"It would be interesting to find out how much is going to the wage earner and how much is going into the pockets of those others as profits," Mr. King declared.

Charges "Undue Influence."

Charging that the Remfrew industrialists were violating the Election Act with regard to "undue influence" in both the circular letter and in the speech said to have been made by Mr. O'Brien, Mr. King said that his government was not out to create unemployment but to cure it. He denied that he had at any time stated he would remove all protection from industry, as the industrialists were reported to have stated, and added that the Liberal policy did and would take care to see that all reasonable arguments were presented before adjustments were made, having in mind at all times the best interests of the consumers. Mr. King referred to the reported assertions by the industrialists as "a display of power begotten of special interests; money power in its most arrogant form."

on Oct. 10th a circular letter was sent out overthine names of G. J. Cuthbertson of the Renfrew Testile Co., J. J. Southern of the Renfrew Woollen Mills and M. J. O'Brien, Jr., of the Renfrew Machinery Co., he said, Mr. King then read from the circular.

"This circular states 'Vote for Maloney if you do not want your factories closed.' That kind of thing is a violation of the Election Act, a criminal offence. They will find out whether this law has value or not. Here is what the Election Act states,"

W.L.M. King Papers, Memoranda and Notes, 1933-1939 (M.G. 26, J 4, volume 163, pages Cl16385-Cl16956)

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