Mr. Cooper: Yes, absolutely. The amount of interest included is reduced; the amount of depreciation is reduced, and to that extent the profit and loss deficit is reduced.

Mr. Geary: That means your depreciation reserve is not adequate? You could have taken the whole capital cost out?

Mr. Cooper: No. The book value was $\$ 1,151,000$, and the depreciation is shown at $\$ 336,094.03$. We accrued the interest at a rate of $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

Mr. Geary: Was it destroyed?
Mr. Cooper: It was wrecked, yes.
Mr. Geary: Any insurance?
Mr. Cooper: Yes, there was a small amount of insurance- $\$ 152,000$.
Mr: Geary: You ought to be able to take care of all of your losses, because that is taken as a factor in setting up depreciation.

Mr. Cooper: We would not expect that unless a boat lived twenty-five years, and we accrued depreciation on a 4 per cent basis.

Mr. Geary: That is set up on a general basis. You may lose a ship at the end of a year, and you take care of that in estimating your depreciationthe same with obsolescence, wearing out and destruction.

Mr. Cooper: This had a book value of $\$ 1,151,000$, and with that accrued interest for depreciation at the rate of $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent, the total depreciation accrued to date was $\$ 336,094.03$.

Hon. Mr. Stevens: You said that there was $\$ 152,000$ insurance. Was that insured in your own insurance reserve?

Mr. Cooper: Yes. There would be about eight years' depreciation accrued against this particular ship.

Hon. Mr. Dunning: Mr. Cooper, to clear it up, you might deal with one of the cases where you sold a vessel.

Mr. Cooper: It is exactly the same thing.
Mr. Geary: You do not set up a depreciation reserve to take care of accidents?

Mr. Cooper: They are covered by insurance.
Mr. Geary: You have not insured them up to their value?
Mr. Cooper: No, only on the present day value. These boats are all carried in the investment account.

Sir Henry Thornton: If we could insure these ships at their original value, the solution would be simple.

Mr. Geary: Your present value is approximately your book value, less depreciation?

Mr. Cooper: No, sir.
Mr. Geary: Why not?
Mr. Cooper: The insurance value is something like $\$ 28$ a ton. We only collected from the insurance company, with respect to that vessel on the basis of $\$ 28$ per ton dead weight.

Mr. Geary: Your present value is presumably your book values less your depreciation?

Mr. Cooper: No, sir.
Mr. Geary: Why not?
Mr. Cooper: The insured value is something like $\$ 28$ a ton-we only collect from the insurance company the present worth of that vessel, which is on the basis of $\$ 28$ per ton.

