Huron Signal.

WEEKLY EDITION

E. O. COX & ABRAHAM SMITH, Proprietors.

"The Greatest Possible Good to the Greatest Possible Number."

$1.00 PER ANN. IN ADVANCE, $2.00 AT END OF YEAR.

GODERICH, ONTARIO, D. C., THURSDAY, SEPT. 29, 1870.

VOL. XXIII.—NO 3

Business Directory.

PHOTOGRAPHS

$1.00 Per Dozen.

HALF DOZEN FROM BACK NEGATIVE 51 cents, postage free. One dozen from back negative 87 cents, postage free, to any address.

☞ Particular Attention paid to Copying old Ambrotypes,

For either large or small photographs. The subscriber in returning thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, would just say that he has made such improvements in his gallery as will merit a continuance of the same.

☞ A Great Reduction on Large Photographs.

E. L. JOHNSON.

Goderich, Aug. 15, 1870. w30

B. McCORMICK, TAILOR, &c

(McLEANS OLD STAND, EAST St.)

PREVIOUSLY CUTTER TO J. C. DETLOR, & Co

TESTIMONIAL:

GODERICH 19th SEPT. 1869. Mr. McCORMICK has been in our employment as Cutter for over 1 year. He is capable of cutting for any first class establishment. We bespeak for him the confidence of any who may employ him.

JOHN C. DETLOR & Co

NEW

Waggon and Carriage

FACTORY.

BATES & ELLIOTT

HAVE pleasure in intimating to the public of town and country that they have opened a Waggon and Carriage Shop on St. David's st, (Lewis Elliott's old stand,) immediately adjoining the Western Hotel. B. & E. attend personally to all the work entrusted to them, and are prepared to turn out

Waggons, Buggies, Cutters, Sleighs,

and everything in their line, of the very best material and workmanship and at the very lowest remunerative rates.

JOBBING

Promptly attended to.

ON HAND, a large assortment of

SLEIGHS

which will be sold Cheap for Cash or Cordwood.

Goderich, Aug 1 1870. w30

Extensive New Premises

AND

SPLENDID NEW STOCK

C. Barry & Bro.,

Cabinet Makers, Undertakers & Wood Turners,

HAMILTON ST.

Have removed across the street to the store next door to Wm. Acheson's Harness Shop, where will be found

A GOOD ASSORTMENT!

of Kitchen Bedroom. Diningroom, and Parlor Furniture, such as

TABLES,
CHAIRS (hair, cane and wood seated.)
CUPBOARDS,
BEDSTEADS,
WASH STANDS,
MATTRESSES,
LOUNGES,
SOFAS

WHATNOTS, LOOKING GLASSES,

GILT FRAMING.

☞ C B & B are prepared to sell everything in their line

Cheap for Cash.

N. B. A complete assortment of Coffins and Shrouds always on hand and a Hearse to hire; all on reasonable terms.

A CALL SOLICITED.

Goderich, 15th Aug. 1870 w30-tf

NEW CABINET

AND

UPHOLSTERING SHOP,

WEST STREET

OPPOSITE BANK OF MONTREAL,

GODERICH.

ERIC McKAY,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANnounce that he has opened a new shop in the above line, on West Street, opposite the Bank of Montreal, where he will keep constantly on hand or make to order

FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS.

Having on hand an assortment of Upholstering material, he will be prepared to fill promptly all orders in that line.

☞ A quantity of Gilt and Rosewood Mouldings on hand.

Picture Framing to Order.

☞ He trusts by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30-tf

I. FREDERICK,

WATCHMAER, JEWELER, &c.,

WEST ST., GODERICH,

Near the Post Office.

BEGS MOST RESPECTFULLY TO RETURN HIS sincere thanks to the people of Goderich and vicinity for their liberal patronage during the past 8 years, and now that the holiday season has arrived with all its social enjoyments and amenities, he would state that all who wish to purchase Jewelry for presents or otherwise of warranted material and workmanship would do well to buy from him at rates comparatively cheaper than that asked for worthless trash.

All Jewelry Sold for Gold Warranted

☞ Repairing done in the best style of workmanship.

ISAAC FREDERICK.

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

Business Directory.

HURON HOTEL,

ZURICH, CO. HURON.

JOHN PRANG, - - Proprietor.

This house is fitted up with every convenience for the travelling public.

☞ Good Stabling and prompt attendance.

Aug 15, 1870 w15-tf

MRS. DAYS' HOTEL

WROXETER.

ON the direct road from Seaforth to Walkerton. Every necessary accommodation for the travelling public.

HANNAH DAYS.

Wroxeter, Aug. 15, 1867. w30

Commercial Hotel, Mitchell C. W

JOHN HICKS, Proprietor. This is the largest and best Country Hotel in Western Canada, and charges as moderate as any House in Mitchell. Stage Proprietor. Good stabling for 100 Horses. Horses and Carriages for Hire, on Shortest Notice 14:7

TAILORING

D. ADAMS

RETURNS HIS MOST SINCERE THANKS for the very flattering encouragement he has received since he commenced business in Goderich, not being able to execute over one-half the orders brought to him last season having now secured facilities for

Carrying on Business Extensively

and employing none but first-class tradesmen And as D. A. believes his experience as Cutter is second to none in the Province, having carried on business extensively and successfully in Hamilton, principally first-class customers, and having been Cutter in one of the Principal Establishments in Edinburgh, Scotland, he earnestly states to a discerning public that

CLOTHING CAN BE MADE

at his establishment equal to the Best Establishment in Toronto or Montreal.

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870. w3

PRICE REDUCED

FOR GOOD DRY

PINE LUMBER,

LATH, SHINGLES!

AND CEDAR POSTS

The subscriber has now on hand

1,500,000 Feet Pine Lumber,

LATHS,

PINE AND CEDAR SHINGLES,

CEDAR POSTS, &c.,

which he is prepared

TO SELL IN LARGE OR SMALL LOTS

AT GREATLY

Reduced Prices for Cash.

☞ Apply at the office, over J. C. Detlor & Co's. store.

JAMES SMAILL,

Agent.

Goderich, Aug 15th 1870. swl

SASH AND DOOR FACTORY.

THE undersigned having purchased the Planing Mill and Sash Factory owned, and occupied by Donald Cumming, are now prepared to carry on the business of manufacturing

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Flooring, Siding,

and all kinds of

CIRCLE WORK,

such as Circle and Gothic Sash and Frames They think from their experience in Factory Work, that they can give satisfaction to all who may favor them with a call.

N.B.—A liberal discount to the trade.

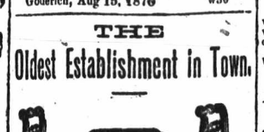
20,000 feet of Dry inch and a quarter Flooring on hand.

JAS BUCHANAN,
DAVID LAWSON,
WM. ROBINSON.

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

THE

Oldest Establishment in Town.



MARTIN AMANN

BEGS TO INFORM HIS OLD CUSTOMERS that he is still able to sell for cash, at the lowest rates,

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE,

At his shop on Kingston Street, opposite the Huron Hotel, Goderich. Give him a call.

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

Land Office,

A REGISTER of Improved Farms and Wild Land for Sale,

M TRUEMAN,

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 swl

NOW IS YOU CHANCE

CRABB'S BLOCK, KINGSTON STREET,

Prices to Suit the Times!

Photographs reduced to $1.00 per Doz., OR 75cts. PER HALF DOZEN.

Large Photograph Reduced in Proportion.

Also will make the largest Photographs made in Goderich, very cheap. Porcelain pictures from one dollar upwards.

D. CAMPBELL'S

Photograph Gallery.

Goderich, Aug. 15th, 1870. w30

GRAND DISPLAY

D. FERGUSON

HAS OPENED OUT

IN DRY GOODS

THE LATEST STYLES

THE CHOICEST PATTERNS

THE BEST QUALITIES

AT

THE LOWEST PRICES

His Factories & Sheetings

it will pay you

TO DRIVE 20 MILES

TO PURCHASE

For Cheapness and quality all his stock is Unequalled.

A LOT OF COTTON YARNS

BEST QUALITY

AT MILL PRICES

IN BOOTS AND SHOES

HE

CANNOT BE COMPETED WITH

HIS GROCERIES

Are equal in all respects to those which have gained him the reputation of keeping

THE MOST RELIABLE

FAMILY GROCERY

IN GODERICH

BE SURE

TO CALL ROUND TO HIS

STORE

ON HAMILTON STREET

before completing your purchases.

HE CHARGES NOTHING

FOR SHOWING GOODS

AND

YOU WILL SAVE MONEY

BY BUYING FROM

D. FERGUSON

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30 tf

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. Those who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

REMOVAL.

ALEX. WALLACE,

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

WEST STREET,

GODERICH

THE Subscriber having removed to the Store lately occupied by A. Weymouth, West Street, opposite the Post Office, wishes to thank his friends and the public, for the liberal support with which they have favored him for the last 23 years, and begs to assure them that no effort will be spared to merit a continuance of their patronage.

Watches Clocks and Jewelery!

which will give satisfaction to the purchaser, and as all work has been done by myself, customers may depend on having it well executed.

☞ A good assortment of Gold and Plated Jewelry Watches, Clocks &c., always on hand.

ALEX WALLACE.

Goderich Aug. 15th 1870. w30

PIANOS, &c.

MELODEONS,
HOUSE ORGANS,
CHURCH ORGANS,
Piano Stools, &c., &c.,

Manufactured by the celebrated Firm of

R. S. WILLIAMS & CO., TORONTO.

The most extensive makers in the Dominion.

THE undersigned begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for Goderich and the surrounding country of the above celebrated firm, and is prepared to sell all articles made by them, at

MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

Samples may be seen and terms ascertained at the Ware-Rooms, West Street.

DANIEL GORDON.

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

GODERICH

CABINET FURNISHING

WAREHOUSE,

DANIEL GORDON,

CABINET MAKER

UPHOLSTERER,

AND

Undertaker, &c., &c.,

HAS now on hand a large stock of

FURNITURE

in every variety, which cannot fail to command the favor of all in want of furniture who may favor him with a visit, whether in style or price, such as

Bureaus,	Wood Chairs,	Cane Chairs,
Bedsteads	Sofas,	Lounges,
Tables,	Bookcases,	Cupboards,
Extension Tables,	Easy Chairs,	Rocking Chairs
Wardroes,	Side boards,	Chiffoneers.
Wash Stands,	Kitchen Tables,	Stands.
Sea Grass Mattresses,	Wool do	Moss do

Fair do, and 4 or 5 different kinds Spring Mattresses N. B.—Keeps always on hand a large assortment of Washable gilt and Rosewood Moulding-frames, square or oval, made on the shortest notice.

Having made arrangements with JACQUES & HAY, Toronto, can furnish anything here or at their Warerooms in Toronto,

☞ Has always a complete assortment of

Coffins & Shrouds in the Latest Style.

Also, HEARSES to hire.

Cheap FOR Cash

Goderich, Aug 14, 1870. swl

$30,000

TO LEND ON

THE SECURITY OF

Real Property

IN THE

COUNTY OF HURON,

at from 6½ to 10 per cent, by

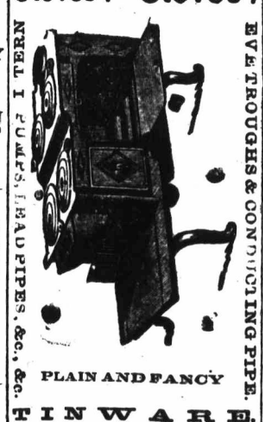
DOYLE & SQUIER,

Barristers, Goderich

swl4 6m

Aug 15, 1870

Stoves! Stoves!



PLAIN AND FANCY

TIN WARE,

COAL OIL,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ Coal Oil Lamps, &c. &c. Old Iron, Copper, Brass, Wool Pickings, and Sheep Skins taken in exchange.

J. & J. STORY,

☞ Sign of the Large Coal Oil Barrel,

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 swl

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR TICKETS to and from Liverpool London derry or Glasgow by the above Steamship Co'y, apply to

P. H. CARTER.

Agent, Grand Trunk Railway

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

Feed! Feed!!

JUST RECEIVED

AT

Shephard & Strachan's,

20 TONS OF BRAN, SHORTS & Midlings,

WHICH THEY WILL

Sell Cheap for Cash.

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870. swl

Dominion Doings.

The first cargo of new fall wheat from Chicago arrived at Kingston on Sunday in the barque 'Robert Gaskin.'

A public meeting in aid of sufferers by the Ottawa fire was held at Toronto on Saturday. Canvassing committees have been appointed.

A man named Munro was attacked yesterday on the road near Montague by two men, robbed, and as they thought murdered, his throat being cut from ear to ear He still lives, but the guilty parties are still at large.

The Young Men's Christian Association of Toronto are taking steps to erect a new and handsome building.

Fatal boating accidents are reported from Quebec and Ontario. A sail boat was upset a few days ago near Murray Bay on the lower St. Lawrence. A man and three children were drowned on Sabbath afternoon, a man named Wm Bell was drowned while out sailing in the bay off Toronto.

The St. John crew declined to row against the Tyne men again, stating that they were convinced that the latter were too strong for them.

Renworth, of the 'Tyne' crew, is to row a five mile race with Coulther.

Sir John A Macdonald arrived at Quebec on Saturday.

Captain Burgoyne, lately commander of our Lake gunboat fleet, is believed to have gone down in the Captain.

On Saturday evening an oil still blew up in London. Loss about $1,000.

A project for laying another telegraph cable to America is announced in London.

W. Kingsford has received the contract for enlarging Greenville Canal.

The Dominion Statutes for the present year are now being distributed.

The old 20 cents are now all ordered to be withdrawn, to prevent confounding them with the new 25 cent pieces.

The marine disasters on the coast of Nova Scotia, last month, caused the loss of 100 lives.

In Montreal, last week, there died 16 Protestants and 85 Catholics.

In the Agricultural department of the Provincial Fair there are 500 fewer entries than last year.

Quebec has sent $3000, to the assistance of French wounded.

A glue manufacturer of St. Roch's, Quebec, fell into a cauldron of boiling glue on Saturday and was burnt to death.

At Odessa, on Sunday, a child was burnt to death.

The schooner *E. S. J. Banis* sunk at Pat Rowan on Tuesday with 14000 bushels of wheat. Crew saved.

The Ontario Government is acting rather shabbily with the sufferers by the Ottawa fire, only offering to lend them money at 8 per cent.

The Toronto *Telegraph* will gain the respect of the general public by its manly stand against the rowdyism of 'Young Britons' in Toronto.

Kingston cabmen had horse races on Sunday.

The new Canadian 25 cent pieces are being counterfeited in the States and offered for sale by circular in Canada.

PAYING—Five thousand dollars passage money was taken at the new Suspension Bridge at the Falls during the month of August.

The production of Lake Superior copper ore this year is estimated at one million tons, which is twice as much as was produced in the entire United States in 1843.

Supposed Murder,

On Saturday night a man named Robert Wagstaff, who was formerly a member of the Brooks' Bush gang, was arrested, charged with having caused the death of Margaret Chapman, a disreputable woman, under, as nearly as can be ascertained, the following circumstances: It appears that both parties lived on Stanley street, and on intimate and to all appearances friendly terms. The two were seen leaving Stanley street together about 8 o'clock in the evening, and shortly afterwards Wagstaff returned alone, and went to Doyle's, where he remained for some time. He was asked where the woman was, but gave evasive reply to the question. A disturbance took place in Doyle's, and in the course of it Wagstaff left, and seeking out Police Constables Hammond and Archer, told them that Margaret Chapman was downed in the bay, near the old gaol, and that he could point out the place. The two constables, accompanied by Detective Newhall and Wagstaff, started in order to recover the body. When they got to the place indicated by Wagstaff, the hat and net of the unfortunate woman were found upon the bank, and after some little search the body was found in about eight feet of water. Wagstaff being the last person seen with the deceased, he was taken into custody on the suspicion that he had pushed her into the water, as there were indications on the sand of a severe struggle having taken place. Near the water's edge marks, which appeared as if they had been made by the finger-nails of some person while being dragged along the ground, were discerned. When taken into custody the prisoner said the women was half drunk, had fallen into the water accidentally, and he could not save her; but there is evidence to prove that she was perfectly sober when she went out with Wagstaff, who is an old gaol bird. Some persons who were in the vicinity of the esplanade by the gaol, about the time the affair happened, heard screams of 'help,' but they could not tell the precise locality from which they proceeded.—*Globe.*

Testimonial to the Member for Lambton.

A movement is on foot among the friends of Mr. Alex. Mackenzie M. P. for Lambton, to offer for his acceptance some enduring testimonial of his twenty years' unwearied labors for the good government and solid advancement of our country. No man in Canada has ever earned more loyally the right to such a memorial of public gratitude. Since he became known to the public in the year 1849 as the editor of a Western journal, Mr. Mackenzie's time, talents and means have been almost entirely devoted to the public interests; and a member of the Legislature he has brought to bear on the conduct of public affairs an accurate knowledge of detail, an amount of patient and persevering labor, an honesty of purpose, a logical power in debate, and a statesmanlike grasp of mind on the great questions of the day, that have delighted his friends and astonished his opponents. In the midst of corruption he stands untouched by the taint of one unworthy act. With all the seduction of place and power open to his acceptance, if he would but swerve from the straight path—he has preferred to it all, the respect of his own conscience, the warm esteem of his friends, and the gratitude of the country—which, after eighteen years of abuse and detraction, he assuredly now possesses.

It is a joyful thing and a hopeful for the future of our Province, that a spontaneous desire should have sprung up all over the land to make some fitting acknowledgment to such a man of the debt the country owes him. It is well the youth of Canada should be taught that success in public life is not solely to be measured by the attainment and retention of official position; but that there may be a higher and quite as noble a success—in the solid, faithful service rendered to the State, that carries with it neither warrants on the Exchequer nor knightly distinctions, but that stamps its mark on the destinies of a great people.—*Globe.*

The New Fifty Cent Pieces.

The new fifty cent pieces have arrived, and, to a considerable amount, are getting into general circulation. The coin is of the same kind as those of smaller denominations, and has the same faults. The lie from which it was cast was very shallow; consequently the figures, leaves, and letters are but slightly raised, and will easily become indistinct when the coins have been long in use. On one side is a profile of her Majesty, surrounded by the motto, "*Victoria dei gratia Regina,*" underneath being the word "Canada." On the reverse is a wreath of maple leaves, surrounded by a crown, and in the centre, in large characters, "50 CENTS, 1870." The metal is of good quality, but the coin has been designed without taste, and executed with only average skill and finish, and is no credit to the mint whence it came. About half a dozen cases passed through London a few days ago *via* Grand Trunk to various banks in the western part of the Province. We believe the pieces were struck at the Soho Mint, near Birmingham, most of the silver having been obtained by smelting a quantity of American coin sent home for that purpose.

United States.

The coolies taken to work on a railroad in Texas, a short time since, have not been successful. After an ineffectual attempt to compete with the brawny sons of the Emerald Isle, they were compelled to give up and engage in cotton picking.

The proprietorship of that excellent and popular weekly paper, *Hearth and Home*, has been transferred from Messrs. Pettengill & Bates to Messrs. Orange Judd & Co., the publishers of the *American Agriculturist*. The change will in no way affect the latter.

A South Carolina paper, the Darlington *Democrat*, says:—"We have never known a more sickly season than the present. Bilious fever seems to have assumed an epidemic form. The cases generally are obstinate, and many of them fatal. The colored people, who were once considered comparatively exempt from fever, suffer most."

The Rev. Dr. Ormiston, late of Hamilton, was installed into his new charge at the Collegiate Church, Fifth avenue and 29th street, N. Y., on Sunday evening last.

It is said that Vanderbilt lost $50,000 on the great boat race.

A California woman took a big rattlesnake out of her baby's cradle with two canes, and dropped him into a kettle of boiling water, which took the bite out of him.

The Americans have commenced a war of extermination against the Indians of Arizona.

Women at the Polls.

[Cheyenne, W. T., (Sept. 7,) Correspondence of the Burlington (Iowa) Hawkeye.]

There is great rejoicing here to-day, mingled with "wailing and gnashing of teeth." Judge W. T. Jones, the Republican candidate for delegate to Congress, is elected by a majority of 160 votes. The Democrats carried the last election by a majority of 1400 votes.

The ladies very generally availed themselves of their newly acquired right of franchise. Even the fancy women here were out to a man. I believe I wrote you in my last that two ladies had been put upon the Republican ticket—one for County Clerk, and the other School Superintendent. Alas, for the degeneracy of the times! they shared the common fate of their associates. There were found men ungallant enough to run in opposition to them, and unchivalrous enough to accept of the victory over them. It was some consolation, however, to wounded sensitiveness to know that one of the ladies ran a whole length ahead of the other candidates on her own ticket, and came within ten votes of flooring her Democratic competitor. That was Mrs. Pickett, candidate for County Clerk. I suppose that, as the Republicans moved upon the enemy, they thought they must keep the Pickett in advance.

The ladies, with few exceptions, were brought to the polls in carriages and omnibuses, deposited their ballots, and immediately stopped in again and were driven home. One incident of the day was worth relating: The oldest women—perhaps the oldest person—in Cheyenne, 80 years of age, went to the polls and voted her first ballot. When she alighted from the buggy, the whole crowd surrounding the polls, Republicans and Democrats, took off their hats while she marched through and deposited her vote. When she turned to go away, rousing cheers were heard over several squares. She ll be likely to remember her first ballot while she lives.

The ladies didn't all vote one way, by any means. [illegible] voted the Republican ticket, but quite a sprinkling of them voted with the Democrats. It would seem a little ungrateful not to have done so. But both parties had rinnin out with buggies, from morning till sundown, gathering up all the ladies and females that could be found.

Of course we did not expect any improprieties on the part of the ladies. And it was at least a fine illustration of that respect and reverence which the men of America have for females, that not even a drunken rough was heard to offer an insult. This may have been partly owing to the fact that both parties were courting them. I might make some comments upon the manifest tendency of the thing, however, in this incipiency, that does not seem promising, but I forbear.

Merely Joking.

[Scottish American.]

New York rowdyism, being a free institution has passed into a new stage. Formerly some little motive of revenge was thought a proper prelude to maiming and murder. Or at all events it was considered quite in order to shoot or stab a man without a little preliminary altercation. But our neighbours improve as they grow older. Now human life is sacrificed in a spirit of pure hilarity. A party of gentlemen of the "loafer" persuasion will make a perambulation through a ward, and pistol publicans with a jovial freedom which would be absolutely charming but for inconvenient results to be pistoled. A boarding house keeper sits on his doorsteps in the cool of the evening with his family and his guests, warning, and one "empties his revolver" among the group with as much serenity as if he were simply leaving his card. A picnic is organized, and uninvited persons join it and "go in for a muss," carrying off the honors in triumph. A boat is gliding up the East River with sundry young ladies and their squires on board, and a couple of young men commence ball practice at them from the shore. And there are plenty more of such incidents which could be named, were our space illimitable. The prospect is encouraging, nay joyous. People in New York will soon have to revive the iron costumes of the middle ages, and go about with buckler and breastplate, hemlet and greaves—making in hot weather portable ovens of themselves; but what matter. This is a free country, and as for the man who talked about the crimes that are perpetrated in the name of liberty, he was only a poet, and of no account whatever, at least in practical New York.

The War

A NEW ITALIAN CABINET.

PARIS ENTIRELY SHUT IN.

ONE OF THE REDOUBTS CAPTURED.

REPORTED PRUSSIAN DEFEAT!

FAVRE'S INTERVIEW WITH BISMARCK.

METZ WELL PROVISIONED AND CANNOT BE TAKEN,

London, Sept. 21.—The German forces have occupied Nemours. It is said that Gen Werder threatens to utterly destroy Strasburg if it does not surrender. A dispatch from Mundelsheim states that on Tuesday lunette No 53 before the walls of Strasburg was taken by the landwehr notwithstanding a galling rifle fire.

The Free Masons in the German and French armies have given earnest evidence of brotherhood and humanity during the war.

PARIS ENTIRELY SHUT IN.

Paris is entirely shut in and all the avenues of communication cut off except via Berlin.

An official dispatch from the Prussian headquarters before Paris report that a redoubt with seven guns was captured by the German troops.

PRUSSIAN CAPTURES.

Another dispatch from the King to the Queen, dated Tuesday, says: "The French abandoned their position near Pierrefitte, north of Fort St Dennis. At the same time the Prusso-Bavarian corps was crossing the Seine near Villeneuve, attacked three divisions under command of Gen Vinoy, on the heights of Sceaux, and captured seven guns and many men. Fritz directed the movements. The weather is superb."

THE NEW ITALIAN CABINET.

The Papal organ in this city says: The following will be the Cabinet of Italy under new regime, according to reports circulating at Rome: Mazzini, President of the Council and Minister of Foreign Affairs; Carrolla, Minister of the Interior; Cernuschi, Minister of Finance; Fabrizi, Minister of War; Porta, Minister of Public Works; Ferrari, Minister of Education; Mancini Minister of Grace and Justice; Muzzi, Minister of Agriculture and Commerce; Garibaldi, Minister of Marine.

REPORTED PRUSSIAN DEFEATS.

Tours, Sept. 21.—The government has ordered troops in all parts of the country to converge on Paris. It is rumored that the Prussians have entered Orleans. The following dispatches have been received by the Ministry:

"Colmar, 20th.—The Department of Haut, Rhine, was completely evacuated by the German troops, and the drawings of conscription resumed. At Mulhausen all is quiet. The enemy return the population will be prepared to resist."

"Epinal 20th.—Toul has again been attacked, but the Prussians were repulsed and their guns dismounted."

"Gien, 20th.—It is reported that the Prussians investing Paris has been defeated in the plains of Mendon and Sevres with a heavy loss."

Toulon, Sept. 21.—Transports landed here to-day 6000 zouaves and 2000 *Chasseurs a Cheval.*

Vienna, Sept 21st.—The Emperor of Brazil is expected here soon.

OLOZAGA'S INSTRUCTIONS.

Madrid, Sept. 21.—It seems that Olozaga had been instructed to recognize the French Republic when Lord Lyons, the English Minister, did so; yet he acted without waiting for the latter's recognition.

Spanish towns on the Mediterranean coast are suffering from the vomito. The disease has not appeared here.

THE POPE HOISTS THE WHITE FLAG.

Villa Albani, Sept. 21.—The Italian troops entered Rome through the Porta Pia, firing on the mercenaries as they advanced. At last the Pope ordered the white flag to be hoisted and hostilities ceased. National forces then quietly occupied the city.

New York, Sept 21.—A special to the *Herald* from Berlin, says: The Crown Prince informed the Queen yesterday, by telegraph from Versailles, of the investment of Paris from Versailles to Vincennes, the French troops been driven back. The capture of an outwork with seven cannon was executed with little loss. A dispatch from the royal headquarters at Meaux, of the 20th, says: The complete investment of Paris was accomplish yesterday. The King reconnoitered to day the fortifications in the northern part of the city.

Johann Jacoby, leader of the Democratic party, has been imprisoned at Konigsberg by order of the Military authorities, for calling a meeting of partisans who drafted resolutions against the forcible annexation of French territory. The Democrats of Munich passed similar resolutions.

It is semi-officially announced that the further unity of Germany will shortly be secured by new political institutions.

FAVRE TO BE RECEIVED IN A PRIVATE CAPACITY.

A Special to the *Tribune* from London says: A correspondent, at Berlin telegraphs to-day: The American Minister on authority learns that Favre will be received in a private capacity only and he informed by Bismarck, that Germany must insist as a condition *sine qua non* of peace on the surrender of the forts on the Moselle and Rhine by which Germany was threatened and attacked.

IN ROME

The *Tribune's* special correspondent telegraphs from Florence that the Italians took quiet possession of Rome after disultory fighting, which was stopped by the Pope. There were many demonstrations of joy here. The multitude entered the belfry of the tower and forced the keeper to ring the great bell. The Italian troops had orders to use the least possible force in the event of resistance. The final policy of the government concerning the Pope is still distrusted by the left, who fear it will yield too much to the pressure of Catholic powers.

AMERICAN PROTECTION.

A special to the *Times* from London says: The United States government has given orders for an American vessel of war to remain in each of the principal French ports and give protection to American citizens and commerce. Col. Moore, of the American Legation at Paris, leaves London to-morrow for Tours, whence he will return to the French capital and come back to London in ten days.

M. Valdrome, late Minister of the Interior, while returning to his department with his family, under safe conduct from Gambetta was set upon by the populace in Aubervilliers, and again Ravan C'Ertap. He was very badly used and in danger of being killed.

Earthworks are being thrown up at the northern approaches to the city, and the defences on the other sides are being strengthened every hour.

An English civil engineer and chemist has invented a projectile for use on the walls of Paris against the Prussians. It is charged with petroleum and spreads a sheet of flame over a surface of from sixteen to twenty-four square yards. Two hundred workmen are actively engaged in manufacturing them.

ENGLISH APATHY.

A letter from Sir Henry Lytton Bulwer to the London *Times* reproaching the English Government for apathy in the cause of peace has produced a marked effect upon public sentiment here, the Ministry justly incurring reproach

I heard a curious statement to-day from a well known American gentleman just returned from Germany. He says the southern States are only using Prussia in war to eventually proclaim a republic The republican sentiment, he says, is general.

NO NEWS FROM FRANCE.

A special to the *World* from London, says: The British cabinet received no news whatever of the result of the interview between Favre and Bismarck. Silence badly interpreted here.

Dispatches from Tours announce that Vinoy's movement was reconnoissance and the object perfectly accomplishing.

The fighting was not severe except at Choisy le Roi, and Vinoy withdrew his troops in perfect order and unpursued. Tevas ascertained that the Crown Prince's headquarters is at Versailles, and that about 200,000 German troops are established south and east of Paris.

The King is at Versailles and constantly takes part in reconnoissances.

The Prussian requisitions on the people of Versailles are frightfully severe. Several houses there are protected by the American flag.

A French report admits the capture after Vinoy's withdrawal of a redoubt in front of the Ferme Napoleon by two German corps after an obstinate conflict. The guns taken were those of the redoubt, but no more than 300 or 400 prisoners were captured.

In the action on Monday a powerful French force under Generals Renault and Ducrot was posted on the heights above Clamart. The Prussians were throwing up earthworks at Abbon and advanced through the woods at Mendon.

A severe engagement took place at Fontenay in which the Prussians were finally repulsed with considerable loss. They still occupy the position at Abban. It is expected the first general battle will be fought on the ground of this action.

THE ITALIAN MOVEMENT.

ROME OCCUPIED.

RESISTANCE FORBIDDEN BY THE POPE.

FLORENCE, Sept. 21.

The city of Rome has been occupied by the Italian troops. There was no bloodshed. The Pope forbade any resistance. The Romans received the Italians with the greatest enthusiasm.

London, Sept. 21.—Despatches from Florence announce that the city is covered with flags in honour of the expected news of the occupation of Rome.

The *Tribune's* special correspondent telegraphs from Florence:—The Italian troops took quiet possession of Rome after some desultory fighting, which was stopped by the Pope. There were many demonstrations of joy here. The multitude entered the belfry of the Tower and forced the keeper to ring the great bell. The Italian troops had orders to use the least possible force in event of resistance. The final policy of the Government concerning the Pope is still distrusted by the Left, who fear it will yield too much to the pressure of the Catholic powers.

WHAT IS IN THE BEDROOM.—The importance of ventilating bedrooms is a fact to which every body is vitally interested, and which few properly appreciate. If two men are to occupy a bedroom during a night, let them step upon weighing-scales as they retire, and then again in the morning, and they will find that their actual weight is at least a pound less in the morning. Frequently there will be a loss of two or more pounds, and the average loss throughout the year will be more than one pound; that is, during the night there is a loss of a pound of matter, which has gone off from their bodies, partly from the lungs, and partly through the pores of the skin. The escaped material is noxious and decayed animal matter, of poisonous exhalations.

ALWAYS be good-natured if you can. A few drops of oil will do more to facilitate the movement of the most stubborn machinery than rivers of vinegar.