h.—Face descending but very little below the eyes, arched or subcarinate, never tuberculate.

i.—Third segment of abdomen in male very much contracted, cylindrical, the hind femora much swollen, with bifid spine below at the tip. Eyes very large, face small.....Senogaster Macq., Hist. Nat. Dipt. 2.

Senogaster Comstocki, sp. nov.

₹.—Head globular, large, composed almost wholly of the eyes which meet in front for a short distance above the antenna, the vertical triangle narrow, long; a small but very distinct area of enlarged facets on each side above the antennæ. Frontal triangle and face small, the latter arched, subcarinate, short, concave from antennæ to tip, yellow with silvery glisten, and a brownish median stripe. Cheeks narrow, antennæ reddish-yellow, first joint very short, second nearly equilaterally triangular, third joint oval, arista bare. Thorax black, with four narrow, but conspicuous olivaceous stripes, the outer pair extending from the more reddish, somewhat swollen humeri. Pleuræ black, with a conspicuous broad white-dusted vertical patch; scutellum black, yellow at the tip; abdomen brownish-black; first segment as broad as thorax, nearly black, yellow on the sides; second segment elongate, scarcely half as wide behind, with two silvery clongate spots; third segment of the same length, narrow, cylindrical, yellow in front; fourth segment as long as preceding, with the globular hypopygium forming a spheroidal mass. Legs yellow, hind femora much swollen, areua ed, black, becoming red at the tip, below at the end with slender process, and beyond a smaller tooth-like one, hind tibia archated with a triangular projection at the end, hind tarsi brownish, wings nearly hyaline, third longitudinal vein gently curved. Long. corp. 12 mm., long. al. 8 mm., N. Y., Cornell University. Prof. J. H. Comstock.

The present species is a very interesting addition to our fauna. Hitherto, so far as I can learn, but one species is known, 8. exerulescens Mac., l. c. and Dipt. Exot. 11, 2, 72, Tab. 13, f. 3, from Guiana, South America. I take much pleasure in dedicating it to Prof. Comstock, whose work in Entomology is so favorably known.

ii.—Hind femora more or less swollen with spines or bristles below, abdomen clongated, somewhat flattened, not contracted in the middle. Thorax without distinct yellow markings.

Syritta pipiens Linné. Meigen Zweifl, Ins. iii, 213. Europe. Common apparently over all of North America.

jj.—Hind femora never remarkably swollen, hind coxa often with a spinous process, small cross vein of wing always oblique...**xylota**.

Nylota observa Lw., Cent. vi, 55. Mt. Hood, Oregon; Wash, Terr. Calif.! Red River of the North. Specimens from the former localists