Museum Curator Gets High Honors

White Bear Hitherto Unknown to Naturalists Is Christened "Ursus Kermodei"

Expert Discusses Genuine and Counterfeit Mackerel—Some Sardines.

British Columbia, the land of the wild goat and the mountain sheep, the land of peaks and crags that have given the famous "Ovis Fannini" to the world of naturalists, has now presented another new and worthy trophy to be sought by big game hunters—an animal of the wild which, by reason of its rarity, will well reward the following of the long trail leading to its desert covert. Heretofore the elk or wapiti, the mountain sheep, and the great, shaggy goat to which the late curator of the British Columbia museum gave his name, have chiefly attracted big game hunters to this western province. Now there is another and yet more tempting incentive to the chase. High up in the mountains by which the Kitimaat valley is ribbed in, and which rise to a height of perhaps twelve hundred feet on Gribble Island, a bear hitherto unknown to science has its home. In form and habits, inclusive of a reticent disposition and an inclination to avoid trouble wherever possible, it resembles the familiar black bear that may be met with almost anywhere if one studies even superficially the laws of the jungle. It is of similar weight, too, but there the resemblance ends. This new bear, of which the Indians have been bringing in perhaps three to six skins in a year to the district traders, is of a creamy white, unspotted or unmarked. It is distinctly unlike the polar bear in form, hue or habits, and when a group of three—a mother bear and two cubs—was secured not long ago by Mr. Frank Kermode, curator of the British Columbia museum, he was at a loss to classify it. Eventually he sent the specimens to the authoritative New York Zoological Society, and after a comparison of all notes extant on the subject of bears, that society has given the new species a name, "Ursus Kermodei," in honor of the young naturalist of this city who was the first to bring it to the attention of the world. This new white bear was first brought to light through the observations of Director Hornaday of the Zoological Park, New York, while in British Columbia in 1900, and the efforts of Mr. Kermode, who succeeded in securing the first specimens from Mr. Cunningham, of Essington. Mr. Hornaday was first led to believe that such a white bear existed by the discovery of a skin at the premises of J. Boscowitz.

A well-attended meeting of the Natural History Society was held on Monday evening, the vice-president, E. F. Robinson, presiding. The matter in reference to the proposed reception of the members of the American Institute of Mining Engineers in July on their visit to Victoria, was left in abeyance, pending further information as to a definite programme.

Mr. Ashdowne Green directed attention to the fact that certain fish which had been called "mackerel" had been reported to have been caught near Victoria, which fish he, upon due investigation, had found to be young of the "black cod." He knew of but one true mackerel having been found, and that at Nanaimo amongst a shoal of herring.

He also reported that he had seen some specimens of the "Pilchards," which had been caught in the adjacent waters, which fish were called "Sardines" in the United States, and as such are canned, but are not the same as the sardines of the French coast. The fish found here greatly resembles the herring family, but are much thicker. Upon receiving further information he will report more fully.

The usual routine of business being concluded, Mr. Frank Kermode read the paper of the evening, entitled "The Bears of North America," with a description of a species found in British Columbia and new to science. The lecturer ably described the various species of bears heretofore found in North America, their appearance, habits and their habitat, the description being well illustrated by skins and skulls of the different species.

The utmost importance centered upon the description given of a bear found in northern British Columbia and new to science. The bear in question is a white bear, pure white, somewhat resembling the polar bear but much smaller. They had thus far only been found around Kitimaat Arm and on Gribble Island. No white bear had heretofore been found in British Columbia and the discovery had created much surprise amongst naturalists.

In view of the fact that Mr. Kermode had been the first to bring the attention of the scientific world to the new find, the New York Zoological Society has named the bear "Ursus Kermodei" in his honor.

Pain Across the Kidneys For Three Years.

Suffered Great Agony. Could Not Stoop or Bend.

No disease is so quiet and stealthy in its approach as kidney disease. That is why it is so dangerous. It may become deep-seated before you realize the danger. It is therefore of great importance to recognize the early warning symptoms, because in its early stage kidney disease is easily curable. Pain or dull ache in the back is one of the first signs. So are bladder pains, bearing-down pains, smarting sensation when urinating, frequent or suppressed urination, and gravel or sediment in the urine, etc. You cannot be well if your kidneys are not performing their functions properly. In all ordinary cases of any derangement of the kidneys, a few doses of

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

will put the patient right; in old or chronic cases, the treatment should be persisted in.

Mr. Michael A. McInnis, Woodbine, Marion Bridge, N.S., tells of his experience: "For the last three years I suffered great agony with pain across my kidneys, and was so bad that I could not stoop or bend. I consulted and had several doctors treat me, but I got none the better. On the advice of a friend I procured a box of that valuable life-giving remedy, Doan's Kidney Pills, and to my surprise and benefit I immediately became better. In my opinion Doan's Kidney Pills have no equal as a cure for any form of Kidney disease.

Price 50 cents per box, or 3 for $1.25 All dealers, or direct by mail.

THE DOAN KIDNEY PILL CO., TORONTO, ONT.

Monkey Brand soap cleans kitchen utensils, steel, iron and tinware, knives and forks, and all kinds of cutlery.

Flourfax Fables.

The Young Wife and the Honest Grocer.

A young wife decided to go to housekeeping and do her own marketing.

"Now I want to save all the money I can," she told the grocer.

"I am going to buy just as economically as I can, and I am going to do my own cooking and bake my own bread."

She saw some eggs.

"How much are eggs?"

"Well, we have them at various prices. The best are thirty cents a dozen."

"My, how expensive! Haven't you some for twenty?"

"Yes m'am, but I can't recommend them.

"But we are trying to save money."

"True, but you can't afford to save money on eggs, butter and flour."

"Those are three things you want good and you can't have them too good.

You can save in lots of ways but don't do it on the necessities."

"What is your best flour?"

"Royal Household."

"How much does it cost?"

He told her.

"Have you cheaper flour."

"Yes, cheaper in price but really not as cheap in the end. You see in Royal Household Flour you get the largest amount of flour value for your money."

"What do you mean by 'flour value'?"

"The largest amount of wheat nutriment—of pure flour.

"The cheaper the flour the less nutriment it has in it and the more bran.

"The bran is in all flour till its taken out.

"It's all taken out of Royal Household Flour, and that means the best machinery and the best milling.

"And another thing, madam, perhaps you haven't heard of the new process used in making Royal Household Flour.

It is purified by Electricity and that seems to make all the difference in the world in flour.

"Everybody wants "Royal Household" now—they seem to think it is healthier, and I guess it is."

Suddenly she looked suspicious at the earnestness of his argument.

"Don't you make more money on Royal Household Flour?

"No m'am—not as much as we make on cheaper priced flour."

"Then why do you recommend it?"

"Because when a customer once tries 'Royal Household' our trouble is all over. It sells itself after that and we never have any complaints. If you send to The Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Limited, Montreal, they will send you the Royal Household Recipes.

"Well; send me a barrel of 'Royal Household' then; and I'll have some of those 30c. eggs too."

FLOURFAX.

COMMISSIONERS FOR PROVINCE

Extra of the Gazette Contains Announcements of Much Importance.

As foreshadowed in yesterday's Colonist, a special issue of the British Columbia Gazette last evening contained formal announcement of the newly appointed police and license commissioners for the cities of the province, including those of Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, Rossland and Nelson, which the Colonist gave yesterday. Other new appointees are:

Slocan City—Police and licensing commissioners, Ald. C. H. Smith and Mr. C. H. Smitheringale.

Kaslo—Police and licensing commissioners, Ald. Harry Giegerich and Mr. Leander Hanna.

Grand Forks—Police and licensing commissioners, Ald. Neil McCallum and Mr. Duncan D. Munroe.

Fernie—Licensing commissioners, Mr. Wesley O. Robbins and Mr. Edward L. Wrigiesworth; police commissioners, Ald. A. H. Cree and H. W. Herchmer.

Kamloops—Licensing commissioners, Ald. John Milton and Mr. James A. Gill; police commissioners, Ald. J. M. Harper and Mr. Wentworth F. Wood. J. P.

Sandon—Licensing and police commissioners, Ald. Daniel Hurley and Mr. Albert Osborne.

Nanaimo—Licensing commissioners, Ald. William Dick and Mr. William Hoult; police commissioners, Ald. Chas. Wilson and Mr. Jonathan Isherwood.

Ladysmith—Licensing and police commissioners, Ald. H. Blair and Mr. Geo. R. Wilson.

Greenwood—Licensing commissioners, Ald. F. H. Parker and Mr. W. B. Fleming; police commissioners, Ald. Duncan McIntosh and Mr. James Sutherland.

Phoenix—Licensing and police commissioners, Ald. Thomas Roderick and Mr. Alexander McDonald.

Trail—Licensing and police commissioners, Ald. Archibald Donaldson and Mr. Robert M. Perdue.

Vernon—Licensing commissioners, Ald. John W. Glover and Mr. W. F. Cameron; police commissioners, Ald. R. W. Timmons and Mr. John Stodders.

Revelstoke—Licensing commissioners, Ald. Geo. S. McCarter and Mr. William S. Newman; police commissioners, Ald. John McLeod and Mr. Willis J. Armstrong.

Esquimalt District—J. R. Saunders of Esquimalt, G. W. R. Stuart of Hatley Park, Colwood, and John Muir of Sooke, J. P.; chief licence inspector, Superintendent F. S. Hussey of Victoria.

North Nanaimo—Thos. Haggart of Wellington; Richard Wallis, J. P., Nanoose bay; Duncan A. McMillan, Englishman river; chief licence inspector, Constable D. Stephenson, Nanaimo.

Comox—Charles Henry Tarbell, Jas. A. Carthew, Thos. Turnbull; chief licence inspector, Constable J. Thompson of Cumberland.

Cowichan—David Alexander, of Duncans; James Norcross Someuos; Donald McPherson, Cobble Hill; chief licence inspector, Constable A. H. Lomas, of Duncan.

North Victoria—C. W. Cundell, of Salt Spring Island; Washington Grimmer, Pender Island; Julius Brethour, North Saanich; chief licence inspector, Constable A. M. Ego, of Plumper Pass.

Alberni—Thos. Kirkpatrick, John R. McLaren, John Orr; chief licence inspector, Constable C. A. Cox, of Alberni.

South Nanaimo—Henry Blair, of Ladysmith; Joseph Jefferies, Ladysmith; George Taylor, Northfield; chief licence inspector, Constable Geo. C. Cassidy, Ladysmith.

South Victoria—Edwin John, of South Saanich; Walter S. Loveland, Lake District; John Sinclair, Cadboro Bay; chief licence inspector, Sergt. F. S. Murray, Victoria.

News Notes Of The Dominion

Montreal Manufacturing Jewelers Absorb Large Toronto House.

Professor Hart of Toronto to go Soon to Brazil to Teach.

Montreal, Jan. 31.—A big deal has been put through by which Henry Birks & Co., the jewelers, obtained control of the firm of Ryrie & Co., Toronto. The Toronto business will be formed into a joint stock company retaining the name of Ryrie. The Birks have a large factory and retail stores in Montreal, Ottawa and Winnipeg. The purchase of the Ryrie business gives them a most important distributing centre in western Ontario.

James Baxter, who was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary for the part he took in wrecking the Ville Marie bank of this city in 1899, dropped dead this evening. For many years he conducted a large business in diamonds, some transactions he performed making it unsafe for him to visit the United States. He was arrested once in Plattsburg, N. Y., but managed to escape from custody.

PROF. HART'S PREFERMENT.

Toronto, Jan. 31.—Prof. J. W. Hart has just been appointed director of the college of agriculture in St. Palo, Brazil. The appointment is for five years, beginning with the remuneration of $4,000 and expenses and increasing to $5,000. This is the largest college of agriculture in South America.

FOR UNREQUITED LOVE.

Ingersoll, Jan. 31.—Disappointed in love, William Quinn, a Dearham farmer, aged about thirty-four years, committed suicide yesterday by shooting himself.

NOVA SCOTIA SNOWSTORM.

Halifax, Jan. 31.—Another heavy northeast snowstorm which is in progress over all Nova Scotia has again tied up railway traffic and trains are again being cancelled. There is more snow on the ground now than at any time for the past twenty years.

KLONDIKE AGAIN DEFEATED.

Moncton, Jan. 31.—Moncton hockey team defeated the Klondike team tonight by 4 games to 1.

LEGISLATURE PROROGUED.

Winnipeg, Jan. 31.—The Manitoba legislature prorogued this afternoon.

REV. ROY GOES EAST.

Vancouver, Jan. 31.—Local clearings for January, 1905, totalled $6,430,014 as compared with $5,231,271 in 1904 and $4,560,468 in 1903.

Rev. Henry L. Roy, curate of Christ church, has been appointed rector of St. George's church, Winnipeg. He leaves here next week and after a short visit to his former home in Quebec will assume his new duties in Winnipeg.

FIRE IN VANCOUVER.

Lowe's jewelry store was completely gutted by fire early this morning and Kurtz & Co.'s cigar factory on the first floor above suffered damage to the extent of $8,500, covered by $7,500 insurance. Lowe estimates his loss at $10,000, on which he had only $4,500 insurance. The fire started under the stairway and the origin is a mystery.

Gen. Colin H. Campbell of Manitoba arrived here today on a pleasure trip.

Word was received today that James Kennedy had been killed in a cave-in on Spruce creek, Atlin.

PEACE IS DECLARED.

Philadelphia, Jan. 31.—Rev. I. N. W. Irvine today issued a statement announcing that he had given up the fight against Bishop Ethelbert Talbot.

END OF AN ELOPEMENT.

Seattle, Jan. 31.—A young couple from Victoria, John Turner, aged 21, and Nellie Snyder, aged 18, ended a rather romantic elopement here on Sunday night by solemnizing the marriage tie before Justice of the Peace R. R. George. Police Clerk Walter Easson, smiling like a schoolboy, and James P. Agnew, county auditor, were best men at the marriage. A hackman who had driven the wedding party to the house of the justice of the peace was the only other guest. The little party was a happy one, however, and the bride and groom left for Victoria the next morning to begin married life.

MINE OWNERS AND TAXATION METHODS

Silver Lead Operators Approve Principle of Impost on Output.

Nelson, B. C., Jan. 31.—The full text of the resolution on mine taxation unanimously agreed to by the executive of the Silver Lead Mine Owners' Association, in session here, is as follows, moved by N. J. Cavanaugh, seconded by W. G. Zwicky:

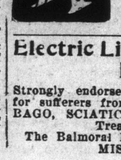
"Resolved, that this association approves of the principle of taxing the output of metalliferous mines. If it is deemed necessary to revise the present method of such taxation, we would advise that, before any change is made, a commission representative of the various branches of the metalliferous mining industry be appointed; such commission to have power to summon witnesses and examine mine and smelter books with a view to arriving at an equal basis of taxation. The expense of such commission to be borne by the government.

"Resolved, that if such commission finds it advisable to amend the present method of taxing the smelter or mill returns, this association suggests taxing, at a rate to be fixed, the gross recovered value of ore." This was carried unanimously.

Those present at the meeting were: President Jas. Crouin, Vice-President W. E. Zwicky, John L. Retallack, Louis Pratt, N. J. Cavanaugh and W. S. Drery. The local executive of the Provincial Mining Association were in session all afternoon discussing mine taxation, but no definite plan was decided on.

The postponed bonspiel of the Kootenay Curling Association, to last a week, opens tomorrow with six fine sheets of ice in readiness. Many curlers arrived tonight and others will come in tomorrow.

EMPIRE CREAM SEPARATOR



The Separator that always keeps ahead of the procession. It Turns Easier, Skims Faster, Lasts Longer; requires fewer repairs. Built on common sense plans. The Separator with a Simple Bowl.

Baxter & Johnson

Agents.

53 Wharf St., Victoria.

Electric Light and Heat Treatmen

Strongly endorsed by medical profession for sufferers from RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, SCIATICA, STIFF JOINTS, etc. Treated daily at The Balmoral Block, 74 Fort Street. MISS ELLISON, Principal.

MARINE NEWS

Steamer Empress of China reached port yesterday afternoon after a good passage from Yokohama and the ports of the Far East. She brought a good cargo of silk, tea, rice, opium and the usual Chinese and Japanese merchandise and a small complement of passengers. The saloon passengers included Mr. Frederick Whiting, the celebrated war artist and correspondent of the London Graphic, who has been picturing and describing the battles which have been fought by the Japanese forces now encamped on the Shaho and Hun rivers before Mukden.

Mr. Whiting was the last British correspondent to leave the Japanese lines, and returning he went to Korea, where he witnessed the marvelously spectacular sights at the burial of the late Crown Princess of Korea. He is on his way to London, and after spending a short stay with a former comrade in Victoria, he proceeded by the steamer Princess Victoria this morning. Other passengers were Lieuts. C. H. E. Heal, C. Asser, E. G. W. Davidson, G. H. Vincent and Commander G. W. Vivian, naval men returning to London from the China station; Col. R. S. Marshall, Father Goette, Z. Hotta and S. Ito.

Passengers who arrived by the Empress report that from the time the source of the waterworks had been cut off, the garrison at Port Arthur had been compelled to use impure water. The result was the prevalence of dysentery, typhus, etc., since September. The number of wounded steadily increased. Many warehouses were destroyed by the Japanese fire and large quantities of medical stuffs were lost. In some cases one doctor had to attend to four hundred patients. Bandage material ran out and seaweed was used instead at one time. Sick soldiers frequently succumbed owing to the lack of sanitation and nutritive food.

There has been some doubt as to the authenticity of the news that submarines have been received and are to be used by Japan in the expected naval warfare. News received by the Empress shows that the existence of the submarine craft has been officially reported by the Japanese naval authorities. A Tokio message to the Osaka Asahi, published shortly before the Empress left, was to the following effect:

"In addition to several submarine torpedo boats which have already been constructed in this country, a number of others are now being completed, and it is believed that some of these vessels will shortly be employed in a certain quarter. In connection with the new craft two imperial decrees were issued on the 12th. The first is as follows: The words "submarine torpedo boat flotilla" shall be inserted under the words 'torpedo boat flotilla" in Art. 2 of the regulations as to Japanese warships.'"

A number of floating mines have been found in the Sea of Japan which are said to have drifted from Vladivostock.

WYEFIELD SEIZED.

Captured by Japanese Warship Off Hokkaido While Running Contraband.

Another of the blockade-runners has been captured while trying to sneak through the straits near Hokkaido, bound to Vladivostock. The steamer Wyefield, which is owned by the Western Steamship Co. of Nanaimo, and registered at Victoria, was seized on Monday off Hokkaido. The steamer loaded cargo, mostly oats and feed supplies at San Francisco, and came to Vancouver Island to load bunker coal before proceeding to sea. She was caught near where the steamer M. S. Dollar was captured. The Wyefield, which carried coal for years between Vancouver Island and San Francisco, is commanded by Capt. Watson. She is a steamer of 3,235 tons, 329 feet long, with a beam of 45 feet, and is built of steel. Her departure from this side was reported to the Japanese government by local agents, and the patrolling fleet has been looking for her company, as also for the steamer Tacoma, which will probably also be captured.

SOUND SHIPPING.

News of Comings and Goings at Nearby Points.

Port Gamble, Jan. 31.—American bark Fresno will tow to Winslow tomorrow morning to go on the ways for cleaning and painting. After coming off she will return here for a cargo of 950,000 feet of lumber from the mills at this port.

Port Ludlow, Jan. 30.—The four masted schooner David Evans, with a cargo of lumber and poles from Everett for San Diego, is in the harbor here tonight with her hold full of water and the tug Pioneer pumping on her in the endeavor to keep down the water until the nature of her injuries can be ascertained and a decision reached as to what will have to be done to repair her. The Evans left Everett on Saturday morning and was towed to Skagit Head by a small local tug and there let go. The wind died down during the night and morning found the vessel no further than Point No Point. About noon Sunday, after a morning spent in a fruitless effort to beat down the Sound, the vessel was close to shore, about half a mile to the westward of Point No Point. About this time the tug Enola happened along and started to tow the schooner, but the tide was too strong for the tug to make any headway, and a sudden sheer of the vessel put her on the beach before her master had an opportunity to drop his anchor. It was then a little past high water and the Evans laid on the beach until high water at 11:30 this morning, when she was pulled off by the tugs Pioneer and Holyoke. At low water last night the vessel listed over until her port rail was under water, and she apparently was strained so that her hold filled with the rising tide. As she lies here tonight she has a strong list to port, and it is feared that she has sustained such injuries that it will be necessary to discharge her cargo and dock her before she will again be ready for sea.

MARINE NOTES.

While on her voyage to Skagway the steamer Amur struck a rock near Wrangel narrows. She backed off immediately and was apparently uninjured. The steamer is not leaking, but she may be docked for examination.

MARCONI WIRELESS.—Mr. H. G. Robinson, of the Marconi Wireless, has placed the balance of the Victoria allotment of Canadian Stock in my hands for sale at par—$5.00 per share—until further notice; also 200 shares in the American Company to be sold at $6.00 per share. Parties who wish to invest in the Marconi Wireless Companies must apply to me at once. S. Gintzburger, P. O. Box 386, Vancouver, B. C.

FOR WOMAN'S REPRIEVE.

Rutland, Vt., Jan. 31.—Attorney T. W. Maloney, of this city, received word tonight from Governor Bell that he will be given a hearing in Montpelier tomorrow, at which time Governor Bell will listen to evidence, which Mr. Maloney has in his possession, and which he hopes is of sufficient strength to secure a reprieve for Mrs. Mary M. Rogers, now under sentence to be hanged at the state prison at Windsor, Vt., Friday.

HE HOLDS FIFTY MEN AT BAY.

Lone Robber's Daring Deed on Chicago Street Car.

Chicago, Jan. 31.—Operating alone, a robber held fifty men at bay on a Chicago avenue street car tonight while he held up and robbed P. H. Dickin, a farmer. Beating off several passengers who attempted to rescue Dickin from the clutches of the bandit, he forced the victim to the car rail, and, after stealing his valuables, fought his way off the car, beating men and women who obstructed him and escaped after an exciting chase.

A Short Session Of City Council

Nothing of Particular Civic Importance Eventuated at Last Night's Meeting.

Motion to Bring up Songhees Reserve Matter—More Shacks Condemned.

Yesterday evening's meeting of the City Council was a short one, little beyond routine business being transacted. Ald. Hanna's motion asking the Dominion and provincial governments to move in the matter of dispossessing the Indians on the Songhees' reserve of their holdings, as suggested by the mayor at the public meeting a few days ago, was passed, almost without debate. A considerable portion of the time occupied by the meeting was consumed in dealing with tenders for brick, fish, carbons, cordwood and other municipal supplies for the year. The various tenders were finally referred to the purchasing agent and committee with instructions to award contracts to the lowest tenderers after investigation.

The secretary of the British Columbia Agricultural Association asked that the nominees of the council on that board be named. On motion, it was decided to reappoint Ald. Fell and Mr. H. B. Thomson.

J. T. Lawrie asked for the position as caretaker of the library. Tabled.

Applications for old library books for use in the public schools were also laid on the table.

A resolution was read from the city of Fernie respecting telephone regulations in municipalities. Referred to legislative committee.

R. Chapman wrote saying that a milk ranch had recently been established near his residence at Oaklands, which was likely to become a nuisance. Referred to the sanitary officer.

The city clerk reported having referred a number of communications on minor subjects to the city engineer for report. Received and filed.

The city engineer asked that an old surface drain on King's road be attended to at a cost of $200. Action approved.

The sanitary and building inspectors presented the following report:

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 30, 1905.

To His Worship the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

Gentlemen,—We would respectfully report on the condition of the following buildings: First: A shed at the rear of lot No. 107, block 3, and facing Blanchard street, assessed in the name of Mr. George Stelly.

Second: Shed and barn on the rear end of lot 108, block 3, facing Johnson street, also a large shed on the rear of lot 30, block 3, facing Johnson street. These two lots are assessed in the name of Mr. S. T. Styles.

Third: Three old one-storey buildings on the rear of lot 572, block 3, facing Yates street; assessed in the name of Mr. R. Hall.

Fourth: Two 2-storey frame buildings, with shed and outhouses in the rear, on parts of lot 422 and 423, block 2, facing Broad street; assessed in the name of Mrs. Raser Estate and Messrs. Heisterman & Co., as agents.

Fifth: 1½ storey frame building on the south part of lot 658, block U, facing Broad street and assessed in the name of the Metropolitan Estate Co., Messrs. Lee & Fraser, agents.

All of the above being in the fire limits.

Sixth: An old 1-storey frame building on lot 13, block 2, Christ Church Trust, and facing Victoria Crescent. Assessed in the name of J. B. Johnson, and Messrs. Pemberton & Sons as agents.

Seventh: A row of old cabins on lot 16 of section 5, and facing the Burnside road; assessed in the name of Messrs. Coughlan & Mason. Messrs. Bridgman as agents.

These two properties being outside the fire limits.

All of the above mentioned buildings are in such a dilapidated and unsanitary condition that they have become a nuisance and in our opinion they fully come under section 60 of the Municipal Clauses Act and should be removed.

JAMES WILSON,
Sanitary Inspector
WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Building Inspector.

The report was adopted, the owners of the buildings to be notified of the council's action.

George Glover and others, of Fourth street, asked for repairs to alley connecting this street and King's road. Referred to the engineer for report.

A. R. Sherk and others employed on sewer work asked that work on the septic tank in Victoria West be started at once, so as to give them employment. Referred to streets committee.

Residents of St. Louis street urged that that thoroughfare be macadamized. Referred to the engineer for report.

Tenders for groceries, cordwood and other supplies were received and referred to the purchasing agent.

The cemetery committee also recommended that the city engineer be asked to prepare a report on the best method of saving the bank on the shore front from falling in the sea. Received and adopted.

The cemetery committee also recommended that pauper Indians be given free interment.

Several aldermen objected to this, claiming there were no pauper Indians—they were all wards of the government. This was referred back to the committee.

The home committee recommended the admission to the home of Joseph Bailey. Adopted.

The finance committee recommended the payment of accounts amounting to $1,466.58. Adopted.

Ald. Hanna then presented his resolution to the effect that the Dominion government be petitioned to move for the dispossession of the Indians on the Songhees' reserve.

Ald. Hall did not think the government would ever move without the consent of the Indians.

Ald. Fell held that if the Indians were all to consent the matter would not be settled—all the parties would have to act jointly to one purpose.

The motion carried.

After the transaction of some further small business the council adjourned.

EXQUISITE COMPLEXION

Quickly Acquired if the System is Regulated by Dr. Hamilton's Pills.

The power of Dr. Hamilton's Pills over the complexion is marvelous. As if by magic all blemishes, humors and pimples disappear. A clear, ruddy glow is quickly manifest on the cheeks, and looks that delight the eye come to stay. It is by purifying and enriching the blood, and thereby building up the constitution, that Dr. Hamilton's Pills accomplish so much in a short time.

"I can hardly recommend Dr. Hamilton's Pills for the complexion," writes Miss E. M. Porter of Clear View, Iowa. "Before using this medicine I had a very pallid, murky complexion, and there was no redness or color in my cheeks. But Dr. Hamilton's Pills changed this and my looks have been much improved."

In every case of dull, sallow complexion, wherever the skin is blotchy and rough, Dr. Hamilton's Pills quickly prove their merit. You'll look better, feel vastly improved by relying on this great medicine, which is instant in effect. Price 25 cents per box, or five boxes for $1, at all dealers, or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Hartford, Conn., U. S. A., and Kingston, Ont.

"PURELY VEGETABLE"

Look out for these "purely vegetable" medicines. Aconite, Belladonna, Digitalis, Morphine, Strychnine—all violent poisons—are vegetable. You see the term means nothing, as regards safety.

Fruit-a-tives

or Fruit Liver Tablets

Apples, oranges, figs and prunes make them. The juices are combined by our secret process, which intensifies their medicinal action, and pressed into tablets. These are "FRUIT-A-TIVES"—nature's tonic and laxative—the only certain cure for Indigestion, Headaches, Constipation, Liver and Kidney Troubles.

They look like fruit—taste like fruit—smell like fruit—ARE fruit. 50c. a box. At druggists everywhere.

FRUITATIVES, Limited, OTTAWA.

CONFLICT CONTINUES.

Mukden, Jan. 31, via Tientsin.—A tenacious conflict continues in the direction of Sanchiapu, a fortified outpost on the Japanese left, where, it is reported, the Russians have taken the outer works. Orders have been issued to abandon the advance planned against the Japanese positions.

THE RUSSIAN STRIKES.

Windau, Courland, Russia, Jan. 31.—The strikers here have resumed work. The employers conceded a number of the demands of the workmen. There have been no disturbances.

Mitau, Corland, Russia, Jan. 31.—Work has been resumed in several establishments here, but the strike continues.

Moscow, Jan. 31.—The strike here is completely over.

Kovonof, Russia, Jan. 31.—The strike here is completely ended and work has been resumed everywhere.

Grodno, Russia Jan. 31.—There were disturbances here yesterday, in consequence of which troops were called out. A mob of 2,000 strikers destroyed the post office and telegraph line and looted the wine shops.

Lodz, Poland, Jan. 31.—The strike here continues, but order is maintained.

Ekatirinoslav, Jan. 31.—The printers here have struck and no newspapers are being issued. Strikes have also been declared in a number of iron works and mines.

Breslau, Feb. 1.—Information reached here from Russian merchants shows that a general strike is expected in the industrial towns of Russian Poland. Shippers in Sosnowitz have sent out circulars warning against sending goods to Warsaw or Lodz. A press despatch from Lodz, the greatest manufacturing centre of Western Russia, says the town looks like a besieged fortress. Soldiers in detachments of fifty are patrolling the streets to preserve order. All the stores are closed and their windows boarded up. Hundreds of people are waiting before the bakeries for bread.

POLISH CRISIS SHOWS SERIOUS INCREASE

Minor Collisions Between the Troops and Strikers Add to the Dead.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 31.—The latest reports from Warsaw depict the situation throughout Poland as increasingly serious. Minor collisions between the troops and police and the populace continue to swell the number of dead. Trade and industry are completely at a standstill and the presence of thousands of idle workmen who are starving and desperate are a feature of the greatest danger which is not present to the same extent in St. Petersburg, where the government orders for war purposes have kept the factories busy. The American vice-consul at Warsaw, Witold Touchas, telegraphs that the stores have been pillaged by mobs and that the shops and factories are closed. Those who are not ready to walk out are compelled to join the strike by threats. Mr. Touchas saw no improvement in the situation up to last night and reported the bad news from Lonb and Radom.

It is conservatively estimated that the number of killed or wounded at Warsaw is about one hundred. The rioting in Poland will largely effect the Ruma economic situation and factories at Warsaw, Lonz, Petrokoff and other industrial centres in Poland have been compelled to gradually reduce their output and decrease their working forces since the outbreak of the war, which has almost entirely closed the Siberian and Manchurian markets.

The results are that there has been thousands of workmen who have been thrown out of employment for many months past, furnishing hordes of hungry dissatisfied men among whom the news from St. Petersburg caused an outburst of riotous and incendiary spirit. It is trusted that a large proportion of these thousands may be utilized by the revolutionary organizations in Poland, which is the hotbed of Socialism, and the movement may develop a purely political character, though there is no indication so far of any co-operation on the part of the intelligent class of the Polish population which are [illegible] a revolutionary movement.

SUREST CURE FOR COLDS.

"It is with pleasure that I certify to the wonderful success of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine as a cure for colds. It is the best and surest treatment for coughs and colds that we have ever been able to find."—Mrs. Geo. Good, Tichborne, Addington Co., Ont.

BOMB-THROWERS IN PARIS.

Eighteen Arrests Made in Connection With Monday's Outrage.

Paris, Jan. 31.—Eighteen arrests have been made here in connection with the throwing of a bomb at a group of police and republican guards after the meeting of the social revolutionists last night. Twelve of the suspects have been released and the others held on suspicion. Special police surveillance has been established over the Russian embassy. Among the men arrested the authorities have identified Frencois, a well-known professional anarchist and intimate associate of Emile Henery and Ravachol.

Paris, Feb. 1.—Another bomb was discovered at 2 o'clock this morning in front of the Hotel Deux Montes, in the Avenue De L'Opera. There was no explosion. The authorities refuse any information.

Americans Win Fisheries Fight

Complacent Canadians to Close Canneries and Enhance Alaskan Pack.

Puget Sound Operators Once More Cajole Their Dear Cousins.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, Jan. 31.—The fiat has gone forth and canning operations in British Columbia during the years 1906 and 1908 will be absolutely suspended unless the fishermen can assert themselves during the next few days. Another conference with the minister of fisheries on this subject was held this afternoon, when the advocates of a close season carried the day. Richard Hall, M. P. P., of Victoria, put up a vigorous fight, urging that if the existing relations were rigorously enforced, if a close season of 48 hours a week were observed, and if proper distances were maintained between the nets and fishing in the Fraser above Westminster bridge were prohibited, these would do more to maintain the runs of salmon than the suggested close season. The movers in the matter drew inspiration from Puget Sound, and those gentlemen who were loudest in their demands for a close season knew they would not be out of pocket by the closing of the Fraser. They would make up the difference by increasing the price for their catch in Alaskan waters. Notwithstanding Mr. Hall's representations and strong protests from the Victoria and Westminster Boards of Trade, Hon. Mr. Prefontaine decided to recommend the adoption of an order-in-council suspending fishing operations in British Columbia for the two years named. It is provided, however, in order that in the event of the American canners on Puget Sound not living up to the agreement, then the Canadian restrictions regarding a close season will be immediately removed.

A deputation of boot manufacturers secured a compromise from Hon. Mr. Patterson that the full duty will be exacted on American samples.

Mrs. McDermott, of Port Perry, is seeking a divorce from her husband, now a resident of Golden.

The British Columbia members saw Sir Wilfrid Laurier today about a subsidy to the Coast-Kootenay railway. The premier held out no hope of a guarantee on the bonds, but said otherwise the request would be duly considered.

Mr. Galliher introduced the Columbia and Western railway bill today.

The house was in committee all day on Hon. Mr. Fisher's seed inspection bill, and much opposition was offered by both sides.

DANCED IN HIS NIGHTCLOTHES.

Big Timber, Mont., Jan. 31.—A fright was given citizens last night by the sudden appearance in town of Mr. Moede, the Grand hotel barber, who was removed to the detention hospital with his wife last Monday. Both have smallpox. During the night Mr. Moede became delirious, and, escaping the vigilance of the guards, came to town in his nightclothes. He stopped in front of one of the stores, where he danced on the sidewalk for a time, and then went into a saloon, where he wildly demanded liquor and scattered the inmates in all directions. He was finally induced to leave the place, and a man who had the disease before conducted him to the detention hospital, from which he had escaped.

STEAMERS ASHORE.

Amsterdam, Jan. 31.—The British steamer Alba, Captain Cox, from Newport News January 11 for Amsterdam, is ashore at Seandvoort (near Harlem) on the North Sea, and will be a total loss. Twelve men of her crew have been gotten ashore.

INFORMATION WANTED

Of the Whereabouts of a Missing Brother, John Campbell.

Chief Langley, of the city police, has received the following letter from Mrs. J. C. Collins, of Cleveland, Ohio, with reference to her brother, John Campbell, whom she has not heard from for fifteen years:

Cleveland, Ohio, Jan. 1, 1905.

Mr. Langley,

Dear Sir,—I read in the paper that you were chief of police in Victoria, B. C. I would like very much to know if you could locate John Campbell, of Canada, county Wellington, but who has been in British Columbia for about twenty years. I have not heard from him in fifteen years. At that time he was at either Clay county, Alder, P. O., or Clay P. O., Alder county. I do not know which.

At that time he had a farm, but later we heard that he was at Vancouver.

He is a man of about fifty years, five feet eleven inches tall, rather slender, with brown hair and blue eyes.

Any information that you could possibly send would be gratefully appreciated by me.

MRS. J. C. COLLINS.

Can't Afford Ill Health.

Cure Is Cheap at Any Price—Benefit Certain if You Use

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

Only the wealthy can afford to be invalids.

They alone can bear the expense of constant attendance by doctors and high-salaried nurses.

Your time is your capital, and, whether your daily task is in the home or abroad, you must make every day count or prove a burden to yourself and friends.

Weakness is the greatest source of ill-health. Weakness of the blood and nerves, weakness of action of the heart, lungs and digestive organs.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is well suited to the needs of a multitude of people because it overcomes weakness, first weakness of the blood and nerves, and through them the weakness of the organs of the body.

It may require a dozen or more boxes of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food to make you strong and well and send the thrill of health through your shrivelled arteries and wasted nerves.

Because Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is a creator of blood and nerve force you can be positive that each box of it is at least doing you some good. Prove this by noting your increase in weight as new, firm flesh and tissue is being added to the body.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. Portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are on every box.

Good News For L

Large Meeting of Sh Hear of a Probabl Find.

Company Agrees to Am With the Rossl Mines.

Lord Cecil Dreads the Effect of Mr. Chamb Words.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—At a ing of the shar the Le Roi Mi pany, the chairman other disappointing year, b the discovery of more hig it promised better in the f meeting approved the propo Le Roi Co. amalgamate Rossland mining companies tal of £1,500,000