a couple of miles out on the Paris Road, to a farm that the mother of the latter-named person had sold a few days before; that they were to have returned before eleven o'clock; that the horse and wagon were returned by one of the parties in the morning about three o'clock; that he paid Mr. Shackell with bills torn across the end, and that he left on the morning train for the west. Search was made about the house just vacated by the Dove family, which was in the immediate neighbourhood of the murder; and, as a confirmation of what had been suspected, several letters were found lying about the house. Another strong circumstance was, that the same amount of money, upon the same Bank, as that paid to Mr. Shackell for the horse, had been taken from a letter sent from the Post Office Department to a party in town.

Telegraphs, describing the parties, Cheesbro' and Dove, were sent to the authorities east and west, in order that they might be apprehended; and Thomas McMeans, Esq., High Bailiff of Brantford, immediately set out in pursuit of them. At Paris he ascertained that Cheesbro' had taken the train for London. He took the next train, and, shortly after his arrival in London, found Cheesbro' in the custody of the officers there. Mr. McMeans brought his prisoner to Brantford, where he was lodged in Gaol for the night, to await his examination the following morning.

Early on Saturday morning, the 16th, a woman known as "Mary Dean" called on J. Weyms, Esq., J. P., and informed him, that she had been cept by Mrs. Moor—a colored woman—te tell her husband, Moor, who lived in East Ward, to leave as soon as possible, for the constables were after him; and that, at the same time, she mentioned something about the mail driver having been murdered. Mr. Weyms at once sent for the High Bailiff and two or three constables, and told Mary Dean to go immediately and deliver her message. He and the officers followed her at a respectful distance, and, upon her entering the house in which Moor lived, they rushed in and arrested Moor and another colored man, named Over, with whom Moor was living.

In the house they tound two guns, one being a double barrelled one; and upon the floor Mr. Weyms also found one-half of a \$100 Bank Note. The guns were both loaded with shot, and the double-barrelled one had the appearance of having been lately charged. On examination, Dr. John Young Bown found, under the nail of one of Over's fingers, a small red substance which proved to be sealing-wax. From information received by the magistrates, they were led to believe that another colored man named Joseph A. Armstrong, who had been released from Gaol but a very few days, had also some knowledge of the murder, and he was at once arrested and placed with Moor and Over in the "lock-up." In the afternoon they were examined before the magistrates; but nothing of great importance was elicited. Both the mother-in-law and sister-in-law of Moor, who were living in the same house, swore positively that neither Moor or Over had been out of the house that night. The prisoners were, however, remanded for further examination on Monday.

In the evening of the same day, Cheesbro' was also examined; and, after adducing satisfactory proof of his whereabouts during the night of the murder, was acquitted.

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