

## U. F. OF A. ELECT THEIR OFFICERS

(Continued from Page One.)

Harrison and to draft market, rail way and other important committees this week a select committee will wait on the provincial government to present the resolutions which have been passed in convention.

The question of the official organ of the most important considerations before the U. F. A. convention and one on which the most controversy was expected was sprung on the delegates at the session on Friday afternoon. When the vote was put three propositions were to be voted on: (1) "The Grain Growers' Guide," (2) "The Alberta Homestead," and (3) "The Grain Growers' Guide." The vote was cast in favor of the Grain Growers' Guide.

E. A. Partridge, of Santa Ana, Saskatchewan, opened a plea for the Grain Growers' Guide. He pointed out the fact that the convention on the question of cooperation as a solution for the economic problem of the farmer of the present day. He dwelt on the present situation of grain prices and pointed out the advisability of farmers working together so that they might be assured of an equitable price for their stock.

Touching on the question of finances, Mr. Partridge illustrated how the institution of farmers' banks helped the farmers in financing their crops. He said that in order to start such a bank a sum of at least half a million dollars would be required, and he thought that it would be impracticable to handle that sum of money.

Continuing, the speaker opened the question of transportation. He pointed out that farmers often had to part with as much grain in three months as should be distributed in a year. He wished every success to the new western route.

An Official Organ. On the question of an official organ for the agriculturists of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, Mr. Partridge recommended "The Grain Growers' Guide" as being the most suitable for the purpose of attaining through recognition of either province. He promised that should the United Farmers adopt the Guide, there would be an office probably in Calgary, while representatives of the province would be in charge of the different places, in order to discuss the particular country's requirements.

T. A. Crier, a representative to the convention from the Manitoba Grain Growers' Association, also spoke in favor of the Grain Growers' Guide. D. W. Warner, of Clover Bar, supported the continuance of "The Alberta Homestead," the official organ of Calgary, and the "Great West" of Edmonton.

J. H. Thamer, editor of the "Great West," made a speech, in which he hinted that the "Great West" would become the property of "The Grain Growers' Guide" in case the latter was made the official organ. Mr. D. Geddes, of Calgary, supported the position of "The Farm and Ranch Review" and withdrew the name of that paper.

J. Watt, editor of "The Alberta Homestead," left the matter entirely to the convention. The official organ was room for more than one agricultural journal in Alberta. He said that "The Homestead" had always given in the past to the farmers' interests, and it would continue to do so in the future.

Evening Session. President Bower opened the chair in the lower hall last evening. W. F. Stevens, live stock commissioner, who was to have addressed the convention but had been indisposed, was present and spoke a few words. Addresses on the children most trade were expected from E. J. Palmer, and Frank Whiteside, of Stettin, but the former misadventure the latter was appointed and Mr. Whiteside was suddenly called to the coast.

Minor resolutions were put before the meeting and passed. Copies of memorials to the government were read, praying for the acquisition of terminal and internal elevators. Mauser led in the debate on the memorial. He pointed out that the farmers are at the mercy of the private companies, and that the situation cannot be relieved until the farmers are able to have a voice in the matter. He pointed out that the farmers are at the mercy of the private companies, and that the situation cannot be relieved until the farmers are able to have a voice in the matter.

Further Resolutions. In addition to the partial list of resolutions were placed before the convention. Several were strongly opposed and dismissed while others were placed on the table for consideration at next convention. The resolutions are as follows:

J. J. Gregory proposed, and G. W. Smith seconded, "That, inasmuch as it has been found that in exploiting the American market by trial shipments of beef cattle, that the chief obstacle in the way of successful and profitable shipment was the 27 1/2 percent duty imposed on Canadian cattle entering the United States, and as the United States government has shown a disposition to take the initiative in Canada and the United States, and as a view to better trade relations; therefore be it resolved that the United Farmers of Alberta improve the opportunity thus presented and hereby put itself on record in favor of reciprocity or free trade in beef cattle between Canada and the United States, and the secretary of this association be instructed herewith to make known to the respective governments the expression of this convention." Carried.

Jas. J. Stanton, Vegreville, proposed, and John Campbell seconded, "That this convention express its pleasure at the announcement made by the prime minister of Alberta that the school ordinances shall be amended so as to provide for the creation of school districts in prescribed areas where the children of twelve children of school age reside. Further resolved that provision be made for the creation into school districts of areas of five miles or less where six children or less reside." Carried.

D. W. Warner, of Clover Bar, proposed, "That whereas, it is the frequent practice of the Canadian Pacific Railway in disposing of its land to reserve the coal rights thereon; and whereas, by an improvident bargain made by the government of Canada, that corporation is enabled to escape taxation on the land that it retains in its possession, which involves a great injustice to the large body of taxpayers; be it resolved that this convention draw to the attention of the provincial government the advisability of making a careful investigation with a view to determining whether it was not possible to take these coal rights on the principle that they are of sufficient value to merit the expenditure." Carried.

Rice Sheppard, Strathcona, proposed, "That it is the opinion of this convention of Alberta farmers that it will be of great benefit to the province to have the Agricultural Societies of the province so amended that it will apply to such branches of the United Farmers' Association in cities, towns and villages through the province that name 50 paid-up members or over, where agricultural societies do not exist, and also that the association be empowered to hold a fair in such cities, towns or villages that have agricultural societies at the request of such societies in such cities, towns or villages." Carried.

Continuing, the speaker opened the question of transportation. He pointed out that farmers often had to part with as much grain in three months as should be distributed in a year. He wished every success to the new western route.

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## PRESIDENT-ELECT TAFT GLIMPSES INTO FUTURE

He Says Methods of Civilization and Our Present Institutions Must Stand Severe Test—Praises Property Will Undergo Greatest Assault.

Augusta, Ga., Jan. 11.—In a speech here tonight before the Augusta Bar Association, President-Elect Taft gave it as his opinion that within the next two or three decades this country must decide whether our institutions and methods of civilization shall stand the test of a severe test.

The institution of private property, he said, would have to meet a severe test and the lawyers of the country must work out the best plan to preserve it as far as possible, while at the same time preventing the harmful effects of private property as combinations.

Speaking of the judges of the United States bench he said he thought it would have been better if there had been several impeachments in the history of the country as the bench has been a little of a discipline.

Mr. Taft said in part: "We are looking forward, must look forward, during the next decade, or two decades, or three decades, to a new method of civilization, of the question of whether the institutions of private property is one worthy of being preserved, and to the test, as well, of whether the courts and the lawyers be the courts shall maintain themselves in the political struggle that we are likely to have with the forces of the socialistic movement."

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## COLLISION ON MISSOURI PACIFIC

Passenger Train Hits Standing Freight No One Was Killed.

Coffeyville, Kansas, Jan. 17.—The Missouri Pacific passenger train No. 163, due here at 8:15, from Kansas City, collided head-on with a freight train of this city this morning with a northbound freight. No one was killed, but twenty-three persons were injured, one probably fatally, and many badly.

Mr. J. S. Powell, of Nowata, Oklahoma, may die. Several of his ribs were broken and he is injured internally. The injured were taken to the Good Samaritan Hospital in this city.

The wreck occurred just after the passenger train had rounded the bend. The freight crew left here with the intention of making heading before the passenger train left there. When the crew discovered the passenger train coming, the engineer put on brakes and brought his train to a standstill and both the freight and the passenger train came to a stop.

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## THE SASKATCHEWAN LIQUOR LICENSE ACT

Amendments Introduced by Attorney-General Passed Second Reading Without Division of House—Closing Hour in Cities Extended to 10:30 O'Clock—Club License Fixed at \$250 per Annum.

Regina, Sask., Jan. 13.—At the opening of the legislature yesterday afternoon Premier Scott announced that the chief justice of the province had consented and would secure a colleague to act as a royal commission of enquiry into the liquor license act.

Hon. Mr. Turgeon, attorney-general, gave notice that he would move on Monday that all clubs, incorporated by special act, which would secure permission to keep liquor for members, shall pay an annual fee of \$250.

D. J. Wylie (Conservative, Maple Creek) gave notice of enquiry as to whether any applications have been received for new grain for the coming season, and if so, how many and what the intentions of the government are.

He also gave notice of a motion for the second reading of the amendments to the liquor license act, said that last session he had practically no legislation and the government had found it advisable to make several amendments, the only essential one being the extension of the selling hours from 10 to 10:30 in cities only.

It had been uniform throughout the province, but considering the requirements of the travelling public, it was considered necessary to extend the time of sale. He had introduced a bill for that purpose, and he had introduced a bill for that purpose.

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