

part in the eternal woe (Rev. 21 : 8).

7. It is only by truth in thought, speech

and behavior that we can help to make the world about us the heaven it ought to be.

THE GEOGRAPHY LESSON

By Rev. J. M. Duncan, D.D.

Cyprus, the home of Barnabas, is a large island, lying in the angle formed by the junction of the coast lines of Asia Minor and Syria. On its north coast, the



island is 46 miles from Asia Minor and its eastern extremity is 60 miles from Syria. Its greatest breadth is 60 miles, and its extreme length is 145 miles. Since 1878, it has been under the control of Great Britain, which recognizes the sovereignty of the Sultan of Turkey and guarantees him an annual income of some \$465,000. In ancient times, Cyprus supplied the Greek rulers of Egypt with timber for the building of their fleets. It was also celebrated for its mineral wealth, especi-

ally for copper, a metal which received its Latin name (cuprum) from the name of the island. No copper mines are now worked. A considerable quantity of

silver was produced, and the Roman writer Pliny says that precious stones were found there. Salt, for which the island was noted in ancient times, is still produced in large quantities. The principal vegetable productions are cotton, wines and fruits. Cultivation is easy, and the soil in many places is exceedingly productive, particularly at the foot of Mount Olympus, and along the level land of the northern shore. Much glass was made at various points in Roman times.

ADDED HINTS AND HELPS

In this section will be found further assistance under various headings.

Some Test Questions

[NOTE : These Questions are not intended for use in the class, but as samples of questions by which the teacher may test the thoroughness of his own preparation of the Lesson. He will also find it of great advantage to be familiar with the Questions set for the scholars in the HOME STUDY, INTERMEDIATE, and PRIMARY, QUARTERLIES AND LEAFLETS. The scholars should be encouraged to use these as a guide in their study of the Lesson.]

1. By what expression is the unity of the early church set forth ?
2. In what way did each believer look upon his possessions ?
3. To what great fact did the apostles bear witness ?
4. How did the love and liberality shown by the members of the church support this witness ?
5. Why were the poor always very numer-

ous in the city of Jerusalem ?

6. How did the richer believers relieve the need of the poorer ? Who had charge of the distribution of the funds ?

7. What special case is singled out for description in detail ?

8. What may have led Ananias and Sapphira to bring part of their wealth to the apostles ?

9. In what did their sin consist ? Against whom was it committed ?

10. How was it punished ? What was the effect of this upon those who heard of it ?

Something to Look Up

[From the INTERMEDIATE QUARTERLY AND LEAFLET]

1. A man named Achan once brought great trouble upon Israel by deceiving. Find the verses where he confesses his sin.