been observed to lay as great a Load on his

People as they could bear. Since then he

was pleased to ease them of this Tax when

he wanted not fo specious a Pretence to con-.

tinue it as the great Debts he had contract-

ed, we may be fure he knew it could not be

done without utterly ruining and disabling

' them to pay at all.

'Having thus briefly touched upon the present Condition of France, therefore, if they should make a successful Land-War, must be oblig'd, besides the necessary Gar-risens of his Sea-Ports, to maintain Two Hundred Forty Seven Thousand Men."

Here the Author points out how they should be employed, which not being the Case at present shall not repeat it here; and then he goes on,— "As to a Sea War, says he, He must sit out a prodigious Fleet, and that in the last War he shewed his Power to be matchless by maintaining no less than 400000 Men by Sea and Land, why there-

fore may he not do the fame again?

'Now as to England, if we raise Three 'Millions more yearly than in Time of Peace to carry on a War, that will be prodigious, 'considering the Debts we owe, and which 'every Englishman ought to desire to see 'pay'd off, rather than encreased. And yet 'the Parailel will not fully hold between 'England and France; because England ne'ver has been, and I hope never will be scrued