Poetry.

THE MUSIC OF THE SEA.

The gray unresting sea,
Adown the bright and belting shore,
Breaking in untold melody,
Makes music evermore.

Centuries of vanished time,
Since the glad earth's primæval morn,
Have heard the grand unpausing chime,
Momently new-born.

Like as in cloistered piles,
Rich bursts of massive sounds upswell,
Ringing along dim-lighted aisles
With spirit-trancing spell;

So on the surf-white strand
Chants of deep peal the sea-waves raise,
Like voices from a viewless land,
Hymning a hymn of praise.

By times, in thunder notes,
The booming billows shoreward surge;
By times, a silver laugh infloats;
By times, a low soft dirge.

Souls more ennobled grow,
Listing on the worldless anthem rise;
Discords are drowned in the great flow
Of Nature's harmonies

Men change, and "cease to be,"
And empires rise and grow and fall;
But the weird music of the sea
Lives, and outlives them all.

That mystic song shall last
Till time itself no more shall be;
Till seas and shores away have pass'd,
Lost in eternity.

—*On ce a week.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

A TERRIBLE BEDFELLOW.

I looked at my neighbor with considerable curiosity. His face indicated a man of not over thirty years—a period at which men are still young—but his hair was as white as fresh fallen snow. One seldom sees, even on the heads of the oldest men, hair of such immaculate whiteness. He sat by my side in a car of the Great Western Railroad, in Canada, and was looking out of the window. Suddenly turning his head, he caught me in the act of staring at him—a rudeness of which I was ashamed. I was about to say words of apology when he quietly remarked:—"Don't mention it, sir. I'm used to it." The frankness of this observation pleased me, and in a very little while we were conversing on terms of familiar acquaintanceship, and before long he told me the whole story. "I was a soldier in the army of India," said he, "and, as is often the case with the soldiers, I was a little too fond of liquor. One day I got drunk, and was shut up in the black hole for it. I slumped down upon the floor of the dungeon, and I was just dropping off to sleep, when I felt a cold, slimy shape crawling across my right hand as it lay stretched out above my head on the floor. I knew at once what it was—a snake! Of course my first impulse was to draw away my hand; but knowing that if I did so the poisonous reptile would probably strike its fangs into me, I lay still, with my heart beating in my breast like a trip hammer. Of course my fright sobered me instantly. I realized all my peril in its fullest extent. Oh, how I lamented the hour I first touched liquor! In every glass of liquor there is a serpent; but it does not come to everybody in the shape that it did to me.—With a slow, undulating motion the reptile dragged its carcass across my face, inch by inch, and crept down over my breast, and thrust its head inside my jacket. As I felt the hideous scraping of the slimy body over my cheeks it was only by a most tremendous effort that I succeeded in restraining myself from yelling loudly with mingled terror and disgust. At last I felt the tail wriggling down toward my chin; but imagine what I felt at my heart, if you can imagine it, as I realized that the dreadful creature had coiled itself up under my jacket as I lay, and had seemingly gone to sleep, for it was still as death. Evidently it had no idea that I was a human creature; if it had it would not have acted in that way. All snakes are cowardly, and they will not approach a man unless to strike him in self-defence.

Three hours I lay with that dreadful weight in my bosom, and each minute was like an hour to me—like a year. I seemed to have lived a lifetime in that brief space. Every incident of my life passed through my memory in rapid succession, as they say is the case with a drowning man. I thought of my mother in old England; my happy home by the Avon; my Mary, the girl I loved, and never expected to see them more. For no matter how long I bore this, I felt that it must end in death itself. I lay as rigid as a corpse, scarcely daring even to breathe, and all the while my breast was growing colder and colder, where the snake was lying against it, with nothing but a thin cotton shirt between my skin and its. I knew that if I stirred it would strike, but I could not bear this much longer. Even if I succeeded in lying still until the guard came, I expected his opening the door and coming in would be my death warrant all the same; for no doubt the reptile would see that I was a man as soon as the light was let in at the door. At last I heard footsteps approaching. There was a rattling at the lock. It was the guard. He opened the door. The snake—a cobra di cabella I now saw—darted up its huge hooded head, with the hideous rings around its eyes, as if about to strike. I shut my eyes and murmured a prayer. Then it glided away with swift motion and disappeared in the darkness. I staggered to my feet and fell swooning in the arms of the guard. For weeks after I was very sick, and when I was able to be about I found my hair as white as you now see it. I have not touched a drop of liquor since.

To-day is being observed as a general holiday. We cannot say there is any rejoicing, nor is there any lamentation. A remarkable dullness is the only characteristic worthy of mention. Flags of different kinds are displayed on flagstaffs. Some exhibit the Union Jack of England properly unfolded. Others show it reversed, but we would fain hope and believe that this is the result more of ignorance than of design. A number of American ensigns were also exhibited. Salutes were fired at 4 o'clock by Fleming & Humbert's men, and by one of the batteries of Volunteer Artillery. Other guns were fired at 9 and 10 o'clock at Carleton and at places on this side of the harbor. There did not appear to be any order or regularity in those salutes. Some 21 guns, some 6, some other numbers, and some, when they came to ram home their cartridges, found they were too large for their guns. The system of bungling appeared to be complete. We have no desire to ridicule the celebrations of the day, as they might be ridiculed; but for the sake of the people who closed their business with the intention of enjoying a holiday, it is to be regretted that some arrangement for their enjoyment had not been made. To be sure, the troops in garrison were paraded at 11 o'clock; and this we might say was the only feature of the day worthy of notice. The turn-out of the Calithumians or Polymorphians at early dawn, was a failure both in number and costume.

The railway trains were well patronized, but the *Empress* took some hundreds on the pleasure trip to Digby. Large numbers went on fishing tours; but the great bulk of the people lounged listlessly through the streets, without any apparent object in life, and, as "idleness is the mother of mischief," these, or many of them, brought up in some tavern or drinking house.

As we mentioned some days ago, the declaration of a holiday was injudicious and illtimed in every respect, and cannot be justified by any system of of reasoning.—*St John Globe, July* 1.

PERSONAL.—Many of our readers will remember the singular marriage of Lady Florence Paget, a few years ago, which caused so much gossip in London and in the newspapers. The lady, the youngest daughter of the impecunious Marquis of Anglesey, was betrothed to Mr Chaplin, a business man of plain features and of low birth, but great wealth, and the engagement, if not particularly agreeable to the young lady, was very convenient to her father and brothers, who borrowed money frequently of her *financee*. All seemed going on smoothly toward the wedding day, until the young lady leaving home on a shopping expedition for procuring a portion of her trousseau, entered a store in Regent Street, leaving her carriage and footman at the door, and left the store by another door in Piccadilly, where she was met by the Marquis of Hastings, and was forthwith married to him, without warning to either the jilted commoner or her own exasperated relatives. Thus far the story is an old one. But on the recent Derby day, the horse Hermit which so unexpectedly won the race, was the property of this same discarded plebeian, Mr Chaplin. This gentleman's winnings by the event would amount to nearly a million of dollars in our currency; and by a singular freak of poetic justice, the largest loser is the identical Marquis of Hastings who cheated Mr Chaplin of his love, and who is made a poor man by the Derby, the result of which so much overwhelmed him, that he almost fell from his drag when the numbers were announced. Many an interesting novel has been constructed on a less symmetrical framework of imaginary incidents than the actual events we have summarized.

PARISIAN SPLENDOUR.

The newspaper correspondents of half the world, now congregated at Paris, have been smothered with splendour, as Clarence was drowned in the butt of Malmsy. The grand ball given at the Hotel de Ville, by the Prefect of the Seine, has overpowered them, by defying description. The magnitude and elegance of the affair well nigh pass relation; but a few waifs of interest can be gathered from the inundation of glory. Statistics are barren, but there is no other way of touching the subject. Were the cost of Aladdin's spirit-built palace to be stated in round numbers, it would assist the imagination but little. No more satisfactory is it to know that Haussman, the magnificent Prefect of the Seine, expended nine hundred thousand francs ($180,000) upon this one night's festivities. It is better to know that 70,000 wax candles were burning or that six thousand gorgeous mortals caused mutual unhappiness and enjoyed common glory in the crash which took place within the illuminated palace. The Hotel de Ville, or City Hall, of Paris, a grand and grandly spacious building, was transformed for the time into the most magnificent of spectacles, both within and without. The saloons of the Hall—of which the largest is 160 feet long, all of which, if placed in a line, would extend three quarters of a mile—together with the staircases, courts and passages, were transformed into conservatories, while the grand architecture of the building blossomed with a profusion of plants, rich with the hues and scents of the sunny lands beyond the Appenines. From the blazing and glittering ball room one could slip into a gallery where the mellow light of colored lamps and Chinese lanterns shone through a grove of trees and flowers, stretching away in a delicious silence, coolness and fragrance. The great halls were devoted to dancing, each with its orchestra concealed in a gallery of foliage which trembled with the rush of musical sound. In another hall the sovereigns' supper table was set, with covers for fifty, radiant with flowers, plate, lights and ornaments. Cascades and fountains flashed everywhere, blending their trinkling with the strains of the two hundred and fifty musicians. And here six hundred people, happy in their success—for thirty five thousand applied for admisssion—danced, crushed, stood on chairs, and crowded pertinaciously and maliciously to see the entrance of the sovereigns, and experienced a sensation that will never come again in this life, and we trust not in any sphere of future existence. Not until 2 o'clock did the Emperor make his appearance, dressed like every one else in the room, in black dress coat, black breeches, silk stockings and shoes, wearing a broad ribbon across the chest and an order around the neck. Soon after, the Czar of Russia led the way with the Empress, who was dressed in white, with a red ribbon across her breast, and a wreath of diamonds flashing in her hair; then came the Emperor Napoleon and the Princess Clothilde; afterward the brother of Taicoon (looking like a small chimney ornament) and the Prince of Prussia. The King of Prussia awaited the train in the principal hall, where he was received with cordiality by his royal brothers—Count Bismarck was present, but he did not seem to take much pleasure in what was going on. "Indeed," says one correspondent, "everyone was present. All the people that you have read about for years were there." In all its experience of royal extravagance and hospitality, Paris has never witnessed such magnificence put forth for a single entertainment. The great ball in honor of Louis XII. and Anne of Austria, when Paris, with a mighty effort produced 300 oil lamps and four and twenty fiddlers to give their highnesses pleasure; the reception of Queen Victoria, when 60,000f. were expended for flowers alone—all these traditional glories were fairly eclipsed by the munificence of Baron Haussman. And this is announced a first of a series. But disenchantment came at last, when royalty had departed, and the Sunday sun shone bright upon the wearied dancers. The last carriage did not drive away until 7 o'clock. Many dropped in picturesque confusion on the floor, some fell asleep on the staircases, and, bedraggled and worn, awaited the arrival of their vehicles. Such was the greatest ball of Paris.

UNDER ROYAL PATRONAGE

THE "WAVERLY HOUSE,"
78, King St., - - - - St. John, N. B

THIS HOUSE HAS BEEN PATRONIZED BY
H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES,
H. R. H. PRINCE ALFRED.
By all the British American Governors, and by the English Nobility and Gentry, as well as by the most distinguished Americans, whom business or pleasure may have brought to St. John, who have joined in pronouncing it
THE FAVORI TE HOUSE OF THE PROVINCE.

☞ The Proprietor, thankful for past favors, would respectfully intimate to the travelling Public that he will spare no pains or expense to render the House still further deserving their patronage.—Every attention paid to the comfort of guests.

JOHN GUTHRIE, Proprietor.
St. John, N. B., Oct. 31, 1866.

FOR SALE.

BY the Subscriber. Cheap for Cash, or approved credit
100 bbls. No. 1 HERRING,
50 " " 2 "
100 " HAKE,
20 qtls. CODFISH,
100 galls. " OIL.
JAS. IRVING.
Cherry Valley, Feb. 20, 1867. if

CHARLES QUIRK,
MANUFACTURER OF
SQUARE ROD,
GNT'S BRIGHT
AND
NATURAL LEAF
GOOD SMOKING TOBACCO,
QUEEN STREET.
Charlottetown - - - P. E. I.
January 16, 1867. 1y

Flour! Herring!

THE Subscriber has on hand, and will sell CHEAP FOR CASH, at his store, corner of Prince and Grafton Streets,
200 BBLS. FLOUR!
Warranted as good as any on the Island.
150 bbls. Prime Herring.
☞ Call and judge for yourselves.
JOHN QUIRK.
Charlottetown Feb. 6 1867. tf.

FLOUR, TEA SUGAR MOLASSES, GIN AND RUM, &c. &c.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS IN STORE AND FOR SALE—
11 Hhds. Bright Porto Rico SUGAR;
25 Puns. Bright Retailing MOLASSES;
80 Puns. Demerara RUM, pale & colored;
150 Chests Superior Congou TEA;
25 Hhds. Holland GIN;
500 Bbls. Superior Extra FLOUR;
80 Boxes Liverpool SOAP;
140 Bundles White Cotton WARP;
Hhds. and Qtr. Casks Pale BRANDY;
Hhds. Port and Sherry WINE.
OWEN CONNOLLY.
Charlottetown, 27th Feb., 1867.

BRITISH PERIODICALS.

The London Quarterly Review, (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review, (Whig.)
The Westminster Review, (Radical.)
The North British Review, (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine, (Tory.)

THESE foreign periodicals are regularly republished by us in the same style as heretofore. Those who know them and who have long subscribed to them, need no reminder; those whom the civil war of the last few years has deprived of their once welcome supply of the best periodical literature, will be glad to have them again within their reach; and those who may never yet have met with them, will assuredly be well pleased to receive accredited reports of the progress of European science and literature.

TERMS FOR 1867:

	per annum.
For any one of the Reviews,	$4.00
For any two of the Reviews,	7.00
For any three of the Reviews,	10.00
For all four of the Reviews,	12.00
For Blackwood's Magazine,	4.00
For Blackwood and one Review,	7.00
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews,	10.00
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews,	13.00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	15.00

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When sent by mail, the POSTAGE to any part of the United States will be but **Twenty-four Cents** a year for "Blackwood," and but **Eight Cents** a year for each of the Reviews.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1866, inclusive; the "Edinburgh" and the "Westminster" from April, 1864, to December, 1866, inclusive, and the "London Quarterly" for the years 1865 and 1866, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also Blackwood for 1866, for $2.50.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING CO.
38 *Walker Street, New York.*

L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the
FARMER'S GUIDE,
By HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols. Royal Octavo, 1600 pages and numerous Engravings.
PRICE $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $6.

R. REDDIN,
Attorney and Barrister at Law,
CONVEYANCER, &c.,
Office---Great George-St., Charlottetown,
(Near the Catholic Cathedral.)
August 22, 1866. E tf

NORTH AMERICAN HOTEL,
KENT-STREET, - - - CHARLOTTETOWN
THIS HOTEL, formerly known as the "GLOBE HOTEL," is the largest in the City, and centrally situated; it is now opened for the reception of permanent and transient Boarders. The subscriber trusts, by strict attention to the wants and comfort of his friends and the public generally, to merit a share of public patronage.
☞ The BEST OF LIQUORS always on hand. Good stabling for any number of horses, with a careful hostler in attendance.
JOHN MURPHY, Proprietor.
Charlottetown, P. E. I
Nov. 25, 1862.

A FINE CHANCE FOR SPECULATORS
—AND—
ENTERPRISING MEN!

THE unersigned has been instructed by the Owners to offer for SALE, or to RENT, several valuable FREEHOLD and LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES, and FARMS, in BELFAST and other parts of the Island, in good cultivation well wooded, and possessing other advantages; and for which good and valid titles, and immediate possession can be given

Also, four LOTS, being the residue of thirteen Building Lots, (the other nine having been sold the present Season in) that most advantageous mercantile situation known as "SUMMER HILL," adjoining MONTAGUE BRIDGE, ten miles from Georgetown, where close to 150,000 bushels of Produce are annually shipped, and nearly all paid or in Cash, Americans and other speculators purchase here and ship for Great Britain, the United States, &c.

A number of Stores, Wharfs, a Meeting House, Post Office, and Temperance Society have been established for some time; with many Grist and Saw and Cloth Mills in the vicinity; where also any quantity of all kinds lumber can be had in trade at low rates. "SUMMER HILL is" the only *Freehold Property* for sale in the place which renders it most desirable for the above class of artizans now so much wanted in this rising town.

A STORE and DWELLING on it, capable of holding 15,000 bushels produce, with a double Wharf and site for a Lime Kiln, will be sold or leased on reasonable terms.

Plans, particulars or any other information can be obtained by calling at the office of Messrs. BALL & SON, Land Surveyors, Charlottetown. Reference can also be had from W. SANDERSON, F. P. NORTON, THOS. ANHEAR, Georgetown; JAS. BRODERICK, Campbelton, Lot 4; F. W. HUGHES, *Examiner* Office, Charlottetown, and to the subscriber at Orwell, who is also Agent for the sale of **Manny's Mowing Machine**, the celebrated Yarmouth COOKING STOVE, and also for the Fulling Mills of Messrs. BOURKE, Mill View, the Honble. JAS. McLAREN, New Perth, FINLAY W. McDONALD, Pinette; where CLOTH is received and returned with despatch.

RICHARD J. CLARKE.
Orwell Store, Aug. 10, 1864. E I

West India House.
Upper Great George Street.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale, at his Store, the following, viz:
11 Hhds. Strong Demerara SPIRITS,
Hhds. Holland GIN,
Casks Port and Sherry Wine,
Casks Hennessey's Dark & Pale BRANDY,
Casks Scotch Whiskey (Prime)
Casks Irish WHISKEY.
50 Doz. Edinburgh ALE, 6 Cases CHAMPAGNE
40 " Blood's x x x Porter,
Cases CLARET,
40 boxes RAISINS, 3 Bbls CURRANTS.
25½ do RAISINS, Bags RICE,
60 do FIGS Bags PEPPER,
Chests superior TEA,
Bbls Crushed SUGAR, Casks Washing SODA,
Hhds and Bbls. P. R. Hhds and Bbls P. R.
MOLASSES, SUGAR,
6 Bbls Kerosene OIL, 6 Bbls. Red ONIONS.
20 Doz. Am. BROOMS, 20 Doz. Am. BUCKETS.
—ALSO—
A large stock of Spices, Pickles, Fruit, &c., &c., suitable for the season.
The above articles are of the very best description, and will be sold cheap for Cash.
LEMUEL McKAY.
Charlottetown, Dec. 17, 1866.

CHARLOTTETOWN MUTUAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
WILLIAM BROWN, Esq., President.
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Risks taken Daily
Office hours from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.
H. PALMER, Secretary.
Mutual Fire Insurance Office, Kent St.,
Charlottetown, 1st Feb., 1867. } y

Ex JANE, from Halifax, N S
60 Puncheons MOLASSES,
10 Hhds. bright SUGAR.
For sale by—
OWEN CONNOLLY
Charlottetown. September 19, 1866.

Peterson's Familiar Science
A BOOK FOR EVERYBODY

THIS Work, which is intended for the use of Families and Schools, contains a vast fund of useful information in the form of answers to 2,000 questions on every conceivable subject, and is written in language so plain as to be understood by all. Teachers, and Pupils preparing themselves for the profession of school-teaching, as well as for any competitive examination, could not have a more useful boook.
For sale by E. REILLY.
Herald Office, Kent Street, Dec.

CHILDREN TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW,
An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers, her
Soothing Syrup,
For Children Teething,
which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain and spasmodic action, and is
SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.
Dependupon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourself, and
RELIEF AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS
We have put up and sold this article for over thirty years and can say with confidence and truth of it, which we have never been able to say of any other medicine—never has it failed, in a single instance, to effect a cure, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of highest commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "what we do know," after thirty years' experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.
This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skilful nurses in New England, and has been used with never failing success in
THOUSANDS OF CASES.
It not only relieves the child from pain but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve
GRIPING IN THE BOWELS, AND WIND COLIC
and overcome convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied end in death. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the forgoing complaints—do not let your prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be sure—yes, absolutely sure—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.
Sold by druggists throughout the world.
Principal Office, No. 48 Dey Street, New York.
Price, only 35 cents per Bottle.
Oct. 6. 1866. 1y

JOHN BELL,
MANUFACTURER OF CLOTHING
IN all its branches, thankful to his Friends and the Patrons for past favors, begs leave to inform them and the public generally, that he is still to be found at his
OLD STAND,
Queen Street,
and is prepared to make up all kinds of garments entrusted to him in the latest style and improvement of fashion.
Terms Cash.
☞ Entrance at side Door.
Queen Street, July 18, 1866.

ALL CURES MADE EASY
BY
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Bad Legs, Ulcerous Sores, Bad Breasts, and Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst case readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this medicinal antis applied; sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested and a complete and permanent cure quickly follow the use of the ointment.

Piles, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammation

These diseasing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighboring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed. A poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed time with advantage; the most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintances whom it may concern, they will render a service that will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout and Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected, even under the worst circumstance, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm, and other Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, the utmost relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained in all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that nearly all skin diseases indicate the depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach, consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will readily be improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before, and which should be promoted; perseverance is necessary.

Sore Throats, Diptheria, Quinsey, Mumps and all other Derangements of the Throat

On the appearance of any of these maladies the Ointment should be well rubbed at least three times a day upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as oil is forced into meat: this course will at once remove inflammation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment by following the printed directions.

Scrofula or King's Evil and Swelling of the Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more affectable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure, liver, stomach and bowels being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs	Chilblains	Fistulas	Skin-diseases
Bad Breasts	Chiego-foot	Gout	Sore-nipples
Burns	Chapped Hands	Glandular	Sore-throats
Bunions	Corns (Soft)	swellings	Scurvy
Bites of Mosquitoes and	Cancers	Lumbago	Sore-heads
	Contracted and	Piles	Tumors
Sand-flies	Stiff Joints	Rheumatism	Ulcers
Coco-bay	Elephantiasis	Scalds	Yaws Wounds

Sold at the Establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 224 Strand, (new Temple Bar,) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the civilised world, at the ollowing prices:—1s 1½., 2s. 9., 4s. 6., 11s6 22s., and 33s. each Pot.
*** There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.
N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder affixed to each box.
August 7, 1863.

FLAX SEED!
7s. 6d. per Bushel.

THE SEED imported by the Government of Prince Edward Island last year, is now on Sale at the Royal Agricultural Society's Store, and, to encourage the growth of Flax, is offered at the low price of 7s. 6d. per bushel.
Charlottetown, May 15, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

NOTICE is HEREBY GIVEN, that a single WHITE LIGHT will be SHEWN on the PENINSULA in the BAY of GASPE, during the season of the NAVIGATION, to serve as a GUIDE to VESSELS passing the NARROW CHANNEL between Sandy Beach and the main land opposite.

The Light will stand at a height of forty feet above the level of the sea.

Cape Gaspe bearing S. E. by S. half S.
Cape Haldimand, South. } By Compass.
Cape Basin, W. half S.

By order of the Board,
E. B LINDSAY, Cl. T. Ho. Q.
Trinity House, 15th May, 1867. 4i

Butler's Rosmary Hair Cleaner.

AN elegant preparation for the Toilet and Nursery possessing, in the highest degree, the property of removing Scurf and Dandruff from the Head, and by it invigorating qualities increasing the growth of the Hair.
W. R. WATSON.
City Drug Store, Nov. 23, 1861.

FOR SALE.

I HAVE for Sale—
1 HORSE, 6 years old, Black Hawk breed, 15 hands high, good Roadster, no faults.
1 Pony, 14 hands, M'Innis's Breed—fast trotter, 4 years old.
1 Express Waggon and Harness,—1 Single Waggon, new.
200 Cedar Posts.
30 Tons Pictou large COAL.
30 " small "
Terms Cash, or approved Notes of Hand. Time to suit purchasers.
JOHN P. IRVING.
Ch'town, May 1, 1867. P I tf

VOL. III.

THE HERALD
AND PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY
BY
EDWARD REILLY
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR
at his Office, Queen Street

TERMS FOR THE "HERALD"
For 1 year, paid in advance,
" " " half-yearly in advance

Advertisements inserted at the usual rates.

JOB PRINTING
Every description, performed with neatness and on moderate terms, at the HERALD Office.

ALMANACK FOR J

MOON'S PHASES.

New Moon, 1st day, 5h. 36m, eve
First Quarter, 8th day, 1h. 19m., ev
Full Moon, 16th day, 3h. 44m., ev
Last Quarter, 24th day, 10h. 20m.,
New Moon, 31st day, 0h. 31m., m

DAY OF MONTH.	DAY OF WEEK.	SUN rises	SUN sets	Hi
		h m	h m	
1	Monday	4 18	7 49	10
2	Tuesday	19	49	11
3	Wednesday	20	49	mo
4	Thursday	21	48	0
5	Friday	21	48	1
6	Saturday	21	48	2
7	Sunday	22	48	2
8	Monday	23	48	3
9	Tuesday	24	47	4
10	Wednesday	24	47	5
11	Thursday	25	46	6
12	Friday	26	46	7
13	Saturday	27	45	8
14	Sunday	28	44	9
15	Monday	29	44	9
16	Tuesday	30	43	10
17	Wednesday	31	42	11
18	Thursday	32	41	1
19	Friday	33	40	e
20	Saturday	34	39	
21	Sunday	35	38	
22	Monday	36	37	
23	Tuesday	37	36	
24	Wednesday	38	35	
25	Thursday	39	34	
26	Friday	4 40	33	
27	Saturday	41	32	
28	Sunday	42	31	
29	Monday	44	29	
30	Tuesday	45	28	
31	Wednesday	46	27	

Prices Curr

CHARLOTTETOW

Provisions.

f. (small) per lb.,
by the quarter,
k, (carcass)
(small)
tton, per lb.,
per lb,
d, per lb,
m, per lb.,
tter, (fresh)
o by the tub,
ese, per lb.,
low, per lb.,
d, per lb.,
our, per lb.,
meal, per 100 lbs.,
gs, per dozen,

Grain.

Barley, per bushel,
Oats per do.,

Vegetables.

Peas, per quart,
Potatoes, per bushel,

Poultry.

Geese,
Turkeys, each,
Fowls, each,
Chickens per pair,
Ducks,

Fish.

Codfish, per qtl.,
Herrings, per barrel,
Mackerel, per dozen,

Lumber.

Boards (Hemlock)
Do (Spruce)
Do (Pine)
Shingles, per M,

Sundries.

Hay, per ton,
Straw, per ton
Timothy Seed,
Clover Seed, per lb.,
Homespun, per yard,
Calfskins, per lb.,
Hides, per lb.,
Wool,
Sheepskins,
Apples, per doz.,
Partridges,

GEORGE LE

Fishermen's

THE SUBSCRIBER is prepared to FISHERMEN, at reasonable p necessary to prosecute all the differ carried on about Prince Edward Is waters, such as
Salt,
Barrels,
Pogies,
Clams,
Mackerel Hooks,
Cod do
Mackerel Lines,
Cod do
Mackerel Jigs,
Cod Leads,
Cotton Duck,
Do Sail Twine,
Bait Knives,
Splitting Knives,
Jig Rasps,
Bait Heavers,
Clam Choppers,
Oil Clothes,
Sou'Westers,
He also possesses excellent faciliti PACKING MACKEREL and o
Charlottetown, May 22, 1867.