The object you are working for is affluence. The key to this is the NATIONAL CASH REGISTER OFFICE: 67 YONGE.

The Toronto World.

NEW NOVELS
Beatrice & Benedick, by Hawley Smart; Out of Eden, by Dora Russell; Dumaresq's Daughter, by Grant Allen. 246
Red Letter Series. - At All Bookstores.

TWELFTH YEAR. TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 3, 1891 ONE CENT.

MORE BROKEN HEADS IN CORK

MICHAEL DAVITT ASSISTING THE M'CARTHYITES.

He Justifies His Presence in a Speech—Unless Rebel Cork Defeats John Redmond It Will Be Untrue to Itself—The Parnellite Leader on Priestly Intimidation.

CORK, Nov. 2.—Mr. Redmond, in a speech to-day, denounced the extensive intimidation of the people by the priests. He also demanded that Mr. O'Brien publish the Boulogne documents in full.

Michael Davitt was received on his arrival here to-day with mingled cheers and hisses. He was met at the steamer by Messrs. O'Brien, Flynn and Tanner and was driven to a hotel. In an address to anti-Parnellites he said that his life-long service to Ireland justified his interference in the present contest and that Cork would not be true to itself unless it gave a verdict against the Parnellites

Dozens of broken heads are being mended at the hospitals, though no more serious results of yesterday's hostilities are reported.

A noticeable feature of yesterday was the absence of political harangues from the Catholic pulpits. Scarcely a priest referred to the campaign. It was stated that this was due to the intervention of Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon, who urged the priests to drop politics from their exhortations.

William Redmond announced at a meeting to-day that he had challenged Dr. Tanner to fight, but that the doctor had declined.

A wreath from the grave of her son has been sent to Parnell's mother.

Mrs. Parnell is much weaker.

Dillon Not a Favorite.

DUBLIN, Nov. 2.—The Municipal Council of Drogheda, by a majority of two, has rejected a motion to present an address to John Dillon.

At a meeting of the Municipal Council of Waterford to-day the Mayor of Waterford refused to put a motion that the council present an address to Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien.

Parnellites Accused of Cowardice.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—In an address at Longford to-day Timothy Healy was more vituperative than ever. He accused the Parnellites of cowardice. The Parnellites, he said, talked of English dictation and resorted to dynamite. Healy imputed to the Parnellites the dynamite explosion in Glasgow some time ago.

Dillon Scared Out of Kilkenny.

KILKENNY, Nov. 2.—Some serious rioting occurred to-day between the Parnellites and the McCarthyites at Callan and several people, including one police constable, were hurt. John Dillon spoke at the Callan meeting, but he received a hostile reception in Kilkenny, so that he did not return in the evening.

FIVE PERISH IN A HOTEL FIRE.

Two Firemen Lose Their Lives in Trying to Rescue Three Minstrels.

BERLIN, Nov. 2.—At Bergedorf, a suburb of Hamburg, the Hotel Schwerin was burned last night and five lives were lost. Many inmates had narrow escapes, and owing to the construction of the building and the rapidity with which the flames spread the firemen's work was full of danger.

Some negro minstrels who had been playing in Hamburg were lodged in the upper story. Three found escape shut off. Two brave firemen volunteered in the face of almost certain death to go to their assistance.

Just as the two rescuers reached the floor upon which the three minstrels were hemmed in by flames the building collapsed, and all five were plunged into the blazing mass and perished.

Attacked on a Train.

PARIS, Nov. 2.—A man sleeping on a train running between Paris and Havre was attacked last night by another man, who tried to chloroform and then to shoot him. In the struggle that ensued the man who was attacked caught the cord of the alarm bell, stopped the train and his assailant was arrested. The latter said he was Carolo Bonkorsky, a trader of Buenos Ayres, but he refused to answer any further questions. It is surmised that he meant murder and robbery.

Collided in the Elbe.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The steamer Inchborva, which recently arrived at Hamburg from Baltimore, and the steamer Northgate, which sailed from Ibrail Oct. 9 for Hamburg, were in collision to-day in the River Elbe. The Northgate's bows were stove in and the damages she received were so extensive that her captain was forced to run her ashore to prevent her from foundering in the river. The Inchborva's bows were also damaged.

Emin Pasha Again.

BERLIN, Nov. 2.—A letter dated April 20 has been received from Emin Pasha. In it the explorer said he was upon the point of starting to visit the King of Rubranda, a territory hitherto unexplored by European or Arab. Emin did not mention any design to go to Wadelai. His project at that writing appeared to be to march westward from Rubranda and to cross the continent to the Cameroons.

Not So Bad as Reported.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—A despatch from Yokohama says that according to an official estimate 4000 persons were killed by the recent earthquake, 5000 were injured and 50,000 houses were destroyed. No Europeans were killed.

Candidates for Siberia.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—A new Nihilist Association has been discovered in Russia, with its centre in St. Petersburg and branches in Charkoff and Odessa. Many persons suspected of membership have been arrested.

Chat From Over the Sea.

Unprecedented falls of snow and rain are reported from Greece.

England has already been visited by a sharp frost.

"Gondola Willie" is the army's nickname for Emperor William.

The German printers who recently struck have been replaced by non-union men.

Yesterday was settling day, and consequently a bank holiday in England.

There were 180 cases of cholera and 90 deaths in Damascus the past week.

Owing to the outbreak of smallpox in Cadiz, the Gibraltar authorities have declared a quarantine against vessels arriving from that city.

The cook and the first mate of the American ship Jodin quarreled at Salies d'Ollonez, France, when the mate shot the cook dead.

A white trader named A. Gunderson, three missionaries and two of the crew of the schooner Glide have been murdered by natives at New Hanover, New Guinea.

The steamer Fulda on her experimental trip from New York to Genoa beat the best record from New York to Gibraltar. The time of her passage was eight days and eight hours.

The fire which broke out Sunday morning at Sandringham Hall, the residence of the Prince of Wales, caused a large amount of damage. It will be impossible for the Prince of Wales and his family to occupy the hall this winter.

A Berlin correspondent says that a sanitary inspector in Dusseldorf has found in a consignment of 100 sides of American pork six sides badly infected with trichinosis, although officially certified to be wholesome.

Baron Von Fedlitz shot himself for love at Leipsic yesterday. A girl in low life, with whom he was infatuated, is held to answer before the criminal court. The Baron's aim was not deadly and he is in a hospital.

The notorious murderer Wetzelh as been arrested in Leipsic. The police found 40,000 marks in stolen bonds in his trunk. He had changed one of the coupons for 60 marks at Chemnitz, where it was discovered. It formed part of the money stolen from Thereschfeld at Spandau. Wetzel corresponded with one of the waiter girls at the hotel where he had stayed, and that led to his discovery. The excitement at Spandau when the news of Wetzel's capture became known was so intense that the troops in the barracks were called out to prevent an attempt at lynching. The prisoner said he had three accomplices, but this is not believed. Wetzel is thought to be the murderer also of a woman named Wende, shot one evening last year in the Thiergarten under mysterious circumstances. A new investigation in this direction has begun.

The most novel application of electricity is the invention of the journalist Otto, who uses the current to tame wild animals. The chief features are a wire whip and a metal foot-plate, constituting the cage floor. Whip and floor are connected with a powerful battery. Whenever the animal to be tamed touches the metalic floor plate, if he is recalcitrant, he receives by the simple pressure of the key a stroke of the whip accompanied by a sharp electric shock. A very few applications of this novel lash, it is said, subdue the wildest and fiercest brute. Another pressure of the key releases the whip, which then operates in the ordinary way.

JOINED THE B.A.

Electors of Division No. 5 Join Hands For Clean Government.

The residents of that part of the city lying west of Spadina-avenue held a meeting last night and organized a branch of the Ratepayers' Association. Mr. Henry Lucas acted as chairman and Mr. Ferguson as secretary

Mr. Whitt said that the value of property in the city had depreciated for the time being. He did not believe that its real intrinsic value had lowered in the least. The city was, as it were, in the embrace of an octopus, and so its life is being smothered out. The management of civic affairs had been so bad that men were afraid to invest in real estate. The controllable liabilities should be cut down 20 per cent. The Mayor should have no salary, but let an honorarium be voted him at the end of the year. Reduce the City Hall officials at least 20 per cent., and thereby a saving would be made. Then no assessment valuation should be made till 1895. Let the valuation remain as it is. This would at once restore confidence.

Dr. Barrick said that the disease was well-known—the disease of high taxation. It was the remedy that the association were looking after. They were going to the people for a policy, and when they have a policy they would help to elect the men who would carry it out. There were men in the council, men who were standing up for the rights of the ratepayers, and who had been trow-beaten for it. They should be supported and be made to feel they have the confidence of the electors.

Ald. Carlyle moved, seconded by S. H. Dodd and carried, that Division No. 5 should resolve itself into a branch of the Ratepayers' Association.

Mr. W. Parsons suggested that the cutting down should start at the School Board, which can demand of the city any amount of money they choose.

Ald. Phillips suggested that the local improvement expenditure should be stopped for at least five years. Mr. Unsworth, who had cleaned the streets in 1889 for $27,000, had said he could do it now for $37,000, instead of about $70,000. The turnkeys in the Waterworks should be also the inspectors. The water rates should be done away with. The meters should also be dispensed with. The plumbing inspector would say the plumbing was all right and the Health Department would say it was all wrong. The two should be united.

The following officers were elected:
Ex-Ald. Yokes, chairman.
Thompson Porter, vice-chairman.
Mr. Ferguson, secretary.
Mr. Wardell, treasurer.

FRIENDS IN COUNCIL.

Mr. J. C. Hopkins Delivers His Inaugural Address.

The Young Conservatives held their inaugural meeting at the Auditorium last evening. The floor of the building was well filled, more than one-third of the audience being ladies. On the platform were N. Clarke Wallace, G. R. R. Cockburn, E. Coatsworth, Col. F. C. Denison, W. R. Brock, David Creighton, ex-president of the Conservative club, and the president of the Young Conservative Club, J. C. Hopkins. During the evening Miss Consance contributed several piano solos.

Mr. Hopkins chose as the subject of his speech, "Why a Young Man Should be a Conservative." He dwelt for some time on the future of Canada. He believed the Liberal policy and spoke in high praise of the principles of the Conservative party.

Mr. Cockburn, the next speaker, was received with loud applause. He firmly believes that the trade with England should and can be developed. "We should not," he said, "go to Washington as beggars. Did Canada join herself to the United States she would lose the respect of those she left and earn the contempt of those she joined."

N. Clarke Wallace is always given a hearty reception by a Toronto audience. Last night was no exception. The Conservative party, he said, wished to make something more out of Canada than "hewers of wood and drawers of water." When the irregularities in some of the departments were first unearthed the Grits invited the heelers of the party to come down to Ottawa and receive offices. They came. They encamped about the city. They saw. They didn't conquer. Like the French king they marched up the hill and then down again.

Short speeches were delivered by Messrs. E. Coatsworth, W. R. Brock, David Creighton, J. L. Hughes and Col. Fred Denison.

THE POETRY OF MOTION.

Mrs. Bishop, the Famous Delsartean Speaks of the New Philosophy.

The Delsarte system has in Mrs. Bishop, the leader of the movement, an able and effective exponent. This lady lectured to a large and appreciative audience yesterday afternoon in the lecture hall of the Normal School. The audience was largely composed of ladies, a few male students, headed by Hon. G. W. Ross, Minister of Education, Thomas Kirkland, principal of the Normal School, and Dr. Carlyle, being the forlorn representatives of the masculine sex.

Mrs. Bishop is a tall, graceful woman, exemplifying pre-eminently in herself the practical results of the system she expounds.

The opening portion of Mrs. Bishop's lecture was devoted to a short summary of the principal events in the life of Delsarte. She described in a very vivid manner his condition as a boy—poor, friendless and an orphan—and left him, in her description, surrounded by admirers, honored by kings and one of Europe's foremost men.

Mrs. Bishop then went on to explain that the Delsarte system had three distinct branches—voice, culture, dress, reform and physical reform. Her lecture was mainly an exemplification of this latter department, and her illustrations of the outrageously bad form in which many people walk were provocative of a great deal of amusement.

A number of the leading ladies of the city were present, among them being: Mrs. D. J. Macdonnell, Mrs. George Dickson, Mrs. Z. A. Lash, Mrs. Charles Riordon, Mrs. W. J. Douglas, Mrs. E. W. Thompson, Mrs. George Lillie, Miss Lay, principal of the Mervyn House; Mrs. H. E. Phyall, Mrs. Edward Blake, Mrs. J. K. Kerr, Mrs. J. D. Edgar, Mrs. Christopher Bunting, Miss E. C. Miller, Miss M. Cook, Misses Howland, Miss McMaster, Mrs. John Usborne, Mrs. Charles Moss, Mrs. Thomas Moss, Mrs. C. Blackett Robinson, Mrs. Maj. Greig, Miss Greig, Mrs. G. W. Ross, Mrs Grantham, Miss Shanklin, Mrs. T. Anglin, Mrs. Prof. Ashley, Mrs. C. R. W. Biggar, Mrs. Mortimer Clark, Mrs. W. Cassels, Miss Libbie Thompson, Miss Smiley, Principal Moulton Ladies' College; Miss Greer, Principal Bishop Strachan School; Miss Dupont, Mrs. Langmuir, Mrs. D'Alton McCarthy, Miss E. McCarthy and Misses Nelia and Elsie Lash.

A Revolution

High class tailoring at close cash prices. See those beautiful Scotch suitings, ranging from $20 and upwards; also imported trouserings at $5, $6 and $7, special value. Gentlemen 25 per cent. saved by ordering from S. Corrigan, the leading tailor, 63 King-street west. Inspection invited. 246

Of interest to house hunters—World's Real Estate Guide. Page 3.

"OUTSIDE" ORGANIZATIONS.

DR. PARSONS SPEAKS AGAIN OF SECRET SOCIETIES.

The Church Has a Mission to Care for the Needy and Afflicted—Therefore Societies Can Be Relieved of That Work—The Doctor Is Replied To By Some "Joiners," Who Were Present at the Meeting.

At the meeting of the Presbyterian Council of the city last evening Rev. Dr. Parsons read his promised paper on "The relation of church members towards organizations outside the church."

Dr. Parsons, in opening his paper, showed it was in no sense "designed to oppose or to criticise any association outside of the church." He proposed to consider three points: The obligations voluntarily assumed by church members; the nature of the organizations distinct from the church, and the consistency of church members who sustain and support them. Members of the church, he declared, accepted certain precepts of the Bible, among others that they come out and be separate from the world under the rule of conduct found in II. Corinthians, vi.: "Be ye not unequally yoked together with unbelievers; for what fellowship hath righteousness with unrighteousness? and what communion hath light with darkness?"

Membership in the church, he said, carried an obligation to care for the poor, the sick, the unfortunate and the afflicted. "This," he said, "has even been accepted as the business of the church, and it will be found in all our congregations fully recognized, and in some form practised. Provision for the relief of the suffering and needy is made and, through office-bearers or committees they are visited and their wants are supplied."

The remedy for the "neglect and indifference widely prevalent both in regard to benevolence and spiritual life" was not to be found in forsaking the church and joining others professing the faith of Christ.

For the purposes of the paper the societies formed for benevolent, economic and social ends outside the church were pointed as in three classes: (1) Those having their objects under the seal of secrecy; (2) those combinations existing to sustain government and protect society; (3) those associations which aim chiefly at social culture and recreation. The church lost by the attention paid to these societies, Dr. Parsons held. "With regard to secret societies he said: "Many of them are formed for pure and noble purposes. The poor, the sick and the dying have been blessed and comforted by them. We have not a word to say in criticism of those who, not willing to cry with us to the vital requirement of the Gospel, are moved by compassion and philanthropy to their noble deeds. But we do not see the consistency of secrecy in connection with such deeds of blessing to mankind in those who profess to have the light of Christ in them." Of the second class of associations pertaining to the maintenance of government and protection of society he had this to say: "That independent Christian action on the part of voters loyal to Christ alone can restore and retain political virtue; and this action will be more powerful according as those who are faithful to the vows uttered in the church insist on separation from baneful associations and secret alliances." The third class of social associations, he said, "will doubtless exist as long as man has a social nature. Fellowship with congenial persons is natural, and it is equally true that the abuse of social life, unless checked by strong self-control, always lead to excess." He questioned if the greatest peril to consistency and fidelity to the church did not arise from this last temptation, the ties of personal attraction are so strong, the charm of varied attraction so great and the claims of society so imperative.

Speaking of the consistency of the church members sustaining the external organizations, he said: "A member of the church can hardly fulfil his vow of personal consecration to Christ by transferring to a secret organization of any kind that which he has pledged to Christ. He cannot have a divided loyalty. He cannot worship Christ "where He is not named, or if named, is not owned in the essential object of His mission. It is the confession of many who have been conscientious members of secret orders, that when more light has shined upon their hearts from God's Word they have been led to retire and devote themselves more diligently to the Lord's work in His church. If this ground appears to any too narrow it must still stand that no one can serve two masters, nor can he serve two masters, nor can he serve two masters to any human society to have precedence in fulfilment to those made to God. Manifestly no obligations of an earthly kind in combined societies can claim precedence of church duties. We cannot be false to God in order to be true to man. We can never neglect the higher and eternal claims for the lower and more transient ones of time."

When Dr. Parsons had concluded no one rose for several moments to take up the discussion of the subject he had opened. Mr. W. W. Hodgson was the first to take up the societies' defence. The worthy doctor, as he put it, had let the "joiners" down easier than he had expected. [Applause.] However, he did not like reluctant of the allegation he had made in all the societies of which he had any knowledge, if a man said he was not a believer in the existence of a supreme being he was not admitted. The active men in societies were often the most active men in the church. He made a vigorous defence of benevolent fraternities on the ground of the noble work they do for the widow and orphan, and enlarged eloquently upon the insurance qualities and the great benefit which by them the poor man is enabled to make for his family after his death. Secrecy was imposed to keep out imposters. The members were bound to be true to each other and look after the widows and orphans.

Mr. Thomas Yellowlees and Rev. J. A. Turnbull spoke as members of the societies. They said they recognized the force of what Dr. Parsons had said, that men neglect church for the society and that some members make the society their church. The church should be first and the society secondary, but there was room for both to work and, they thought, a need of both.

Mr. James Knowles told of a widow who had been helped by the society. Mr. Thomas Foster gave an illustration of the work of a benevolent society. Mr. James Thom thought there would not be as many societies if the church had done its duty. The church, he said, should provide for the widows and orphans at least as well as does any people of Canada than "hewers of wood and drawers of water." When the irregularities in some of the departments were first unearthed the Grits invited the heelers of the party to come down to Ottawa and receive offices. They came. They encamped about the city. They saw. They didn't conquer. Like the French king they marched up the hill and then down again.

Short speeches were delivered by Messrs. E. Coatsworth, W. R. Brock, David Creighton, J. L. Hughes and Col. Fred Denison.

THE POETRY OF MOTION.

Mrs. Bishop, the Famous Delsartean Speaks of the New Philosophy.

The Delsarte system has in Mrs. Bishop, the leader of the movement, an able and effective exponent. This lady lectured to a large and appreciative audience yesterday afternoon in the lecture hall of the Normal School. The audience was largely composed of ladies, a few male students, headed by Hon. G. W. Ross, Minister of Education, Thomas Kirkland, principal of the Normal School, and Dr. Carlyle, being the forlorn representatives of the masculine sex.

Mrs. Bishop is a tall, graceful woman, exemplifying pre-eminently in herself the practical results of the system she expounds.

The opening portion of Mrs. Bishop's lecture was devoted to a short summary of the principal events in the life of Delsarte. She described in a very vivid manner his condition as a boy—poor, friendless and an orphan—and left him, in her description, surrounded by admirers, honored by kings and one of Europe's foremost men.

Mrs. Bishop then went on to explain that the Delsarte system had three distinct branches—voice, culture, dress, reform and physical reform. Her lecture was mainly an exemplification of this latter department, and her illustrations of the outrageously bad form in which many people walk were provocative of a great deal of amusement.

A number of the leading ladies of the city were present, among them being: Mrs. D. J. Macdonnell, Mrs. George Dickson, Mrs. Z. A. Lash, Mrs. Charles Riordon, Mrs. W. J. Douglas, Mrs. E. W. Thompson, Mrs. George Lillie, Miss Lay, principal of the Mervyn House; Mrs. H. E. Phyall, Mrs. Edward Blake, Mrs. J. K. Kerr, Mrs. J. D. Edgar, Mrs. Christopher Bunting, Miss E. C. Miller, Miss M. Cook, Misses Howland, Miss McMaster, Mrs. John Usborne, Mrs. Charles Moss, Mrs. Thomas Moss, Mrs. C. Blackett Robinson, Mrs. Maj. Greig, Miss Greig, Mrs. G. W. Ross, Mrs Grantham, Miss Shanklin, Mrs. T. Anglin, Mrs. Prof. Ashley, Mrs. C. R. W. Biggar, Mrs. Mortimer Clark, Mrs. W. Cassels, Miss Libbie Thompson, Miss Smiley, Principal Moulton Ladies' College; Miss Greer, Principal Bishop Strachan School; Miss Dupont, Mrs. Langmuir, Mrs. D'Alton McCarthy, Miss E. McCarthy and Misses Nelia and Elsie Lash.

THERE'S A GHOST.

Boys Went to Burn Their Cards and Saw an Apparition.

MONCTON, N.B., Nov. 2.—Investigation into the origin of the fire in the Allen property, supposed to be of incendiary origin, was resumed to-night, when some rather remarkable testimony was given by a lad named Woodworth, 15 years old. Mr. Allen, owner of the property, who lives in Shediac road, being examined said he had been in town on the night of the fire, but had not been at the barn burned that day or evening.

Woodworth, said he, with other boys, had been in the habit of playing cards in the barn, but on this night of the fire had concluded to burn the cards and quit playing. Going to the barn for this purpose, after dark, they were proceeding to burn the cards one at a time when one of the boys named Cushing sang out: "There's a ghost!" They dropped the whole pack on the floor and ran out. Shortly after they heard an alarm but, being frightened, they kept dark with reference to it, but finally resolved to own up. Woodworth was arrested.

BURNED OUT HIS BRAIN.

Caught on a Live Electric Wire a Young Man Meets a Horrible Death.

PANAMA, Nov. 2.—This city has had an appalling experience of the electric wire's potent power to kill. Some boys at play detached a naked telephone wire and caused it to hang from the support to the ground, trailing over the wires of the electric light company. At about 7 p.m. a police lieutenant discovered the wire hanging to the street and commenced to haul it in and coil it about an old gaslight post. Suddenly the officer was seen to spring violently into the air and fall back unconscious. A great crowd was instantly on the scene, but were kept back by a policeman. Meanwhile a cab came driving rapidly along. The policeman shouted vigorously, "Alto! Alto!" and the crowd took up the warning cry in chorus, but the cabman paid no heed. As if driven by fate the vehicle rushed on and right over the deadly wire. Instantly the horse reeled and plunged headlong to the ground, its flesh sizzling. The cab was not overturned and the driver sprang out and rushed to the animal's aid. Regardless of warning yells from the crowd, he grasped the trailing "string" that had upset his horse. At that instant the wire swung across his forehead, but right through the skull almost to the ears and there remained, although the unfortunate victim fell forward over the horse.

And now a frightful scene never to be forgotten by the spectators was witnessed. The electric fluid literally filled the man's head and in a moment brain and skull had been completely incinerated. Then the flesh and skin smoked and sizzled until they also were reduced almost to ashes. All the while the sparks played about the head in an awful shower, the eyes literally glowing with a consuming fire.

It was several minutes before the electric light could be turned off, and when it was the body was found to be partially burned to ashes, the brain being completely so. There were at the time between 1500 and 2000 volts going over the wires, and as the weight of the horse on the telephone wire had completely cut through the insulation, the man of course received the full blast of the current at the first contact.

Accidentally Killed Himself.

CORBETTON, Grey Co., Nov. 2.—Three young men, one of whom was James Markle, got on the track of a deer and decided to separate, each going in a different direction. Not more than an hour had elapsed when the other young men heard the report of a gun. Shortly afterwards they came upon the lifeless body of the young man lying beside a log with three large buckshot wounds in his arm and two in his side. It is surmised that he was attempting to go over the log when the gun accidentally discharged.

Another of the Same Kind.

OTTAWA, Nov. 2.—Alexander Gadbois, son of a well-known farmer of Lake Leone River, was traveling through a bush when his gun accidentally went off just as he was climbing over some brush and the contents lodged in his left temple. His face was terribly mutilated by the charge and a portion of the frontal bone was knocked out. The injured man only lived a few minutes.

Aberdeen Establishes a Jam Factory.

VANCOUVER, B.C., Nov. 2.—As previously telegraphed, Lord Aberdeen has purchased a large farm in Okanagan district, on which he has already spent considerable money in improving. Hon. Mr. Majoribanks, brother of the Countess of Aberdeen, came from Dakota to take the management of it, and now extensive improvements are under way or contemplated. The branch of agriculture toward which it is proposed to give most special attention on this farm is the raising of fruit, to which he thinks the soil and climate well adapted. Not only apples, pears, peaches and plums will be grown, but the smaller fruits as well, so that the land between the rows of trees may be utilized as a matter of economy. He also contemplates establishing a jam factory to aid fruit culture in that vicinity.

Bench Warrants for Murphy and McGreevy.

QUEBEC, Nov. 2.—Judges Bosse and Blanchet sat in the Criminal Court to-day to hear the motion for a new trial in the case of the Queen vs. R. H. McGreevy and O. E. Murphy, found guilty of conspiracy to defraud, but as the accused did not appear the motion was not argued. Defendants were then called pro forma to receive sentence and not answering to their names bench warrants were issued for their apprehension.

The case against the Connollys, Hon. Thomas McGreevy and Mr. P. Larkin for defrauding the Harbor Commissioners of Quebec and the Government will come up in the Police Court before Magistrate O'Gara Wednesday. Mr. B. B. Osler, Q.C., and Mr. Christopher Robinson, Q.C., will have charge of the prosecution, while Mr. Stewart of Quebec will represent the Connollys, and most likely Mr. Fitzpatrick will appear for Mr. McGreevy and Mr. Hector Cameron for P. Larkin.

The Connolly Books.

QUEBEC, Nov. 2.—Judge Caron to-day gave judgment in the petition of the Deputy-Minister of Justice, ordering the account books of the firm of Larkin-Connolly to be restored to the Federal Government unless the parties could agree to deposit them with the prothonotary of this district for use in case they should be required by the court.

Why go shivering around when you can buy good warm underwear in pure undyed natural wool, fine and warm, at all prices? Every size, from 32 to 48 in. chest. Treble's, 35 King-street west.

The Sheffield House Importing Company (Registered).

65 Yonge-street (below King). English Spoons and Forks, Side Dishes, Solid Silver Ware, Fish Knives and Forks, etc. C. E. Robinson, Manager

Broke His Neck.

TOBERMORAY, Ont., Nov. 2.—This afternoon W. L. Spears, while returning home with a wagon loaded with shingles, was thrown off the load and killed instantly, his neck being broken.

Heisel's Digestive Gum is a delicious cure for dyspepsia. Druggists, 5c.

A STEAMER SAVED BY A WOMAN.

The Cabin Set on Fire by Lamps Thrown from Their Places in a Storm.

KINGSTON, Ont., Nov. 2.—A terrific gale blew on the Canadian side of the lakes Sunday night. The propeller Alma Munro, bound from Montreal to Toronto with a cargo of merchandise, including many barrels of coal oil, would have been lost near Presque Isle, Lake Ontario, but for the courage and skill of Capt. Brown and the crew.

At midnight, when the storm was at its height, and when the boat was many miles from land, the captain tried to turn her about in order to run back here. This was a difficult task The steamboat rolled in the trough of the seas for a long time. Gang-planks and part of the cargo on deck were washed overboard.

The cabin coal oil lamps fell out of chandeliers and set the carpets on fire. Flames burst out of the windows and it looked as if the craft was doomed.

Nellie Gray of Hamilton, the ladies' maid, saved the steamer by smothering the flames with wet blankets. Finally the boat was got about and reached here.

STOLE A COOL MILLION.

Boston Bank Failure Alleged to Be Due To the President's Pilfering.

BOSTON, Nov. 2.—A. P. Potter, president; Col. J. H. French and Thomas Dana, directors of the Maverick National Bank, were arrested by the U.S. Marshal to-night, charged with the embezzlement and misappropriation of funds. It is understood that the amounts involved will reach $1,500,000 in the case of Potter, $600,000 in that of French and $300,000 in that of Dana.

FREE WATER.

This is What the Waterworks Committee Discuss.

The Waterworks Committee met yesterday afternoon at City Hall. Contractor McNamee wrote the committee asking for the settlement of his account for laying the new steel conduit. The pipe will be again tested and if found satisfactory a settlement will be made with Mr. McNamee. The communication from the O'Keefe Brewing Company asking for a reduction in water rates was laid on the table. The sub-committee not reported to deal with the question of reducing water rates recommended a reduction of 50 per cent. Ald. Macdonald moved that water be supplied free for domestic purposes and at actual cost to manufacturers. A contract was awarded the Polson Iron Works for a new piping for the new boilers of No. 2 engine at the main pumping station. The amount of the contract was $1152.

Sudden Death of a Guelph Merchant.

GUELPH, Nov. 2.—William Rutherford Smith of the drygoods firm of Ziegler & Smith died suddenly last night. Mr. Smith had not been well for some months back, suffering from ulceration of the stomach, but on Saturday he was about his duties as usual. One of the sons of deceased is Peter Smith, traveler for C. M. Taylor & Co., Toronto.

His Wife a Termagant.

CAYUGA, Ont., Nov. 2.—At the assizes to-day an action brought by Charlotte Lyons to annul her marriage, on the ground of her husband's impotence, was dismissed, medical testimony disproving the charge. The husband swore that failure to consummate the marriage contract was due to plaintiff's ill-temper.

Fire in An Essex Village.

KINGSVILLE, Ont., Nov. 2.—Fire broke out in McKay's hardware store, Main and Division-streets, about 12.10 Sunday morning, and as there is no fire department here the flames spread quickly to the adjoining stores, all of which were one story frame structures. McKay's hardware store, Berford's meat market, a barber shop, Andrew Wigle's shoe store, a billiard hall owned by Edward Pulford, and a bakery were all burned to the ground. The total loss on building was about $12,000; insurance $5000.

A Mount Forest Blaze.

MOUNT FOREST, Nov. 2.—Sunday evening fire broke out in the establishment of John Boos, merchant tailor. The building, which was a two-story brick, together with stock and the household furniture in the dwelling above the store, was completely destroyed. Loss about $4500, insured for $3500.

Sarnia Incendiaries Still Busy.

SARNIA, Nov. 2.—The Farmers' Exchange Hotel, owned by Joseph Ellison, was damaged to-night by fire to the extent of probably $400. It was insured. An attempt was also made to burn an unoccupied house in Davis-street, owned by C. C. Chris. The fire was quenched. Oil was used starting the fire.

Upon the maturity of 7 per cent. guaranteed income bond of the North American Life Assurance Company the full face thereof is paid or payable and an amount ranging from 10 to 50 per cent. is guaranteed in addition thereto; also a full share of the profit accumulations of the company, which share with the profit accumulations and receive a guaranteed income of 7 per cent. annually during life, the face of the bond being payable at death. Profit from the decease of the holder at any time the amount of the face value. 246

A Sad Interruption to a Wedding.

VICTORIA, B.C., Nov. 1.—A wedding to have taken place yesterday was indefinitely postponed owing to the receipt of a telegram from Glasgow, Scotland, announcing the death of the father, mother, brother and sister-in-law of the prospective groom, John Ritchie. The marriage feast had all been provided, the guests invited and all the arrangements made for a happy time. On receipt of the cablegram Mr. Ritchie fainted, and on being restored retained consciousness only a few minutes. He is now delirious and may not recover. The guests had not been notified of the facts of the case and as they arrived were turned away.

Don't fail to hear Mrs. Caldwell and Miss Jessie Alexander at McCaul-street Methodist Church to-night. Admission 25 cents.

Toronto University Medical Dinner.

The students of the medical faculty of Toronto University met yesterday afternoon in the theatre of their college to elect officers for their annual dinner. The years were well represented with the exception of the freshman, who no doubt anticipated a special entertainment for their benefit by the second year after the elections. The following gentlemen were elected: President, S. H. McCoy, B.A. (acclamation); 1st vice-president, H. F. McKendrick; 2nd vice-president, D. A. McClennraban; graduates' toast, D. G. Boyd; graduating class toast, G. W. Gould (acclamation); ladies' toast, C. Smyth.

New Savor Heisel's Celery Chewing Gum for the Nerves. Druggists, 5c package.

Take Notice.

In order to meet the growing demand for high-class tailoring at moderate prices S. Corrigan, 63 King-street west, is now offering new Scotch suitings, imported direct, from $20 up. Also trouserings at $5, $6 and $7. Fit, workmanship and style assured. A trial solicited. 246

English collars and cuffs wear the best. Just opened, another case leading novelties. Every collar and cuff sold by us is made specially for our own trade, from selected material. As we buy from manufacturers for cash and import direct you can rely on value. Treble's, 55 King-street west.

University Extension.

A meeting will be held in the Auditorium of the Normal School on Thursday night to discuss university-extension. Dr. James of the University of Pennsylvania and delegates from Queen's, McGill, etc., will attend.

Read it—World's Real Estate Guide Page 3.

M'KINLEY IS IN THE LEAD.

SO REPORTS FROM THE BUCKEYE STATE DECLARE.

The Democrats Will Probably Carry Both New York and Massachusetts, but the Result Is Not by Any Means Certain in Any of the States—The Most Exciting Contest Since the War.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 2.—Never since the war has a campaign been waged in the Buckeye State which has attracted so much general interest, which has been so hotly contested and which has been so exclusively devoted to national issues as the one which draws to a close to-night.

The outlook is not easy to determine. The opposition to Governor Campbell in his own party was so pronounced before his nomination that Republicans had no thought of possibility of his success and they placed McKinley's majority at from 20,000 upward, but as the campaign has progressed the voice of opposition has been stifled and its extent is less and less apparent. It remains a problem that can only be solved by election returns how far this disaffection will affect the result. So far as appearances go the fight in the state will not be seriously influenced by the people's and the prohibitionists' parties. They will probably draw from both the old parties in such a way as to give neither any great advantage.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 2.—The stirring campaign in Ohio has practically been closed and the voters left to make up their minds according to the light they have obtained. From the headquarters of the Democrats it is claimed that Governor Campbell will receive a plurality of 10,000 votes. This is based on the assertion that the opposition to him in Hamilton County [Cincinnati], which was so pronounced in the beginning of the campaign, has largely melted away until now it is claimed he will carry even Hamilton County by 1000 plurality.

The chairman of the Republican State Committee claims a plurality for McKinley of 20,000. This estimate makes McKinley carry Hamilton County by 8500.

Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Nov. 2.—The campaign just closed has been one of the most vigorous ever fought in Massachusetts. The interest manifested throughout the state in the registration indicate that the total vote will approach, if not exceed, 300,000. The Democrats are confident that Gov. Russell will be re-elected. The Republicans practically concede this.

In Iowa.

DESMOINES, Ia., Nov. 2.—The most exciting campaign in the history of Iowa politics closes to-night. The three salient issues in Iowa politics this year have been the temperance question, the tariff question and the silver question.

Maryland.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 2.—Every elective officer in Maryland, from Governor down to constable, including the very least, will be voted for to-morrow. The election of Frank Brown (Dem.) for Governor is conceded, and the Democrats are expected to carry the Legislature.

In Nebraska.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 2.—Great interest is felt in the election in this state to-morrow, not because of the high offices at stake, for only a supreme judge and regents of the university are to be elected, but because it is to determine whether or not the Farmers' Alliance or Independent party is gaining political supremacy in Nebraska. In one respect Nebraska this year presents a situation without parallel in the past 30 or 40 years of the nation's history. The Democratic party is without candidates and is allowing the state to go by default. This is all the more remarkable when it is remembered that but one year ago Hayward, candidate, Boyd, was elected Governor of the state and was only deprived of his high office on the grounds of non-naturalization.

New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The election of Flower (Dem.) is claimed by Tammany by 15,000 plurality, although Fosset's friends still claim to have hopes of their candidate's success.

The F. P. Gives Its Authority.

OTTAWA, Nov. 2.—The Ottawa Free Press publishes an editorial retracting its report that Mr. E. Pacaud of Quebec presented the wife of Lieut.-Gov. Angers with a diamond necklace implying at the time that it was purchased out of the Baie des Chaleurs boodle. Mr. T. P. Gorman, editor of The Free Press, has given an affidavit to Notary Charlebois of Quebec stating the circumstances under which he obtained the information. He gives Mr. N. A. Belcourt, an Ottawa barrister, as his authority. Mr. Belcourt is a son-in-law of Mr. Shehyn, Provincial Treasurer of Quebec. Mr. Belcourt tendered a supplementary affidavit to Notary Charlebois, who is representing Lieut.-Gov. Angers. He coupled with his proposition certain propositions which Mr. Charlebois declined to accept.

A Sensible Garment.

"Kit," the editress of "Woman's Kingdom" in The Mail, says that those warm, comfortable and convenient Russian fur-lined circulars or wraps are more popular with fashionable ladies for carriage driving or shopping than ever. They are also largely worn as wraps over full dress to evening parties and receptions, and to the opera and theatre. It is one of the most serviceable and sensible outer garments for the winter that a lady can possibly wear, and is slipped on and off so readily that it is especially convenient on hundreds of occasions. At W. & D. Dineen's, corner King and Yonge-streets, a special display of these circ