JAPANESE WARSHIP SUNK Lose Two of Their Best Vessels and 600 Men Drown.

STRUCK A MINE.

MULTAND.

The Japanese fleet has suffered a serious loss, says a Tokio despatch. While removing mines and covering the landing troops near Dalny on Monday the battleship Hatsuse, the largest warship in the Japanese navy, and one of the most powerful in the world, struck a Russian mine and sank. Of the 741 men on board, less than one-half were saved the yessel than one-half were saved, the vessel sinking in two minutes. The same day the cruiser Yoshino was rammed by the Kasuga, and also sank, only 60 of the crew of 300 escaping. The loss in men was 681, as follows:-Saved.

Drowned. Yoshino (cruiser) 60 Hatsuse (battleship) 300 240 441

360 681 Giving details of the disaster, Vice-

the afternoon of May 15, in a deep fog off Port Arthur, the Kasuga rammed the Yoshino, sinking the latter in a few minutes. Ninety of crew were saved.

"The same morning the Hatsuse, while cruising off Port Arthur, cov-ering the landing of the soldiers, struck a mine ten knots south-east of the harbor entrance. She signaled for help, and instantly struck anoth-er mine. She sank in half an hour. Three hundred of her crew were sav-ed by torpedo boats."

The ser of 4,180 tons, with 15,750 horse-power, 350 feet long. Her armament consisted of four 6-inch guns, ei 4.7-inch guns, and twenty-three eight 6pounders. Her speed was 23 knots, and her crew numbered 300 men. The Kasuga, with which it collided, was mune. Assign, with which it connect, was one of the two fast protected cruisers which Japan bought from Chili just before the war commenced. The reports of the Japanese re-treat to Feng-Wang-Cheng are offi-cially confirmed says a New Chwang one of the two fast protected cruisers before the war commenced.

before the war commenced. The Hatsuse was a battleship of 15,000 tons, and of the latest mod-el. She was only completed in Great Britain in 1900, was 400 feet long and was heavily armored. Her arma-ment consisted of four 12-inch guns, fourteen 6-inch guns, twenty 12-pounders, and eight 3-pounders, and four 24-pounders. She had four torpedo tubes, estimated speed 19.11 knots, and her crew numbered 741 men. Marked the speed 19.11 knots, and her crew numbered 741 men. Marked the speed 19.11 knots, and her crew numbered 741 men. Marked the speed 19.11 men. Marked the speed 19.11

Vice-Admiral Togo's full report is

as follows :--"It is regrettable to have to report This regrettable to have to report a double misfortune. At 5 o'clock Sunday morning I received a wire-less message from Rear-Admiral Dewa, saying that on that day at five in the morning, while returning from the work of blocking Port Arthur, he encountered a dense fog north of the Shan Tung promontory. The Kasuga collided with the nort The Kasuga collided with the port stern of the Yoshino, which was sunk Boats from the Kasuga saved 90

and immediately began to sink. The Hatsuse then was ten knots off Liao-Hatsuse then way. No enemy way Te-Shan promotory. No enemy way in sight. It must have been a mine in sight. Three hun-were in sight. It must have been a mine or a submarine boat. Three hun-dred of the officers and crew were saved. The Hatsuse sank in thirty minutes. While sinking, sixteen of saved. The third, sixteen of minutes. While sinking, sixteen of the enemy's torpedo craft appeared

attack removes one of the greatest Russian difficulties. Now that the Japanese have revealed their plan, the Russians know where and how to offer resistance. The previous uncertainty involved much superfluous pre-

caution. Of the operations on the Liao-Tung Peninsula, and in the neighborhood of New-Chwang, there is nothing new. All the despatches from these dis-tricts deal with past events. SOMEONE BLUNDERED.

Among the professions of calmness over the late disasters there are indications of a belief that somebody has blundered or failed in watchfulness, says a Tokio despatch. Some of the newspapers add to their earnest comments the hope that the disasters will lead to increased prudence and care. There is acute recognition of the fact that the lost ships cannot be replaced during the war. The

hot be replaced during the war. The public 'mourning is general. Flags everywhere are half-masted, and many of the theatres are closed. It is re-called that the public sympathy when Admiral Makarofi was lost was similarily, if less generally, shown.

THE GREEN PLAGUE.

A new disease, called the green plague, has broken out amongst the Russians quartered in Chinese house torpedo boats." Yoshino was a protected crui-4,180 tons, with 15,750 horse-pear on the body. The disease is pear on the body. The disease is highly contagious. A majority of cases are fatal. The doctors are bafiled. The Chinese seem to be im-A majority of

JAPS BEAT A RETREAT.

clashes, with the Cossaces narrowing the flanks of the Japanese. This di-vision presumably was executing a reconnaissance. The pursuit avas checked when the main body of the

Japanese was rejoined. This news apparently accounts for

BOMBARDED THE COAST.

of her crew. The dense fog still Hosoya, commanding the Attack Boats from the Kasuga saved 90 of her crew. The dense fog still continues. "This has been a most unfortunate day for our navy. While the fleet was watching the enemy off Port the enemy's mines and her rudder was damaged. She sent a message for a ship to tow her, which was being sent when another message brought the lamentable report that the Hatsuse has struck another mine friday morning. The landing cf troops immediately began to sink. The The troops immediately commenced vary quickly.

A BRISK FIGHT. An official report has been received at St. Petersburg to the effect that General Rennenkampfi's Cossacks fell on the Japanese column advancing on Fengwang-cheng on Wednesday and that the Japanese were com-pelled to retreat for a distance of

twelve miles. The Russians have evacuated Kai-Ping (or Kal-Chou), about 35 miles south of New-Chwang, without a fight.

CRUISER ON ROCKS.

The correspondent at St. Peters-burg of the Echo de París says:-"The Russian cruiser Bogatyr grounded during a fog on the rocks near the entrance to Vladivostock. Her position is critical. Her crew was saved."

COREA IS TOTTERING.

Corean independence is tottering, ays a Seoul despatch. The court says a Scoul despatch. The court is shaky and reeks with intrigues that surpass even the worst periods of the last ten years. A weak Em-peror is appointing, and removing, a faction-torn Cabinet, and is concen-trating in himself whatever semblance of government the country still pos-sesses. Yet he is a complete prey to Yet he is a complete prey to witches and fortune-tellers the who are infesting the palace, and the vic-tim of two scheming women, who en-joy Japanese support.

CRUISER WAS DESTROYED. A despatch to the St. James' Gazdated Saturday, after confirming the report of the stranding of the Russian protected cruiser Bogatyr on the rocks near the entrance to Vladi-vostock, adds that the Bogatyr subsequently was blown up by the Rus-sians to prevent her falling into the hands of the Japanese.

JAPS CALM UNDER LOSS. The loss of the warships at Port Arthur is received by the Japanese with profound regret, but courage-eously. They do not consider that it was due to carelessness. Earlier prices are ste It was due to carelessness. Earlier in the war, they say, the loss would have been serious, but now it will not affect the result. Japan's posi-tion at Port Arthur, Dalny and Kin-Chau might have cost half the fleet. The lie considered to the

JAPS WIN NEAR TAKUSHAN. The Japanese force which landed at The Japanese force which landed at Takushan had an engagement with a body of Russian cavalry, about a squadron strong, at 7 o'clock Fri-day evening, near Wanchitun seven miles north of Takushan. The Jap anese surrounded and routed the Russians, who lost many killed and wounded. A Russian captain was taken prisoner. No Japanese casu-

The Japanese captured 357 shells for mountain guns, 188,000 rounds of rifle ammunition, 1,720 coats, 400,-000 loaves of bread and other sup-plies, together with a quantity of tools and telegraph stores

CROPS LOOK WELL

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese, and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

at Home and Abroad. at Home and Abroad. Toronto, May 23.-Wheat-No. 2 white and red Winter quoted at 94 to 95c on low freights. Spring wheat is nominal at 90 to 91c east, and goose at 81 to 82c east. Mani-toba wheat is unchanged; No. 1 Nor-thern, 92c; Georgian Bay ports; No. 2 Northern, at 89c, and No. 1 Nor-thern is 87c. No. 1 hard is nomin-al at 93c. Grinding in transit pric-es are 6c above those quoted. Oats-No. 2 white quoted at 31 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 32c west, and at 32 $\frac{1}{2}$ c middle freights. No. 1 white, 33 $\frac{1}{4}$ to 32c east. Barley-No. 2 quoted at 42c middle freights. Peas-No. 2 shipping proc subtor there and No. 1 Nor-there as the cast at 85 c and to 21 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 32c west, and at 32 $\frac{1}{2}$ c middle freights. Peas-No. 2 shipping proc subtor there and No. 1 Nor-there as to 2 bor those quoted. Barley-No. 2 quoted at 42c middle freights. Peas-No. 2 shipping proc subtor to 3 at 38 to 39c middle treights. Peas-No. 2 shipping proc subtor there and No. 1 Nor-there and No. 1 white, and to 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ c, and No. 3 at 38 to 39c middle there and No. 1 Northern, 96 $\frac{1}{2}$ c on track, No. 1 hard, 97 $\frac{1}{2}$ c, No. 1 Northern, 96 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. Flour-Strong for 100 and 100 an

freights. Peas—No. 2 shipping peas quoted

at 61 to 62c west or east. Corn-No. 2 American yellow quot-ed at 60c on track, Toronto; No. 3 mixed at 58 to 59c. Canadian corn

is scarce, with sound marketable stuff quoted at 44 to 45c west. Rye—The market is quiet, with prices nominal at 57 to 58c outside. Buckwheat—The market Buckwheat—The market continues quiet, with demand limited. No. 2

quoted at 49 to 50c east.

quoted at 49 to 50c east. Flour-Ninety per cent. patents are unchanged at \$3.65 in buyers' bags, for export, middle freights. Straight 'rollers of special brands for domestic e trade quoted at \$4.25 to \$4.40 in bbls. Manitoba flours are steady, No. 1 patents, \$4.80; No. 2 patents \$4.50, and strong bakers', \$4.40 on track, Toronto.

track, Toronto. Millfeed—Bran is steady at \$17 to to \$17.50 and shorts at \$16 here. At outside points bran is puoted at \$15.50 and shorts at \$16.50. Manitoba bran, in sacks, \$17, and shorts

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dried apples-The demand is limited. prices are steady at 3 to 3½c per lb. Evaporated apples, 6½c per lb. Beans—Prime beans are quoted at \$1.50 to \$1.60, and hand-picked at

\$1.65 to \$1.70.

Hay—The market is quiet, with of-ferings moderate. Timothy quoted at \$9.50 to \$10.25 a ton, on track, Toroate

at \$1 per Imperial gallon. Potatoes—The market is quiet and steady. Choice cars are quoted at \$1.05 to \$1.10 per bag, on track here, and jobbing lots at \$1.15 to \$1.25.

Lossians, w. Jounded. A Russians, aken prisoner. No Japane. LOSSES AT YALU FIGHT. Gen. Kuroki reports that the Ja-panese losses at the battle of Chiu-Tien-Cheng (May 1) were:- Killed, five officers and 218 men. Thirteen fhundred and is officers and ad dead were buried and 18 officers and 595 men were made prisoners. The to solve the solve th Butter-The market is dull, with \$4.50 per cwt.; Spring lambs, \$2.50 upplies of medium and inferior qual-

and firm, with receipts light. Case lots sell at 15c per dozen. Cheese—The market is quiet, with prices unchanged. Old quoted at 9 to $9\frac{1}{4}c$ per lb., and new at $7\frac{1}{3}c$.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs are unchanged, with

abattoir hogs, \$7.35 to \$7.50; 11ve hogs, \$5.25 to \$5.50. Eggs-New laid, 15 to 15¢c. Butter-New made 15 to 16c; Wertern dairy, 12 to 13c; rolls, 12 to 13c. Cheese-New fod-der Ontario, 7‡c; best Quebec, 6§ to 7c

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Asked. Minneapolis, May 23.—Wheat—May, 944c; July, 927 to 93c; September, 81 to 814c; on track, No. 1 hard, 974c; No. 1 Northern, 964c. Flour --First patents, \$5 to \$5.10; second do, \$4.90 to \$5; first clears, \$3.50 to \$3.60; second do, \$2.50. Bran-In bulk, \$16.50 to \$17.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Toronto, May 23.-The number of operators seeking butchers' cattle was large, and trade in the best grades was brisk. Values were firmly main-tained, and some of the finest cattle sold at \$4.75 for straight loads. Picked lots sold in excess of that fig-ure Choice before averaging about ricked lots sold in excess of that fig-ure, Choice heifers, averaging about 1,000 fbs., were scarce, and wanted. Short-keep feeders continued to be wanted, but the offerings were small, and several gentlemen who were pre-pared to huw went every without any pared to buy went away without any cattle. The firm tone prevailing in the butchers' and exporters' lines had a tendency to stiffen values in these, and in stockers and feeders, which were offered pretty freely, but not in sufficient numbers to supply the de-mand. Stock calves of 400 lb. and upwards were in particular request, and hardly any were sold below \$3.-50 per cwt.

Trade in sheep and lambs was good on account of the limited offerings thereof, and prices were about steady at Tuesday's quotations. Calves were in fair demand, and prices in the best kinds were pretty steady. The most of these sold about \$4.25 per

ewt. The range in exporters' was \$4.60 to \$5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cwt. The bulk of the cattle sold for less than \$5 per cwt. Quotations for butchers' cattle fol-low:— Choice butchers', \$4.50 to \$4.7 75; fair to good, \$4.15 to \$4.35; com-mon to fair cows, \$3.50 to \$4.10; rough cows, \$3.25 per cwt. The prices of feeders and stockers were firm. We quote:— Feeders 1.

were firm. We quote:-- Feeders, 1,-000 to 1,300 D., at \$4.40 to \$4.-90; feeders, 800 to 1,000 D., \$4 to 000 to

90; feeders, 800 to 1,000 lb., \$4 to
\$4.35; stockers, 600 to 800 lbs., \$3
to \$3.75; stock calves, 350 to 800
lbs., \$3.80 to \$4.20; off-color and
rough, same weight, \$3.25 up.
Sheep and lambs were unchanged.
We quote:— Heavy ewes, \$4 to \$4.40;
light sheep, \$4.25 to \$4.50; bucks,
\$3 to \$3.50; grain-fed lambs, \$5.50
to \$5.75; barnyard lambs, \$3.50 to
\$4.50 per cwt. Spring lambs, \$2.50

Calves brought \$2 to \$10 each, and 31 to 51c per Ib.

Milch cows were steady at \$30 to \$60 each. The bulk of these sold below \$40 each.

Hogs-Quotations follow:- Selects, 160 to 200 lbs., of prime guality, off cars Toronto, \$4.90; fats, \$4.65; sows \$3.50 to \$3.75; stags, \$2 to \$2.50 per cwt.

FIRST CIGAR KILLED HIM.

Ten-Year-Old Boy's Life the Pen-

"Our fleet report is some vague on account of the fact is somewhat that some of the messages were received by wireless telegraphy."

KUROKI NOT REPULSED.

So far as can be judged from the news thus far received at London, the Petersburg rumor of the repulse of Gen. Kuroki with great loss, untrue, and is based on the engagement of May 18, reported by Gen. Kouropatkin, which was little more than a skirmish. The fact seems to be that no important information is be that no important information is be that no important information in men, a paymaster, surgeon, three en-more likely to be available now than hitherto, either from the Russian or gineers, cadets and eight boatswain have had the final say. Two or three special correspondents with the Russians send colorless messages, which throw no light on the situation. The Were Correst when she foundered hrow no light on the situation. The were Commander Tsuksmoto, Com-Harbin correspondent of the London mander Viscount Nire, Commander Harbin correspondent of the London Morning Post says that the Russians only allow telegrams to be sent in the Russian language. They refuse the number of the refuse the russian language at Harbin ten non-commissioned officers.

RUSSIANS WERE REPULSED.

The following official statement has just been issued at Tokio: "A section of infantry of the Liao Tung forces went in the direction of Shen Chusan to reconnoitre and met

two sections of Russian infantry. The Russians were repulsed in thirty minutes. Our casualties were one officer and four men killed, and one officer and eight men wounded. The Rus-sian casualties were one officer and forty to fifty men killed.

Taku Shan began on Thursday.

NUMBER UNKNOWN.

The loss of life incurred by the sinking of the cruiser Yoshino, in-cluded Captain Sayeki, Commander side, until the commanders mates. Of the crew the number of

and Wheat in Farmers' Hands Has

Been Underestimated.

A Montreal despatch says: G. C. Hastings, the well known miller, of Winnipeg, who is in the city, says that the crops in the West are looking exceedingly well, though, course, it is yet too early to

course, it is yet too early to judge of how matters will turn out. As in the East, the season is about two weeks late, but in spite of this ev-erything is looking up, including the blades of wheat.

speaking of wheat available In · in

the West, Mr. Hastings is of the opin-ion that the Montreal Board of Trade The landing of Japanese troops at has been inclined to underestimate the amount. He states that there are still two million bushels in farmers are

hands outside of elevators, and that the old wheat, which will be exported during the set season, will be good amount above the usual estifirst lieutenants, mate, which was 2,500,000 bushels. The acreage increase over last year e estimates at about ten per cent., which would mean 400,000 acres more land under cultivation than there was a year ago.

CZAR REVIEWS TROOPS.

Receives an Enthusiastic Welcome at Kharkoff.

A Kharkoff despatch says: Emperor to permit the correspondents at Har-hin to leave at present. The Mukden correspondent of the London Daily Mail refers to the com-ing battle, which has for so long been declared to be imminent. He reiterates the report that the Jap-anese are advancing in Liao-Yang from the east, and adds that the re-moval of the uncertainty regarding the direction of the Japanese line of

offerings small. Cured meats are in

of 134c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal May 23 .- The market for tried to smoke his first cigar ats was steady to-day, and there

was apparently little doing for local consumption, though some sales were being made for outside points, through shipment. Prices for these were said to be rather more favor-

were said to be rather more favor-able for sellers. Quotations are generally 374 to 38c for No. 1 and 384 to 39c for No. 2; a few car-loads of Peterboro' oats were sold at 384c track to-day; peas were about steady at 71c afloat May; No. 2 barley, 70c; and No. 3 extra, 49c; No. 2 rye, 62c. Flour-The market was steady; Manitoba patents, \$4.90 to \$4.95; strong bakers', \$4.60 to \$5.10; straight rollers, \$4.65 to \$5.20 to \$2.20 to \$2

\$19; shorts, \$21 per ton; Ontario bran, in bulk, \$18.50 to \$19; shorts, \$19.50 to \$20; mouille, \$26 to \$28 per ton. Rolled oats—The market is firm; dealars are are inc. \$20 to

blacks, 13_{4} c. 13_{4} c. Lard—The demand is fair, with prices unchanged. We quote :--Tierces, 7_{4}^{1} c; tubs, 8c; pails, 8_{4}^{1} c; compound, 7_{4}^{1} to 8_{4}^{1} c. Holhe latter Subary after noon and com-plained of a severe pain in his stom-dren's Hospital found the boy in con-vulsions. An emetic resulted in bringing up the stump of a cigar. The boy recovered consciousness shortly before he died, and said that he had

ACCIDENTS TO WORKMEN

Number During April Reached a Total of 197.

