMERICAN

COTTONS

Are well worth an inspection. Those who buy Cottons now

WILL SAVE MONEY

as the prices are

Advancing Rapidly

in the States.

MANCHESTER,

ROBERTSON & ALLISON.

feb23 New Premises, King street.

NEW SPRING MILLINERY.

JUST OPENED:

Colored Flowers, Jet Flowers, Crape Flowers. Crape and Jet Flowers, Silk and Jet Flowers, Jet Bands, Wreaths, Etc. Blk. and Col. Silk Lees Black and Colored Alrophane, Black and Figured Netts, Black Rossolis Netts! Chantilly Nett, Laces, Etc.

LIKELY, CAMERON, & GOLDING.

mar2 55 KING STREET.

Christmas Goods.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS.

MR. MARSTERS PHOTOGRAPH ROOMS, Cor. King and Germain Streets, Is a First-class place, where you may rely upon getting your own picture or have those of your friends

Enlarged and Framed, in the Latest and Best Style.

☞ Be sure and give him a trial. 'Tea dec8

New Advertisements.

AMERICAN GREY COTTONS!

BALL KNITTING COTTON,

—IN—

WHITE AND UNBLEACHED.

Cambric Frillings.

—AT—

A. MACAULAY'S,

mar1 48 Charlotte street.

The New Dominion and True Humorist

Will be issued TO-MORROW, FRIDAY. CONTENTS:

A PORTLAND BOY TO THE FRONT. Reasons why the Government wish Mr Elder to be elected.

A picture of "NO TRIMMER."

Poetical Election Card.

Election Paragraphs.

Old Times, Church Freedom, etc., etc.

mar4 GEO. W. DAY.

MR. CLARKE'S ELECTION COMMITTEES

—AND—

FRIENDS

Are requested to meet at the TEA ROOM of the VICTORIA HOTEL,

THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock—Sharp.

mar4 ii

Brandy. Brandy.

Just received ex steamship Hibernian to arrive at Halifax and via Intercolonial Railway:

10 QR-CASKS BRANDY. For sale low, in bond or duty paid. ANDREW J. ARMSTRONG. mar4 40 Charlotte street.

BARGAINS. BARGAINS.

A FEW SECOND-HAND SEWING MACHINES, (taken in exchange).

All in Good Working Order!

Will be sold very low at

Hall's Sewing Machine Rooms, 58 GERMAIN STREET.

☞ All descriptions of Sewing Machines promptly repaired. mar4

LOGAN, LINDSAY & CO.,

Are now receiving from Havana:

CIGARS!!

5000 LONDRES FINO; 5000 Conchas Flor; 5000 Conchas Superior; 2000 Regalia Reina; 3000 Londres Flor de R. R., all of the Martinez, Rodrignez brand.

10,000 Conchas Flor; 5000 Conchas Florina; 10,000 Queens Flor; 3000 Londres Flor; 2000 Reina Victoria; 2000 Regalia Brittanica; 4000 Regalias Flor, all of the E. Rico Habana brand.

jan19 62 King Street.

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BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED SHEETING,

2 1-4 Yards Wide.

Superior Makes of Fine and Medium Bleached Cotton.

UNBLEACHED DO., 36 IN. AND 40 IN. WIDE.

Shaker Flannels, Wigans, Jeans, Drills, Knitting Cottons, Ladies' Linen Collars, Dimity Frilling, and a variety of Fancy Goods Just Opened.

LONDON HOUSE, RETAIL,

79 AND 4 MARKET SQUARE.

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DECEMBER 8th.

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Holiday Presents! Special Inducements!

At 75 KING STREET.

C. FLOOD.

A large stock of GRAND SQUARE and UPRIGHT, first-class and direct imported instruments, offered during the Holidays, at prices that will defy competition, and on terms advantageous to the purchaser. C. F.

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Amusements.

Calvin Church Sociable!

THE Fourth Entertainment under the auspices of the Sociable Committee will take place on

Friday Evening next, at Eight o'clock,

In the Basement of the Church, on which occasion JOHN BOYD, Esq., will give a selection of Readings. Also, Vocal and Instrumental Music by the Choir.

Tickets 15 cents each; to be had from Messrs. Lugrin, Lindsay & Co., Nelson & McDonald, and at the door on the evening of the entertainment.

WM. RANKINE, Secretary.

☞ The Piano for this occasion will be from the Warerooms of Messrs. McCready & Cook.

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Zoological Exhibition!

—AT—

Winters' Hall, 58 Charlotte Street

(opposite King Square).

Open Every Day. a Fine Collection of

Living Wild Animals!

Also—the great

Sword, Sabre and Bayonet Swallower!

Doors open from 10 o'clock, a. m. till 5 p. m. and from 7 till 10 p. m.

Admission—adults, 25 cents; children 15 cents. A liberal reduction made to Schools. The Clergy admitted free.

For full particulars see Circulars and Programmes.

M. GIBBS, Proprietor.

ov19 DAN DUCELLO, Business Agent.

JUST OUT

ORIGIN of the Acadians—By P. S. Poirier, Ottawa.

A Day Dream—By H. L. Spencer.

A Visit to Longfellow—By A. J. Lockhart.

My Mountains—By Hunter Duvar.

From Stanley to the Miramichi—By Edwd. Jack.

Merlin's Cave—By Louisa Murray, Ont.

Jabez Quarley—By Walter Graham.

A Story of a Lost Bracelet—By Corinne.

The Robber Years—Sunday Magazine, etc., etc.

Contained in the Maritime Monthly, for March Published by J. & A. McMillan. For sale at the Bookstores. mar3

Dried Apples!

Received ex schr Lyndon:

10 BBLS Dried Apples.

Ex stmr from Boston.

10 boxes Choice Messina Oranges; 2 " Lemons, Cheap.

JOSHUA S. TURNER, mar3 35 Dock street.

NO. 1 APPLES—In frost-proof warehouse—200 bbls No. 1 Apples—Baldwins, Bishop Pippins, Greenings, etc.

GEO. MORRISON, JR., mar3 12 and 13 South Wharf.

FLOUR, Cornmeal, etc.—In store—400 bbls Flour: Sunbeam, Bluff Grove, Oak Leaf, Ayrshire Rose, Pastry. To arrive ex Jet F Devan and brig Del Gratia—100 bbls Flour, Reindeer; 100 bbls Flour—Perfection; 200 bbls Kiln Dried Cornmeal; 20 bbls Mess Pork. For sale low by

GEO. MORRISON, JR., may3 12 and 13 South Wharf.

FACTORY CHEESE—In store—200 boxes good Factory Cheese. For sale by

GEO. MORRISON, JR., mar 3 12 and 13 South Wharf.

New Crop Molasses.

Landing at Robertson's Wharf, Smyth Street, ex Kittie Stevens, from Cienfuegos.

263 HHDS Cienfuegos Molasses 17 bbls Choice Quality. 40 tcs Cienfuegos Molasses, choice quality.

For sale by L. McMANN & SONS, feb27 51 7 and 8 Smythe street.

DR. JULIUS H. ARNOLD, OF BERLIN, PRUSSIA,

Is at the VICTORIA HOTEL, where he can be consulted at any time until

Latter part of SEPTEMBER, 1875

His specialties are Midwifery, Diseases of Women and Children, Abortion or Leucorrhœa etc. Cancers, Eye, Fistula in Ana cured without the knife. feb27 3m

SUGAR.

32 CASKS Scotch Refined and Porto Rico Sugar, also Crushed, Powdered and Granulated Sugars. For sale by

GEO. ROBERTSON, feb26 6 Water streets.

Tobacco—Popular Brands.

520 BOXES and Cads Tobacco, in Mahogany Cut, Smoking, Little Corporal, Chewing, Prince Arthur, 12's, Black, Rough and Ready Smoking and Several other Favorite brands, for sale at lowest market rates, by

GEO. ROBERTSON, feb26 6 Water street.

Cornmeal. Cornmeal.

Landing this day, ex schr Alice M.:

100 BBLS Kiln Dried Cornmeal. For sale by

W. A. SPENCE, feb26 North Slip.

Perry Davis & Sons' Medicines, etc.,

WHITCOMB'S Asthma Remedy, Herrick's Pills, Carbolic Salve, Cocoaline, (Burnett's), Vanbaskirk's Sozodont, Spalding's Glue, Bearine, Fayson's Indelible Ink, Allen's Lung Balsam, Perry Davis' Pain Killer, all for sale by J. CHALONER,

feb27 Cor King and Germain street.

AUCTION SALES inserted at the rate of 80 cents an inch for first insertion; and 30 cents per inch for each additional insertion. SPECIAL TERMS for large advertisements for long periods.

Auction Sale.

Wharf and Warehouse To Let by Auction.

We are instructed to let by auction on TUESDAY the 9th inst., at 12 o'clock, at Chubb's Corner, for one year from 1st May next—

THAT valuable Premises on the West end of Union Street, known as Brown's Wharf, and Warerooms, at present occupied by Messrs. Domville & Co.

Terms at sale.

LOCKHART & CHIPMAN, mar1 tel fm Auctioneers.

Bankrupt Stock

BY AUCTION.

THIS EVENING, at No. 12 King Square, without reserve.—

A LARGE and varied assortment of New and Useful Goods, consisting in part of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps and Ready-made Clothing, Shirts, Drawers, Tweeds, Ladies' Dress Goods, and Fancy Goods; Clocks, Watches, Hardware, Glassware, and Musical Instruments.

Great bargains may be expected, *AS THEY MUST BE SOLD!*

SALE POSITIVE—commencing at 7½ o'clock

E. H. LESTER, aug13 nws Auctioneer.

Personals.

KIT CARSON is reputed the best Subscription Book of the day.

feb16 SMACKNASTY JIM.

Lost.

LOST.—Between Mill and King streets, a Lady's Gold Ear-ring. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at this office. mar4

Wants.

$50 PER WEEK for live Agents. Best selling article in Canada: something that everybody will have. We want agents in every city, town and village in Canada. Particulars free. Address

C. C. STEWART & CO., feb22 d1m Box 1557, Toronto.

WANTED—A tenement of four or five rooms, centrally located, for a family of three. Must have a yard or garden attached. Address, stating rent, "H. C." care this office, or box 594, P. O. feb22

WANTED, Agents to sell an immensely popular work in every County in the Maritime Provinces. Agents can make more money selling this work, than any other in the market—entirely new. One or two agents wanted to canvass the city of St. John immediately. Terms very liberal. For terms, circulars, and all other information apply to

H. J. CHEETICK, oct23 22 Germain street, St. John, N. B.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY.—Agents Wanted—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post card to States costs but one cent. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. ly dw oc23

For Sale.

FOR SALE.—Schr George Calhoun, 109 tons, in good condition. For particulars, enquire at J. & S. LEONARD'S, mar2 No. 12 Nelson street.

To Let.

TO LET.—From 1st May next, the Brick House on South side Union Street, near Pitt, at present occupied by R. Welch; Esq. Gas and water on the premises. For further particulars enquire of A. & R. MAGEE, 74 Union street, near Charlotte street. Flats and Cap Store. feb17 tf

TO LET.—TWO UPPER FLATS and Finished Attics, and One Lower Flat, in Exmouth street. Apply on the premises. E. JONES, No. 8 Exmouth street. feb 13

American Cottons!

JUST OPENED.

Bleached & Unbleached

VERY CHEAP.

Also—A nice lot of Silk Hair Braids and Switches.

W. R. BLANCHARD & CO., 68 Germain Street, feb10 Opp. Trinity Church.

NOTICE TO MARINERS AND OTHERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the SPAR BUOY on the RECEIVING REEF has been carried away, but will be replaced as soon as practicable, and due notice thereof given.

HURD PEERS, feb13 City Engineer.