in connection with the annual meeting of the Ontario Medical Association, which began its three days' session on 21st May.

Dr. H. J. Way, of Chicago, president of the class, was chairman of the occasion, the details being taken care of by Dr. J. N. E. Brown, secretary, of Toronto. Among others at the dinner were Dr. Gear, Erin; Dr. Green, Embro; Dr. Smith, Grimsby; Dr. Forrest, Port Hope; Dr. Harper, Aliston; Dr. Hagerman, Milwaukee; Dr. Grant, Gravenhurst, and Dr. Campbell, Bradford.

It was decided to hold another class re-union in Toronto at the completion of the quarter-century, in May, 1917, five years hence. Officers were elected for the interim as follows: President, Dr. Lachlan McKechnie, Vancouver; Vice-Presidents, Dr. Samuel H. McCoy (Toronto), Dr. Frank Hagerman (Milwaukee), Dr. Hugh McCormack (New Auburn, Wis.), Dr. Geo. Clingan (Virden, Man.); Secretary, Dr. J. N. E. Brown, Toronto; Treasurer, Dr. Geo. Bowles, Toronto; Executive Committee, Drs. C. C. Richardson, D. A. Clark, and H. A. Bruce, all of Toronto.

HAS A HEALTH WEEK.

Practical lessons and moving picture shows for children in order to teach them how to keep healthy, and for ignorant mothers to show them the right way to bring up their babies are among the features of a campaign in England to impress upon everybody the motto that "All things in life depend upon health!"

The National Health Week—a crusade against ignorance, disease, needless suffering and dirt—opened on 17th May. During the week there was an essay competition for school children at Richmond, while at Birkhamstead a "health house" fitted up so as to give practical lessons in keeping well.

In many districts there were moving picture exhibitions illustrating the danger of keeping unclean homes, the peril of consumption, and the harmful character of the house fly. A free cinematograph show for 1,800 persons was given at the Northampton Institute, Finsbury, one film being entitled "The Right and Wrong Girl to Marry."

Mothers, factory girls, boy scouts and school children are all to have special lectures for their individual benefit.

Among the items which children are to be taught as important things to know in every day life are the following:

1. Seven thousand grown people and 2,500 children in England and Wales are totally blind, many of them because when they were