

HONEST, INDEPENDENT, FEARLESS.
WOLFVILLE, KINGS CO., N. S., FRIDAY, JUNE 13, 1913. NO. 38

THE ACADIAN.

Published every Friday morning by the Proprietors,
DAVISON BROS.,
WOLFVILLE, N. S.
Subscription price is \$1.00 a year in advance. It sent to the United States, \$1.50.
Every communication from all parts of the country, or articles upon the topics of the day, are cordially solicited.

ADVERTISING RATES.
\$1.00 per square (10 inches) for first insertion, 50 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Contract rates for yearly advertisements furnished upon application.
Business notices for one line first insertion, two and a half cents per line for each subsequent insertion.
Rates.
Copy for new advertisements will be received up to 10:30 a.m. Copy for changes in contract advertisements must be in the office by Wednesday noon.
Advertisements in which the number of insertions is not specified will be continued and charged for until otherwise ordered.
This paper is mailed regularly to subscribers until a definite order to discontinue is received and all arrears are paid in full.
Job printing is executed at this office in the latest styles and at moderate prices.
All postmasters and news agents are authorized agents of the ACADIAN for the purpose of receiving subscriptions, but receipts for same are only given from the office of publication.

TOWN OF WOLFVILLE.
J. D. CHAMBERS, Mayor.
A. F. COLWELL, Town Clerk.
Office Hours: 9:00 to 12:30 a. m., 1:30 to 5:00 p. m.
Close on Saturday at 12 o'clock.
POST OFFICE, WOLFVILLE.
Office Hours, 8:00 a. m. to 8:00 p. m. On Saturdays open until 8:30 P. M. Mails are made up as follows:
For Halifax and Windsor close at 6:00 a. m.
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E. S. CHAWLEY, Post Master.

CHURCHES.
Baptist Church—Rev. E. D. Webber, Pastor. Services: Sunday, Public Worship at 11:00 a. m. and 7:00 p. m. Sunday School at 9:30 p. m. Mid-week prayer meetings on Wednesdays, 7:30 p. m. Social and Benevolent Society meets the third Thursday of each month at 8:30 p. m. The Mission Band meets on the second and fourth Thursdays of each month at 8:45 p. m. All seats free. A cordial welcome is extended to all.

Methodist Church—Rev. E. D. Webber, Pastor. Services: Sunday, Public Worship at 11:00 a. m. and 7:00 p. m. Sunday School at 9:30 p. m. Mid-week prayer meetings on Wednesdays, 7:30 p. m. Social and Benevolent Society meets the third Thursday of each month at 8:30 p. m. The Mission Band meets on the second and fourth Thursdays of each month at 8:45 p. m. All seats free. A cordial welcome is extended to all.

Presbyterian Church—Rev. E. D. Webber, Pastor. Services: Sunday, Public Worship at 11:00 a. m. and 7:00 p. m. Sunday School at 9:30 p. m. Mid-week prayer meetings on Wednesdays, 7:30 p. m. Social and Benevolent Society meets the third Thursday of each month at 8:30 p. m. The Mission Band meets on the second and fourth Thursdays of each month at 8:45 p. m. All seats free. A cordial welcome is extended to all.

St. John's Parish Church, of Honor. Services: Holy Communion every Sunday, 9 a. m.; first and third Sundays at 11 a. m.; Mass every Sunday, 11 a. m.; Benediction every Sunday, 11 a. m.; Benediction, 7:30 p. m.; Special services for the living and the dead by invitation on Wednesdays, 7:30 p. m.; Superintendents and teachers of Bible Class, the Pastor. All seats free. Strangers heartily welcomed.

St. George's Church, of St. George. Services: Holy Communion every Sunday, 9 a. m.; first and third Sundays at 11 a. m.; Mass every Sunday, 11 a. m.; Benediction every Sunday, 11 a. m.; Benediction, 7:30 p. m.; Special services for the living and the dead by invitation on Wednesdays, 7:30 p. m.; Superintendents and teachers of Bible Class, the Pastor. All seats free. Strangers heartily welcomed.

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Professional Cards.

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Dr. A. J. McKenna
Graduate of Philadelphia Dental College
Office in McKenna Block, Wolfville.
Telephone No. 43.
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HARNESSES
If You Ride Horseback,
or drive in a carriage, see before you make a start that the Trappers' are in good order.
Repairs executed promptly. All work well done and highly satisfactory.
We carry a full line of Harness Dressing, Arla (Treats), Whips, etc.
Also Buckles, Staps, Rivets, Pundies. You'll not find our prices too high.

Wm. Regan,
HARNESSE-MAKER.
Minard's Liniment for sale every where.

Wireless in Canada.

At Le Pas, Manitoba, the southern terminus of the Hudson Bay railway, there will soon be erected the second largest wireless station in Canada. It will include four 250-foot steel towers and will cost about \$100,000. Plans are under discussion for establishing several wireless stations in the far Northwest; viz. from Athabasca Landing up the Mackenzie River to Herschel Island, in the Arctic Ocean, and from there to Rampart House, in the Yukon. Installations would be valuable for military and commercial purposes, and would also be serviceable to the Northwest mounted police.

Take Plenty of Time to Eat.

There is a saying that "rapid eating is slow suicide." If you have formed the habit of eating too rapidly you are most likely suffering from indigestion or constipation, which will result eventually in various illness unless corrected. Digestion begins in the mouth. Food should be thoroughly masticated and insalivated. Then when you have a fullness of the stomach or feel dull and stupid after eating, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets. Many severe cases of stomach trouble and constipation have been cured by the use of these tablets. They act slowly to take and most agreeable in effect. Sold by all dealers.

It is hopeful for the British Empire that the drift of emigration from England is increasing toward the colonies. As to this same interesting subject, figures were given the other day by Mr. Harcourt in the House of Commons. In 1905, of 129,000 emigrants, 77,000, or more than half, went to foreign countries. Last year, of 308,000 emigrants, 220,000, or about 72 per cent, went to the British Empire. Only about one in six of those leaving the country are lost to the flag.

"A polite man is one who listens with interest to things he knows all about, when they are told him by a person who knows nothing about them."—Duc de Morny.

Sore Feet.

Are your feet hot, sore and blistered? If so, try Zam-Buk. Zam-Buk is applied to the soles of the feet and soothes injured smarting skin and tissue. Its rich, refined, herbal essences penetrate the skin; its antiseptic properties prevent all danger of festering or inflammation from cuts or sores; and its healing essences build up new healthy tissues. For stings, rashes, cuts, burns, bruises, etc.—just as effective. Mothers find it invaluable for baby's sores!
All Druggists and Grocers sell it.



Zam-Buk

The Road to Youth.

Since I resolved to look for joy in all created things, To turn my back on what annoys, And banish all annoyances, To look upon my neighbor as A man who means me well, And let the cloud that looms pass All heedless of its spell; To seek the brighter side of all That comes about my way, And every morning to recall Some happy bygone day, To thrust from out my heart and mind All evil thoughts and passions, And everywhere I glance to find Some beauty in the scene, I find that though my days increase, My heart grows younger every year, And holds me close to youth. —JAMES KENNEDY BROWN.

San Jose Scale Inspection in Nova Scotia.

During the past year (1912) a fairly careful inspection was made of the 1910, '11 and '12 plantings of fruit trees in the Annapolis Valley for San Jose Scale. This inspection was the result of the discovery of this serious pest early in the season by Mr. G. E. Sanders, Expert, Division of Entomology, Ottawa. Through the kindness of Dr. C. Gordon Hewitt, Dominion Entomologist, Mr. Sanders took charge of the field work and a very careful inspection was made of the more recent plantings. A summary of the results of this inspection shows that some 150,000 trees were examined and out of this number 735 were destroyed on account of the presence of living San Jose Scale. Though all these trees had been supposedly fumigated with hydrocyanic acid gas, a very poisonous gas, before shipment from the nurseries, yet a comparatively large number bore living scales. On hundreds of the trees the scale was present but on closer inspection was found to be dead. The inspection reported that from 25 per cent. to 30 per cent. of the trees recently imported from San Jose Scale, either living or dead. On account of this high percentage and of the danger from the presence of this very serious fruit pest it has been decided to make a very thorough second inspection of the entire tract belt during the coming season. Other portions of the province will also be inspected as far as time permits. Any person who suspects that his orchard is infested with this pest should send portions of the infested branches to the Provincial Entomologist, TRURO, N. S.

Health Awaits Good Digestion.

WHEN THE STOMACH IS WRONG THE WHOLE BODY SUFFERS—HOW TO KEEP IT HEALTHY.
Indigestion is one of the most distressing maladies afflicting mankind. The stomach is unable to perform the work nature calls upon it to do, and the result is extreme gas after eating, nausea, heartburn, painful flatulency of the heart, sick headache, and after a loathing of food, even though the sufferer is half starved. People with poor digestion are prone to try all sorts of experiments to aid the process of digestion, and there is only one way in which the trouble can be actually cured, and that is through the blood. That is why the tonic treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cures even the most obstinate cases of indigestion. They make the rich, red blood that strengthens the stomach and its nerves, thus enabling it to do its work. The process is simple, but the result means a good appetite, and increased health and pleasure in life. Mr. R. Lussier, of Sorel, Que., offers ample proof of this. He says: "For several years I was a sufferer from indigestion, and the torture I suffered after meals was often almost insupportable. Often I would go without a meal rather than undergo the suffering that followed. Accompanying the trouble I had headaches, dizziness, and often a feeling of nausea. All the time I was taking one medicine after another in the hope of getting relief, but without avail. Finally I read of the case of a similar sufferer cured through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I decided to try them. I took the Pills steadily for about six weeks with the result that I was fully cured, and could eat as things I cared for. I may add that I have not since had any return of the trouble."

If you are suffering from indigestion, do not waste time experimenting, but begin to care yourself to-day with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which go right to the root of the trouble through the blood. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

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The Hope of a Cure.

While the evidence is not strong enough to justify the raging denunciation of Dr. Friedman which certain New York physicians have made, it is pathetically obvious that little can now be expected from his reputed cure. But this is one of the cases where even a little can be effected, it will have been well worth doing. Dr. Friedman claimed too much and claimed it in a way which might have been held. But because he has not obtained the approval of the medical profession need not despair that his discovery may help in the crusade against it. What is most regrettable about his and other cases is the precipitancy with which some members of the medical profession publish alleged cures of those diseases which have fascinated themselves on the morbid side of the public's imagination. They seem in a constant state of unconsciousness lest at any moment someone else will step in and accomplish what they have attempted. We are continually hearing of cures for tuberculosis and cancer, only to know later that these stories are but a further texture for minds that previously had at least the satisfaction of being resigned to the worst. To-day there is a new story of a cure for cancer. We hate to doubt its authenticity. It seems almost ghoulish to do so. And yet it is only human to warn against false hopes those who have only too good reasons for wishing that the news were true. Some day, a day not necessarily far distant, medical science will discover cures for these two dread diseases. The path of whoever discovers it, will not be easier for the number of impostors who have preceded him. One would imagine that, recognizing this, the various medical councils would punish severely the "sensational claims" which from time to time are made. The announcement of the discovery of a cure should not be made until some authoritative medical body has passed upon it.

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The general outlook for June is not brilliant, excepting the fact that the Jupiter influence will tend greatly to local downpours and cloudburst, with local diffused rains in wide sections of the country. But fields that are left to grow grassy and weedy, and for the soil to bake and burn will stand a poor show in the dryness and heat of the summer months to follow. In several previous issues of this Almanac, also many times in our Magazine, Word and Works, we have called attention to the fact that the greatest danger from lightning is in the month of June. Much of the sheet lightning, and the flashing from cloud banks around the horizon during June evenings, is harmless although it may be very brilliant and startling. Such displays of electricity are usually without thunder and rarely, if ever, send lightning bolts to the earth. But the concentrated fury of thunder storms are always intensely charged with vicious lightning bolts, and when they are in the near vicinity, the greatest care should be exercised against danger. The thoughtless habit of many people to take shelter under trees in a June thunder storm is risky and reprehensible in the extreme. Thousands of human beings, as well as great numbers of live stock, are killed under trees to which they fly for shelter in June showers and storms. Windows and doors should be closed in the crisis of such storms. Keep away from conducting walls, chimneys, stove pipes and all substances calculated to become conducting mediums of electrical discharges. Never follow a plough in fresh moist earth during a storm nearby thunder storm. Birds and stables are unsafe refuges at such times. As a rule, the barometer does not fall much below normal during June showers and thunder storms. Local "pockets" of low pressure form here and there, causing temporary gusts and backward whirls of wind and rain, but these are different from a general storm area. When the barometer does fall very fast and to very low readings in a June storm, have your eye on a plain of safety—danger is very probable.

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MONTREAL

An Empire Stamp.

An English newspaper man has conceived the idea of a postage stamp for the British Empire. He is not the first in the field. It will be remembered that Sir William Mallock, when he was postmaster general, caused to be issued a set of "Empire" stamps to commemorate the diamond jubilee of Queen Victoria. That was a real empire stamp; it was an empire stamp on the face of it, for its face was a map of the British Empire, also the proud boast that our empire is greater than has been. It is not a pretty stamp, but it is a most significant one. The stamp proposed by Mr. Love, the London newspaper man, is not like the Canadian Jubilee variety. That was for use in Canada only; the one proposed by Mr. Love is for use throughout the empire. His proposal is that all the stamps in Great Britain and the overseas dominions and colonies of the empire shall bear the words, "British Empire Postage" and a portrait of the sovereign, as well as the name of the country where it is issued and the denomination of the stamp. "It would be a splendid innovation" writes Mr. Love, "if the postage stamps of all British colonies, dependencies and protectorates were to have words impressed upon them 'British Empire Postage.' The idea is that all postage stamps of the empire might be of one design, the only difference being the names of the dominions from which they are issued, and the amounts. The stamps could be uniform in color throughout the empire, the red stamp of the United Kingdom being of the same color as the red stamp of New Zealand or the two-cent stamp of Canada, and so on."

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment

Used 102 years for internal and external ills.