

LIBRARIANS IN CONFERENCE

INFLUENCE OF PUBLIC LIBRARIES IN COMMUNITY

Pacific North West Association Holds First Gathering on Canadian Soil Here

(From Tuesday's Daily.) The sessions of the annual conference of the Pacific Northwest Library Association, which opened in Victoria last evening and will continue tomorrow, have brought many distinguished visitors to the city, including the leading librarians in British Columbia as well as in the states of Washington and Oregon. This is the first time the convention has been held on Canadian soil here, and the attendance of the ladies, who came in large numbers.

Owing to the late arrival of the Seattle boat it was not until 10:30 that the party left the Express hotel for Government House, where a garden party was given in their honor by Lieutenant Governor and Mrs. Paterson.

In the evening they assembled in the ballroom of the Alexandra Club, where the official welcome was extended to the visitors by the Minister of Education, Hon. H. E. Young; Mayor Morley and the provincial librarian, E. O. S. Schofield. The attendance was large and appreciative, and very many citizens accepted the invitation of the hostess executive to attend the sessions.

The president, Mrs. Mary F. Isom, who took the chair at 8:30 p. m., said the most interesting development of recent years had been the better understanding between the libraries and the public authorities. She pointed out that the library had become a part of the community, and that the children were being trained in the library, while the library trained the child when he or she reached maturity. She also pointed out that the library was becoming a place of recreation, and that the children were being trained in the library, while the library trained the child when he or she reached maturity.

Major Morley, on behalf of the city, welcomed the delegates, observing that they were the first to be received in this city since the new provincial library building was constructed, and that of the university, both of which combined would have a beneficial effect on the city.

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THE SONG OF THE WORKINGMAN

This is the song of the workingman, That he sings in a major key, From Edmonton to the boundary line, From Halifax to B. C.

"All these most alarming stories Of the most insulting Tories, That may secure the bloated interests, but what is that to me? I am strong for cheaper living, And so my vote I'm giving to the Grand Old Man of Canada—and Reciprocity."

"I'm informed by Tory sages Cheaper food means lower wages, But I'm going to hear more noise going to hear more noise. I am sick of Tory lying, And I feel quite safe relying On the Grand Old Man of Canada—and Reciprocity."

"A WORKINGMAN. Friend 'What on earth are you doing to that picture?' Great Art! 'I'm rubbing a piece of fat on the rabbit in the foreground. Mrs. De Shoddie will be here soon after, and when she sees her pet dog smell of that rabbit she'll buy it. And oh, Harry, I've just learned of your playing cricket to-day. Don't you know it's the day of rest?' Harry—'Yes, auntie, but I'm not tired.'"

GRANT SMITH CO. IS FINED \$100

VIOLATION IS PROVED OF ALIEN LABOR ACT

Magistrate Finds That Instructions From Ottawa Did Not Cover Railway Laborers

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Police Magistrate Jay held in a written decision, that in so far as the instructions from the Dominion government to the local immigration officers referred to the Immigration Act and not to the Alien Labor Act, and that the alien laborers in question were brought into Canada for the purpose of employment on the railway construction.

The decision sets out that the contention of the defence that Grant, Smith & Company were not responsible for the bringing in of the alien laborers, but that the instructions from Ottawa were not intended to cover the railway laborers, was not accepted.

The letter of instructions from the Dominion superintendent of immigration to the immigration officials here is held by the magistrate to have been intended to cover the railway laborers, and that the instructions from Ottawa were not intended to cover the railway laborers.

The decision of the police magistrate in full is as follows: "The charge is that on the 19th day of June, 1911, the accused did, knowingly, encourage one John Thompson, a citizen of the United States of America, to emigrate from the city of Seattle, in the state of Washington, one of the United States of America, into the city of Victoria, in the province of British Columbia, Dominion of Canada, under a false and untrue representation of the nature of the work to be done by him in Canada, there to work as a laborer for Knowles & Thompson, a firm of sub-contractors on the Vancouver Island portion of the Canadian Northern railway, contract number 1000."

Section 2 of the Alien Labor Act, Chap. 97, Revised Statutes of Canada, provides: "It shall be unlawful for any person, company, partnership or corporation to employ or to procure the employment of any alien in any way to assist, encourage or solicit the importation or immigration of any alien or foreigner into Canada, under contract of agreement, parole or special license, or implied, made previous to the importation or immigration of such alien or foreigner to perform labor or service of any kind in Canada."

Section 3 of the statute provides that for every violation of these provisions the person, partnership or company assisting, encouraging or soliciting such immigration shall forfeit and pay the sum of not exceeding \$1,000 and not less than \$50.

It was proved that Lillyman & Renard are employment agents having an office and carrying on business in Seattle, Wash., and further that Grant, Smith & Co. are contractors for a section of the Canadian Northern railway, while Knowles & Thompson are their sub-contractors, carrying on construction work at a camp about 22 miles from Victoria. It appeared from the evidence that John Thompson, who is a Norwegian by birth, but a naturalized citizen of the United States, in company with eight other persons, Swedish and Swedes, went to the office of Lillyman & Renard on the 12th of June, where they were attracted by a notice to the effect that laborers were wanted for the British Columbia section of the railway. I think I had occasion to stop someone that I did not like the looks of and he produced one of these documents.

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ODD FELLOWS HOLD PICNIC AT DUNCAN

Glorious Weather Favors Outing—Many Past Grands Were in Attendance

The little country town of Duncan must have started itself considerably by the dimensions and capacity which it suddenly developed and assumed on Monday on the occasion of the visit en bloc of the Odd Fellows from the cities of Victoria, Ladysmith and Nanaimo.

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