

new school-room and dormitory were added to the building, with other improvements, at a cost of over \$3,000. And, again, in 1874 extensive alterations and additions were made, including hospital accommodations and heating apparatus, at an expense of about \$9,000. These changes have about doubled the original extent of the building, besides providing for the increased comfort and efficiency of the establishment.

In 1878, Mr. Hutton resigned his position as principal of the Halifax Institution to accept that of vice-principal of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, Belfast, Ireland, where he labored for over four years with great success. He was succeeded at Halifax by Mr. A. F. Woodbridge, who afterwards established an institution in Fredericton, New Brunswick. The loss which the Halifax Institution sustained by Mr. Hutton's leaving was more than compensated by his work in Belfast. Language-teaching took the place of grinding in set subjects, firm discipline was established, and the manners and morals of the pupils underwent a complete change.

In 1882, after accomplishing what was really a missionary work, performed in a truly Christian spirit, at the earnest request of the directors in Halifax he returned to the scene of his former labors, where he continued to work with ever-increasing success until 1891, when his career was terminated by death—a career distinguished by enthusiasm, ability, self-sacrifice, and, above all, earnest devotion to the temporal and eternal welfare of those committed to his charge. The history of the Institution, with its rise and progress, constitutes a full biography of J. Scott Hutton.

At the invitation of the directors, Mr. James Fearon, the present principal, a teacher in the Royal Institution for the Deaf, Birmingham, accepted the position of successor to Mr. Hutton, entering on his duties in September, 1891. Mr. Fearon began the work of teaching the deaf under Mr. Hutton in Belfast, where he remained for over seven years, afterwards occupying similar positions in Margate and Birmingham, England.

In 1867 the Institution lost a warm friend in the death of Mr. Andrew Mackinlay, who had been connected with the work from its inception, and who did much to introduce it to the notice and support of the community. His name, with that of the Hon. Sec. Rev. J. C. Cochran, was appended to the first public appeal for funds, which, through his influence and reputation, was so generously responded to. He was a man of sterling worth, recognized ability, and extensive use-