

George Knowling

has just received the following by S. S. Lexington:

- 1 case Finest Cheddar Cheese.
- 1 case Gorgonzola Cheese.
- 2 brls. Crushed Linseed.
- 1 case Lea & Perrin's Worcester Sauce.
- 5 cases French Stringless Beans.
- 10 sacks Irish Whole Meal Flour.
- 385 bags Rice.
- 700 cases Currants.
- 2 brls. Diabetic Flour.
- 40 kegs Grapes.
- 20 cases Onions.
- 20 crates Onions.
- 5 cases Malaga Lemons.
- 100 bags Split Peas.
- 2 cases Pickstone's Celebrated Washing Crystals.
- 4 cases Huntley & Palmers' Biscuits.

All to be sold at our usual Low Prices.

George Knowling,
nov17,21,w,f

Evening Telegram

W. J. HERDEP - Proprietor
W. F. LLOYD, - - - - Editor

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 17, 1915.

German Hunger for Our Colonies.

Charles Trevelyan who resigned a subordinate office in the Ministry, because he did not agree with Britain going to the aid of Belgium, has since that time been active as a pacifist. Yesterday he urged in the Commons the formulation of terms of peace for the purpose of opening negotiations for peace. The Secretary for the Colonies characterized Trevelyan's speech as useless and mischievous. T. P. O'Connor said it represented the view of no considerable part of Parliament or people, and John Hodge, Laborite, said he had spent six months in France for the purpose of counteracting such mischief as Trevelyan was making.

Opportunity, we received this morning from the French Vice-Consul here, a copy of the Bulletin of the Alliance Francaise for October 1st, 1915. We say opportunist, because the Bulletin contains a short article, entitled "The German Colonial Minister's Ambitions." In it is an introduction to a Colonial Calendar, shortly to be published, from the pen of the German Colonial Minister. It is illuminating and we give it in full:—

"In view of Germany's political and economic situation it seems to us indispensable that after the end of the war, our colonial possessions should be maintained and increased, whatever may be the eventual increase of territories in Europe and in the fresh modification of the reciprocal relations of the European States. For someone who is acquainted with economic questions there is no need of special proofs, but he also will be astonished on seeing expressed in figures the extraordinary importance which the possession of colonies presents for a modern State.

"GERMANY'S NEED IN COLONIAL PRODUCTS AMOUNTS TO SEVERAL MILLIARDS. The colonies which we had up to now can only cover a small part of the need in such materials, nearly three per cent. We may be allowed to presume that the tendencies to development of modern colonial politics will increase in a sensible manner after this war. The great colonial powers will aspire not only to an increase of their possessions, but they will strive also in consequence of the aggravation of national antagonisms, to concentrate as far as possible, capitals production in raw materials and overseas trade on their own colonies.



FORD—The Universal Car,
1916 MODEL.
With Electric Lights and 3 1/2 tires fore and rear. Completely equipped.
5-SEATING TOURING CAR \$800.00
Runabout \$725.00
We offer to 1916 buyers an attractive proposition, reducing cost of upkeep.

GEORGE M. BARR

"Colonial empires all of a piece, and as apt for defence as possible, completing our own economic forces, will probably constitute the politico-colonial solution after the war. Special considerations concerning the particular condition of our popular economy will be necessary. We must not let ourselves be intimidated in what concerns the realization of our colonial policy, even if parts of our colonial possessions succumb temporarily to the superior forces of the enemy. Per aspera et astra."

Botha has taken good care to remove the menace of Germany to British South Africa, which was to form part of the German African Empire. This introduction shows that the German Colonial Minister has his eyes on the overseas dominions of Germany's enemies, from which Germany can draw raw material. Our own Bell Island is a clear case in point. Krupp's know all about the mines on it and before the war obtained raw material from them. South Africans will not give up any part of South Africa, nor will the British give up any part of Newfoundland. But Germany wants these places. Our duty in the premises is to continue the fight until Germany is crushed so that neither at present nor in the future will she be able to menace our possessions. We must live up to Asquith's declaration and discountenance the Trevelyan School of Pacifists.

Sergt. John McKinley.

From a correspondent in Boston, we learn that Corporal John McKinley of the 25th Battalion Canadian Expeditionary Force, was not killed in action, as reported in the Boston Journal, on Nov. 5th. According to a message from the Adjutant General at Ottawa to the young soldier's mother he was only slightly wounded and was in hospital at Boulogne, France. The next day his mother received two letters from him, which confirmed the news contained in the message. In his letters he says that he was knocked out by a German gas bomb but was gradually recovering from its effects, and expected to be back in the trenches within a few days. The 25th Battalion was in the big drive made a few weeks ago and resulted in the capture of several German trenches. Corporal McKinley says that several Newfoundlanders were in his company and took part in the drive, and adds that they can be relied upon when the Germans "show their teeth." His letter also tells of a surprise attack by the Huns which was successfully repulsed by his men, and that he had been promoted to Sergeant. He is having charge of a trench with eight men. He says that the position was rather dangerous, but that "it is all in the game." Sergeant John McKinley is a son of Mrs. Mary E. McKinley, formerly a Miss Tilley, daughter of the late Mr. William Tilley, Light-house keeper at Cape St. Francis for many years. He was born at Chelsea, Mass., and is a machinist by trade. He was a member of the Const. Artillery and shortly after the outbreak of war he went to Halifax and enlisted as a private in the 5th. When the war is over he expects to visit his relatives in this city. He is a nephew of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Butler of Pleasant Street.

NOTICE.

Will the party who took by mistake a Valise containing Sample Nets and Fishing Gear return same to Bag-gageman, Railway Station? Grip is made of leather with blue and white flag painted on each end, and property of Hounsell's Bridport, Ltd.
nov17,15

For Church Union.

The members of St. Andrew's congregation voted on the question of Church Union on Sunday last and reversed the decision of three years ago. In that year when the vote was taken the result was 55 for Union and 209 against. The results of Sunday's voting were:—

	For	Against.
Elders	8	3
Communicants	63	134
Adherents	32	18
	174	84

1st Nfld. REGIMENT.

Casualty List.

NOVEMBER 16.
1196.—J O S E P H STANSFORD, Grate's Cove. Dangerously ill at Malta, Nov. 12th.

The Big Gale.

When the Toronto weather prophet ordered the night watch to be on the alert, he was so far right that the westerly gale which followed a few hours afterwards was the most violent felt in the city and suburbs for some time past. On the night the gale raged at the rate of about eighty miles an hour, a couple of telegraph poles were blown down and several houses in isolated places were threatened with destruction. Fortunately, however, nothing of any account happened in that respect, but many fences were blown down and barns sustained damage. One small shed at the Upper Battery was blown down. The occupants, a woman and her two children, sought refuge at the police station for the night. Between 70 and 80 feet of Bannerman Park fence was carried away. Also 100 feet of the Penitentiary fence was blown down and a portion of Mr. J. C. Croft's fence on Forest Road carried away.

Countrywards many trees were blown down and some property owners in that section suffered severe damages to barns and fences. Along the waterfront the gale was seen at its height. The wind blew with great violence in the harbour, accompanied by a heavy choppy sea. Shipping had to haul off from the different wharves. One old schooner, the Narrows and sank. There was no one on board at the time. Another schr., the Shamrock, broke from her moorings, crashed into a schooner in the harbour three different times and then drifted outside the heads. The crew barely had time to get out of her, being rescued by a launch. Other vessels in the harbour got in trouble but were assisted to places of anchorage and secured by tugs which were kept busy the entire evening. The S. S. Cape Breton, laden, bound from Sydney to Clarendville, found the storm too much for her and put in here for shelter. She had a rough passage. Last night she dragged her anchors in the harbour and was brought up near Chain Rock, after having a narrow escape from going ashore. It was said that she was arible night at sea and vessels off the port got the full force of the gale. Several vessels were reported to have sheltered in the harbour. The Pogota was unable to get north and had to return, reaching here at 5 p.m. The Seniac, which left here before the gale, was reported to be off Cape Race to be off there in the teeth of the storm. She was getting marked in the waves, she passed Cape Race at noon yesterday for anchor. Much anxiety is felt for schooners which were due here from the Westward with cargoes of dry fish as well as for several northern craft that left for home the night before last with supplies. It is to be hoped that all made harbours of safety.

Much damage to fishing property is reported between the wharves and St. Francis. Even at the Southside of the harbour here some boats and fishing stages were damaged.

Qtr.-Million Victims

IN BATTLE OF CHAMPAGNE. New York, Nov. 9.—Alexander Powell, the war correspondent who returned from Europe to-day on the steamship Lafayette, told of remarkable sights he had seen in the Champagne district. He said that the battlefield proper had been about the extent of Manhattan Island, and that he had seen thousands and thousands of bodies of the dead. "General Joffre," Mr. Powell said, "is anxious to show the French that his army could do something, ordered a bombardment of the German trenches that would level them. The cavalry might charge across the field. To accomplish this he brought up 3,000 guns with 8,000 shells for each, and dug fifty miles of special trenches. Then the battle of the big guns began, and for three days and nights the bombardment was so terrible and incessant that it was a continuous roar.

"They never let up for an instant. Every one had cotton in his ears, and we became tired standing on tip-toe to avoid the concussion, for it was continuous. At the end of three days the charge began and for the first time in this war, cavalry charged across an open field.

"Before the bombardment the field which was fifteen miles long and three wide was gashed with deep trenches. After three days it was almost a level plain. The victims of that battle numbered 250,000. "The men who went after the Germans in that charge were strange looking objects. The French are wearing the steel shrapnel proof helmets or casques. These come down over the back of the neck, and are a great protection. They wear the gas masks also, and every man is armed with a knife for close fighting. "Make no mistake about the fighting qualities of the German soldier. He is as good a fighter as the world can show, but he lacks the initiative of the French and the English. Give a body of German troops officers and they are superior to most soldiers, but kill the officers and they do not seem to know what to do. With the Frenchman or the English it is different. They can fight for themselves without officers, if necessary, and are often called upon to do so."

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DIS-TEMPER

Schrs. Harbored Out of the Storm.

The following messages were received to-day by the Marine and Fisheries Department:

From Catalina.—About 15 schrs. arrived here to-day, one large black schooner seen running for Little Catalina with no canvas. Do not know if others are there. If anything definite will wire.
From New Bonaventure.—Schr. Abendego, John King, master, Bonaventure, and another schooner, Shaw, master, Little Heart's Ease, arrived at Old Bonaventure this morning; reports several schooners got into Ireland's Eye and one at British Harbor; impossible to get their names at present.
From Carbonear.—Schr. J. C. Furlong, 30 tons, painted white, blue mastheads, arrived here this morning. Too stormy to get further particulars.
From Trinity.—Schrs. Our Lady, Excel, and Toop's schooner here.

Christmas Gift Fund

FOR OUR SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

- | | |
|---|------------|
| Amount acknowledged in Tuesday's Telegram | 2,778.44 |
| Received on Tuesday | 156.50 |
| Messrs. Ayre & Sons | 50.00 |
| Trafalgar Chapter I. O. D. | 15.00 |
| E. (Channel) | 12.00 |
| Small Amounts Box | 12.00 |
| Mrs. Hugh Baird | 5.00 |
| Mrs. Colville | 5.00 |
| Mrs. Wm. Bartlett | 5.00 |
| Dr. Lohr Halstead | 5.00 |
| Mrs. E. G. Gittleton | 5.00 |
| Miss Gertrude F. Gittleton | 5.00 |
| Mr. and Mrs. C. Warren | 5.00 |
| Mrs. G. Langmuir | 3.00 |
| Mrs. Wm. Moores, (Fresh-water) | 2.50 |
| Mrs. John Moores (Fresh-water) | 2.50 |
| Mrs. George Wany (Dark Cove, Gumbo) | 2.00 |
| Miss Ina Warren | 2.00 |
| Mr. H. B. Chafe | 2.00 |
| Joan McCreary | 2.00 |
| Mr. and Mrs. M. Neville | 2.00 |
| Mrs. C. F. Taylor (Carbonear) | 2.00 |
| Mrs. Wm. Oke, Sr. | 2.00 |
| Mrs. Joseph Bartlett (Brigus) | 2.00 |
| Mrs. G. W. Grimes | 1.50 |
| Mrs. Robt. Brown (Dark Cove, Gumbo) | 1.00 |
| Miss Matilda Wany (Dark Cove, Gumbo) | 1.00 |
| Miss Annie Goulding (Dark Cove, Gumbo) | 1.00 |
| Miss John Halstead (Harbor Grace) | 1.00 |
| Miss Mary Fallon (Harbor Grace) | 1.00 |
| Miss Margaret Ross Cromarty Stewart | 1.00 |
| Mrs. Winifred Caldwell | 1.00 |
| Mrs. J. W. Harford | 1.00 |
| Miss Molly Nolan | 1.00 |
| Mrs. Walter Tucker, (Carbonear) | 5.00 |
| Trinity Benefit Club, No. 49, Trinity | 1.00 |
| | \$2,941.94 |
| MARY MACKEY. | |

McMurdo's Store News

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 17, 1915.
A day like to-day with its high cold wind, is a good time for trying what a drink of hot Malted Milk will do for you. There is no drink quite like it. No less stimulating than the beef extracts, Malted Milk has a body which the former lack; and far more food value. But as a matter of fact we have hot drinks to suit all palates. We have the Beef Extracts—Oxo, Bovril and the like—Tomato Bouillon, Clam Bouillon, Coffee, Chocolate and the fruit flavors. So that you have a wide selection to choose from. Price 5, 10 and 15c. a glass.
For young children and infants, there is our Baby Cough Syrup. This Cough Syrup is not narcotic, but is a combination of healing, soothing and expectorant medicines suitable for babies. The dose is carefully graduated to suit the different ages, and it is very pleasant to take. Price 25c. a bottle.

Germans Missed Disaster by But Small Margin.

London, Nov. 6.—Joseph Reinach, the military historian, states that had the French guns been able to continue firing for another two hours in the Battle of Champagne the German army would have been driven from France. The French staff, he says, possesses convincing evidence of this. It is also learned that the German garrison at San Quentin was advised that the German line was about to break, that all military stores were removed and the German staff officers formally said farewell to their French families with whom they had been living.
Every road in the rear of the German line from Lens to the Argonne, says Reinach, was packed with guns and military supplies being sent back to Belgium and Lemberg. But at the critical moment the French army was unable to follow up its advantage because the men dropped in exhaustion and the guns were red hot.

Narrow bands of velvet caught with a small plume at the side makes a becoming coiffure for evening.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DIS-TEMPER

GEO. KNOWLING.

BEST HOUSE TO BUY

Rubber Boots and Shoes.

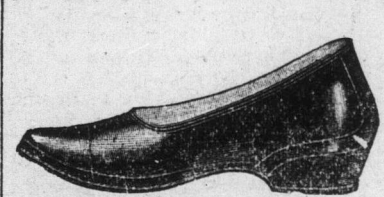
STOCKS ALL THE

BEST BRANDS at LOWEST PRICES.

The most trying time of the season is fast approaching, and it is the duty of the head of every home to

Provide Against Wet or Damp Feet.

Rubber Boots and Shoes are the only preventative. We handle the largest and best assorted stock in the country AT LOWEST PRICES.



Women's Low Rubbers,
45c., 60c., 70c., 75c.

Girls' Low Rubbers,
36c., 40c., 42c., 44c. to 56c.



Women's Storm Rubbers,
49c., 68c., 75c., 80c.

Girls' Storm Rubbers,
42c., 44c., 46c., 48c. to 62c.

Women's High Heel Low Rubbers 75c.

Women's Button Gaiters,
\$1.60, \$1.95, \$2.30

Buckled and Strapped, \$2.55

Men's \$2.50 to \$2.80

Women's Extension Heel Low Rubbers 70c.

Girls' Extension Heel Storm Rubbers 50c. to 68c.

Men's Low Rubbers,
66c., 88c. and \$1.10

Boys' Low Rubbers,
50c., 52c., 54c., 56c. to 70c.



Women's Extension Heel Storm Rubbers 75c.

Men's Extension Heel Storm Rubbers (as cut),
\$1.00 and \$1.10

CHILDREN'S TAN STORM RUBBERS 50c., 52c., 54c., 56c., 58c. to 72c.

CHILDREN'S WHITE STORM RUBBERS 82c., 84c., 86c., 88c., 90c. to \$1.00

WOMEN'S TAN RUBBERS Low, 75c.; Storm, 85c.

Women's Rubber Boots,
\$2.00; Girls', \$1.35 to \$1.85

Men's Rubber Boots,
\$3.10, \$3.70, \$5.00, \$6.00

Boys' Rubber Boots,
\$1.70, \$1.80, \$1.90, \$2.00 to \$2.65.

Women's High Heel Storm Rubbers 80c.

Women's Rubber Boots,
\$2.00; Girls', \$1.35 to \$1.85

Men's Rubber Boots,
\$3.10, \$3.70, \$5.00, \$6.00

Boys' Rubber Boots,
\$1.70, \$1.80, \$1.90, \$2.00 to \$2.65.

G. KNOWLING.

nov17,15,w

W. P. A.

In Aid of the Sick and Wounded and of Our Soldiers and Sailors at the Front.

Subscriptions may be sent to Lady Davidson, Mrs. Emerson, Treasurer, or to any of the following members of the Financial Committee:—

Mrs. Ayre, Mrs. Garrett, Mrs. Edens, Miss Hayward, Mrs. Arch. Macpherson and Mrs. Herbert Rendell.

Amount acknowledged . . . \$8,641.00
Proceeds weekly sale home-made candy during October, from Miss Bessie Williams 5.00

Mrs. James Macpherson 2.00
Mrs. S. D. Blandford 5.00
Sweet Lilly, L.O.A., 168 Duggan's Cove, White Bay, per Jacob Morgan, Master 6.00

Proceeds of concert, held at Bay de Verde, per Rev. J. V. Donnelly 31.00
Miss Adelaide Brocklehurst, Carbonear 5.00
Miss Winnie March, Old Perlican 39.15

Betty and Arthur Knowling, Mrs. George Paine (Rev.) 5.00
Mr. Harold Macpherson 25.00
Mrs. J. C. Marshall 25.00
Mrs. Harvey "Omrac" 50.00
Miss Walker "Omrac" 10.00

Proceeds of dance given by Nurses of Insane Asylum 60.15
Stamp money 5.55
Scrap money 3.10
Sale 4.55
Miss Hawkins 2.00
Sale, per Miss Evelyn Jacobs 4.00
Mrs. Ayre, 2nd week British Theatre 30.00
George W. B. Ayre 250.00

Total \$8,238.30
KATHERINE EMERSON,
Treasurer W.P.A.

The Treasurer begs to state that the money collected last year by Misses Healey and Stack of Petty Harbor, was given to her for the Sick and Wounded.

SLATTERY'S Wholesale Dry Goods House

Being in close touch with the American Markets, can quote the finest wholesale prices on all classes of POUND REMNANTS and REGULAR PIECE GOODS. FLEECE LINED UNDERWEAR, MATS, RUGS and CARPETS, etc.

Before placing your Fall Order, we would appreciate an opportunity to quote our prices. SOLE AGENT for the Leader Overall Co. (Local manufacture).

Slattery Building, Duckworth and George's Streets,
ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND.
P. O. Box 236. Phone 522.

Furness Line Sailings!

The S. S. DURANGO will sail from this port for Liverpool on or about the 27th instant. For freight and other particulars apply to

FURNESS WITBY & CO., Limited,
WATER STREET EAST.

Advertise in The Evening Telegram