iences, is well habits of life ing developed, ters are being to whom the The Rev. Mr. (Little Sioux s."—Report of ools for N.W.

of Manitoba new Schoolent seats and supplied with inspection of of pupils was 0 in the list), id another aphools are prointending In-

the Departesks, etc., for / Mr. A. M.

a Schools). -re and trying rly regular in progress they lrs, Johns is ere shown to voman. The Indians, by nnan's Head, erection of a Fort William. Manitoba).-acher at St. tifty treaty, building can er was over Clandelaye.

Lanitoba) .-comfortable

E. McColl,

"The School at Broken Head is about the same as last year, the attendance not being what it should be, but the people are such wanderers, and they always take their families with them."—Report of Mr. A. M. Muckle, Indian Agent, Claudeboye.

Chemawawin School, (No. 5 in the list of Manitoba Schools).—" The chief mark of progress here is the School under the tuition of an Indian. Young as he is, Mr. Bear has shown to all his visitors that it is possible not only for an Indian to be educated himself, but also to be able to teach the young with a quiet, indefatigable zeal which, to say the least, is remarkable. Should this School continue to make such fair progress, there will probably be produced out of the once raw material on the very borders of the rat swamps some interesting scholars whose intellects can be further developed in a higher institution."—Report of Mr. Joseph Render, Indian Agent, Moose Mountain.

Oak River School,-"There is a Day School on the Reserve under the auspices of the Church of England; it was not in session at the time of my visit."—Report of Mr. T. P. Wadsworth, Inspector of Indian Agencies.

" A Day School is maintained at this Reserve under the anspices of the Episcopal Church, but the attendance is very irregular, and little progress has been made. The location of the School-house is not central enough. The building also is too small. I was glad when you [the Superintendent General] authorized the erection of a new and suitable building near the centre of the Reserve, and I trust when it is completed in September next (1892), that the children will find it so much more convenient and comfortable that the attendance will be both regular and larger."—Report of Mr. J. A. Markle, Ludian Agent, Birtle.

## EXTRACTS FROM THE ENGLISH WISSIONARY REPORTS.

"The clergy of the Diocese of Rupert's Land are now more than seventy in number, and many more are needed. The work is constantly changing: old Missions have to be divided, and the settlers have to be followed, as they spread themselves over the country. Although this Diocese is more than forty years old, it is only within the second half of that period that there has been any growth, and that growth, owing to the country being thrown open and railway lines laid down, bas been, without exaggeration, absolutely unprecedented in any other part of the world."—Report of the Society for the Propagation of the Gaspel, etc., for 1892.

"On the west of Lake Winnipeg is Jack Head, a station occupied by Mr. Jeremiah Johnstone, a native Christian from St. Peter's settle ment, who speaks two Indian languages as well as English. The work, Archdeneon Phair says, is very uphill. The majority of the Indians are heathens, and the influence of Roman Catholic Government officials is used to hinder Mr. Johnstone's efforts; but he has, notwithstanding,