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rd Salisbury Makes a Pessimistic Speech.

ondon, Nov. 9—The Lord Mayor' w was witnessed today by larg vds. It consisted of the usual gli ermine features.

he procession moved on through ad ing throngs to the law courts wher ancient ceremony of takin, oath was carried out. Th and old lord mayors were heart cheered. There were no emblematica s, but there were mounted men clad British uniforms in use from 1800 t 0. A model of the gun of the Britis eer powerful, used at the siege o dysmith, was much cheered, as were o mounted men representing India nada, Australia and South Africa.

What is probably the most brilliant o public functions in England, the lor yor's banquet, took place this evening will be a memorable event to Ameri s by reason of the following remark le utterance of Lord Salisbury, who, i presence of nine hundred guests, in ding United States Ambassador oate, the members of the British cab et and many of the leading men o gland, spoke as follows of the Ameri n elections:

"We believe that the cause which he on is the cause of civilization and com ercial honor. We believe those prin ples to be at the root of all prosperit d all progress in the world. There re, we claim that we have as muc ght to rejoice in what has taken plac the distinguished gentleman (referrin Mr. Choate) who sits at my side."

This was followed by loud and pro nged cheering, which made the gold ate on the oaken shelves shiver and th eat rafters of the Guild hall ring ang ing again.

Relapsing into pessimism, Lord Salis ury admitted that the trend of recent vents has almost put an end to the opes of the Russian emperor, and others ho took part in the peace conference a the Hague. His extraordinary speech losed with a fervid appeal to the people f England to maintain their defenses in uch a perfect condition that we shall ot be exposed to any sudden interrup ion of the peace upon which our prosper ty depends.

"The supreme condition," explained the premier, "is that no reform, no improve ment is of the slightest value unless secur ty against external interference is obtain ed by putting our defences in such a pos ition that no accident may happen beyond our borders that shall make our security doubtful."

The majority of Lord Salisbury's hear ers believed that this warning which wa delivered in his most impressive manner referred to the possibility of French an tagonism.

Lord Salisbury's incursion into the in ternal politics of the United States wa preceded by an apology in the course o which he said:

"One of the circumstances which ha gratified me most during the last yea is the very hearty, friendly feeling dis played between this country and th United States. I hope Mr. Choate will forgive me if there is any irregularity in my expression. It is quite wrong for a secretary of state to make any observa tions with respect to the internal poli tics of another country, but I am soon to give up my office, and, in view of this abandonment, which is close at hand, I hope Mr. Choate will forgive me fo expressing the supreme satisfaction with which all of us have heard of what has recently taken place in the United States."

Mr. Choate replying a few minutes lat er to the toast of the Diplomatic Corps, declared that Lord Salisbury had stat ed with such truth, simplicity and earnest ness the result of the election that he (Mr. Choate) would not attempt to add to it, although he would venture to con gratulate the noble lord upon the fact that his remarks had been made after instead of before the election. (Laughter).

Mr. Choate, in concluding his address, expressed his belief that "so long as Lord Salisbury and Mr. McKinley continue to hold the reins of government there will be no danger of any disturbance of the honorable and friendly relations now existing between the United States and Great Britain."

Except in its reference to the Unnited States, the speech of the premier ca t an extraordinary gloom over the gorgeous banquet. Following directly after the Colonel commanding the City Imperial Volunteers, Lord Salisbury startled his hearers who caught the drift of his remarks, by satirizing the war fever, although praising the courage of the soldiers, and declaring that the passionate admiration of military valor evinced by the populace must produce a change of attitude on the part of the outside world when viewing English character.

Then, with lowered voice and almost trembling accent he went on to speak of the price of victory and the ravages of death, dealing especially with the Queen's bereavement in the loss of Prince Christian Victor. Finally with bent head and hands clasped, he uttered a hope, almost a prayer, that Lord Roberts might be spared the sorrow now hanging over him by reason of the critical condition of his daughter. Tears came into the eyes of the women and men moved uncomfortably in their seats. The silence and solemnity grew oppressive.

Awakening from self-abstraction, the premier reviewed the events of the last twelve months. Mr. Kruger and the Empress of China, he went on to say, had forced war upon Great Britain. He maintained that the British war office deserved great credit for the way in which it had handled these emergencies.

"Despite nebulous and fictitious attacks we should be glad to improve all the defects of the war office," he continued, "and our utmost efforts will be devoted to that task; but I should rather deprecate any unnecessary examination into what has occurred. You will not add to the enthusiasm of your troops by so doing."

He dilated upon the strengthened ties between the mother country and the colonies during the year, and poked fun a he delay consequent upon the Europea oncert, when dealing with China. I was not appropriate for him, he declare o comment upon negotiations while rogress, but he said he would make a xception in the case of the Anglo-Ge an compact.

"This," he remarked, "represents th eelings of most, if not all the powe lled. It is impossible to lay too muc mphasis upon the integrity of China an e 'Open Door,' and I think it a ma er of great advantage that the powe hould have expressed themselves in fave f these fundamental principles, for, hey are achieved, the issue of the Chin roblem need not concern us very anx ously."

He maintained earnestly that the id f invading China with "Our scant orce" or of "approaching the stupendou ask of governing China instead of leavin to be governed by the Chinese" wa ost dangerous.

Mr. George J. Goschen, the retirin st lord of the admiralty, who used th ccasion for a dramatic farewell to publ fe, bespoke the support and confiden f the British people for his successor, th arl of Selborne.

Other speakers were Lord George Ham ton, secretary of state for India, Bar alsbury, lord high chancellor, Lor averston, lord chief justice, Mr. Cha hompson Ritchie, the newly appointe ome secretary, and Sir Robert Bannatyn inlay, attorney general.

Lord Salisbury, winding up the proceed gs by proposing the health of the ne ord mayor, said that some of the younge en present "will live to see the da hen members of parliament from th range and Transvaal colonies will be pres nt on such an occasion."

A dance followed the banquet and con inued to a late hour.

Among the celebrities present were Sir rancis Jeune, president of the probate ivorce and admiralty division of th upreme Court of Judicature, Mr. William t. John Brodrick, the newly appointe ecretary of state for war, Sir Thoma inton, and all the available civil an ational dignitaries.

A Most Deliberate and Cold-Blooded Crime.

New York, Nov. 9—John Collins, a ailor on the British steamer Dunstan vas murdered early this morning by Ber ard Corrigan, a shipmate. The two men ad been drinking during the night an hey quarreded several times. On their eturn to the ship, Corrigan cut Collins heek open with a sheath knife. Collins hricks of pain aroused all the men in he forecastle. Its occupants rushed o leck and after disarming the assailant, eat him black and blue. He was order d to remain on deck under threats of eing hustled ashore and locked up. Cor igan evaded the guard placed on him nd about 4 o'clock this morning he rept into the forecastle, armed with a machine wrench two feet long and weigh ng about ten pounds. He turned up the ight of a burning lantern which stood n the table to enable him to correctly ick out his man. Then, proceeding to Collins' bunk, with a loudly muttered oath, he brought the instrument down twice upon the man's for head, killing him almost instantly. Corrigan was arrested and three of the crew were held s witnesses.

pplicants for Certificates as Attorneys and Students at Law.

Fredericton, Nov. 9—(Special)—The examinations for attorneys and students at law was commenced at the supreme court room at 11 o'clock this morning. J. D. Phinney, Q. C., of this city, and Daniel Jordan, Q. C., of Sackville, are conducting he examination. The young men standing the examination are:

For attorneys—James Holland, T. Carleton, L. Ketchum, John D. Brown, William W. Baird, Francis Kerr.

For students—J. Aubrey Allen, Hector L. Landry, Medley G. Siddell, Charles H. Elliott, H. G. Hudson, W. M. C. Manning, Harry M. Blair, Harry M. Leonard, Chas. H. Allen, Allen J. Kerr, William H. Harrison, S. L. Blenkhorn, H. D. Pickett, F. M. Pidgeon, W. G. Pugsley, J. McN. Trueman, Austen A. Allen, George P. Smith, T. Herb. Whalen, Horace J. Gague, Arthur T. Leblanc.

Biloxi Wiped Out One Hundred Buildings Burned.

New Orleans, Nov. 9.—Biloxi, Miss., situated on the Mississippi Sound, 80 miles from New Orleans, was this morning swept by a terrific fire, which destroyed upwards of 100 buildings and rendered hundreds of people homeless. Biloxi is a town of 7,000 people. It has a small fire department, and the fire simply burned until it had nothing further to feed upon. It broke out shortly after midnight in a saloon and after destroying the railway depot, swept through to the beach, a distance of several squares. The Catholic church, school and convent, two newspaper offices and several fine brick structures were among the buildings destroyed. The total loss is estimated at $300,000 with $125,000 insurance.

Root to Visit Cuba.

Washington, Nov. 9—Secretary Root left this afternoon for New York and will sail tomorrow for Cuba. He intends to visit Cienfuegos, Santiago and other points on the eastern and southern coasts of the island which he did not see on his last trip. The secretary will be gone about two weeks. He has not yet completed his report but has made a draft of it which will be put into shape during his voyage.

Amateur Burglars.

Fredericton, Nov. 9—(Special)—Two young men named Frank McManiman and Frank Watts, were arrested last night for trying to burglarize M. Fickler & Co.'s store.

nows the French Wanted a Naval Demonstration.

Paris, Nov. 9—The Chinese yellow book, hich was distributed in parliament today, shows that early in March, M. Delcasse, the French minister of foreign fairs, urging a combined naval demonstration in view of the agitation in China, as opposed by a majority of the powers. ord Salisbury saying that in view of the ncertainty it was preferable to let the situation ripen, pointing out that the government of the United States had already eclared it would not participate in a naval demonstration, which was contrary to its olicy.

Count Von Buelow, German minister of oreign affairs, under date of April 4, also ought the trouble in Shan Tung province had completely calmed down.

The most interesting despatch in the ook, to Americans, is the telegram which I. Delcasse sent to the French ambassadors at Washington and St. Petersburg, eptember 13, as follows:

"The ambassador of the United States t my reception yesterday, was pleased to eal that since the commencement of ffairs in China, France, Russia and the nited States have acted together in perfect agreement. He believed that this accord will be maintained and that the nited States will retire from Pekin on he same conditions as France and Russia. told General Porter that the manifestation of this continued accord was calculated to influence the definitive resolutions f the other powers. Such is the opinion f General Porter, who believes Japan will e the first to follow the example."

The French minister at Tokio, September 15, announced that Japan would withraw her unnecessary troops and her legation from Pekin.

A long, graphic report from M. Pichon, he French minister at Pekin, of the siege f the legations includes the following xtract from his diary:

"July 2—During the night the Americans nd Russians captured a barricade which he Chinese had constructed 25 metres rom their own. It was necessary to carry it at the point of the bayonet. An American captain was wounded and two marines were killed. The Chinese lost heavily. he operation was brilliantly carried out nd does great honor to those who took part in it. This barricade will henceforth e occupied by the Americans and Russians and appears to be one of our principal safeguards."

on Waldersee's Campaign.

Berlin, Nov. 9.—The German foreign office has been informed regarding the alleged insult offered by Russian troops at Chan Hai Kwan to the British flag. It believes that if there be any foundation for the report, the incident will probably be immediately adjusted by the higher officers.

Nothing has been heard officially by the foreign office concerning the alleged annexation by Russia of the left bank of the Pei Ho at Tien Tsin.

The correspondent of the Associated Press heard today a statement made in high military circles to the effect that Von Waldersee's plan of campaign [illegible] rapidly contemplates forcing the retreat of Emperor Kwang Su and the Empress Dowager to Pekin by pushing expeditions nearer to them, cutting off their supplies and preventing large reinforcements from reaching them.

ortured for a Confession.

Canton, Thursday, Nov. 8—The Reformer Szki-Nu (the leading man in the anti-dynastic party organized by Sun Yat Sen) who was sentenced to death in connection with the recent Yamen explosion here, was repeatedly tortured in order to extort a confession from him, but he refused to make a statement in connection with the explosion.

A Famous Ice Yacht.

Newburg, N. Y., Nov. 9—The famous ice yacht Snowdrift, owned and sailed for several years by vice-Commodore Willett Kidd, of the Orange Lake Ice Yacht Club, has been shipped to Maine, where it will be sailed on a lake near Augusta. The Snowdrift was the champion of the big Orange Lake fleet and won scores of trophies. Though not a large yacht, carrying about 528 square feet of canvas, she was a wonderfully fast sailer. She holds the record at Orange Lake, sailing over the course in 17 minutes and 40 seconds. Part of the course was windward work and she covered about 15 miles.

Thanksgiving in Germany.

Berlin, Nov. 9.—U. S. Ambassador White presided over a well-attended meeting today at which a committee was appointed to make arrangements for Thanksgiving day. The celebration will consist of a banquet and dance.

Dr. Harnanok, rector of the University of Berlin, will be invited to speak and Ambassador White will deliver the principal address.

Victim of Sport.

Bangor, Me., Nov. 9.—Harry C. Hilliker, of Lowell, Mass., who was shot in the Maine woods on October 21 and who has since been in the hospital here, died tonight. His age was 26 years.

Fire in Eastport.

Eastport, Me., Nov. 9—Fire burned the dwelling house owned and occupied by Abner Leonard, with all its contents today, entailing a loss of $3,000, a portion of which is protected by insurance.

Maine Central Washout.

Wiscasset, Me., Nov. 9.—There is a washout on the Maine Central railway one mile east of here, 150 feet of the track being torn up. Passengers were transferred around the place. On the Wiscasset and Quebec branch there is much damage from storm and trains will be delayed.

Receptions to Military and Political Heroes.

Amherst, Nov. 9.—(Special)—Amherst is holding receptions this week. Last night it was in honor of her returned soldiers, tonight it was in honor of her returned candidate, Mr. H. J. Logan. A public meeting was held in Music Hall last evening, presided over by Mayor Dickey, to welcome home Privates Blair, Burgess, Embree and Ouiton, who had just returned from South Africa. The chairman, on behalf of the citizens, presented each one with a purse of gold and a suitably engraved gold watch. E. J. Lay, principle of the academy, presented them with a cheque for twenty dollars each in behalf of the school children. After presentations patriotic addresses of welcome were delivered by Rev. D. A. Steele, D. D., Hon. W. T. Pipes and Hon. Judge Morse. The Amherst band was in attendance. The meeting was a most pleasing one and after the strife of the late political campaign was most restful.

Tonight the Young Men's Liberal club tendered a public reception to Mr. H. J. Logan, M. P., who, on the 7th, was returned by so handsome a majority. Music Hall, which was handsomely decorated, was packed. Robert H Bell, the energetic president of the club, presided. Amherst band played suitable selections. After congratulating Mr. Logan on his fine majority in a very pleasing manner the chairman called upon Mr. Logan, who made a splendid speech, in which he thanked the young men for the able support given him throughout the campaign. He also thanked the old Liberal guard who, although defeated in many battles, win still in at the close, and aided largely in the victory achieved. Addresses were also delivered by Hon. T. R. Black, A. D. Ross and Hon. W. T. Pipes. The meeting was a most pleasing wind up of a hard fought battle and was in marked contrast to the way in which the Conservatives used to celebrate their victories when they would parade the streets with brooms and start bonfires in front of the defeated candidate's residences. The Liberals are to be congratulated in showing such good taste in celebrating in such undemonstrative manner, and as the chairman aptly said he trusted that in the next century the Conservatives, if they should win, would use us as kindly as we are tonight using them.

Weekly Service to St. John to be Continued.

The first boat of the line to leave the other side is the Lake Megantic. She will sail from Liverpool on Tuesday, the 13th, and will leave St. John on the 30th on the return. She will be followed weekly by the following steamships: Lake Superior, Lake Ontario, Lake Erie and Lake Champlain, thus affording very superior facilities for the accommodation of passengers and freight. Messrs. Troop & Son will be pleased to furnish all necessary information to importers and exporters.

The Lake Erie and Lake Champlain are [illegible] The Erie's dimensions are: Length, 461 feet; beam, 52 feet; depth, 30 feet, with a gross register tonnage of 9,000 tons. She is constructed on the continuous cellular double-bottom plan, and in addition to this water ballast arrangement is provided with a 1,000 ton capacity deep tank abaft the engine room and tipping tanks fore and aft, the total water ballast being 2,200 tons. The Lake Champlain is a sister ship of the Erie. Both boats have splendid passenger accommodations, the first and second cabins being on the upper deck amidship. The staterooms are large, bright and well ventilated; there are also spacious promenade decks, handsome and commodious smoking rooms and ladies' cabins. Of course they are lighted by electricity and fitted up with all the latest improvements.

American Possession of the Philippenes Not Complete.

Washington, Nov. 9.—Because the cession of the islands of Cibitu and Cagayen, of the Philippine archipelago must be ratified by the senate of the United States, the officials of the state department positively decline to discuss the transfer which was referred to yesterday by the Spanish premier. Still the fact is not concealed and was sent out in these despatches about two months ago, that the transfer has been arranged as far as the executive branch of our government could effect it. The state department officials regard the islands as absolutely necessary to complete American sovereignty in the Philippines. Lying as they do to the southwest of the main group of islands and in one of the most important channels of communication it would be in the eye of the department a most dangerous course to allow them to fall into the hands of another power and thus constitute a permanent menace to American sovereignty in the Philippines. They were excluded from the original cession by the geographical boundaries laid down in the treaty.

Battleships Meet.

New York, Nov. 9—An accident occurred to the auxiliary cruiser Buffalo, at the Brooklyn Navy Yard today. She was being towed from the channel leading to the drydock. A strong wind was blowing at the time, and the Buffalo swung against the prow of the battleship Massachusetts. As a result a hole was stove in the Buffalo amidships below the water line. The officials at the yard say that the accident is not of a serious nature.

Fatal Mine Explosion.

Mahanoy City, Pa., Nov. 9.—One man was killed, five others probably fatally injured and 20 others more or less seriously injured in an explosion of gas at the Buck Mountain colliery today about two miles from here.

Political News--Sir Charles to Retire to Private Life.

Ottawa, Nov. 9—(Special)—Hon. M. E. Bernier, minister of inland revenue, returned to the capital today. Being interviewed, he said: "After having spoken at something over 70 meetings between Montreal and Rimouski, I can fairly claim to be in a position to speak with knowledge of the issues upon which the vote was taken in the province of Quebec. And the main plank in the Conservative campaigners' platform was to stir up dissatisfaction with the settlement of the Manitoba school question.

"The fact is that from Mr. Tarte, who expected ere this to be filling a ministerial chair, right down to the humblest of their stump orators, the first thing in every one of their addresses was the school question, the settlement of which they told the public did not suit the pope, the clergy nor the Catholics of Manitoba. How this boomerang has recoiled to their own dissatisfaction is now seen.

"The other main attack was abuse of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his colleagues for the despatch of Canadian troops to South Africa. I have heard this from Conservative speakers myself. They urged the expense saddled upon the people of Canada in this connection and had no hesitation in stretching the figures up to $5,000,000. They dwelt upon the precedent it would form for future action. This is the kind of thing we have had to stand and those the issues on which the result was based. The English speaking people of our sister province may not know this but it is as well that they should.

"As for Quebec, it has endorsed the sending of the contingents, and defeated Mr. Chauvin, Conservative (who voted against the government's action in the house) and reduced the majorities of Bourassa and Monet. The Conservative party in Ontario has been preaching that the cry that won for the Liberals in Quebec was 'Sir Wilfrid Laurier the French-Canadian,' but the charge is a pure fabrication. On scores of platforms I have said 'Do not vote for Sir Wilfrid Laurier because he is of your race and religion but because he is the best prime minister this country has ever had,' and what I said myself was said by hundreds of Liberal speakers everywhere.

"Nothing could be more unfair than to urge motives of this nature against my fellow countrymen of Quebec. They are proud of Sir Wilfrid as we are all proud. But perhaps as good an answer as any to the charge of intolerance on their part is the fact that, among the members elected in the new parliament, from Quebec, are so many English speaking men and Protestants."

Hon. J. I. Tarte was also seen by your correspondent. The minister of public works said that the people of Quebec voted on the political issues of the day. The best answer to the race and religious cry raised by the Toronto papers was the return of 16 English speaking Protestant members in the province of Quebec.

He Will Spend the Remainder of His Life With His Family

Montreal, Nov. 8—(Special)—Sir Charles Tupper today announced definitely that he has retired from political life for all time and that he will spend the rest of his life with his family. He states that he has been offered a seat in every province in Canada.

Seven Hundred and Fifteen More Votes Than Hugh John.

Ottawa, Nov. 9—(Special)—All returns are now in from Brandon and Sifton has a majority of 715. Morrison's majority in New Westminster over Dewdney was 141.

"Great Haste is Not Always Good Speed."

Many people trust to luck to pull them through, and are often disappointed. Do not dilly-dally in matters of health. With it you can accomplish miracles. Without it you are "no good."

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Scrofula—"I was troubled with scrofula and impure blood. A cut on my arm would not heal. Hood's Sarsaparilla was recommended and after I had taken three bottles I was well." DANIEL ROBINSON, 52½ Treasley Street, Toronto, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

A Girl Murdered.

Limon, Colo., Nov. 9.—Louise Frost, 11 years old, a daughter of a ranchman, was found last night dying in a patch of woods about half a mile from her father's house. She had been stabbed no less than fourteen times. It is believed the girl was waylaid, outraged and then murdered.

Posses are scouring the country in every direction and the murderer will probably be lynched if captured.

A Serious Charge.

Moncton, Nov. 9—(Special)—A man named Randall is under arrest here on a very serious charge. Randall, who is a married man about 40 years of age and an employe of the Crescent laundry, is charged with an attempted assault on a little eight-year-old girl, daughter of one of Moncton's well known citizens. Randall comes up for preliminary examination tomorrow before Stipendiary Kay.

Still Going Up.

New York, Nov. 9.—Standard oil certificates made a new high water mark today, selling at 655.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE (late Army Medical Staff) DISCOVERED a REMEDY, to denote which he coined the word CHLORODYNE. Dr. Browne is the SOLE INVENTOR, and as the composition of Chlorodyne cannot possibly be discovered by Analysis (organic substances defying elimination) and since his formula has never been published, it is evident that any statement to the effect that a compound is identical with Dr. Browne's Chlorodyne must be false. This caution is necessary, as many persons deceive purchasers by false representations.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE—Vice Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in Court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR of CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to.—See The Times, July 18, 1894.

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DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE Rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The IMMENSE SALE of this REMEDY has given rise to many UNSCRUPULOUS IMITATIONS. Be careful to observe Trade Mark. Of all Chemists, 1s., 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d. S. and 4s. 6d.

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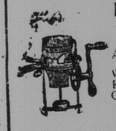

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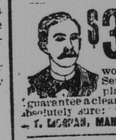

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