

male moths as it was resting quietly and naturally on the muslin cover of the cage, with the result as shown at *c* on the plate. We were somewhat loath to kill such a pretty, daintily bedecked creature, but — well, he now fills an honoured place in our collection here at the University. Figure *c* on the plate well represents this pretty creature (twice natural size) as he now looks in the collection. Imagine the lighter portions of the figure to be of a delicate straw-yellow colour and the darker waves and crinkles of a rich brown shade, and you have a faint conception of this crinkled flannel moth.

I do not know that the insect has ever done enough damage to make it of economic importance. It certainly has a wide range of food plants, as shown by Mr. Beutenmüller (*Ent. Americana*, III., 180), who lists twenty-five different plants, and the cranberry has since been added in Massachusetts. Briefly stated, its life-history seems to be as follows: The eggs are laid about July 1, and hatch in a week or ten days; the caterpillars feed during July and August, pupating in September; some of the moths may emerge in the fall, but doubtless most of them hibernate as pupæ, the moths appearing in June and some laying their eggs.

#### TORONTO BRANCH OF THE ENTOMOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF ONTARIO.

It is with much gratification that we announce the formation of a branch of our Society in Toronto. In the month of February last a number of entomologists in Toronto, feeling their isolation and need of co-operation, met together and decided to form an organization for the promotion of the study of entomology. They accordingly established "The Toronto Entomological Society," with Mr. E. V. Rippon as President, and Mr. Arthur Gibson, Secretary. Regular meetings have been held on the first and third Fridays of each month, and recently a room has been engaged at 451 Parliament Street, where the books and collections are kept and the meetings held, and which is open at all times for the use of the members. For the last ten months the Society has been very successful and its members full of enthusiasm; much satisfactory work has been accomplished, and great pleasure has been derived by the members from meeting with kindred spirits, comparing specimens, discussing questions that arise from time to time, and giving and receiving much assistance in many ways.

Recently the desirability of affiliating with the old-established Entomological Society of Ontario was brought before the members, and after