

things be unpleasant collisions between them and the Austrian troops in the citadel."

ITALY.

The *London Times*, in a very able article, one of powerful encouragement to the Pope and the party of enlightenment in Italy, gives the following statistics:—

"The population of the different states of the Italian peninsula is stated at the following amount:—

Kingdom of the two Sicilies	8,000,000
Dominions of the House of Savoy [including Sardinia]	5,000,000
Papal States	2,700,000
Tuscany and Lucca	1,700,000
Parma	500,000
Modena	400,000
Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom [Austrian]	4,700,000

Total 23,000,000

"Of this population, which is nearly equal to that of the United Kingdom, 18,000,000 are governed by Italian princes, and of these 10,000,000 may be classed under the Governments now actively engaged in promoting liberal reforms, and in combining for the common safety of their dominions. We need not add that the country which they inhabit unites every element of national prosperity—immense and magnificent cities, an extensive coast, a fertile soil, a people zealous, docile and industrious; for what but a wise and vigorous political organization is needed to complete their sum of earthly advantages?—That work they must accomplish for themselves; and as long as they advance with firmness and moderation, they have little to fear from the disappointed policy of their ancient adversary."

The *German Journal* of Brussels contains the following military statistics relative to Italy:—"The military force of the Roman States is composed of 14,600 Swiss and Carabiners, of whom 1,351 are cavalry. The reserve amounts to 18,000 men. Ammunition and Stores are deficient, but the King of Sardinia is well supplied with them. The arsenal of Turin contains more than 400,000 muskets, and the citadel of Alessandria more than 300 pieces of heavy artillery, and Genoa about 200 pieces.—Sardinia numbers 51,000 infantry, 6,000 cavalry, and a reserve of 85,000 men. Sardinia possesses, moreover, 4 ships of the line, 5 frigates, and 60 small vessels. Should Austria interfere in Italy, she would have to maintain tranquillity in Austrian Lombardy, and to protect herself from a flank attack on the side of Sardinia, and from Switzerland in the rear."

PORTUGAL.

The present state of Portugal is fearful; and the responsibility of all who have been parties in bringing about such a state of things as that which now exists there. We have only space for one specimen of every-day life in the remote parts of Portugal. It is from a letter to the *Daily News*:

"From all parts of the country there are accounts teeming with horrors. Greater atrocities were never perpetrated even in the Spanish war of extermination against the French, the sufferers being a disarmed people, handed over to the but-

cher-leaders by whom Donna Maria, court and dynasty are solely upheld and supported. The last event of this kind is from Vidigueira, and the exact facts of this particular case are simply as follow: The Parish Priest of the place obnoxious to the Government authorities, from being liberal in politics, was watched for upon an evening when leaving the house of two ladies, of the name of Carneiro. So soon as he was in the street he was attacked by the patrol, cruelly stabbed, and finally shot through the head. The women of the house raised shrieks for succour, and, after a few more bayonet thrusts, the monsters quietly took their departure. In about half-an-hour the "administrador" of the district made his appearance before the house, accompanied also by a detachment of the patrol. On inquiring who had killed the deceased, the ladies from the balcony exclaimed it was the patrol. "Oh! it was the patrol, was it?" retorted the administrador. "Then take that, and that," said one of the men with him, and at the same time discharged his double-barrelled fusil at the ladies. Both were shot dead, and a servant woman grievously wounded. This is a mere sample of every-day life, as passing at this present time in every village and town at all removed from Lisbon. The administrador still holds his appointment, and so far from it affecting either his person or his life, the act is only likely to lead to his removal to a scene where he will have more scope for his powers, and where he may be compensated by his promotion."

BIRTHS RECORDED,

AT ST. MARY'S.

November 6,	Mrs Morrissey of a daughter
— 6,	— Mahon of a daughter
— 8,	— Kenny of a daughter
— 9,	— Malony of a son
— 10,	— Burke of a son
— 10,	— Griffin of a son
— 10,	— McGinnis of a son
— 10,	— Hays of a son.

MARRIAGES RECORDED,

AT ST. MARY'S.

November 2—Dennis Donohoe to Catherine Carroll. 2—Michael Grammon to Bridget Walsh. 8—Mathew White to Maria Kearl. 11—John Collins to Margaret Cox.

INTERMENTS.

AT THE CEMETERY OF THE HOLY CROSS

November 9—Mary Jane, daughter of John and Mary Reddy, aged 1 year and 8 months. 10—Charles O'Brien, native of Tyrone, Ireland, aged 56 years; Ellen, wife of John Casey, native of Tipperary, Ireland, aged 72 years. 11—William Jordan, son of the late Michael Jordan, aged 9 years.

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