IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

Precedence First Gained for the Procedure Rules, and then the Address Adopted —Parnell Pleads for Ireland.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—In the House of Commons to-night L. L. Dillwyn, Liberal, moved to adjourn the debate on the address to reply to the Queen's speech for the purpose of discussing irregularities in the conspiracy trial at Dublin, by which the interests of certain members of the House of Commons were prejudiced. The Speaker declined to put the motion or to permit debate on the subject. He said that according to a previous decision a motion to adjourn could not be put on a subject respecting which a motion stood on the order book, and that as Mr. Sexton had already placed a motion referring to jury packing, Mr. Dillwyn's motion could not be entertained.

Mr. W. H. Smith moved that the discussion of the rules of procedure have precedence over all orders of this day. He said the prolonged debate on the address showed the necessity of putting some limit to the long speaking which had become the habit. Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt said the Opposition did not desire to place obstacles in the way of the progress of business. He hoped the matter of procedure would not be made a party question. Mr. Labouchere objected to giving a blank cheque of this sort to the Government, thereby permitting them to monopolize every day with the discussion of procedure. He didn't think the Government was able to effect good legislation. The session ought, therefore, in his opinion to be made an educational session. An amendment that a day be granted for debating the Welsh Disestablishment bill was carried—261 to 258. Mr. Parnell asked the Government to concede time to discuss his proposal for admitting Irish leaseholders to the benefits of the land Act of 1881. Under Mr. Smith's motion, he said, it would be five weeks before any Irish question would have a chance to be heard. He, therefore, moved "that the rules of procedure be not considered before the Government divulge the nature of their legislation for Ireland." (Cheers.) He said he was not disposed to surrender our interests in Ireland in order to give the Government precedence for their procedure proposals. The motion had been sprung on the house suddenly in defiance of the fact that there were no precedents for such an interruption of the debate on the address. The affairs of Ireland were in a critical condition. The Westport board of guardians had just received notice of intended evictions of one thousand persons, while Lord Cork was asking for police to assist in further evictions. Was it at such a time as this that Irish members were to be debarred from bringing forward grievances? Mr. Smith said he thought the proceedings of the last three days were sufficient to show how useless it was to go further into the Irish situation and the rules of procedure were settled. Mr. Parnell's resolution was rejected by a vote of 327 against 161. The announcement of the result was received with cheers by the Conservatives. Mr. Smith announced that the Government would begin giving precedence to the rules of procedure on Monday.

Mr. Dillon complained of the removal of the venue of his trial, and accused High Sheriff Hamilton of having dismissed the subsheriff, who had compiled the jury panel for forty years, in order to appoint Captain Hamilton, who was a personal enemy of Mr. Dillon. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, interposing, said Hamilton had not been appointed subsheriff. Mr. Dillon replied that it was a matter of common knowledge that the post had been offered to Capt. Hamilton. He proceeded to refer to the jury panel when the Speaker ruled him out of order. Mr. Dillon bowed to the chair, but said he hardly expected he would be allowed to refer to his being tried by a jury that had been deliberately and maliciously packed by his enemies. (Loud Parnellite cheers.) The Speaker again interposed, and in reply to Messrs. Dillon and Kelly ruled that the subject could not be referred to in any way. The Speaker then suggested the putting of the question on the address. Mr. Arthur O'Connor moved to adjourn on the ground that Mr. Parnell had not been entitled to the floor. The motion was rejected by 216 to 119. Amid attempt to continue the debate, the Speaker said it was evidently the sense of the house that the subject had been sufficiently discussed. Mr. Smith moved "that the question be now put." The motion was carried by 230 to 74, and the address was adopted by a vote of 224 to 70, amid Conservative cheers.

The Government's double victory to-night was partly due to the continued disorganization of the Liberals. The Conservative whips boast that the Government would discharge any for giving precedence to the business, unless a full complement of members remain. The Liberals had issued no call for the attendance of members and were taken by surprise, their benches being almost empty. The brunt of the debate fell upon the Parnellites, and before the division on Mr. Parnell's amendment the bulk of the Liberals had left the House. After the division the Parnellites had a hurricane conference, and decided to try obstruction tactics in order to prolong the debate. Mr. Smith will counteract this move by moving precedence for procedure on Monday, whether the debate on the address be concluded or not.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—Mr. Parnell states that he intends to adjourn the debate on the address in reply to the Queen's speech in order to enable the house to form an opinion upon the report of the land act commission, which will be published shortly. He also considers it imperative to call the attention of the house to the grave aspect of the agrarian question. The report recommends the adoption of Mr. Parnell's proposal to alter the term from fifteen to five years and to admit leaseholders to the benefits of the land act.

NO JUSTICE FOR THE CROFTERS.

In the House of Commons this evening Mr. Cameron's motion in favor of an enquiry into the "lawless and unjust" administration of the law in the crofter districts, was defeated by a vote of 253 to 136.

A PROTEST AGAINST JURY PACKING.

Sixty British members of the House of Commons, at a conference to-day, adopted a resolution to call the attention of Parliament to the alleged packing of juries in the cases against the Nationalists in Ireland.

THE STATE TRIALS.

DUBLIN, Feb. 16.—The interest in the trial of the traversers is increasing. The court was crowded to-day. None of the defendants were present at the opening of the court, but some of them looked in occasionally. During the day they were seen about the city smoking and otherwise enjoying themselves. The indulgence shown the defendants by the court makes the trial appear a farce. Solicitor-General Gibson, on behalf of the Crown, detailed the counts of the indictment, and reviewing the history of the campaign, he defied the counsel for the defence to prove that the plan of campaign was legal. The Crown authorities, he said, were unable to prove that the traversers had met together, but they could show that they had worked together in an illegal and criminal conspiracy. The case was adjourned until to-morrow. The MacDermott has refused a retainer of 100 guineas for the defence of the traversers. Mr. Gray, M.P., has opened an indemnity fund for the traversers. He has subscribed £10 to the fund, and says that £2,000 will be required.

BRAIN WORK

requires for its successful and pleasurable pursuit a full, uniform and continuous supply of pure, rich blood to the brain. If, through the torpidity of the liver, the blood becomes foul with bile, the brain is poisoned and overstimulated with the excess of blood which the irritated heart sends to it with frantic impulses. Dizziness, heaviness, loss of memory, impossibility of application to any kind of work, result. To relieve this, and prevent not only the brain but the whole system from that working order, Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" will be found invaluable.

THE GREAT LANSDOWNE OF CANADA AND IRELAND.

Britain's great Governor General who figures as the imperial representative at the head of the Dominion, is also a "great" Irish landlord. He is in great glory in Canada; his name is a synonym for splendor. In Ireland his sway is marked by ruin and his name symbolic of barbarity and all misery.

Mr. William O'Brien, in speaking to this nabob's tenantry in Queen's County the other day, said Lord Lansdowne is a great and proud lord, living out in Canada. Lord Dillon was a great and proud lord also, and after a little recollection Lord Dillon pocketed his pride, and he was very glad to pocket whatever rents he could get as well. And I promise you so will your proud Lord Lansdowne before we are done with him, for I may tell you that this is no child's play, that this is a matter of life and death to the tenantry of Ireland, and so far as we are concerned you may rest satisfied that before this struggle is over either landlordism will kill us or we will kill landlordism.

Lansdowne thinks he can safely snap his fingers at you because he is four thousand miles away, Governor General of Canada, (cheers and laughter.) I tell you here to-day that the voice of the Irish nation is loud enough and strong enough to reach him in his palace gates in Ottawa in Canada (cheers)—ay, or if he were to go into the deepest backwoods of an English settlement to hide himself.

Nearly one-half of the whole population of Canada are men of Irish blood. They are your kinsmen and your brothers. I know that their hearts beat as warmly for Ireland as yours or mine. They will tell every third of the crowbar brigade in the Queen's County just as bitterly as if it led Lansdowne and invaded their homes in Canada. I warn them to-day it is no child's play to have a rotten landlord in any county in an honest man in the Queen's County, that we will carry the war into Canada. We will meet him at his palace gates, and we will make the earth ring with his fame as an evicted and an exterminator.

We will track him night and day the wide world over, and from end to end of that Dominion of Canada to which he has gone, on the part of the Irish in Canada, that wherever he goes he will find Irish hearts and Irish hands that will have him not beyond the pale (cheers), and from such execrations out of their graves good Lord deliver us.

The bigot flame of the Orange spirit will never waver in such a crisis as this, but that blow, in defiance and execration from the country of his shame.—Cor. N. Catholic Times.

THE FACE WEARS A VERY WISTFUL, pinched expression, sickly complexion, eyes dull, nerves, and pains in back, limbs and joints, whether blood, are experienced. Dull pains the eyes, temples and pains in the blood. Rise from the circulation, and direct it into its natural channel, the bowels, with Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Great Blood Purifier, which has wholly supplanted all other bitters, having a decided specific action. In indigestion, constipation, liver complaint, Bright's and Kidney Complaints are entirely overcome by its use.

Sitting has been resumed by the Roman Catholic priest in Fiji [illegible] to an immoral association [illegible].

Head and face disease cured without blistering. Holloway's Corn Cure is an unfailing remedy. Try it. Get a bottle at once and be happy.

A fund has been started at London, Ont., for the relief of Solon Chase, [illegible] fluentist Grobecker, who lost his right hand, rendering his homeless by fire.

DO NO VIOLENCE TO THE DELICATE and general system by repeated doses of mercury to the suspicion of some and worse. Many persons thus set them [illegible] the dose of a pleasant. The best substitute for such pernicious drugs, and the best with which to prove it, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, is Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, which remarkably tones the stomach, regulates the bowels, purifies the blood, and gives a healthy glow to the cheek.

Hardened wretch (to hand Christian soul who has been religiously weeping, with them for an hour)—Yes'm; what you say is every true, m'! I feel mock an' humble, a' if you 'd only a chew of tobacker I'd commence to work wonders."

If you are nervous or dyspeptic try Carter's Little Nerve Pills. Dyspepsia makes you nervous, and nervous ness makes you dyspeptic; both combined renders you miserable. These little pills cure both.

Rev. E. H. Byington, of the Congregational Church of Minnan, Massachusetts, is being investigated by a council convened for having jilted a Miss Reed, one of the wealthiest women in his congregation.

James Cullen, Pool Island, N.F., writes: I have been watching the progress of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil since its introduction into this place, and with much pleasure since that my anticipations of its success have been fully realized, it having cured me of bronchitis and soreness of nose; which not a few of my "rheumatic neighbors" (one old lady in particular) pronounce it to be the best article of its kind that has ever been brought before the public. Your medicine does not require any longer a sponsor, but if you wish me to act as such, I shall be only too happy to have my name connected with your prosperous child.

A sensational story comes from Birmingham, Ala., to the effect that a newspaper reporter was knocked down, chloroformed and robbed of $55.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

For Indigestion.

DR. GEO W. HALL, St. Louis, says: "I took it for indigestion and found it of decided advantage."

Smuggling has been detected in the sleeping cars which cross the river at Detroit. Porters have been in the habit of carrying dutiable goods over the line "to accommodate a friend."

EUROPEAN WAR RUMBLINGS.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—A panic has been caused in financial and military circles at Cairo by the withdrawal of the annual subscription of $1,200,000 for expenses of the Egyptian army.

BERLIN, Feb. 15.—The *National Zeitung* says the Bundesrath yesterday discussed the question of declaring a minor state of siege at Stettin.

MUNICH, Feb. 15.—The *Nachrichten* publishes a letter from a Catholic authority stating that direct orders from the Pope caused the publication of Jacobini's letters, which are now being officially circulated among the clergy, and that should the Centre maintain its opposition to the Septennate, [illegible] will be taken by the Pope [illegible] positive vote of the Centre [illegible] Septennate.

VIENNA, Feb. 15.—A council of ministers has decided that the Delegations shall meet on March 1st. The Government will ask a credit of 25,000,000 florins to complete the military supplies, also an extra credit, not exceeding the former, which will only be utilized if the political situation continues threatening.

The announcement of an early meeting of the Delegation caused anxiety on the Bourse yesterday; business was stagnant.

VIENNA, Feb. 16.—Questions asked the Government in the Reichsrath yesterday, in relation to the proposed credit for military purposes, elicited the information that Hungary would only enroll in the Landsturm such men as already had military training or were likely to make good soldiers. Numerous exemptions would be made. In Austria the enrollment of men under the age of 42 years would be almost universal. Ex officers up to the age of 60 years would also be enrolled. Men who are unfitted for ambulance or office work will not be exempted. It is semi-officially stated that an Austro-Hungarian treaty to continue two years will be arranged and will go into operation in 1888.

A PRINCE'S HOPES.

At a Palace ball last night, Crown Prince Rudolph, speaking of the political situation, said: "I trust hope that the crisis will pass without war. If it does not, however, we shall do our duty."

GROWING MORE ACUTE.

BERLIN, Feb. 16.—The *Nachrichten* says: The threatening character of the situation across the Vosges frontier is becoming more acute. In view of the fact that [illegible] already been constructed to shelter 100,000 men and that preparations have been made to shelter a similar number around Belfort, we have every doubt to deal with a sitting less than the strengthening of the French fortifications, at the beginning of [illegible] a large force towards the frontier and the transfer operations to German territory.

APPEALING TO ALSACE.

STRASSBURG, Feb. 16.—Prince Hohenlohe, Governor of Alsace-Lorraine, has issued an address in which he says: "It is absolutely [illegible] not to be expected that the [illegible] war, let peacefully, [illegible] elected to the new Reichstag, [illegible] accept the terms of 1871. Those who have to return members of the protest party (German) party or members of the Government's Septennate bill [illegible] continuance of the question [illegible] to trade and commerce [illegible] the friends of peace [illegible] health, because of former political [illegible] and hope they would like to be elected to the new Reichstag, [illegible] their views and regard the [illegible] the country. The [illegible] to Germany is irrevocable [illegible] the German Empire [illegible]. These [illegible] pregnant with decisive [illegible] what your consciences [illegible] your love of your home [illegible] your property [illegible] debate."

PARIS, Feb. 17.—The Gulaulois had a conference yesterday on the army bill committee. [illegible] to agree to the proposal that conscripts already trained should serve [illegible] months only.

BERLIN, Feb. 17.—The [illegible] Post has a long article [illegible] "[illegible] peace [illegible]," warning the [illegible] to be [illegible] preparations. The *Post* says: "[illegible] people on the question whether the country will [illegible] to prepare for war [illegible] more than to generally suppose it." Bismarck has just caused the parliamentary [illegible] adopted by the Federal Council [illegible] hoping thereby to gain votes for the Government.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—An Odessa dispatch says the recent [illegible] Dmitroff Strelitz Mole was occasioned by the discharge of 2,530 women and children in accordance with the new law. Chief Officials, including Akimoff, were murdered by the mob, and other officials had narrow escapes. The offices at the mills were completely wrecked and the engines lost, including machinery, destroyed. This outbreak was financed by Short Ioff.

BERLIN, Feb. 17.—Many priests are writing to the newspapers urging their flocks to support the septennate. The prospects of a Government triumph in the elections increases daily.

PARIS, Feb. 17.—The news of Bismarck's illness is causing unwonted firmness on the Bourse.

PARIS, Feb. 17.—The police are seizing copies of a pretorial brochure entitled "Bismarck's Nightmare," which has lately been hawked on the boulevards.

BERLIN, Feb. 17.—The *Army Gazette* points out that the entrance to Belgium from Verviers is quite open, and that it is a mistake to believe that the roads are covered by Antwerp. The *Gazette* hopes Count Schmettau, who has just been appointed military attache to the German embassy at Brussels, will press Germany's views on the subject upon the Belgian Government.

CAIRO, Feb. 16.—The withdrawal of the annual subvention to Egypt has not been formally alluded upon. Sir Evelyn Baring, British diplomatic agent, has informed the French agent that Sir Henry Drummond Wolff's proposals, imply neither recalling of British troops nor fixing of the date for their withdrawal from Egypt.

BERLIN, Feb. 17.—The *North German Gazette* says:—"The Liberal press continues to publish the falsehood that Europe lives in a condition of the most profound peace and that contrary statements are only manœuvres to intimidate the poor electors and influence them in favor of the septennate. In support of this assertion reference is made to the declaration of Gen. Von Schellendorff when he introduced the Army bill in the Reichstag. The political sky was in a totally different state then. It has since become cloudy, solely in consequence of the attitude of the Opposition, whose unpatriotic conduct causes the conviction in France that Germany is weakened by internal quarrels, and that the moment to attack Germany has arrived. General Von Schellendorff's words, when uttered, were quite appropriate to the situation, but he would scarcely repeat them to-day, the opposition having conjured up a danger of war which will only disappear when France sees that Germany does not allow unpatriotic politicians to lead her, that is when a majority is returned to the Reichstag determined to protect the Empire against its enemies.

PARIS, Feb. 17.—Rents closed at 78 fr. 12½c. The rise is attributed to the peaceful character of articles in the French press in regard to relations between France and Germany and to orders from the provinces for purchases for investment.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 17.—It is semi-officially stated that the relations between Austria and Russia are so much improved that it is no longer expected that Austria would make a Russian occupation of Bulgaria a *casus belli*.

BERLIN, Feb. 17.—The *North German Gazette* publishes advices from Barcelona to the effect that extensive purchases of horses by the French Government have been made in Spain and that the sheep dealers of the Palatinate of Alsace-Lorraine, who supply France are purchasing all the sheep and cattle they can secure.

STRASBOURG, Feb. 18.—The search of persons suspected of favoring France still continue.

BERLIN, Feb. 18.—Thirty Socialists have been expelled from Stettin.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—The *Standard's* Vienna correspondent says:—"I am assured on good authority that Germany will shortly demand that France pledge herself to remain neutral in the event of war in Eastern Europe."

BERLIN, Feb. 18.—Russia's attempt to secure Germany's support to her Bulgarian policy having failed, it is learned that as a last resort she has offered to observe complete neutrality in case of a conflict between France and Germany.

BERLIN, Feb. 18.—The Bavarian rifle factory at Amberg is working with feverish haste on government orders. It supplies repeaters for one regiment every week.

BUCHAREST, Feb. 18.—The Chamber of Deputies yesterday voted an extra military credit of $6,000,000 to defend the neutrality of the country. The measure was adopted by 99 to 11. Premier Bratiano in asking for the credit declared the government was unwilling that Roumania should again become a field of battle.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—Ex-Empress Eugenie has asked leave of the Syndic to attend wounded Italian soldiers returning from Egypt.

VIENNA, Feb. 18.—A semi-official letter from St. Petersburg represents that Russia is waiting for the Franco-German conflict, which she considers inevitable, to realize her own Balkan projects. While making no compact with France, Russia would consider it to be her own interest not to allow Germany to be victorious in the struggle between those nations. It is supposed this intention on the part of Russia explains the delay in the negotiations for a settlement of the Bulgarian question now being carried on at Constantinople.

BERLIN, Feb. 19.—The *North German Gazette* says the Reichstag will be again dissolved, unless the Government secures a majority in the elections.

HE FEARED NO FOE.

Nervous failed when Rome was burning. Many now always seem equally infirm due to disease in the manner in which they neglect the bowels. It takes a long time to overcome the obstinacy which Burdock Blood Bitters will not eradicate by its purifying, regulating powers.

Oil City, Pa., now has two Presidential candidates, one on the bridge of the Allegheny River paying $2,300 a year, and another on the south side paying $1,300.

AMONG THE INDIANS.

Wallace Cutwind was trading in furs he came across an Indian who was taken to his lodge to die. He had inward pains and pains in all his joints. He gave some Yellow Oil to be made and applied it externally, and cured him. It also cured my husband of rheumatism, and I find it invaluable for coughs and colds, sore throat, etc." Mrs. A. [illegible], Cook's Mills, Serpent River, Ont.

A visit to the sewers of Paris was a feature of a press festival recently held in that city. Five hundred persons availed themselves of the singular programme.

In most large cities they have press clubs, as at Philadelphia and Journalists' Club.

PROHIBITION AND POLITICS.

The social liquor question is a strong plank in the political platform, and is safe to say hold of. Intoxicating beverages are almost worn be alone, even in medicine. Burdock Blood Bitters is not a beverage, but a sure, pure medicine, to relieve or diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels, kidney and blood, and will not aid in making drunkards.

"I am satisfied on every point but one," said a gentleman to an applicant for service; "I cannot get over your nose." "That is not to be wondered at, sir," replied the applicant, "for the bridge has broken."

Joseph Russell, Percy writes: I was induced to try Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for a lameness which troubled me for three or four years, and found it the best article I ever tried. It has been a great blessing to me.

The newly arrived chambermaid having observed her mistress going out for the evening wearing a pair of twelve-button gloves, confidentially remarked to the cook: "It looks as if Sarah I never expected to see a lady wid sa tuckins on her arrums."

There are cases of consumption so far advanced that Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup will not cure, but none so bad that it will not give relief. For coughs, colds and all affections of the throat, lungs and chest, it is a specific which has never been known to fail. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, thereby removing the phlegm, and gives the diseased parts a chance to heal.

"Boy, let that horse alone there; you'll get kicked." "Oh, I isn't afraid; that horse won't kick." "But I'll kick you if you don't go away from there."

One trial of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will convince you that it has no equal as a worm medicine. Buy a bottle, and see if it does not please you.

The Prince of Wales having expressed a desire to have the pair of spurs worn by Fred Archer when he rode Ormond in his last race at Newmarket, the executors have sent them to His Royal Highness, together with the saddle used on the occasion.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment are remedies which should invariably be taken by travellers in search of health, pleasure or business. Many deleterious influences are constantly at work in foreign climes, tending to deteriorate the health; these and the altered conditions of life will entail on those who travel the necessity of carefully attending to early symptoms of disease, and they will find the use of these remedies to be highly necessary, the action of these Pills being purifying and strengthening and of great service in cases of fever, ague, and all inflammatory diseases, while the Ointment is a sovereign cure in cases of piles, bad legs, bad breasts, wounds and ulcers. Holloway's remedies do not deteriorate by change of climate.

THIS IS ALL.

BY ROSIE CHURCHILL.

Just a saunter in the twilight,
Just a whisper in the hall,
Just a sail on sea or river,
Just a dance at rout or ball,
Just a glance that hearts enthrall—
This is all—and this is all.

Just a few harsh words of doubting,
Just a silence proud and cold,
Just a spiteful breath of slander,
Just a wrong that is not told,
Just a word beyond recall—
This is all—and this is all.

Just a life robbed of its brightness,
Just a heart by sorrow filled,
Just a faith that trusts no longer,
Just a love by doubting chilled,
Just a few hot tears that fall—
This is all—oh! this is all.

BUILDING UP A NAVY.

THE UNITED STATES SENATE PASSES THE BILL ORDERING TEN NEW STEEL CRUISERS TO BE BUILT.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The Senate resumed consideration of the bill to increase the naval establishment. The bill passed. It authorizes the President to have constructed ten protected steel cruisers, with such armament for each as the Navy department may deem suitable, each of said vessels to have a maximum speed of not less than twenty knots an hour over the measured mile, the cost, exclusive of armament, not to be more than $15,000,000. The vessels shall be of American manufacture. For the armament of the vessels $4,800,000 is appropriated. Three of the vessels shall be built on or near the coast of the Pacific ocean, or the waters connecting therewith; three of them on or near the coast of the Gulf of Mexico or the waters connecting therewith, and four of them on or near the coast of the Atlantic ocean or the waters connecting therewith.

LOYALIST PICTURE.

DUBLIN, Feb. 16.—The new Loyalist paper, the *Union*, published in Dublin, says that all the tenants on the Bodyke estate, where evictions are pending, are armed with Enfield rifles, which were distributed some years ago, and that a few days ago a Fenian visited the locality and presented the tenants with a plentiful supply of ball cartridges. The same paper says that a force of 1,000 policemen and soldiers will accompany the sheriff through the district, which is in a state of civil war.

MORE BODIES IDENTIFIED.

WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Vt., Feb. 16.—The last two bodies at the morgue were identified this morning. They were those of Peter McLean, of Acton, P.Q., and D. Magnet, a notary public, of Shawinigan, P.Q.

BIRTH.

CAIRNS.—In this city, on the 7th instant, the wife of Robert Cairns of a daughter. 34 1

HART.—At 91 Chatham street, on Jan. 26, Mrs. Frank J. Hart, of a daughter. 30 1

STROUD.—At 619 St. Catherine street, on the 19th instant, the wife of G. F. Stroud, of a son. 39

DUGGAN.—At Quebec, on Sunday, January 16th, last, the wife of A. T. Duggan, of a daughter. 35 2

WILDS.—At Morrisburg, Ont., on the 26th January, the wife of James Wilds, of twins, a boy and a daughter. 27 1

MURPHY.—At No. 157½ Wolfarton street, on the 17th inst., the wife of Patrick Murphy, of a daughter. 41

MARRIED.

NOONAN—CUTLIFFE.—In this city, on the 14th instant, Thomas Noonan, of Moore's Creek, Ont., to Miss Annie McCutcliffe. 36 1

CLEMENT—TRIHEY.—In this city, on the 15th instant, Israel Clement, of Lachine, to Miss Ida Trihey. 38 2

HARRINGTON—McNIRY—At Cornwall, February 8th, by the Rev. Father Charles B. Murray, P.P., M. F. Harrington, of Oswego, N.Y., to Minnie G. McEniry, eldest daughter of M. McEniry, Cornwall, Ont. 36

DE REPENTIGNY—HURTUBISE.—On the 3rd inst., in the private chapel of the Archbishop's Palace, by Father Joseph De Repentigny, parish priest of Hochelaga, Pierre De Repentigny, Esq., of this city, to Miss Andrew Jane Hurtubise, formerly of Notre Dame de Grace. Records 28 1

DIED.

RANDALL.—At St. Meriden, Connecticut, Rachel O'Connor, beloved wife of Herbert L. Randall.

DOUCET.—At Cobourg Station, Que., Feb. 14th, Cecilia C. Doucet, aged 2 years and 2 months, only child of Louis Doucet, merchant.

NORTHGRAVES.—At Perth, Ont., February 3rd, 1887, Alexander Northgraves, beloved husband of Wm. Northgraves, jeweller, aged 26 years.

CURRIE.—In this city, on the 14th Feb., Anne Mitchell, widow of the late Patrick Currie, aged 78 years.

McKENNA.—In this city, on the 14th inst., after a lingering illness, Kate, aged 27 years, second daughter of the late Arthur McKenna.

OWLER.—In this city, on the 12th inst., Jennie L. Owler, youngest and beloved daughter of the late Andrew Owler.

ROWETT.—In this city, on 1st of February, Catherine Murphy, aged 40 years, beloved wife of Alfred Rowett.

DALTON.—In this city, on Wednesday, Feb. 2, of consumption of the lungs, William Dalton, printer, aged 58 years.

LYNCH.—Died at New York on the 5th inst., Margaret Lynch, native of the County Leitrim, Ireland, formerly of Montreal.

BRIEN.—On February 3rd, Alice, youngest daughter of F. Brien, Grand Trunk Railway Mail Clerk, aged 2 years and 2 months. 28 1

SMITH.—In this city, on the 3rd inst., Marie Antoinette Ruth, aged 2 years and 1 month, only daughter of William Smith.

MADIGAN.—In this city, on the 4th inst., Alice, aged 19 years, beloved daughter of Martin Madigan. 2 32

BRITAIN.—In this city, on the 13th Feb., George Britain, sr., aged 64 years, a native of Leeds, England.

SMITH.—In this city, on the 13th instant, of diphtheria, Joseph Sidney Doland, aged 8 years, son of William Smith, No. 8 St. Elizabeth street. Buried same day. 37 1

McEVOY.—On the 14th instant, Bridget McEvoy, of bronchitis, aged 9 years and 4 months, youngest daughter of C. McEvoy, Petite Cote.

WOODS.—Accidentally killed, February 11th, at St. Gabriel Village, Montreal, Mr. John Woods, a native of Co. Tipperary, Ireland, aged 58 years.

RENAUD.—In this city on the 1st inst., M. Napoleon Renaud, aged 34 years 3 months and 9 days, formerly member Papal Zouaves and Deputy Post Office Inspector for the District of Montreal.

DONALDSON.—In this city, on the 13th instant, John Foster, beloved son of James and Maggie Donaldson, aged 1 year, 9 months, 14 days.

SULLIVAN.—In this city, on Monday, the 14th instant, Margaret Power, relict of the late Michael Sullivan, aged 70 years, a native of County Waterford, Ireland, and mother of E. P. Sullivan, actor, formerly of Montreal, also of John and Thomas Sullivan.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York City.

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I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. In fact, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give express and P.O. address.

DR. T. A. SLOCUM, Branch Office, 37 Yonge St., Toronto.

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40-G

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It contains neither alum, lime, nor other deleterious substance, is so prepared as to mix readily with flour and retain its virtues for a long period.

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11 G

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next Session, on the part of Dame Susan Ash, of the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal, and Province of Quebec, to obtain a bill of divorce from her husband, William Manton, of parts unknown in the United States of America, on the ground of desertion, and because the said William Manton having obtained a divorce from the said Susan Ash before the Supreme Court for the State of Massachusetts one of the United States of America, has contracted a second marriage. Montreal, 18th September, 1886. DUHAMEL, RAINVILLE & MARCEAU, Attorneys for the said Dame Susan Ash.