Lecanium is found in Western Ontario, on Acer saccharinum. Just recently Dr. Fletcher sent me specimens on white maple (A. dasycarpum) from St. Catharines, Ontario. Although this is called the Peach Lecanium, it is by no means confined to peach trees, as it is found on various species of maple, plum, apple, Crategus, sycamore, Brumelia, linden, olive and Vaccinium.

Bib.—Bull. No. 18, U. S. Dep. Agr., Div. Entom. (1898), p. 27; Can. Ent., xxi. (1899), 141.

Lecanium cerasifex, Fitch, 1856. (Native.) Said to have been found on plum at Queenston, Ontario, in 1894, and since that in many places in the fruit district extending from Niagara to Burlington, Ont.

Bib.—Rpt. Exp. Farm, 1895, p. 157; Trans. Royal Soc. Can., 1899-1900, p. 219.

Lecanium pruinosum, Coql., 1891. (Native) This was found on peach at Niagara, Oatario. Received from Prof. Cockerell last year, sent to him by Dr. Fletcher.

Lecanium Websteri, Ckll. and King, 1901. (Native.) On black and red currant in Nova Scotia and at Ottawa, Canada. The species was for a long time supposed to be Fitch's L. ribis. It seems to be quite a general feeder, as will be seen when reference is made to the literature.

Bib.—CAN. ENT., XXXIII. (1901), 108.

Lecanium carya, Fitch, 1856. (Native.) This was found sparingly on peach at Niagara, Ontario, by Dr. Fletcher in 1898, and since that has been occasionally found by Mr. George E. Fisher on the same tree; but never in abundance. It is the largest species of the subgenus Eulecanium found in North America. All that is known of the species will be found in the literature cited below.

Bib.—Entomological News, xii. (1901), 50-1.

Lecanium. Species probably new; not sufficient for study; was received with the above species; also found at Niagara, Ontario, on peach.

Lecanium armeniacum, Craw, 1892. (Native.) The apricot scale was found infesting orchards at Sherbrooke, Quebec, in 1899; it is common in California.

Bib.—Ann. Rpt. Exp. Farms, 1899, p. 160.

Lecanium cynosbati, Fitch, 1856. (Native.) Was received from Mr. John Dearness in 1900; found at London, Ontario, on honey locust. Dr. Fletcher states that he found this species abundant on honey-locust trees in the streets of Dundas, Ont., in 1898.