lunules being thus more conspicuous; the secondaries have the outer border more sinuated. The female is very similar to that sex of *C. theodota*, but the interior of the secondaries is creamy white, and there is no discal tawny patch.

Hab. Aruwimi River.

73. Сумотноё тнеовене.

Harma theobene, Doubl. & Hew. Gen. Diurn. Lep. t. 40. f. 3. Cymothoë theobena, H. G. Smith, P. Z. S. 1890, p. 471.

Hab. Congo Valley.
74. Cymothoë jodutta.

Harma jodutta, Westw. Gen. Diurn. Lep. p. 289.

Hub. Congo Valley. Three males and three females, without special locality.

75. Cymothoë cænis.

Papilio canis, Drury, Ill. Ex. Ent. ii. p. 33, t. 19. ff. 1, 2. Hab. Vombo.

Two males and four females; the latter all differ from one another; one of them is very similar to the male, another resembles the insect figured by Hewitson as *Harma adelina*, the other two are intermediate between these two extremes. Whether all really belong to one species must remain an open question, as the materials are not sufficient to settle the point satisfactorily.

76. Cymothoë sangaris.

Nymphalis sanyaris, Godt. Enc. Méth. ix. p. 384; Lucas, Lep. Ex. p. 129, t. 69. f. 2.

Hab. Aruwimi River.

Three males, all with a common dark transverse band on the under surface of the wings, a character which appears to separate this species from the nearly allied *C. coccinata*.

77. CYMOTHOË HESIODUS?

Harma hesiodus, Hew. Ex. Butt. Harma, t. 4. ff. 15-18.

Hab. Aruwimi river.

A single female, either of this or a closely allied species.

78. CHARAXES CASTOR.

Papilio castor, Cram. Pap. Ex. t. 37. ff. C, D.

Charaxes castor, H. G. Smith, P. Z. S. 1890, p. 472.

Hab. Aruwimi River.

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