

CASUALTIES IN AIR RAID ARE ESTIMATED AT 240

Forty Killed and Nearly Two Hundred Injured in Metropolitan Area—Six Casualties on Thanet Island

London, July 9.—A revised list of the casualties in Saturday's air raid, as officially announced tonight, follows: Killed in the metropolitan area: 29 men, six women, five children; injured, 98 men, 44 women, 52 children. In Thanet Island: Killed, one man, two women; injured, two women, one child.

The above figures make a total of 43 killed, 197 injured, a total of 240. Saturday's official statement reported 37 persons killed and 141 injured, a total of 178.

KAISER FORCED TO MEET BIG CRISIS

to reunite the majority by Monday, he was thoroughly mistaken.

The correspondent of The Fremdenblatt asserts that continuance of the submarine campaign was not questioned for the moment in the debate of the main committee, even in the speech of Herr Erberger. The campaign was discussed merely as a factor in the problem of revision of war aims, in so far as its consequences affect the general situation.

The despatch to The Fremdenblatt should be interpreted in the light of the correspondent's view that the chancellor should retire.

Momentous Upheaval.

The clerical party is the largest in the Reichstag. Hitherto it has worked with the Conservatives in giving the government a majority. Any such move as is indicated by the foregoing paragraph would amount to a practical overturn of the first majority.

The Berlin Vossische Zeitung despatches bears out advice cabled from Berlin that unless all indications failed a momentous upheaval was at hand.

The Berlin Vossische Zeitung declares that Herr Erberger had a long audience with the Emperor of Austria last week in Vienna. His attitude, the paper adds, is believed to be the direct outcome of that audience.

Official announcement is made at Berlin that Field Marshal von Hindenburg and General von Ludendorff, who came to Berlin on Saturday to make a report to Emperor William on the military situation, have returned to headquarters. The two visited Austrian headquarters a few days ago.

Empress William invited the neutral ambassadors and ministers to a conference on Saturday last, according to Berlin reports by way of Rotterdam.

PICTON WOMAN HELD.

Corra Harrison, of Pictou, Ont., was taken into custody last night by Detectives Montgomery and Croome on a charge of abandoning her two children. Information was sent to local headquarters at Pictou that the woman, with her six-year-old daughter, had come to Toronto, and Detectives Montgomery and Croome were told to watch for them. The children are said to be wards of the Children's Aid Society.

WAR SUMMARY

THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

THE smashing success of the Russians west of Stanislaw, in southeastern Galicia, forms the chief feature of the war news. The Russian attack speedily broke through the strongest line of enemy defence and it carried Jezupol, a small town on the Dniester river, across from Halicz, a five village. The enemy retreated precipitately and disorderly, so that Russian cavalry pursued him to the Lukva river, a small tributary of the Dniester, across the Russian line of advance. Seventeen thousand prisoners were taken by the victorious troops. Forty-eight guns, including twelve of heavy calibre, also fell to the victors. The Russian advance is along the south bank of the Dniester River and, according to the enemy, on a seven-mile front.

The new Russian blow west of Stanislaw, in the direction of Dolina, has the purpose of turning, or getting behind Halicz, in order to compel the enemy to evacuate this important point on the Dniester. Judged by previous standards, the loss of Halicz would compel the enemy to resort to a war of manoeuvre, coupled with a retreat westward to the Carpathians. The fighting is a desperate and well-equipped Russian army in the open field is what the enemy most desires to avoid at this juncture for a smashing defeat in the east when the allies are as strong as they are in the west would be irreparable for the German fortunes. The Russians are also striving to cut in behind the enemy's line of retreat to the Carpathians, so as to secure a grip on this mountain barrier. As the German fight rages on the Danube the further their lines in Galicia have to go back the longer and thinner they become.

The front on which the Russian offensive has begun has a total length of about 275 miles between the Pripiet River and the Carpathians. The Russians, besides, are threatening Pinsk, north of the Pripiet Marshes, as a preliminary for an advance into Poland. The enemy has about 600,000 of his poorest quality troops stationed on the 500 miles of front between the Pripiet River and the Gulf of Riga. Thus he has 600,000 men guarding over 880,000 yards of front, or under five-sevenths of a man per yard; whereas on the western front of about the same length, 500 miles, he feels compelled to mass nearly three men per yard. The value. The Russians would gain much more by advancing into Galicia and Hungary.

In the west and in the south the allies are in the main employing artillery against the enemy. Their infantry remains concealed in its dug-outs and trenches. They are awaiting the attempt of the enemy to transfer to the open field the fighting, and they are desirous of holding on until the crops ripen, and he may respond to the call of his eastern generals for more men. The transfer of troops from France to Galicia would involve a heavy strain on the German transport when the rolling stock is wearing out at a time when the allies concert the railways behind his western front at a time when the allies might choose to hit him hard and when he would need open tracks for the conveyance of supplies and fresh drafts of men westward. It is no wonder that the Kaiser has called his military and political leaders in council.

This admission of the enemy, designed to break the news to Germany that the submarine has failed to win, has the utmost importance for it reveals the failure of Germany's campaign plans for this year. These were threefold: They were to intrigue for a separate peace with Russia, a project that went to smash with the revolution; to remain on the defensive in all the other theatres of the war and wait until the submarines had destroyed sufficient of the allied shipping to cut off the allied support from countries over the sea. At first it was thought that three months would see this done, then the enemy at the end of four months extended the time till October. Now his censors and his high command instruct the publication of the news of failure. This is one of the things that have made the Kaiser call a conference. It was really Von Hindenburg that forced Germany to go to war with the United States rather than forego the submarine advantage. He may now be dismissed as chief of staff by the Kaiser.

PARALLEL GRAND TRUNK FOR COMMON ENTRANCE

Engineers' Report on Railway Lines May Recommend This as Solution.

Hamilton, Tuesday, July 10.—While the report on the question of a common entrance into this city for steam and rural lines alike has not yet been received, it is understood that Engineer Tye and his assistants, Engineers Causton and his assistants, have reported that the Grand Trunk line would be a better solution than the proposed new entrance line from near Burlington to the present G.T.R. yards, where the tracks would be linked up.

Another recommendation of the engineers is that the Grand Trunk line across the Beach be double-tracked and used exclusively for freight line. They would have all freight from the Niagara front to Toronto and Montreal, or vice versa, carried over this line, thus relieving the common right-of-way through the city of the congestion that at present exists on the Grand Trunk line.

DE WILLOUGHBY'S WIFE SEEKING ANNULMENT

Hueber Girl is Adopted Daughter of Millionaire, and Papers Are Served.

Special to The Toronto World.

Niagara Falls, July 9.—Syracuse lawyer today served papers in an action for annulment of the marriage of Percy De Wiloughby, brought by Alice Hueber, married over this line, thus relieving the common right-of-way through the city of the congestion that at present exists on the Grand Trunk line.

COAL SHIPMENTS MAY BE CUT OFF

President Wilson Issues Proclamation Stopping Exports for Sixty Days.

Washington, July 9.—President Wilson today issued a proclamation stopping the export of coal for sixty days. The proclamation is intended to prevent the export of coal to Germany and its allies, and to prevent the export of coal to the United States for the purpose of being reshipped to Germany and its allies.

CANADA AFFECTED

Unless Something is Done This Country May Go Without.

Considerable agitation was caused in business circles yesterday by the proclamation of President Wilson requiring the licensing of exports, especially of coal. It is believed that the same agitation will be caused by the proposed embargo on coal shipments to Canada.

BOYS FOOT CRUSHED

Five-year-old Walter Anderson, 13 Sumner place, had one of his feet badly crushed last night when run over by a milk wagon near his home. He was removed to the hospital for sick children.

SPLIT THREATENS FORMER SOLDIERS

Discontent Apparent at Meeting of Honorably Discharged Men.

OBJECT TO RULINGS President's Attitude Resented by Some Members, and Break Imminent.

all was not peace and harmony at the meeting of the Association of the Honorably Discharged Soldiers in the Central Y. M. C. A. last night. While the members addressed each other as comrades and camaraderie that was implied and, indeed, there were indications of imminent disruption and the association was formed. Men who had been in the interval certain influences will be at work to bring about some change in the organization.

CANADIAN CASUALTIES

Wounded—G. V. Atkins, Oakleaf, Ont.; A. G. Kearney, Ireland; G. Lynch, Winnipeg; H. M. Dick, A. Tordick, Vancouver; L. Vanbergen, Belgium; G. D. Magdow, Vancouver; Sgt. J. Lord, Edmonton; W. E. B. Dyer, England; A. J. M. Keer, Scotland; A. Rochon, Alexandria, Ont.; Corp. J. Sage, Ottawa; P. Barrington, Ireland; Dr. Carter, E. Green, England; J. C. Webb, Amherst.

—H. C. R. Box, Franktown, Ont.

Infantry.

Killed in action—W. Wright, Loughhead, Brandon, Man.; W. E. Dyer, England; R. W. Murray, Winnipeg.

Died—W. Dugay, Carleton Place, Ont.; D. Neale, Cator, Sask.; G. N. Pugh, Brandon, Man.; W. E. Dyer, England; R. W. Murray, Winnipeg.

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HERBERT HOOVER WILL END ALL SPECULATIVE BUYING

TO PROTECT FARMER Food Commission to Stop Centralized Buying by Allies.

Washington, July 9.—Reports that the food administration will fix an arbitrary price of less than \$2 a bushel to the grower for the 1917 American wheat crop drew from Herbert Hoover today this denial.

GORGE WRECK VICTIMS SEEN IN WHIRLPOOL

Two or More Bodies Sighted, But Recovery is Very Difficult.

Special to The Toronto World.

Niagara Falls, Ont., July 9.—Two bodies are possibly thrown were sighted floating on the whirlpool today. They are thought to be the bodies of victims of the gorge wreck. May, an employee of the International Railway, and Mrs. C. A. Reuter, who lives in Deseronto, Ont., were seen in the whirlpool. They were seen in the whirlpool, and they were seen in the whirlpool.

WANTS CIVIL SERVANTS FOR WORK ON FARMS

Ontario Resources League Requests Services of Five Hundred Men.

Ottawa, July 9.—Fred Cook, Professor Thompson and Cecil Bethune, three members of the Ontario Resources League, had an interview today with Hon. W. M. Meighen, Hon. Dr. Roche and Hon. T. M. Martin, who are in Ottawa to discuss the possibility of having men from the army and navy to work on the farms during the summer months.

RUSSIAN KEEP UP

The Russian advance is along the south bank of the Dniester River and, according to the enemy, on a seven-mile front.

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RUSSIAN BREAK LINE OF FOE

Vienna, July 9, via London.—Northwest of Stanislaw, in Galicia, the first defense positions of the Austrians have been occupied by the Russians after two days of violent fighting. The Russian advance. The statement reads: "The Russians again attacked on the Kaiser-Stanislaw road. Their forces were brought to a standstill by a counter-thrust."

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ROGERS ENQUIRY IN PUBLIC SESSION

Judges Hold First Open Sitting in Manitoba Case Today.

Montreal, July 9.—The first public sitting of the McLeod-Tellier commission, which was appointed by the Dominion Government a few weeks ago, at the request of the Hon. Robert Rogers, minister of public works, to review the evidence taken before Mr. Justice Galt at Winnipeg last year in connection with sensational charges concerning the construction of the Manitoba Agricultural College, and to take any further evidence that may be necessary, will be held tomorrow morning.

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CONSCRIPTION BILL MAKING HEADWAY

Manufacture of Munitions in Canada. Sir Sam then closed with a somewhat rambling charge against the financial group in Toronto, to which the minister of finance belonged. He questioned the sincerity of the latter's conversion to the Conservative cause in 1911, and expressed the opinion that Ephraim was returning to his idols and might soon make a public recantation.

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