ROME IS IN any recommendatio make. The thing is cause that committee of the most obnox of the most obnoxd possibly have been
re been for some
mble yet earnest enr. David Stevens tenNorth and South Vicof the benefits that
m having a "Creamsome central or conit might be made
al to all the farmers,
tricts named, but in
well,
mection with the

ction with the

to a certain modicum to a certain modicum ard to it, and am y views, whatsoever it if possible I may provincial government inally doing a thing ag not only dispers

paratus; such cap the rate of five d repayable in

mortgage on land

apparatus

part of the govern

established, and our established, and our ot to sanction the such method of aid.

esume that persons aving industries con

e province as the government ileges; and it during from the first the first the first the first the first that he first that he

try that has

ole as way as the

sand times over b

d against the recom

ing to be said in its

moment, rather in

itself, than recom

I have reason to

ie "creamery" of any within the province

se to the government ess than seventy-five has cost them; and n question is well than the milk of

cows to supply idst of a communi

only farmers, but

the Delta creamery

uised above the ne-

ildings, machiner

may safely hint

er cent. might buy

dividend has ve

Creamery Associ-that one will be e. and the stock-

nad loaned seventy-I cannot avoid the ernment might soon

which they have s

the committee's re

ernment desire to

mushroom butter

there, and every-he province? on the butter in-et to crush it? he people's money

refuse to loan it

either principal

too sagacious to

situation could

IN F. CHANDLER.

MARKETS.

lly Corrected.

for Farmers' Pro-

were noted in the re-

week. The recent cold

to lessen the supply

ot sufficient to affect

The recent raise in the

sugar has been met by

alf cent per pound in During the past week Fraser river hay was

It retails for about

Flour5.25 to 5 50 Flour5 25 to 5 50

.....4 75

.... ... 2 1-2 to 3

15 to 25 \$8 to \$12 1 00 per doz.25

oox.....\$1 50 to 1 75

per doz . 15 to 40 25 to 50 od, per gall . . . 1 25

....25 to 30

25 to 35

.....14 to 1715 to 16

.....13 to

......15 to 20

insurance on my life

said his wife, in an ag-

ice-cream would make

for sixty or sev-

....7 to 12 1-210 to 15

enlete the treasury, salary (as creamery 1; and sink the peo-

paid or repaid; then

to it seventy-five per

I want no re

merely desir

government

Shanle and Sorrow Heaped on the Eternal City by the Abyssinian Defeat.

The People's Sullen Anger Ready to Break Into Open Resentment.

Reserves Ready to be Mustered-Account of the Disastrous Defeat at Adowa.

Rome, Mar. 4.—The kingdom of Italy

When the first news of General Baraa's defeat reached the city, the rhad it that only 500 men were killthen, yesterday afternoon, the nums ran up to 3,000 men killed and sixeces of artillery captured. But this ng's dispatches place the number talians killed at the battle of Adand in the long, harassing retreat followed, at 5,000, and it is not ed that even these terrible figures that those who fell wounded uring the long retreat of over forty ople until daybreak and early morng, every public place being crowded placed under arms. with excited men and women.

To-day the indications are that the ople are assuming a most threatening itude throughout Italy. Demonstraions against Premier Crispi's ministry, and even against the crown are reported rom a number of towns in the provinces, in spite of that fact that the provinces are straining every nerve to uppress all alarm.

It is said that the government were aware on Tuesday of the full extent of the defeat inflicted upon the Italians, but it was judged that it would be dangerous to allow the startling information to reach the public suddenly, so the first report of the defeat was allowed to leak out, then the war officials allowed to be rumored that some men' were killed. After this came the report that 3,000 had been killed, but it is now admitted that 5,000 Italian troops were troops serving under the flag of Italy. Under these circumstances, it is not astonishing that the wildest kind of rumors are in circulation in some of the clubs that the number of killed and wounded are placed at 10,000. These gures may turn out to be exaggerated, but they show the state of the public mind here. All fetes have been indefineitely postponed and masses for the repose of the souls of the dead were cele brated this morning in every cathedral n the city, crowds of weeping women

and sorrowing men being in attendance. Rome, in a word, is to-day a city mourning, and the sullen anger of the people is ready to break into firece, open resentment. The government and miltary authorities are loudly charged with gross mismanagement of the Abyssinian campaign. Great indignation is teria into action by taunting him with inactivity. It is also said that the Italian commander was also led into a trap skillfully baited by a report that was allowed to reach him that a number of culty attending the teaching of religion mportant chiefs of the Shoans, attended by a portion of the Shoan army. were attending the coronation of King Yegus, at Axu. Hoping to surprise those who had remained behind, General Barateria ordered Generals Alberon. Arimondi and Dadormida to attack the enemy. The latter, it appears. advance, until the troops were within the passes leading to Adowa. Then the seen changed. The Shoans, armed with improved French military rifles, sup-

down upon the soldiers, while others kept up a terrible, well-directed fire upon the troops. Rumors add that the Italians broke dewn or crushed to death. Then, it is added, began their most disastrous deafter the disorganized soldiers, cutting them down in great numbers in spite of in the wrong or to justify coercion by repeated atempts to form squares. The the federal parliament. The report of troops in these stands are said to have behaved with the greatest gallantry, but dress caused a lot of discussion, but all the reserve of ammunition was captured as well as the provisions and ar-The result was that numbers of Italian detachments eventually had my their bayonets with which to deand themselves, and, it is feared that nt a smal portion of the Italian forces hat went against the Shoans reached Asmari in safety. Days must elapse before the details of the war horrors

an he accurately told. Later in the day news from the promees became more alarming. It was solice had been utterly unable to cope | the populace, and that the troops een called upon to restore order. oliders, however, appear to have control. ocen as helpless as the police, and in eral places the crowds have been mon. At Milan, th troops, after vainly trying to disperse a mob who wer making demonstrations against the

government, fired a volley over then heads. One man was killed and several wounded. This increased the excitement, and report has it that the troops were stoned and had to clear the public square at the point of the bayonet.

Dispatches received here from Venice say that the most intense excitement prevails there and that there were a number of riotous demonstrations during the night. An immense crowd of people assembled at the Piazza St. Mark, when speeches were made against the government, condemning the manner in which the Abyssinian campaign had been conducted and calling on the military authorities to try Gen. Barateria by court court martial. Further dispatches from Venice say that there was another popular demonstration against the government there this morning and that the mob was only dispersed by the police with the greatest difficulty after a number of arrests had been made.

Advices received here from Padua say there was also a riotous demonstration there to-day, and the police had to interfere to preserve order. The mob marched through the streets hooting the government officials and crying for the downfall of the Crispi ministry. At Verona there was a similar demonstra-Rome, Mail. It represents the state of excitement, grief tion against the government and a numanger beyond description. No pen ber of socialists were arrested for stoncan adequately portray the situing the police, and uttering seditious on for every dispatch received from cries. At Rovigo and nearly every city Massowan adds to the gravity of the of importance throughout Italy, the Massowan and the Italian army in Abystroops are ready and every precaution possible is being taken to prevent disorder. It is believed that nothing short of the downfall of Senor Crispi and the dispatch of the strongest possible rein-

forcement to Africa will satisfy the public clamor. Shortly before noon to-day it was anounced that Gen. Barateria had been recalled to Rome, and that upon his arrival here the conduct of the present campaign and the defeat of the Italians at Adowa will be inquired into. The socialists claim that the General should the full extent of the disaster. Then be shot as an example to others and mention is made of the that the minister of war should share but there is good reason for his fate. General Baldizzor, who has in Cuba. It is understood that the adassumed control of the Italian troops in Africa, is preparing a long report on the according to the general report, battle at Adowa, which will be formore horrible fate than those warded as promptly as possible to the ere killed on the spot. Through- war department here. The army rethe night the garrison here was kept serves, numbering about 80,000 men. der arms and a mounted patrol trav- are being called out, but it is feared sed the principal streets. The mass- there will be serious rioting when the however, do not seem to have re- men are mustered. The people are mured, and the streets were filled with muring greatly at being deprived of the government succeeds, at least temporheads of families who must now be

As each hour passes, the situation becomes more and more perilous. The tells of the difficulties which attend the newspapers as a rule are filled with abuse of the military authorities and condemnation of the manner in which the Abyssinian campaign has been conducted. All sorts of charges of gross incompetency are made, and nothing short of the most public investigation will satisfy the people.

Grand Lodge of Ontario West Repudiate the Address of Grand Master Hughes.

slain, in addition to severe losses among Difficulty of an Orangeman Trying to Serve Two Masters Exemplified.

London, March 4.—The Grand Orange Lodge of Ontario West is meeting here. There is a big attendance and the feeling runs high over the Manitoba issue. Grand Master Hughes, who says he is fuel to the flames by which he said nothing in condemnation of the remedial bill. He says the legislature which the minority should have tried to find a reasonable remedy for the grievance when its existence was pointed out by expressed against the newspapers, the privy council. The grand master's which have been goading General Bara- address was referred to a committee. which, it is said, will probably bring in a resolution favoring a national secular school as the only remedy for the diffi-

in schools.

London, Ont., Mar. 5.—The committee to which was referred the report of Grand Master Hughes reported in particularly adverse terms. It declared the Grand Master's remarks on the Manitoba school question to be special pleading. Regret was expressed that an night, aged 79. He was for many years pretended to retreat before the Italian attempt was made in the address to give the impression that the legislature of Manitoba had refused to render justice to a supposedly injured minority of of several political cabinets, both Liberthe province. It further protests that al and Conservative. orted by modern artillery directed by the followers of Orange principles, as French artillerymen, advanced upon the represented in the Grand Lodge, don't Italians in overwhelming strength, while need to be lectured on tolerance and the apparently deserted passes became justice, and that repeated exhortations alive with natives, who hurled rocks to that effect in an address are un necessary. The committee finally assert that the present danger to Protestant and British interests in Canada is so imminent that no word or act should and fled after making a gallant stand, appear in the proceedings that could seeing thousands of their number shot weaken the arm being raised in defence of national schools in Manitoba, and therefore asks the Grand Lodge to cefeat, the triumphant Shoans pressing on pudiate every sentence, line and word in the address that tends to put Manitoba

> was adopted by a majority. William Lockhart, of Alliston, was elected Grand Master and the Grand Lodge adjourned at midnight.

the committee on the Grand Master's ad-

HIS REIGN WAS VERY SHORT.

Not Long Enough for the United States Senate to Pass a Resolution.

London, March 4.-The Standard has a dispatch from Bombay saying that Zalin Sing, Maharajah of Jhalawar, stated that in a number of places the who was preparing to begin a small war on his own account against the Indian government, was deposed on Tuesday, and that the British agent is now in

> ROYAL Baking Powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.-U.S. Government Report

Feeler From Washington to Smooth Over the Ruffle Recently Raised

By Injudicious and Irresponsible Politicians at the United States Capital.

Murat Halstead Tells a Tale of Weyler-St. Louis a Centre for Recruiting.

Washington, D. C., March 4.-The president and cabinet are undoubtedly strongly opposed to present recognition of the belligerency of the Cuban insurgents, and to any declaration concern ing Cuba's independence as embodied i the recent congressional resolution. The following is not an official statement, but it is known from careful inadministration's views of the matter:

While the president and members of the cabinet personally feel sympathy, in ommon with all Americans with those Cubans who are contending for self-gov. ernment, they feel that in official action they should not depart from the well settled principles which have been followed by former presidents and secretaries of state during prior insurrections ministration does not think that the present state of affairs in Cuba justifies ernment. Its function is to act, not to express feeling. The only action now proper is to continue to hold respons ble for injuries to American citizens the only government which so far maintains political of all ecclesiastical authority. authority in Cuba, and until some other

arily, in supplanting it.

New York, March 4.-Mr. Murat Halstead. who has just arrived from Cuba, entrance to and departure from Havara, and of the need of more protection to newspaper men from the United States whom he left behind and who ment and even worse. A terrible situa tion exists. There is little doubt that political prisoners are daily butchered by Gen. Weyler, or his subordinates. The captain-general keeps up a pretence of humaneness, nevertheless he is the instigator of much of the cruelty that is Nevertheless the resignation of the general who had the men shot was deconceal the captain-general's actual code of warfare, and in order to help his attempt to keep up the appearance of humanity and moderation which he officially reports himself as exercising. This

dence, and very positive evidence, of the truth of the reports. St. Louis, Mo., March 4.-Agents of the Cuban revolutionists, working from not a candidate for re-election, added St. Louis as a common centre, are sending from this city and surrounding coun try from thirty to fifty men each week to join the forces of Gomez on the island. Between February 20 and 23, passed the law causing a grievance to forty or fifty recruits left this city for Cuba. Since the date last mentioned at least 100 more have gone. Men are enlisted with the understanding that they take chances on the success of the revo lution. They are promised nothing unless the cause of Cuba wins. If it does they are given a guarantee that they will be taken care of. No salary is fered. Every man enlisted in St. Louis is equipped at once with side arms.

matter will probably be still denied and

the falsehood stuck to despite all evi-

FROM MONTREAL.

Death of Hon. Henry Starnes, an Old Time Politician.

Montreal, March 4.-Hon. Henry Starnes, legislative councillor, died last employed in mercantile and financial pursuits, occupied the position of mayor for a number of terms, was a member

HOLMES TO HANG.

The Supreme Court Confirms the Sertence on the Great Murderer.

Philadelphia, March 4.-The Supreme Court to-day, in a decision by Justice Williams, overruled the assignments of error in the case of H. H. Holmes, sentenced to death for murdering Benjamin F. Pietzel, and confirmed the judgment of the court below. The opinion says no substantial error had pointed out, and the evidence fully sustained the verdict. The papers in the case are in the hands of Governor Hastings, who, it is believed, will fix an early date for the execution. Holmes the gallows, and is said to have sent for Catholic priests who have since visited him several times.

FILIBUSTERS.

Aid to Cuban Patriots by American Adventurers.

Titusville, Fla., March 4.-A well on Monday from Cape Canaveral for left arms on the cape by pre-arrangement with the Cubans. As soon as the arms had been stored the Cubans sailed to the cape, secured them and left

FROM TORONTO. The English Expert's Opinion on the

Toronto, March 3.—The provincial trustees of the National Sanitarium Association have decided, in view of the interest taken in the project for establishing a sanitarium at Gravenhurst, Muskoka, to make an effort to increase the subscriptions to not less than a quarter of a million so as to place the institution on a permanent basis immediately, and to open another institution at an early date in the Rocky

Water Supply-Lady Smith.

mountain district. The death of Lady Smith, wife of Sir Frank Smith, which took place last night, was due to pneumonia. The deceased was in her sixty-fourth year and was the daughter of John P. O'Higgins, e a resident of Stratford.

Mr. Mansergh, the English engineer, to whom Toronto paid \$15,000 to report on its water system, sent in a report to-day recommending the city to stick to its old system of pumping water from the lake. He says no one can tell what will be the future of Toronto. It may never be more than 200,-000 inhabitants, and in that case he would not recommend a gravitation scheme for getting water from Lake Simcoe on account of the great distance.

DISCUSSING THE BILL

quiry that it accurately presents the. A Great Debate on the School Bill Now in Progress at Ottawa.

> clares That He Will Not be Coerced.

Ottawa, March 4.-Hon. Mr. Laurier's ened to by a full house and packed galleries. The leader of the oposition proclaimed his independence on all matters As the leader of a party he knew neither Catholic or Protestant as such, but months' hoist. Mr. Clarke Wallace strongly opposed

He agreed with all that Hon. Mr. Laurwill be subject to espionage, imprison- ier had said on the subject. It was not correct to say that the question of provincial rights was not in the school question. The only way to apply the Belluno, Lodi, Verona, Harma, Bar- with a languidness that indicated that remedy was through the provinces. eration League to-day in the tower room, Lt.-Col. G. T. Denison, of Torpractised. The killing in cold blood of onto, presiding, all the old officers were districts and from all sides come ac- and their speeches will be awaited with

the bill and Hon. Mr. Dickey supported

seventeen prisoners at Candelaria, three elected. Mr. McCarthy said that he before doing so.

> of pelagic sealing. The whole matter a court martial. is set forth in the report from Hon. Mr. sealing industry is not decreasing. The tinct the need for a revision of the re-

gulations does not exist. tenders will be called at an early date ber of deputies to-day and Premier from persons or firms willing to undertake the running of a line of not less king. than four steamships between the St. Lawrence and a British port, Halifax and police present about the chamber of being the Canadian terminus in winter. Teutonic of the white Star line, in general equipment, and with a capacity of between 400 and 500 cabin passengers and 1,000 third class passengers. They will be required to make twenty-one knots in a six hour trial trip, and be capable of ordinary ocean steaming at a rate of twenty knots. They will be of not less than 8,500 tons. The Canadian government will grant a subsidy with an annual subvention of \$750,000.

WILL KILL THE SEALS. The Proposal to Kill Off All the Seals Receives Approval.

Washington, March 4.-The senate committee on foreign relations to-day voted to recommend that the senate should not concur in the house substitute for the senate Cuban resolutions and should ask for a conference. The senate committee on foreign relations decided to-day to report the Dingley resolution, authorizing the exter mination of fur seals unless England consents to further arbitration without amendment. Only one dissenting vote

was cast by Senator Morgan. The greater portion of the time of the committee meeting was devoted to the Cuban question. The senate and house resolutions were carefully analyzed and prepared. Several members expressed themselves satisfied to accept lately has been making preparation for the house resolutions, and the opinio was ventured by one or two that the house substitute was in better form than the senate's original measure. In view of this fact, it appears probable if the house insists upon its substitute it will win and the house resolutions will be accepted as the expression of the

joint opinion of the two bodies: In the senate to-day Mr. Sherman reequipped filibustering expedition sailed ported back the Cuban resolutions and moved that the house amendment to the taken as a result of the revolution of shrunken parts. I was robbed and Cuba. The expedition did not originate senate resolution be not concurred in here, but is composed of men gathered and a conference with the committee be President Zelaya, of Nicaragua, and the lost faith in mankind, and thank heaven by Chief Collarzo at Key West and appointed. The motion was agreed to possibility of trouble. Tampa. A steamer from Jacksonville and the vice-president appointed Senators Sherman, Morgan and Lodge a con-

ference committee. Mr. Frye, from the committee on foreign relations, reported a substitute for for Cuba. It is said over 100 men are the house bill, providing for the exterin the expedition, which carried 1000 mination of the Alaska fur seals, which rifles and 200,000 cartridges, besides was made a special order for next was made a special order for next

The Italian Ministry, Responding to the Popular Clamor, Has Resigned Office.

And Their Resignation Has Been Accepted by King Humbert-Confusion Reigns.

A Report That the Blundering General Baratieri Had Suicided Unfounded.

Rome, Mar. 5.—Savage excitement throughout Italy shows little signs of abatement. The disturbances caused by the news of the great disaster and the consequent display of indignation against the government have been greatly increased by the calling out of the army reserve of class 1872, which calls Interest in the Great Remedial Bill 80,000 additional men into active service. The majority of these reserves are married men whose families will be thus deprived of their chief or only support for an indefinite period. Thus, at The Opposition Leader Boldly De- Milan and other places, serious rioting has occurred where the reservists were preparing to obey orders, and in many cases it was prevented by force, the women and children leading the agitatien. Railroad cars have been demolishpeech yesterday on the Manitoba school ed, rails torn up, telegraph wires cut, bill was a masterly effort, and was list he police beaten and stoned into help- retan for inspecting the military stores men, frenzied with rage, throwing nipeg from Lieut. Gov. Patterson adwould extend simple justice to every been made. Everywhere the troops are \$649. His engagement was kept sec Mr. Edgar resumed the debate to-day. and in front of the municipal and publie buildings.

Behring sea regulations on the ground are reaching Rome from Massowan are that the obvious intentions of the repri- substantiated, he will have great diffisal is to destroy the Canadian industry | culty in escaping capital sentence after

After the neighborhood of the cham-Costigan, minister of marine and fish- ber of deputies had been cleared by the eries, which shows from statistics that police and troops, large crowds of peoin spite of harassing regulations the ple marched through the streets headed by the leftist deputy, shouting, Canadian yield for 1895 was 13,000 "Down with the government," "Down more skins than the average for the with Crispi," and other violent cries. past seven years. The report concludes The police and carabiniers made an atthat as the seals are not becoming ex- tempt to disperse them and much disorder followed. Rome, March 5.-The ministry an-

The government has announced that nounced their resignation in the cham-Crispi said it had been accepted by the

In spite of the strong force of troops deputies to-day, it was with difficulty The yessels are not to be inferior to the that order was maintained. The chamber was crowded, and around the building every now and again cries were raised. "Down with the government." "death to Baratieri," etc., while from the galleries, previous to the entry of the ministers, a number of persons were ejected by th police for uttering sim ilar cries. Almost immediately after the appearance of the premier, who was greeted with cheering by some of his supporters and by cries of derision from his opponents, he announced that the cabinet had resigned and that the king had accepted their resignation. The annonncement was followed by loud cheering, which was heard by the crowds outside, and being understood was taken up and reechoed far and wide.

Premier Crispi, when he was again "the ministers will remain at their posts until their successors are appointed." More cheers and shouts of disapproval followed this statement, after which the president of the chamber asked that the house adjourn until the crown had decided upon the successors to the ministers who had just announced their resignations. This was agreed to, despite the protests of the Leftists who said overnment should be impeached, as the public were entitled to know who was responsible for the disaster in Abyssinia. and there was no excuse for not making known to the public all the facts in possession of the ministers.

THOSE PESKY REPUBLICS. Martial Law in Part of Nicaragua-The Venezuela Dispute.

Tegucigalpa, Honduras, March 5 .-The government has declared the departments of Tegucigalpa, Paz, Valle, Cholutoca, Paraiso, Olancho and Colon under martial law. This step has been weakness, night losses and weak Leonists against the government of swindled by the quacks until I nearly

Lord Salisbury. Both propositions, the Chronicle asserts, have been declined. Edwards, Jarvis, Ont.

THE BRITISH CASE.

Forecast of the Evidence Collated in the Venezuela Dispute.

London, March 4.—The St. James Gazette this afternoon publishes a forecast of a summary of the British blue book upon the Venezuelan situation, shortly to be issued. It is said to contain extracts from the archives of Holland irom the latter part of the 16th to the second decade of the 19th cenury, and extracts from the archives of Spain, from Orellana's ascent of the river Amazon in 1542, and Martinez' ascent of the Orinoco river to Diego de Ordaz, down to Venezuela's independcace in 1830. All the documents in this connection have been ransacked in order to establish the British case against Venezueia's claim for possession of the west tank of the Essequibo, and it will be shown, it is said, by overwhelming strength, that the possession of that bank by Great Britain is beyond doubt. The statement of Sir E. Pollock, who prepared the British case, is described by the St. James Gazette, as being remarkable for its mastery of detail and skill in collating evidence, and for the force and clearness of its conclusions

DEBATE WANING.

Debate Rapidly Flagging at Ottawa.

The Leaders Having Spoken, no One Wants to Hear the Small Fry.

Ottawa, Mar. 5.-At the public ac-

counts committee to-day Lt. Col. Panet

stated that the report from H. E. Sec-

lessness. Soldiers have been attacked along with J. C. Patterson in 1894, had and bayonets freely used, men and wo- not reached the department until Janthemselves on the naked steel of the dressed to the present minister of miltroops. A large number of arrests have litia. The amount paid Secretan was class. In concluding he moved the six either confined to the barracks or oc- ret and the checks were made out in cupying the streets. Night has been Mr. Patterson's name and then enturned into day by torchlight proces- dorsed to Secretan. There was nothing sions, indignation meetings and riotous in the reports which was not known to demonstrations in the public squares the department before they were made. Ottawa, March 5.—(Press Dispatch)-There was a marked falling off in the This is a summary of what has oc- public interest on the remedial bill decurred in a greater or lesser degree at bate in the house yesterday, and even Milan, Florence, Turin, Como, Verriera, the members listened to the speeches garmo, Naples, Bresccia, Venice, Has- they attached importance only to what At the meeting of the Imperial Fed-sara, Palermo, Cremona, Catania, and the leaders had to say. Messrs, Foster almost any other town mentionable. and McCarthy perhaps are the only two The agitation has spread to the country men who can arouse enthusiasm again counts of rioting and indignant protests, much expectancy. The fight on the secweeks ago, is denied repeatedly and the was prepared now to give freer trade to bitter denunciations and loud cries for ond reading will be short and sharp, assertion stuck to, that this cowardly England, and not to wait until such vengeance, upon those who are responsible for the terrible reverse of the pected. Mr. Edgar continued the de-Italian army. The report that Gen. bate yesterday. He spoke in justifica-From an official document which has Barateria committed suicide turns out tion of Mr. Laurier's policy of inquiry, manded, and he was sent home to been laid before parliament it is evitobe incorrect, but it would seem as if it contending that the government had Spain in disgrace for doing the very denied had been authorities are would be the best thing he could have taken action solely on the allegations of thing that Gen. Weyler defied had been resisting the pressure from the United done under the circumstances, for, if one side, and without giving the claims of the other the scapegoat to States government for a revision of the darker and darker reports which of the other the slightest consideration. Caron hours. His speech was rambling, and devoted principally to a recital of the Manitoba School Act in order to establish that the schools are Protestant. He said he heard it stated that Laurier had stolen McCarthy's position as leader of the ultra-Protestants of Ontario. Geoffron, French Liberal, denounced the bill because it did not go far enough. He complained particularly because there was no provision for collecting legislative grants. Amyot, French Conservative, replied, claiming that the bill was ample to secure justice to the minority. If it was found faulty it could be amended from time to time. Lavergne, French Liberal, supported the

> acting strictly in accordance with the demands of his constituents. It is rumored here that Caron will be appointed high commissioner to Engand. In Montreal it is stated that Sir Donald A. Smith will get the post if he wants it.

policy of inquiry, but favored remedial

legislation if justice was not ultimately

ernment bill was only a ruse to bridge

over the elections. The law, if passed,

would never be enforced by this govern-

ment or that of Manitoba. Col. Mus-

son contended that the government was

given. He said he distrusted the gov-

Mr. Weldon's committee on conciliation waited on Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Sir Charles Tupper, and urged them not to stand on nice points of etiquette. but send for Mr. Greenway to settle the school question.

The imperial federation league went out of existence yesterday, being merged into the recently organized British Empire league. The league affirms its able to make himself heard, added that faith in the preferential trade idea. Col. Denison, of Toronto, was elected president.

COAL MINE HORROR.

Over One Hundred Miners Entombed-21 Bodies Recovered.

Berlin, Mar. 4 .- Fire broke out to-day in the Cleohas coal mine at Kattowitz, Prussian Silesia. The bodies of 21 victims of the conflagration have been recovered. The fate of the miners entombed, numbering about one hundred, is still uncertain.

One Honest Man. Dear Editor:-Please inform your

readers that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter, particulars of a genuine, honest, home cure, by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor, after years of I am now well, vigorous and strong, and London, Mar. 5.—The Daily Chronicle wish to make this certain means of says there is reason to believe at the cure known to all sufferers. I have present stage of the negotiations regard- nothing to sell, and want no money, but ing the Venezuela difficulty, that Lord being a firm believer in the universal Salisbury has made a proposal to Sec- brotherhood of man, I am desirous of retary Olney and that Secretary helping the unfortunate to regain their Offrey has also made a proposition to health and happiness. Perfect secrecy