

ST. JOHN STAR, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1906.

## LIBERALS AND LABORITES HAVE SERIOUS DIFFERENCES

Britain's Premier Disappointed  
at the Way Things are  
Going — Disputes Over  
Different Matters.

LONDON, Sept. 1.—The most important political event of the past few months is the split between the Liberals and the Laborites. The Independent Labor party's quarrel with the government has assumed a new phase by the determined efforts which the labor representation committee is now making to capture the members of the Miners' Federation, who have hitherto been characterized by their sturdy independence.

The Miners' leaders are intensely opposed to affiliation to the Labor Representation Committee. They declare that body was founded by Socialists, is controlled by a Socialist majority on its executive committee, and is working insidiously toward Socialism. The Cockermouth election, a three-cornered fight resulting in the triumph of the Unionist, has greatly accentuated all difficulties.

This great split was practically officially announced by the Under-Secretary for the Colonies, who, although he occupied a minor position in the government, speaks in public with the authority of a Minister of the Crown. He declared in a speech at Wimbome that no great party would put up with such treatment as the Liberals had received from the Labor party, resulting in the defeat of the Liberal candidate at Cockermouth in a three-cornered fight.

"We cannot forget that every member of the Socialist party was returned by thousands of Liberal votes," he said. "If some of these gentlemen go about handing over Liberal fortresses to our Tory opponents, they cannot complain if Liberal electors in their own constituencies look about for representatives of their own political view."

When the Labor Representation Committee was formed it came to an agreement with the Liberal party

## PRUSSIAN SOLDIERS SHOW GREAT IGNORANCE.

Experts, Making Examination, Find That  
Many Are Mentally Defective.

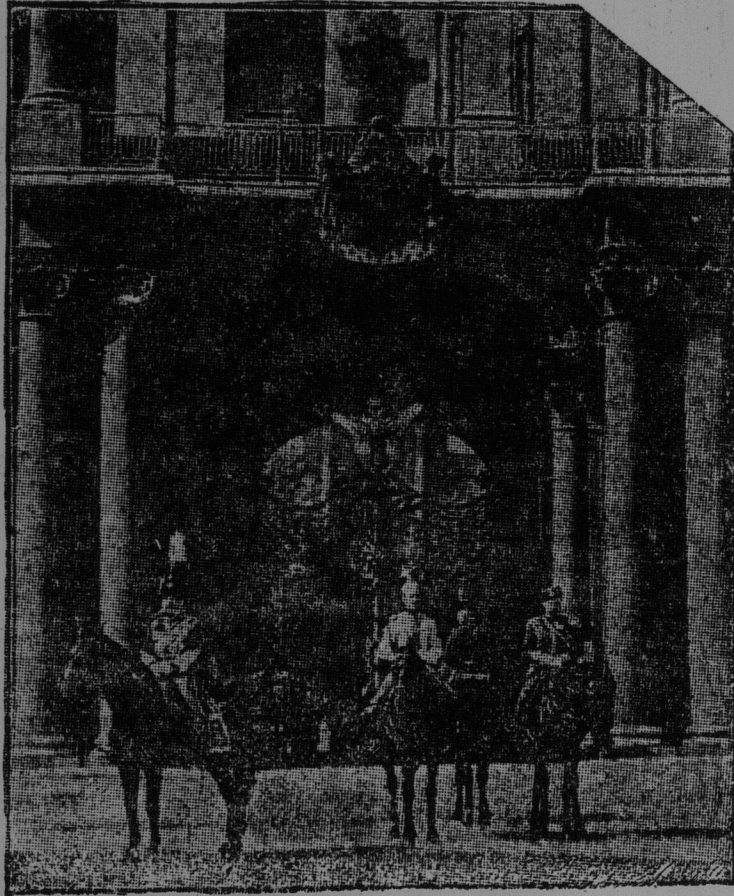
BERLIN, Sept. 1.—The Prussian minister of war has been engaged for some time in considering the question of the inadvisability of obliging young men who are either lacking in average intelligence or weak-minded to serve in the army. A commission of army medical experts are now testing the intelligence of Prussian soldiers in various parts of the kingdom, with the object of gathering data. Some experiments made with recruits from Pomerania show the most extraordinary results. Questions which an ordinary child of twelve could answer were powers for dozens of these young men. Out of 100 men collected at a venture, nineteen did not know the color of a ten-penny stamp, and seventy-five out of 200 said the color of the five-penny stamp was blue, whereas it is green. Out of 200 only 166 could say what was the opposite of courage.

## AUSTRALIA DECIDES AGAINST DECIMAL COINAGE

SYDNEY, Sept. 1.—After thirty months' negotiations, the commonwealth's proposal to establish a decimal coinage in Australia has been overruled by the imperial government, which, while willing to allow Australia credit on silver coins used in Australia, objects to the existence of a separate currency of different denominations in the commonwealth as calculated further to break the uniformity of the empire's currency.

The Australian proposal was that the decimal coins should gradually replace the present currency, the two systems

## HOW EMPEROR NICHOLAS IS GUARDED FROM ANARCHISTS.



ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 31.—The activity of the revolutionists all over Russia has made it imperative to take unusual precautions to safeguard the person of the czar, and the photo shows

a typical guard of one of the palace gates. Soldiers, or rather Cossacks, who are the only troops to be relied upon, guard every door inside the palace, and a strong guard is posted around the czar's private apartment.

wire-pullers that its candidates should not be opposed by official Liberals if the local circumstances permitted. The arrangement worked excellently to all appearances, and thirty of the Labor Representation Committee candidates were returned at the general election, as well as twenty other labor members who fought with the help of the official Liberal party.

As soon as Parliament sat the inevitable quarrel broke out. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman expected the allegiance of the Socialists. He was sadly disappointed. Mr. Kier Hardie soon showed that the aspirations of the Premier would receive very short shrift at his hands. The first quarrel arose as early as the first week in March, when the Labor members assailed the Postmaster-General over the appointment of a committee, and carried their protest to the length of voting against the government in a division. The government then capitulated, and gave way to the labor members. Constant blockings and attacks on the government by Mr. Kier Hardie and his followers followed.

Early in May the quarrel broke out again, when over the appointment of another committee. Mr. Kier Hardie and Mr. Will Crooks led another attack on the government, and incidentally repudiated the twenty Liberal Labor members, and declared that they alone were entitled to speak for the working classes. On this occasion the government was again forced to divide against the Socialists.

## A GROWING FEELING AGAINST KING PETER

Serbian Government Fears a Military  
Revolt—A New Militia System  
Contemplated.

BELGRADE, Sept. 1.—There are many indications that the situation in Serbia, temporarily relieved by the dismissal of the regicide officers, is once more being regarded by King Peter's government with considerable anxiety.

The increasing restlessness in the army is the most disquieting circumstance that has to be faced. Since the terrible tragedy of three years ago there has been an incessant ferment in its ranks against the present dynasty, and the agitation is now markedly growing, gaining daily fresh adherents amongst the officers and cadets.

It is, therefore, not surprising that the government fears a military revolt, and is taking steps to counteract the spread of the anti-dynastic propaganda. The introduction of a militia system is in contemplation, and meanwhile it is announced that all non-commissioned officers who have served ten years are to receive their discharges.

## PRES. FALLIERES IS NOT AFRAID OF THOSE WHO WOULD ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE HIM.



PARIS, Aug. 31.—Latest snapshot of President Fallieres, of France, who though he is well aware that anar-

chists are plotting against his life, absolutely refuse to be followed by secret service men. He is here shown walking with M. Copellin, the famous

French actor, whom he visited at the Maison des Comedians, where he witnessed an open-air performance arranged in his honor.

## LUNATICS TRIED TO HAUL DOWN A BALLOON

Aeronauts Attempting to Alight Got Into  
An Asylum Field and Had Their  
Own Troubles.

MILAN, Sept. 1.—A couple of aeronauts had a queer adventure while passing over Giandola the other day. At sight of the airship the lunatics sent up a shout and one of them seized the trail rope and slung on. Others joined him and then tried to haul down the aeronauts.

The balloonists, fearing mischief, began to pull them with ballast to make them release their hold, but the lunatics appeared to enjoy the proceedings as a great joke, and continued hauling. The upshot they made finally attracted the keepers, who ran to the assistance of the aeronauts, and knocking over several of the more stubborn patients, released their hold of the rope. The balloon then shot away, carrying from the ground one lunatic who had become entangled. He fell several yards on another inmate, but neither appeared to be much the worse for the encounter.

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## JOCKEY ATTACKED BY A RACEHORSE

LONDON, Sept. 1.—Otto Madden, the famous jockey, who a few years ago won the Derby on the 100 to 1 chance Jedah, was violently "savaged" by a horse at Brighton races the other day. He was riding Centre down to the post for the Worthing Plate when a horse called Marigold IV. overtook him, dragged him out of the saddle by the shoulder, and seizing him by the throat shook him as a terrier shakes a rat. The jockey of Marigold IV, who had himself been unseated, used his whip freely on the brute's head to make him release Madden, and other jockeys coming to his assistance, Marigold IV. was eventually beaten off.

Madden returned to the paddock bleeding from a wound on the throat. This was stitched up, but he will be incapacitated from riding for a few days.

## WILL BE CALLED WILHELM BY AN ENGLISH WOMAN

Baptism of the Son of the German Crown Prince.

BERLIN, Aug. 31.—The baptism of the son of the crown prince and princess took place at Potsdam yesterday afternoon. It was treated as a Hohenzollern family affair, of no public interest, and the newspapers announce only the bare fact that it occurred. The young prince, who was born July 1th, was given the name of Wilhelm.



The cot which has been specially constructed for the infant is also a most elaborate affair.

## WILL SEND DRAWINGS BY TELEGRAPH

LONDON, Sept. 1.—The autotelegraph is the latest invention for the transmission and reproduction of anything that can be written or traced upon paper. Mr. Henry C. Braun declares that with this instrument drawings, maps, charts, shorthand notes, and writing can be sent over a single electric current to practically any distance.

The mechanical principle is that of the pantograph which draughtsmen use in copying plans, but the autotelegraph is free from imperfections in construction which makes the pantograph an inaccurate instrument. Moreover, the autotelegraph is independent of the personal equation, for it is automatic.

## SCHOOL TEACHERS DUPED BY AN ENGLISH WOMAN

Pretending to Send Her Girls to School  
She Got a Small Sum of Money Advanced and Then Disappeared.

GENEVA, Sept. 1.—A clever fraud by an Englishwoman upon the proprietors of Swiss schools for girls has been exposed, and it is believed that similar frauds have been perpetrated all over the continent.

Two school proprietors (ladies) at Lausanne have been the latest victims, and they state that the Englishwoman, who is a fashionably-dressed, middle-aged lady, called upon them and arranged to place her two girls at the schools for two years, offering to pay the fees in advance. She wished to see her girls settled, she said, because she was leaving for Calcutta to join her husband, an officer in the British army.

She then left for Paris "to fetch her daughters," and the schoolmistress shortly after received a telegram asking her to receive three boxes belonging to the daughters which were being sent out from London by a certain firm. Next day the schoolmistress received a letter from this firm stating that it was against their rules to forward luggage without being paid in advance for the transport, and requesting that the sum of ten dollars be sent at once to the London office.

The schoolmistress sent the money, but they heard no more from the lady or the firm, though they have written several letters.

## KILLED HIMSELF ON HIS WIFE'S GRAVE.

GENEVA, Sept. 1.—A commercial traveller named Leopold Gilbert shot himself under pathetic circumstances on his wife's grave in the cemetery of Thonex the other day.

The gravelfinder found the body of Gilbert with the head entangled in a wreath of white flowers which he had previously placed on the grave. In his pocket were found two letters—one to a nephew in Paris saying he was determined to end his life, and the other to the authorities begging them to bury him beside his wife.

## ANTI-FOREIGN FEELING ABOUNDS IN CENTRAL CHINA

## DOG BRINGS TO JUSTICE HIS MASTER'S MURDERER

Showed Where the Body Was Hidden and  
Then Located the Criminal.

VALENCIA, Sept. 1.—The sagacity of a dog has brought to justice a man now awaiting execution for murder in Valencia gaol. The owner of the dog was killed in a sudden quarrel, and his body was secretly buried by the murderer and his confederates. The dog witnessed the crime and the burial, and succeeded in escaping from the criminals.

The animal returned to its master's house, and by barking and running to the door induced the dead man's eldest son to follow. The dog made its way straight to the grave, and began scratching up the earth. The police were called and the body was unearthed.

The dog was still unsatisfied, and led the way, following a scent apparently, to a safe in the town, where it sprung at the throat of a man seated at a table. The man was arrested and confessed to the murder of the dog's owner.

## No Gratitude Shown by the Chinese to Other Nations

—Why Russia Was Beaten  
in the Sea of Japan.

TOKIO, Sept. 1.—Your correspondent interviewed Mr. Tokutomi, editor and proprietor of the newspaper "Kokumin," this morning on his return from a three months' tour in China and Manchuria. He says the impression left by his extensive travels in North and Central China is certainly pessimistic as evidences of anti-foreign feeling abound. He comments on the lack of gratitude in the Chinese character for the services rendered by Japan and other countries, and describes Peking as a hotbed of latent hostility. The Japanese are included, he said, in this anti-foreign movement. He apprehended grave troubles in the not distant future.

In the meantime it is interesting to note that while the Chinese are taking advantage of the education that has been given them by the Japanese, both in matters of war and in matters of peace, they still look upon that nation with contempt, as they did before the first battle of the Yalu in 1894. It seems a strange development, for most students of the relations between the two yellow races of the East naturally thought that the Chinese would have felt grateful to the Japanese for the great stroke they did for their common race during the war against Russia. The Chinese, however, it appears, are not in the least grateful. They remain where they were before the opium war and the days when General Gordon put down the T'ai-ping Rebellion. The question is, is this a mere deception on the part of these strange people? It must be remembered that the Chinese have

## WILL PAY A EOUNTY ON BUTTERFLIES.

BELGRADE, Sept. 1.—Owing to the damage done to crops by butterflies, the Serbian Minister of the Interior offered 24, for every 500 captured. Although the amount appears small, the pursuit of butterflies is profitable, as already 21,000,000 of them have been tendered for reward. The Minister says it is cheap to get rid of these millions at a cost of \$2,000.

## MUST WIDEN THE GREAT CANAL TO ACCOMMODATE THE NEW WARSHIPS.



BERLIN, Aug. 31.—Owing to the Kaiser's resolve to build a number of huge battleships, surpassing in size even the famous Dreadnaught of the British navy, it will be necessary to widen the Kaiser Wilhelm Canal from the Baltic to the North Sea, which was

opened by the Kaiser eleven years ago. This will cost many millions as the canal is sixty-four feet wide in its widest part, and the new ships of the German navy, passing through the canal near Kiel,

## THE ONLY SHOP IN THE WORLD WHICH IS MANAGED BY ROYALTY— EX-QUEEN SOPHIE, OF NAPLES, RUNS A STORE IN PARIS.



PARIS, Aug. 31.—In the city of Paris is the only real royal shop in the world.

It is owned and personally managed by Sophie, ex-queen of Naples, and is situated at No. 3 Saint Roch. The queen

sells embroideries made by young girls of Calabria, for the benefit of the earthquake sufferers. The two photos show

respectively the exterior and interior of the unique shop and in the centre is a portrait of the queen.

on many occasions during their long history acted in ways which were not quite understood by Europeans or other outsiders. The mind of the Chinaman has never yet been penetrated by the European, and when it is suggested that China may one day soon become a great world-power, it is simply because she has, obviously, refused to play the part of second fiddle to Japan.

The Japanese newspapers are reviewing the recent articles written by Captain Kinko, the Russian naval officer who is giving a detailed account of the "Battle of the Sea of Japan." Captain Kinko claims that he has written simply and solely in the interest of history and scientific accuracy and the fact that his conclusions are quoted if not approvingly, at least without disapproval is taken to indicate that he is near the truth. Among his conclusions may be mentioned the following:

The weakness of the armored section of Admiral Rojestvensky's fleet in comparison with that of the armored section of that of Admiral Togo, which gave the Japanese preponderance in a purely artillery combat.

The weakness and paucity of number of his cruiser division, which seriously affected completeness of knowledge and accuracy as to the enemy's movements, derived by means of reconnaissance.

The overwhelming superiority of the Japanese in the number of torpedo craft.

The necessity, if such existed, for Admiral Rojestvensky, independently of weather and other circumstances, to pass without delay into the Korean Straits, in spite of all disadvantages for him in the event of a battle in these straits.

The formations and evolutions of the Russian squadron at the time of battle.