# THE HEARTHSTONE.

# The Hearthstone.

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BEARTHSTONE SPHIKK,

MARKET REPORT

AT TANGENTS.

The fox has gained a great reputation amongst mankind, for the very simple reason that he has an objection to part with his tail; and so it has passed into a by-word of consistency that a man sticks to an idea, aspiration, or endeavour as persistently as "a fox does to his tail." Now we do not believe that a fox the lumptown Council did not at once jump at this magnificent proposal; but, they did not sticks to his tail one whit closer than a dog's You see, my friend, humptown had a very tail sticks to him; or a passy cat's tail sticks to her; but we are willing to accept the a quarter of a million would be quite enough fox as the champion tail sticker, simply for the reason that the fact of the fox sticking to his tail is a representative fact of consistency; and consistency is what we like. The fox fully and thoroughly recognizes the fact that his tail belongs to him; and he does not recognise the right of any man -or number of men-to chase him with horses and dogs for the sole purpose of cutting off his tail. The fox is consistent and defends his tail to the last gasp, and thereby deserves the admiration of inconsistent man,

The tendency of mankind is to fly off at tangents; and we think that if mankind was to be again graced with tails-as Mr. Darwin says we once were-it would not be long before some speculative man cut his off, (or somebody else's more likely) just to see what kind of an animal man would be without a tail. How few men are thoroughly consistent! The protectionist who clamors loudly for the protection of home industry is frequently quite scandalized at the idea of other nations protecting themselves against him; the free trader who wants afree and untrammelled intercourse with foreign nations," cannot see any reason why his own branch of industry should not be protected so as to prevent "any and every body" engaging in it. In business, in pleasure, in politics, religion, social intercourse and all the various phases of life man is prone to fly off at tangents; and seldom holds uniformly to one course. In business especially how many men we meet who can "turn their hands to anything," but Who really cannot do any one thing thoroughly and entirely well. We by no means advocated that state of imbicility which would compel a man to remain fixed in one condition or one frame of mind all his life; but we do believe in men being consistent in their actions: preaching as

nearly as possible what they practise, and practising, as nearly as possible what they preach. We should always endeavour to make our lives "hang together" well; not to advocate temperance in some matters, and run hotly into intolerance in others; not to praise the beauties of industry, and laud the benefits of labor, and | Sir Huge Haulin ...... yet lead idle, shittless, purposeless lives our- 111on, J. C. Abut......

ance, just as a skilful general lays out the plan | H. Mulhanland..... of his campaign before he enters on it, the planmay be deviated from, circumstances may arise which necessitate a change, but the mere fact of having a plan will tend to keep us consist- | J. B. Bawdry..... ent and counteract to a great extent the disposition to fly off at tangents. How few young men do we find, however, who start in life with any fixed, definite purpose; they start at some business or profession and drift along in it for a little while, but are always ready to change and will go from one trade or calling to another flying at every new idea that accurs only to abandon it in turn for another; and so they reach old age, having drifted through life somehow, without having ever found any definite plan as to how it was to be done, and so they continue to drift on into eternity without any definite plan or expectation of their fate in the great hereafter. Get an idea in your head, see that it is a good one, and then stick to it "like a fox does to his tail," and you may be certain you will succeed; and when you reach old age you will not only be able to look back with pride pleasure on a well spent, consistent life, but also to look beyond the grave with a reasonable amount of hope and confidence in the

#### For the Hearthstone.

## BUMPTOWN PAPERS.

BY JAMES BUMPUS.

PAPER IL-OUR RAILWAY.

I told you our Council would meet soon, and they have, and a pretty moss they have made of things, as the Bumptown Cornell generally does. Of course you have heard of the Northern Canterisation Railway, that celebrated enter-prise for constructing a railway from Nowhere to Anywhere, without any definite line or plan, except the plan of making every town or menjcipality near which it proposes to pass pay rou dly for the distinguished honor of having so eminent a man as Sir Huge Haulin at the head of the Board of Directors. Of course Bumptown was early selected by the schemets who were getting up the road, as a proper place to victim-ise; and so the Bumptown Council was quietly ordered to pay over one million of dollars—and "no questions asked"—to the Directors of the Northern Cauterisation Railway. The Com-Huge Haulin connected with it at that time. yet it made a most fair and business-like proposition to the Council; it virtually said: "We have a charter for building a railway from Nowhere to Anywhere, on no definite plan; we know nothing of the country our road will run through, and we don't propose to find out anything about it; we have no idea what the road will cost, and we don't care, as Rumptown will have to pay for it, not us; we can't guarantee that the road will be completed by any specified time, for we are by no means sure the road will ever be built at all. It is very easy to see that this road will be of immense importance to lumptown, whether it is built or not, for Noisimptown, whether it is built or not, for No-where is a gre. I place, and so is Anywhere, and the enormous trade of both these great places will be brought to Bumptown. We, therefore, require you to pay us \$1,000,000 at once, with-out any nonsense; and after that, if we feel like it, and you are willing to give us a million or two more, perhaps we will build the road."

Now you will scarcely believe it possible that to give to any one railway enterprise, and that not until something definite was known of the road. But the Directors of the Northern Cau-terisation Railway were patient and persistent men, and they began to persuade various Con-solers and noticeably, they persuaded Addled-man Barnyard who thereupon became the firm friend of the Northern Cauterisation Railway and its great supporter in the Council. Bu there were some men who could not be per-suaded; amongst these were Addledman Rodein and Consoler Stavein; and they asked so many questions about the road, who was to build it where it was to be built, how much it was to cost, what the land grant was, and so many questions of that kind, that the Directors began to get mad, and finally proposed to form a new board of Directors and to get Sir Huge Haulin as President. Now Sir Huge Haulin is a mar for whom Bumptown has done much and who has done little for Bumptown, and, therefore everybody says he is a great man. So Sir Huge Haulin was made President and he met the Council privately—no prying newspaper men were allowed to intrude on the privacy of that meeting—and he told the Bumptown Council nothing; and they were greatly pleased thereat and Addledman Barnyard said it was the best thing he had ever heard in his life.

But still some of the Consolers were not con vinced; and so the Directors managed that when the election took place friends of theirs were nominated in place of the men who could not be persuaded; and, with the aid of the Scalliwags their friends were elected. Just as soon as they were confident of a majority they began trying again to get the million and this time they will probably succeed. The Council had a meeting last week and a By-law was read for the second time giving the whole million to the Northern Cauterisation Railway, and another meeting will be held next week at which the By-law will be read for the third tax payers of Bumptown. When the By-law was being discussed, a proposition was made by two foolish gentlemen of high character and good standing—Messrs. Reckless and Ojlive—to build the road for a little less than one-half the money. This threw the Directors into a great perspiration and almost drew tears from the oyes of that great and good man, Addledman Barnyard. The idea of these two well meaning, but silly gentlemen trying to time. So goes the hard carned money of the

prevent the City from being robbed of half the Council very properly laughed at it and said it was ridiculous. Then Consoler Staveln want-ed to know who the stockholders were, and

new much stock they had taken!
Addledman Barnyard then proce the following list of stockholders:

D. Macdownauld ..... It would be well for every young man on P. S. Merfry starting in life to lay out a plan for his guid-E. L. DeBellfry.....

The worthy Addledman then proceeded to make a long speech—a thing ho is very fond of doing—and pointed out all the advantages of the road, and all the Scalliwags in the gallery applanted. He spoke in glowing terms of the apparatus, 110 space in goving certain agreet land grant made to the Company by the Government, and its immense value; but as nobody knows where these lands are, their value is doubtful. Some people say that they consist of 333,333,333] acres of the water lots in the immediate vicinity of the North Pole, and that they are covered with an immense crop of ice, which would be of great value to limptown in the summer time; it is also said that the j acre is peculiarly valuable, as that is the exact spot where the North Pole is located, and it is proposed to fence this round and exhibit it at so much a head, which will no doubt bring in a fine income to the Company. This statement, however, is probably incorrect—like most of the the Directors don't know any more about the location of the lands than that they are generally believed to be "Somewhere"; and if the Directors don't know how can anybody else find out? This is our Railway, and this is how the Reconstruction Council sourchers the manner of the out? This is our famiway, and this is now the Bumptown Council squanders the money of the Bumptown taxpayers. Ah, my friend, how I envy you in Montreal, where your Councillors are so virtuous and careful of the public money that they will not even spend a few hundred dollars in providing a decent morgue; but prefer to have their dead laid out in an old winding life. How I wish the Bumptown Council How I wish the Bumptown Council would imitate that of Montreal a little more, and then perhaps we should have no more of such swindles as "Our railway."

#### For the " Hearthstone." SUPERFICIAL EDUCATION.

"No one thing can I do right; nothing do I theroughly understand," was the language of a young lady friend, who from reverses of fortune found herself east upon the busy world totally untitled for a working sphere. She had passed through a medium classed education—learning something of this branch and that—but no study was throughly understood. In the accomplish-ments of music and singing, sufficient was gleanof for "society show," solikewise in French and German, but the real radiments—the only basis of sound Education were entirely neglected; she represented a ship without a rudder. Let the simple rudiments be thoroughly mostered and believe me, that the mind will naturally seek for more light, but a "smattering" of one branch and a glance at another will never give the required impetus to a youthful mind. Is it remarkable to the real lover of learning that the senses never pull-never satiate-one branch of study seems so naturally to lead to another

I bonor our Public Education, "it's the heart of the future," especially its Common Schools, and those who can avail themselves of their tuition. But how many families, belonging to that class for whom they are more especially intended, are debared from force of circumstances—may be inability to buy the books covered or the children only be allowed to now required, or the child can only be allowed to attend a short time—totally unable to benefit therefrom. Of what use to such an one, is a small smattering of the "higher branches" small smattering of the "higher branches" which belong alone to a more advanced stage, the time occupied in glaucing over Algebra Mensuration, Chemistry, Agriculture, &c., might be more utilized by a thorough groundwork of knowledge, likely to give the required stimulant to the dormant brain. Not for one moment would I disparage the above studies. For boys,—may be, they are essential—gain all the knowledge possible—ye young of either sex only remember and thoroughly comprehend the " essentials," if " dry portions," before seeking to soar beyond your depths. But what utility can Agriculture be to a girl-I say study it if you have time-but not to the detriment of a real practical branch. Perhaps the wise heads of Public Instruction are gifted with the eye of futurity, perfect in divination as the "Delphic oracles," and are preparing the young mind for new era; when the women of the future, upon the "go-head" system the present, assume the labor of farmers and mechanics leaving "little toddie kins" to accomplish the "chores" which of course from " progress of the age," she is quite capable of discharging with honor to herself and parents.

LIZZIE BRANSON. Yorkville, P. O., Ontario,

# LITERARY ITEMS.

The Carring Courier is the title of a new monthly published at Nowcastle N. B., under the auspices of The Carringo Club. The paper is lively; and promises to deal with all subjects affecting Provincial interests in a fair, just and independent spirit.

EDMUND YATES the celebrated English writer, whose last novel. Castaway, is finished in our columns this week, is expected to visit America during the coming summer on a lecturing tour, and will probably deliver a few lectures in Canada before his departure. We are confident that the many admirers of his writings here would be only too glad to greet him in proprie person. him in propria persona.

THE EVENING STAR, Montreal, has lately enlarged for the second time within three meaths, and is now the largest one cent daily paper published in the world. The Star is 24 x 42 and contains 36 columns about one half of which is devoted to reading matter. It is conducted on a basis of lanlepondence and Protection and is daily growing in favor, having now more than double the circulation of any daily paper in Montreal except the Witness; which it very nearly equals in circulation. We congratelate our contemporary on the enlargement and wish the Star all possible success.

OUR YOUNG FOLKS, published by J. R. Osgood & Co., Boston, continues in the van of Juvenile publications in 1. United States. The April number is as rich as usual in good reading matter for "the coming men and women." "A Chance for Himself." by J. T. Trowbridge: and "Crasse Life," by Rev. R. D. Carter: are continued. Alice Robbins furnishes a nice little story, called "The Little French Girl of St. Sulpice: "and Jonny Bradford tells some wonderful stories of "A Few Dogs." The poems are supplied by Edgar Fawcett. "Manuficent Gluttony; "Margarita White. "Two Children:" and Mrs. L. M. Blinn, "Little Mary's Wish." There are also several other good contributions, and the usual supply of matter from y ung contributors, &c.

L. M. Blinn. "Little Mary's Wish." There are also several other good contributions, and the usual supoly of matter from y ung contributors, &c.

SCHENER'S MAGAZINE. Published by Scribner & Co. New York. A half dozon illustrated articles, an usu. and number of short stories, several bright essays and sketches, two or three papers of special interest to scholars, and some excellent poetas, make the April number of Schanske's not only popularly altractive, but really valuable. The leading article, locautifully illustrated, is descriptive of the great unted states Navy Yard at Mare Island, California. "Coriosities of Plant Life" is an entertaining paper on Natural History, with a number of striking illustrations. Prof. Schele do Vere writes sketchily, and with the aid of pictures. of the Earth's "Hisden Treasures;" and Amos G. Draper, himself an inmate of the institution, describes "The Silent Collece at Washington." Appones of Easter, we find a gra; hie account, by Engene Schuyler, of the Russian observance of the feast; also a thoughtful and characteriste noem by Mrs. A. D. T. Whitney. "Awakened Japane" is the title of a brief and timely paper by Noah Brooks, a writer unusually well informed on Japanese matters. Tac three short stories are especially readable. Tacv are "The Mullenville Myscry," by young Hawthorne: "With the False Prophet: A Mornon Wife's Story," by Mrs. Ruffensperger; and "The Hauthed Closet," by Mrs. Weiss, There is a suggestive and touching little paper on "The Boy John." Warner's "Back-Log Studies—IV." are juicy and delicious as usual. These papers have attracted wide attention and constitute one of the most attractive features of the Moviniay. "Shall we Say 'Is Beime Built' is a spirited and scholarly essay in the field of grammatical contoversy, by Fitzedward Hall. of Oxford University; and in a hole and eloquent paper Dr. Tayler Lewis defonds the belief in "The One Human Race." in opposition to the theories of a race before Adam. Among the poems, Margaret J. Preston's "Hero of the Commune S

Alternal and "At Home" are papers on the Art Museum," musical matters, and new books. The Elchings show how Peter Green enulated the Grand Duke's career in the Buildo Hunt.

Lupticott's Magazine.—Published by J. B. Lippinest & Co., Philiadelphia.—A couple of very able and charming serial stories are now appearing in Lippinest & Roseniae. The more notable of the two is "The Strange Adventures of a Phaeton." by William Black, the author of "The Daughter of Heth." Mr. Black, in his present work, displays all the excellencies of his style as a writer, and exhibits great skill in the delineation of his characters, in the management of the dialogae, and in his description of scenery. "Aytoun," by an anonymous writer, is a graphic and attractive story of American life, and is marked by many unusual graces both of construction and of style. Mr. Whymper's illustrated narrative of his adventures amonest the Alps is still continued, and the instalocant contained in the April number is folly equal in brilliamy and interest to any previous partion of the work. "Fair Maranet," by the anitor of Dorothy Fox," is a most genial and captivatine story, exhibiting that intinate acquaintance with the genile and touching traits of human nature by which Mrs. Parr has already won for herself so extended a repartation. Mr. Muster's sketches of Paragonian his are brought to a close in the present issue. They are the result of close personal observation, are written in a clear, manly and maffected style, and present all the attraction which belong to an able delineation of a new subject. The article style, and present all the attraction which belongs to an able delineation of a new subject. The article is well illustrated, "Waiting," il little room, by Mischelm Style, and present all the fair and include the attraction which belongs to an able delineation of a new subject. The article is style, and present all the number of the misches of stream of the contents of the wifer a calificated and discriminating taste, and emble us to form a li

# EPITOME OF LATEST NEWS.

UNINTED STATES,—One of the boilers of the New Jersey Steel and Iron Works at Trenton, N. J., explosed on 22nd inst., killing one man and wounding five.—Ten and Coffee have been placed on the free list by Congress.—Brigham Young and other prominent mormons under indictment for the nurder of soveral Gentiles, have been transferred by U. S. Marshal Patrick from the city prison, Salt Lake City to Camp Doughs. The cause of this change was a ball and supper given in the city prison on Wednesday night by the friends of the prisoners when they had misic, winces, and a general festivity, which was duly commented on by the Mormon press next day.—A half witted youth named O'Prison was struck on the head with an axe and killed by a Mrs. Darr on 20th inst. near Georgetown, Incl.—A broken rail on the Western Peninsular Railway near Pittsburg on 22nd inst., was the cause of a train being thrown off the track and two passencers killed and fourteen injured.—Centralia, Mo., was almost entirely destroyed by fire on 22nd inst. Loss about \$50,000.—The North Andover Woollen Mills were burnt on 22nd inst. Loss \$12,000.—Over 190 cases of small-pox in New York last week.—Charles A. Dana, editor of the New York Nas. has been arrested on a charge of libel on Mr. T. Essel.—An morous Albany lawyer, named C. W. Batts, has been fined \$500 or G months imprisonment. for lassivinous conduct towards school grids.—The Orio Palls Car Works at Jefforsonville. Ind., were destroyed by fire on 20th inst. The works were the most extensive and complete of the kind in the country. The buildings alone covered five nerves of ground. A large quantity of car unaterial were in the building. The loss will reach to something over \$500,000, and insurance about \$200,000. 600 mon were employed in the shops at the time, nearly all of whom lost their tools. One man it is feared was burned to death.—A large detegation of Erie manners, headed by Vice-President Archer, have arrived in Albany for the purpose, it is said, of having the clause prohibiting a director of th

FRANCE.—Parisian editors are getting bellicose; M. Royal, of the Paye, and M. Richard, of the Coreave, lately interviewed each other with swords, and the latter was gracefully stack somewhere in the region of the fifth rib.—Lord Lyons, English Ambassador, have had a long interview with Count De Remusat, Minister of Foreign Affairs, relative to the French commercial policy. It is said that the two Ministers expressed the deep regret felt by their respective Governments at the course pursued by France, and that Olongas further said if the duties were collected in contravention of the treaties which do not expire until 1877, Spain would be forced to make reprisals.—Information has been received in Paris from Spain that the Unrilsts are endeavouring to import arms with the object of rising against the Government. It is stated, however, that internal alterentions prevail in the organization, which it is thought may prevent any demonstrations.—Land Lyons, Ambassador to France, has notified M. Thiers that England cannot modify her Customs duties on the commedities of France during the year. The commercial trenty between the two nations remains in force.—It has been proved that Marshall Bazaine dined with Prince Frederick Charles of Pressia shortly before the capitalation of Metz.—E. et al. the Communist incendiary, and 7 of the murderers of the Rue Haxe. Have been convicted and condemned to death. Many other Communists pronounced guilty of similar crimes, were sentenced to transportation.

change gainty of similar crimes, were sonteneed to transportation.

Canada.—A large number of retail dry goods merchants, of Toronto, have agreed to close at 7 o'clock after the first April.—John Hughes, tolgeraph operator at Newmarket. Out., fell from a bus on which he was going to the station on 20th inst., and was severely injured.—The long and severe winter has produced a conf famine in many of the large cities; in Montreal dealers yards are almost entirely empty and \$16 to \$18 per ton, is charged for what little there is. In Hullifax the price is \$14.50 a chaldron, no trains having been able to run to Picton for some time on account of the heavy snow storus.—In Prince Edward Islands writs have been issued for a new cleation. Nomination day, March 28; election, 6th April. The Legislature will be convened immediately thereafter. There seems to be no doubt entertained of the complete defent of the Government at the polis.—The large outment mill of Currie and Thomson, Mitchell, Out., was burned on 20th inst. Loss about \$5000, insured for \$3000.—Quelee is to have a new Gas Company.—A new Roard of Trade is about being established in the thriving town of Levis.—Labor is very scarce in Ottawa and men are being paid \$20 a month with board and lodging for spring lumbering.—The Toronto printers all struck on 25th inst. They demanded that the nine hour system should be adopted, and their wages to be also increased. All the newspapers and job effices, with one exception. (The Leader,) refused, and a strike has been the result.

refused, and a strike has been the result.

Excland—The first snow-storm in 14 months took place in Landon on 21st inst.—The Easter Monday Volunteer Review will take place at Brighton.—The Varsaty boat race took place at Brighton.—The Varsaty boat race took place on 23rd inst., Cambridge winning by a length and a half; time variously given as 21r11 and 21:33. The day was unfavourable, and the crowd proportionately small.—The Lendon Observer says the second note of Earl Granville in recert to the Alabama claims is most friendly and conciliatory, but states explicitly that England is unable to submit the question of the admissibility of claims for indirect damages to the Board of Arbitrators at Geneva.—The Queen left for termany not Paris on 24th inst.—Both houses of Parliament have adjourned until 18th of April.—A meeting was held in Landon on 29th inst. to take preliminary steps for the organization of a Copyright Association, with the object of protection of suttors and publishers.—The Duke of Argyle, Serviny of State for India, has presented to the city of Chicago works on the history of the people, products, laws, and medical practice of India.

Cuna.—The Spaniards baye captured the Cuban

ducts, haws, and medical practice of India.

Cura.—The Spaniards have captured the Cuban General Lico Pena with two companies of Pico Blancos, in the mountains near Trinidad.—Latest ducts from Cuba bring the following intelligence: The insurzents, under command of President Cespecies, attacked the town of Saguade Japanio on the 5th instant, and by a feint succeeded in drawing off the garrison. While the Spanish troops were pursuinc Cespecies' body, a force of insurgents entered the town by different routes and sacked the place. The movement of the insurgents was successful. A small sloop, which was conveying animunition to the insurgents, was scuttled near Guantamo, to prevent her capture by Spaniards; the captain and crew scaped. A large sum of money has been forwarded by Cuban sympathisers in Porto Rico to the Cuban Junta in New York.—The King of Spain has conferred the title of Count Mortora on Rawou Harrat, a Colonel of the 5th Havana Volunteers.

Soura America.—Rio Japeiro advices of February

a Colonel of the 5th Havana Volunteers.

SOUTH AMERICA.—Rio Janeiro advices of February 22, says.—The Arpontine (invernment has formally assumed jurisdiction over Chaco, and has made Villa Occidental, which is a Paraguayan town, built upon territory which Bolivia asserts is indisputably theirs, the capital of this new ameastion, notwithstanding that the trenty for its cession by Paraguay remains annexociated.—Telestrophic communication between Buenos Ayres and the Pacific was imagurated as far as the city of Mendoza on the 7th of February.—Of the thirty-cipit imprisoned Tandil assessins fourteen have been condemned to death and fifteen to 1s years imprisonment with labour.—It is proposed to lay a cable from Para to St. Thomas, thus connecting Para with the European and North American lines, on condition that a small subsidy is obtained from public powers.

MEXICO.—Advices from Mazofian state that the test sevent in Vector Mexico in necessions.

tained from public powers.

MFX100.—Advices from Mazntlan state that the last point in Western Mexico in possession of the rebels is closely invested by the foderals, and must fall soon.—Gen. Trevino, with an escort, arrived at Saltillo and levied a presisting of 20,000. He also directed the authorities at Monterey to levy \$50,000. An American citizen named Langstreff refused to pay, whom his store was broken open and his goods sold.—tieneral Martinez is bossiging Sau Luis Potosi, while Guerno's army is confronting Rocha Van Zuenteeas with a part of Trevino's forces. Fifty of Cortona's men have formed a camp at Zapata Itaneh, above Rena, Texas, from whonce they are making raids into Mexico, robbing stores and ranches, and returning to Texas with their booty. The authorities are taking incasures to arrest them. ities are taking measures to arrest thom.

Ities are taking measures to arrest them.

Germany.—A conflagration attended with disastrous results occurred at Dusacldort on 20th inst. The town council hall, and the world-famed Academy of Antwerp were laurned, and a large number of most valuable paintines in the latter building destroyed.

Emperor William completed his 75th year on 2nd inst. There was no formal court celebration of the day, but the Emperor received a large number of persons, who presented their congratulations. The city was decorated during the day and brilliantly illuminated at night.

Bross.—A St. Betaralway.

luminated at night.

Russia.—A St. Petersburgh correspondent informs us of the reception of Catuenzy by his Imperial Muster, and, also by Prince Gortschakoff. Minister of War. He was received coulty by both, Prince Gortschakoff refused to meet him save in the presence of witnesses at least so it was rumored in St. Petersburgh at the time. Gossip has it that he is now about to lay aside the cares of State and resume the journalistic pro-

fortifications restored.

CHINA.—The steamer Suscenade was lost on the rocks near Foo Chow. All hands saved.—There is terrible suffering in the flooded districts near Tientsin. Many persons were dying daily.—The details of the revolt of the native troops in Cavits. Manilla. show that the conspiracy was general for a rising throughout the Island, and had not an accident precipitated matters before the time arranged, few Europeans would have eccaped. Prisons are filled with suspected persons, including many treeley. Every insurgent taken was bayoneted or shot.

Traty.—The Prince and Princess of Wales are in

Insurgent taken was bayoneted or shot.

ITALY.—The Prince and Princess of Wales are in Romo.—The Italian Chamburs are dicussing the budget.—It is rumoured that Herr You Armin, who recently arrived in Rome from Berlin, is the hearer of a proposition for a trenty of delensive alliance between Italy and Germany, whoreby the possession of Lorraine and Alsace is guaranteed to Germany and Rome to Italy, and both parties are to unite their arms in case of war.

Seary.—The appointment of the state of t

Spans.—The appointment of Admiral Burnabe, as Spanish Minister to the United States, is officially published. Senor Roberts, whom Admiral Palo relieves at Washington has been invested by King Amadeus, with the Grand Cross of the Order of Charles the Third.

India.—Gen. Brownlow in command of a detachment of the Looshni expedition telegraphs on the 13th instant: "fifteen chiefs have submitted and many captives have been released, 30 village destroyed, our task is accomplished."

AUSTRIA.—The Lower House of the Reichsrath made an appeal to the Crown to stringontly apply the laws against the abasement of the pulpit.——Herr Strauss has accepted an invitation to assist at the Jubice to be held in Boston in June.

JAPAN.—The Japanese Government has assumed liabilities of deposed Princes to foreigners for loans of ships or goods.——The presention and deportation of native christians continue.

