

Zambia

Canada's development assistance program in Zambia for many years was directed towards Zambia's transportation and training needs. The emphasis shifted more recently to capital projects and lines of credit designed to ease Zambia's difficult balance-of-payments situation. Following Zambia's 1987 break with the IMF and the World Bank, Canada met existing aid commitments, but did not initiate new projects pending Zambia's adoption of an internationally acceptable structural adjustment program. In 1989, Zambia initiated such a program to which Canada has responded with two balance of payments support projects valued at \$5 million and \$30 million, and with renewed planning in the social sectors.

Zimbabwe

Canada's development assistance to Zimbabwe dates back to a \$50 million pledge made at the 1981 conference on reconstruction and development (ZIMCORD). Aid disbursements to Zimbabwe from Canada in 1989/90 were \$16.45 million, excluding direct aid flows under the SADCC program, accounting for approximately \$28 million. Extensive use is made of lines of credit which ease foreign currency pressures in Zimbabwe, support Canadian private sector activities and generate local funds for further programming. Major activities in rural and human resource development are being executed by Canadian NGOs which received approximately \$1.6 million from CIDA in 1989/90. Plans are well advanced also for a Natural Resources Management Program which will include environmental policy and regulatory assistance. The CIDA program for Zimbabwe, Mozambique, Angola, Botswana and SADCC has been decentralized to Harare.